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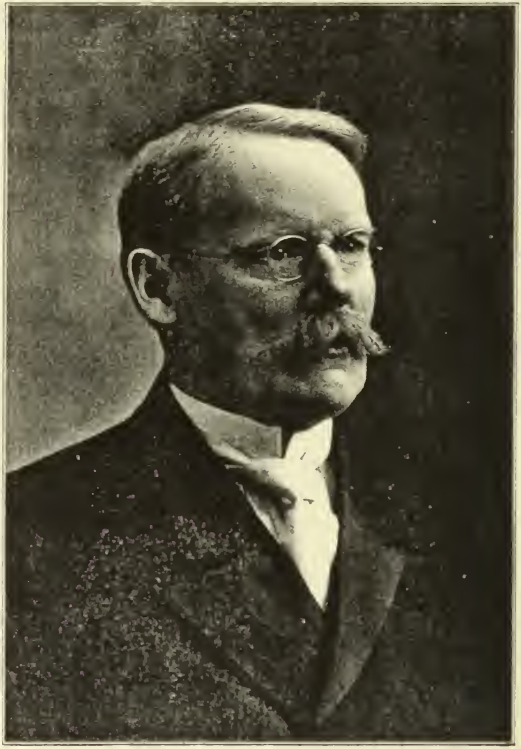

Rev. Martin Lovering.

HISTORY

OF THE

TOWN OF HOLLAND

MASSACHUSETTS

BY

REV. MARTIN LOVERING

RUTLAND, VERMONT
THE TUTTLE COMPANY, PUBLISHERS
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To the memory of Hannah (Bailey) Lovejoy of Andover, Mass., born Dec. 13, 1776, died Dec. 23, 1875, the author's grandmother, at whose knee when a boy he sat many an hour, listening to stories, not only to those having the savor of Life unto life, but also to those of the time when the nation was young, and to the customs of the times of yore, to the mode and training of home life that makes for peace, this volume is affectionately inscribed.

Scotland, Ct., May 1, 1915.

PREFACE.

He who would write the history of a town must have not only the historic insight but an abounding sympathy for its people. He should be a lover of humanity and enter as completely as possible into the civil and social life of the people, deeming nothing too trivial for notice if it only brings to the reader more clearly the life of the town as it really was in the period covered. As it is the history of a small region it will necessarily be local, yet its local color may add greatly to its historic interest and charm if it be properly used. Men in town and domestic life where they are known intimately by their neighbors, and take their places in the shifting panorama of town life during a period of nearly one hundred and fifty years, "having their entrances and their exits," form a picture that has charm to it for the student of human life, and especially so when some of them were pioneers and the first white men to settle in the region, the picture seems like the changing portraiture of life as it is frequently put upon the stage.

Now and then one runs across an item in the town records that bears upon state or national history and not a matter for town deliberation at all. Yet the action taken reveals the local feeling upon the questions at issue, and may reflect a state of feeling nation-wide, although the vote may seem to be ridiculously out out of place now. But such votes impress one with a sense of our democratic institutions and show vividly how they are the outgrowth of public sentiment and feeling and are servants of the public will. What the state owes to its small towns like Holland is a matter hard to estimate, but that the town has borne a brave and honorable part in the development of the state and nation, her history affords ample proof.

The present work is a product of spare hours employed for relaxation and diversion from pastoral duties. Its possibility was suggested through historical research rendered necessary in the preparation of an historical address delivered Aug. 25, 1912, in the Congregational Church of Holland. That a work of this kind should be free from all errors is too much to be expected. That they shall be as few as possible has been the author's wish and aim, and to that end he has spent many an hour weighing conflicting evidence. That the work will prove equally satisfactory to all its readers is not to be expected. He has selected such material as seemed to him to be important and available and he hopes that nothing vitally important in the town's history has been omitted. Tradition has not been ignored, but it has not been allowed to set aside, or contradict, recorded facts. Until a better history of the town be produced, he hopes the present work will find a place upon the shelves of all interested in local history.

Many of the valuable facts of Holland's history are already lost. But to prevent *more* being lost is the compiler's excuse for undertaking such a work. Children of Holland families are now scattered about all over the Union, and bearing an honorable part in state and national life. It emphasizes the value of the small town in the building of a nation, with free institutions for the development of a noble Christian manhood and womanhood. The land the pioneers settled was a howling wilderness (hints of this fact are found in the family records) and under the sway of England, the mother country, which required toil and courage to subdue. They left it a free land to their children, which time proves to be a howling success, to which fact recent events in Europe give emphasis.

The author will feel that his work has accomplished much if it creates interest in local history and leads to something better. He has consulted the state archives freely, and wishes to acknowledge his obligations to the custodian thereof, the

Honorable James J. Tracey and his assistants, for aid rendered in getting at facts of early history, as also to the state Librarian and his corps of assistants. He wishes also to express his appreciation of the kindly aid and suggestions of the residents of the town who have contributed to its success. Of these the aid of Mrs. Ursula MacF. Allen Chase, in the genealogies, has been very helpful. Also Mrs. Ellen M. Webber, whose work in genealogies has been helpful and whose acquaintance with local tradition and history has been inspiring. Mr. T. J. S. Parsons and Mr. Dwight E. Webber and wife have given aid in the way of tradition and local customs that always enter into town life and give it interest and character. Mr. Harry E. Back's "Sources of the Quinnebaug River" we have freely quoted and found valuable. We have also used freely "Evert's History of the Connecticut Valley" and Copeland's "History of Hampden County."

MARTIN LOVERING.

Scotland, Conn., May 1, 1915.

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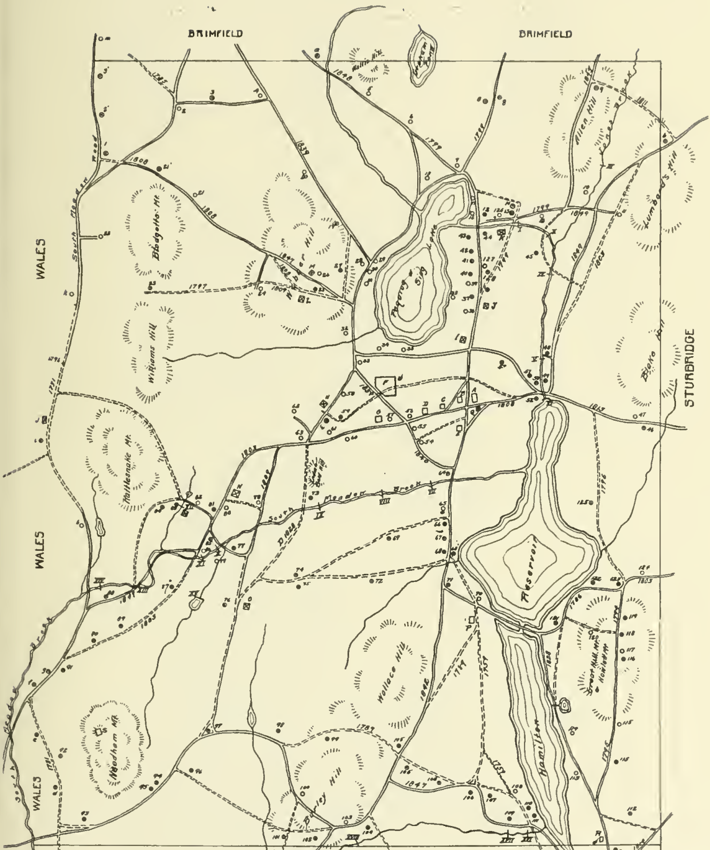
Allen	Butterworth	Glazier
Ainsworth	Carpenter	Goodell
Anderson	Church	Gould
Back	Clark	Horton
Badger	Colburn	Howlett
Ballard	Curtis [see Lilley]	Janes
Belknap	Cram	Kinney
Bennett	Davison	Lilley
Bishop	Dean	Lynn
Blodgett	De Estrees	Lyon
Bugbee	Fletcher	May
Brown	Frizell	Marcy
Burnett	Fuller	McFarland


BRIMFIELD
BRIMFIELD
WALES
WALES
WALES
STURBRIDGE
CONNECTICUT
UNION, CT.

McIntire
Moore
Munger
Partridge
Perrin
Reeve
Rosebrooks
Sherman
Smalledge
Stevens
Switzer
Thompson
Towne
Underwood
Upham
Vinton
Wallis
Webber
Weld

CONCLUDING REMARKS. 747

EXPLANATIONS FOR INTERPRETING THE MAP.

Abandoned roads and bridle paths are marked thus: ═══
House sites with house now gone thus: ⊕
House sites with house still standing thus: ○
Mill dams are marked with Roman numerals: I. etc.
Roads now in use are marked thus: ═══
Public buildings if gone are marked thus: ⊠
Public buildings or grounds now in use: □
Houses close to the town line are marked: a etc.

1 Joseph Blodgett, Sr. John Polley.
2 John Anderson. David Anderson.
2¹ Jonas Blodgett. Elijah Blodgett.
3 Jeremiah Sherman.
3¹ Caleb Blodgett.
4 Albert Rice.
5 David Wallis, Sr.
6 Dea. David Wallis.
7 William A. Robbins
8 Archibald Graham.
8¹ James Fuller (?)
9 Nehemiah Allen. Abel Allen. Col. Ezra Allen.
10 Eliphalet Janes. Ichabod Goodell. John Polley. E. Morse.
11 Kimball Webber. Louis Shumway.
12 Henry Webber. Nath'l Alexander.
12¹ Rev. John Carpenter's Store.
13 Tenement house for E. G. Fuller's mill.
14 Rinaldo Webber. Later a tenement house.
15 John Carpenter's store.
16 James A. Lynn.

17 Abijah Pierce.
18 John Webber. Edward Blodgett. Dr. E. J. Hitchcock.
19 Dea. Benjamin F. Wilson, Edwin Damon, Fred Blodgett.
20 Zebinah Fletcher, Henry J. Switzer, Ernest Bennett.
21 John Belknap, John Weaver, Geo. L. Webber, Wm. Horton.
21[1] Timothy Anderson.
22 Joseph Blodgett, Jr., Solomon Blodgett, Mr. Gaudette.
23 Moses Clark, Lurvey Clark.
24 Henry Webber, Reuben Webber, R. A. Bennett, Baxter C. Bennett.
25 Unknown.
26 Ernest A. Bickford's summer cottage, the N. W. school house remodelled.
27 Elijah Janes (?)
28 Israel Janes, F. L. Burley, John F. Hebard.
29 Linger Longer
30 Oak Lodge
31 Lake View
} Summer cottages.
32 John Webber, Dea. Sherebiah Ballard, Willard Wood, W. A. Webber.
33 Trenanee, Erastus, Albert, Charles Webber.
34 Dea. Samuel Webber, Ezra Webber, Dwight E. Webber.
35 Dea. Samuel Webber, Jr. (?), Harris Cutler, Alvin Goodell, Wm. Morse.
36 John Ballard, Abner Blodgett, Mr. Warrington.
37 James Frizell.
38 Summer cottage of O. L. Howlett.
39 William Frizell, Dea. F. B. Blodgett.
40 C. B. Drake, Ebenezer Darling.
41 John Butterworth.
42 Asahel Pierce, Betsy Humes.
43 Hiram Towne.
44 Willard Weld's store, post office. Ruel Williams.
45 John Paddock.
46 Freeland Wallis (new house), Warren A. Wallis.
47 Freeland Wallis (old house).

48 Calvin Frizell
49 Eli Kendrick.
50 Alvin Goodell.
51 Alfred Lyon, Benjamin Church, Willard Weld, Alonzo Mason.
52 Mrs. John Carpenter.
53 Washington Munger. The Baptist parsonage.
54 Andrew Webber, Mrs. Henry Brown.
55 Lucinda Wood, Francis Wight, Louisa M. Howlett.
56 Isaac Church, Charles Roper, A. F. Blodgett.
57 Sewall Glazier, Edward Blodgett, F. E. Kinney.
58 Rev. Ezra Reeve, James Webber, Silas Fletcher.
59 Benjamin Reeve.
60 Wyles Williams, Edward Wakefield.
61 Edward Blodgett, Otis Williams.
62 Amasa DeWolf, Freeland Lynn, Mrs. Bradean.
63 David Bugbee, Dr. David B. Dean, William Lilley.
64 John Webber (?)
65 Joseph Bruce, Reuben Stevens, L. C. Howlett.
66 Antipas Bruce.
67 Hollowell Perrin, David Marcy.
68 Isaac Foster, Jonathan Blanchard, Isaac Partridge.
68[1] Dr. Seth Smith.
69 Ephraim Bond.
70 Benjamin Perrin, Asarael Perrin, Neh. Underwood.
71 John Perrin (?), Ambrose Perrin.
72 ——— Smith.
73 Lemuel Chandler.
74 Amasa DeWolf, Sr., John Hinds.
75 Benjamin Beal.
76 ——— Rockwell.
77 John Nelson, Dr. Nathan Burnap, James Marcy.
78 Elisha Marcy, E. W. Marcy.
79 Thomas Nally, Lewis M. Howlett.
80 Toll House, Freeland Lynn, Michael Flannigan.
81 Olney Brown.
82 Henry Haradon, Fred Rice, Erwin Bennett.
83 Ruel Williams.
84 James Walker, Levi Steward.
85 John C. Butterworth.

86 Dwight E. Butterworth.
87 George Harradon.
88 John Munger, Simeon Munger, Benjamin Parsons.
89 John Smalladge.
90 Robert Henry.
91 Carlos Bond.
92 Thomas Dorral.
93 James Marcy, Loring Marcy.
94 Amos Fletcher.
95 Mrs. Eli Damon.
96 Levi Smith, Thomas Williams.
97 Darius Hinds.
98 Edward B. Knapp, Sylvester Howlett.
99 Ephraim Colburn.
100 ———Hayes, Lemuel Colburn.
101 Benjamin Smith.
102 Benjamin Franklin, Perry Burley.
103 Gardner Wallis, William Harris, Chas. Wells.
104 Rinaldo Wallis, Nancy Wallis.
105 Dr. Thomas Wallis.
105[1] Bradley Webber.
106 Zuriel May.
106[1] Alanson Wallis.
107 Grosvenor May.
108 Capt. Nehemiah May, Neh. May, Jr., Judah Back.
109 John C. Butterworth (?), Hiram Wallis.
110 Leonard M. Morris.
111 Ebenezer Morris.
112 Perley Dunton.
113 Nehemiah May, Jr. (?), Merrick Vinton.
114 Rufus May, Smith Adams, Loring C. Howlett.
115 Mark Stacy, Albert Butterworth.
115[1] Reuben Allen (?).
116 Old house site.
117 Calvin Glazier, Chas. Sands, Clarence Vinton.
118 Chandler Webber.
119 Ebenezer Stone.
120 Ichabod Goodell, Nathan Badger, Truman Davis.
121 Gershom Rosebrooks.

122 Unknown, but probably the Ames homestead.
123 Widow Eunice Halladay.
124 Dr. Daniel Mason, Henry Vinton.
125 Asa Dana, Asa Kimball.
126 E. G. Fuller, A. G. Childs, Thos. Kelley.
127 E. G. Fuller, C. B. Drake.
128 William Belknap. Old house site.

Mill Dams.

I Dam for Elbridge G. Fuller's mill.
II Joseph Belknap's mill. Eliphalet Janes.
III Alvin and Harvey Janes.
IV James Paddock, foundry and blacksmith shop.
V Calvin Frizell, Henry Wood, Rev. John Carpenter.
VI Hamilton Reservoir Dam.
VII Stevens' mill.
VIII A storage dam probably.
IX Grist mill (?).
X Cotton batting. J. C. Butterworth.
XI Saw and grist mill. J. C. Butterworth.
XII Silk mill. Candle wicking.
XIII Butterworth storage dam.
XIV The Munger mill.
XV The Marcy mill. Uriah Marcy.
XVI Ebenezer Morris' mill.
XVII John C. Butterworth. Hiram Wallis.
XVIII William Eaton, Gardner Wallis, and Col. Sessions.

Public Buildings and Grounds.

A Baptist meeting house. Town Hall since 1870.
B Public Library.
C Congregational Church Parsonage.
D Congregational Church.
E Pound.
E^1 The first Pound.
F Cemetery.
G Hotel
H Site of Congregational Church erected 1764.

I Site of Northeast school house.
J Site of Northeast school house built 1847.
K Site of Fuller Factory.
L Northwest school site (1800).
M The later site, now E. J. Bickford's summer cottage.
N Southwest school site (1800).
O The later site.
P The Southeast school site.
Q The Congregational Church site 1793-1835.
R The Sholes Cemetery.
S Munger and Marcy Cemetery.

Non-residents but closely identified with Holland people.

a William Wallis. See perambulation of, 1789, page——
b William Lumbard and later gate house.
c Jeremiah Sholes. Felix Bouvier.
d Mr. Snow.
e ——— Munger.
f ———Fletcher.
g Benjamin Needham.
h Dea. Nathaniel Munger. Jas. Henry Walker.
i Unknown.
j Site of church begun 1764, by the west faction (?).
k Mr. Thompson.
l Site where Washington Munger lived, who became pastor of Holland Baptist Church.
m Capt. Joseph Browning.

CHAPTER I

General Description of Holland.

The small town known as Holland is situated in the southeastern corner of what is now Hampden County, but it formed a part of Hampshire County until the division Feb. 28, 1812. It is bounded on the north by Brimfield, on the east by Sturbridge, on the south by Union, Conn., and on the west by Wales. Originally it was the southeast corner of Brimfield and some of the settlers obtained their grants of the same propietary owners as did the settlers of Brimfield. The others bought of the Winthrop heirs. The town is in the form of a quadrilateral, the east and west lines extend north and south, while the north and south boundaries extend approximately east and west. The area of the town is about four miles square, giving an area of approximately sixteen square miles. It appears from the history of Brimfield that "the settlement of Brimfield was greatly hindered by the large extent and uncertain tenure of land claimed by the Winthrop heirs, lawful heirs of Gov. John Winthrop." Gov. Winthrop had secured a deed of land ten miles round about the Black Lead mine situated in Sturbridge near the eastern boundary of Holland. We give a copy of this Indian Deed given by two Nipmuck Indians.

Liber W. Folio 54.

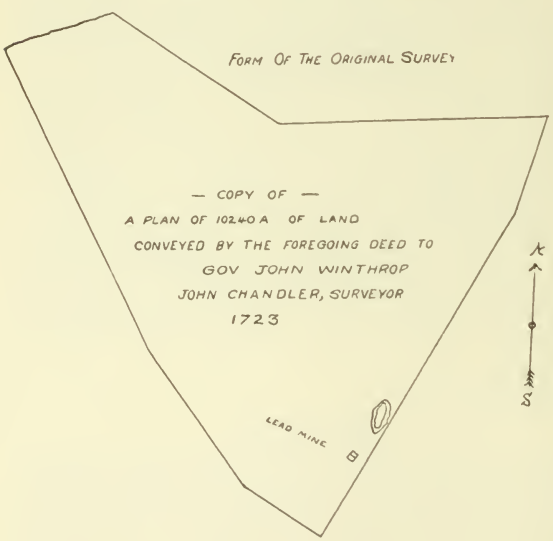
County Records.

This is to Testifye to whom it may concern that I, Webomscom and Nodowahunt, For and in consideration of Sundry Goods I have received do give to John Winthrop ten miles round about the Hills where the mine is, that's called Black Lead, and for Mr. Winthrop's enjoyment of it we bind ourselves and Heirs forever to the free performance of the premises, to which I set my hand this present Day and Date, Sealed and Delivered

in the presence of us, 8th day of 8th month 1644.
The Mark X of Webomscom and (SEAL)
The Mark X of Nodowahunt and (SEAL)
Witness the mark X of Sundach.

Thomas King
Stephen Day
Richard Smith

Received 24th of June 1752, and recorded from the original.
By Edward Pynchon Registrar. (*See Miss Larned's History of Windham County, Vol. I, page 16. We think that she had not seen a copy of this deed.*)



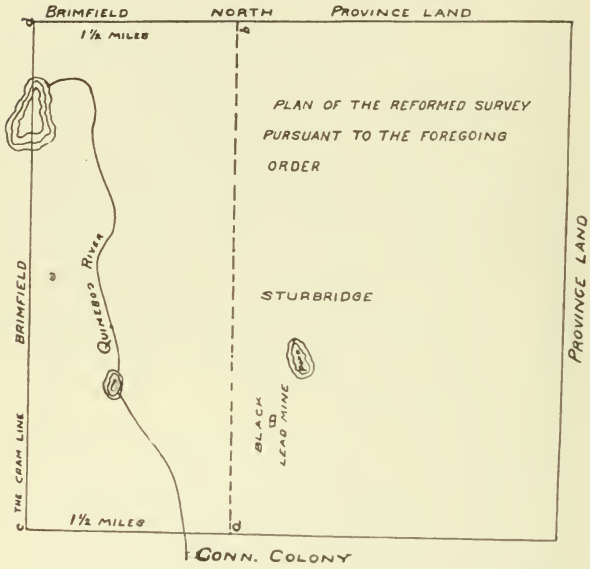
*It comprised parts of Brimfield, Holland, Wales, Sturbridge, Southbridge in Mass., and of Woodstock, Union and Stafford in Conn. This would make a part of those towns a part of Massachusetts. Judging from subsequent history of the claim, it consisted of about ten square miles round about the lead mine. The region was called Tantuisque by the Indians. John Winthrop did nothing with the land. When Brimfield came to be settled, the settlers encroached upon land claimed by the Winthrop heirs for by the orginal plan the land extended northwesterly and included the land on which Brimfield centre now stands. This led the Winthrop heirs, led by the son, Waitstill Winthrop, to petition the General Court for redress of grievances. The matter was adjusted by laying out an equivalent of the Winthrop heirs' claim in the form of a square, four miles on a side,the old form was very irregular. We give the report of the surveyor and his assistants to the General Court.

"Pursuant to an order of the General Assembly of the 7th day of June 1728 we have *reformed* the survey of 10,240 A. of land at Tantuisque or the black lead mines, being the contents of four miles square belonging to the heirs of the late Hon. Major General Winthrop deceased, and have laid it out in a square figure, including said mine as the subsequent map shows. The pricked line AB was the last bounds of Brimfield, new grant. The survey as now made extends westward one mile and a half into said grant, viz. the dark line cd. It bounds south on the colony line, west on Brimfield; north, partly on Brimfield and partly on province land and east on province land; and as we judge is a full equivalent for his former survey."

SAMUEL THAXTER
THOMAS TILESTONE
JOHN CHANDLER JR.

The dotted line ab coincides with the east boundary of Hol-

*See Miss Larned's History of Windham County, Vol. I., pages 487-495, for discussion of boundary dispute between Massachusetts and Connecticut.



land; while the line cd is known as the "Cram Line," because it formed the western boundary of a claim sold by the Winthrop heirs to Humphrey Cram, and others, and the line bd is part of the town line of Holland today, north side, for the act of the General Court incorporating Holland makes the line bd coincident with the north boundary of Thomas Lechmere's farm, (said Lechmere was one of the Winthrop heirs) and the point d its northwest corner. It will be noted that the line cd cutting through Siog Lake does not show the west half of Holland. The dotted line ab conforms very nearly with the east boundary of Holland today. Map shows the reformed survey of

1728. We refer our readers to the history of Brimfield pp. 250-255; also to pp. 26, 27, foot notes giving the home sites of pioneers on some of this land. We may feel assured that these hills and valleys were heavily covered with wood and timber, that the ponds and streams were well stocked with fish, and that all the materials and conditions for home-making were here, and it is no wonder that settlers from Connecticut came north to take up land as well as others from Brimfield, and nearby settlements, so that the region about "Siog Lake," or "Kesioge region" was furnished with settlers soon after Brimfield began to be settled, for the earliest grant of land to a settler in what is now Holland was made in 1730 to Joseph Blodgett. What is now known as the Polley Place.

Joseph Blodgett is believed to be the first settler in the region now known as Holland. The records show that he bought land there in 1730. The Mass. Archives reveal the fact that Brimfield had twelve men who were scouts as early as 1725* Joseph Blodgett was received into Brimfield church 1724. He was married 1719, and it seems probable that he went from Lexington to Brimfield soon after the time of his marriage. It seems manifest that what became Holland began to be settled with the other parts of Brimfield, which then included Holland, Wales, Monson, parts of Palmer and Warren as well as what is now Brimfield.

It shows that the region was occupied by white men and had received its name, *Brimfield.* The hills of Holland are high enough to give it a beautiful and picturesque scenery.

---

*While Brimfield was being settled there was a body of twelve men in command of Sergt. Joseph Knowlton whose duty it was to defend the settlers. Most of the men came from Springfield, but the following came from Brimfield and are so enrolled. The time of service was from July 1 to October 30, 1725. *Mass. Archives.*

Benjamin Warner
Azariah Cooley
Micha Towsley
Bezalael Sherman

Blodgetts mountain, named after the first settler is in the northwest part, an elevation of 900 ft.,* while south of it is an elevation called Williams Hill, named for like reason, and south of that is an elevation called Rattlesnake Mt., because specimens of that reptile were found there by the early settlers, the height being 1000 feet. Still father south is Needham Mt., named after a family of early settlers, with its summit 1100 ft. above sea level, forming the highest point of land in Holland and with the preceding mountains forming a natural barrier on the west. In the southeast part of the town is a precipitous elevation 900 ft. high known as *Great Hill Mt.* in 1795, since named Howlett's Mt., while north of it is a rough and broken tract near the lead mine of about the same altitude, while farther north is Blake Hill, an elevation of 1000 ft. and north of it is Lumbard's Hill of which the west slope is in Holland. Thus the town is buttressed on its east and west lines by a range of mountains, while between them is the valley of the Quinnebaug River with other smaller valleys. From Blake Hill the finest view in town may be secured for while other elevations are as high, the view is not as unbroken for they are covered with forest. But Blake Hill is not wooded at the summit and is so situated with the others as to afford a fine prospect. The larger part of the town lies at one's feet. The various flecks of white nestling among the trees mark the sites of the homesteads, while the smooth fields about the houses denote the thrift of the occupants. In the foreground is Holland common, with the public buildings, the most conspicuous being the church with its index finger pointing toward that other home bright with fields "fairer than day" the home of men's hearts' and spirits' longings. The soul expands as one gazes. Brimfield center is plainly visible, with its cluster of neat homes and its church spire the

*Heights are given from Map issued by the U. S. Geological Survey.

central object of the group, historically the mother church of the one first mentioned. The broad valley stretching away northwesterly to Brimfield attracts the eye and we see the Quinnebaug River, its blue waters sparkling in the sunlight lying in it sinuous, like a huge serpent, with the lakes which make Holland famous in its course, concealing, as it were portions of its body. Beyond Brimfield village is Steerage Rock with its watch-tower, and other elevations equally noted for scenery. The large area visable is dotted with markings of white in strong contrast to the green, showing the positions of remote homesteads and now and then a group indicating a village. Northward the eye roams and Monadnock in New Hampshire looms up in the distance and easterly from it Watatic and still easterly, Wachusett with its summit house, can be distinctly seen. In the east we see the hills of Charlton, while to the southeast and south we see the northern hills of Rhode Island and Connecticut. Thus besides viewing a wide expanse of Massachusetts, we see portions of four other states. Faith grows as we gaze. The "everlasting hills" and "the strength of the hills" as descriptive of Omnipotence have new force and meaning. Omnipotence was directed by beneficent purpose here. Variety, beauty, utility, pleasure for the eye, means to supply the wants of the body, inspiration for the soul are here in lavish profusion, and all incite due faith and homage. The soul responds to its clearer vision, its nobler impulses, its spiritual longings. Care and toil are forgotten, and we lose ourselves in contemplation of that home and of that land, "where cares and toil shall end," as the natural home for men.

But if the visit to Blake Hill is made when earth has put on her beautiful garment, and is decked in all the glory of her autumn coloring, the scene is grand to a degree that defies description. Mountain, hill, and valley, are one vast mass of mingled color; profusion of color without confusion, richness, without a suggestion of gaudiness, separate trees of the forest

by their coloring attract the eye, conspicuous as if to invite admiration, and the lover of nature has his attention attracted over the vast landscape now here, now there. Lake, river, cloud, sunlight, add to the glory of the scene. Admiration and wonder possess the soul. Earth with its vision of beauty and glory is beneath; the infinite space in which it moves above and all around. Into the soul there comes the question, which is the more natural, the more reasonable to man, faith or unbelief? The *living* soul responds with feelings of adoration and praise, the expression of a faith it is happy to own.

Minor hills stand between the two border ranges before mentioned, one of which is Indian Field Hill, but the hills large or small did not deter the pioneer settler from coming. The beautiful and varied scenery of their wooded slopes rather invited them. The valleys between afforded ample lands for tillage, while their rugged slopes when cleared of wood and timber yielded excellent pasturage for herds of cattle. Industry and love of home are written in the stonewalls laid by those early homemakers, for we find them extending over the highest ridges and most inaccessible places, bearing silent yet eloquent testimony to the builders' life and purpose.

All the hills of Holland are elongated elevations with their major axes extending north and south and this makes the longitudinal valleys extend in the same direction while the transverse valleys extend east and west. The valley of the Quinnebaug is the *great* longitudinal valley of the town; and the valley through which flows Stevens brook, better named South Meadow brook (for it is the natural drainage outlet of South Meadow, and the name would then have the sanction of Geography and History both, and would be permanent) is a good case of transverse valley, and the valley of May brook is another. One of the attractions that brought settlers to this region was the fine fish with which the ponds and streams were stocked. Siog Lake was a name applied to it by the

Indians probably because of the fine pickerel to be caught from it, Siog being an Indian word for that fish, and the lake has always been noted for its fine specimens, and the abundance of supply. Kesioge was the name applied to that region about Siog Lake and that term probably came to be applied to the lake itself, which originally meant the territory about it. We find the name spelled Quesiog and Quosiog also.

The soil of Holland was called good being more easily plowed and worked on account of its sandy or loamy character. Under the soil it shows the signs of its origin, in its lack of bedding, the character of the material and the bowlders, frequently found alien to the region, proving that they were brought from a distance. Deposits of glacial drift are seen on every hand and form most of the surface except on the hills and where native ledges outcrop. The ledges are mostly a coarse granite and gneiss with some shales, while in places the sand and gravel contain considerable hematite and in other places is ochreous, yet iron ore has not been found in quantity sufficient to work profitably. The vein of graphite, called plumbago, or black lead, used in making pencils, found in Sturbridge near Holland line, would, if traced out, extend into Holland; yet no effort has been made to trace it or to work it in Holland. The quality of the graphite is fine, but the cost of mining and transportation to cars has discouraged efforts to mine it. No other minerals of any value are found in Holland, but the glacial drift makes fine filter material for water, so that the water from Holland's springs and wells is of the very best for man or beast, as the various streams of the town bear testimony by their clear and limpid waters. The Quinnebaug (meaning "Long Water") River rises* in Mashapaug (means "Great Water," see History of Union) Lake, Connecticut, and flows north, entering Holland near its southeasterly corner, and, by a serpentine course, flows the whole

*See early maps and plans. State Archives, Boston, Massachusetts.

length of the town from south to north and entering Brimfield turns easterly by almost a right angle and furnishes at East Brimfield the only water power of any account that Brimfield possesses. But its course through Holland, besides affording hundreds of acres of most valuable river-bottom land, afforded ample water power to saw the lumber and to grind the grain of the early settlers. Ruins of four mill dams being found between Siog Lake and the Reservior, which with the reservoir dam makes five dams in less than a mile. Nor is this all. Stevens Brook, named after the abutting owner, now called "Howlett Brook" has seven dams; May Brook, so called from the abutting land owner has four; and Lumbard Brook, one; Marcy Brook, one; showing how readily the pioneers utilized the water power to saw the lumber. For the old "up and down" saw the power was adequate but with the invention of the circular saw, power in some of them was lacking, and with the shortage of lumber and the portable mill, they went out of use and then to decay. But we may readily believe that the abundance of water power aided in the rapid settlement of "Kesioge region." For a further discussion of the various dams we refer our readers to the chapter upon the manufacturers of Holland. Of course it is not to be supposed that they were all built or in operation at *any* one time. They were built according to need and to avoid hauling the logs long distances. The D. E. Butterworth mill is the only one that remains, a relic of days gone by. Being built about 1835, it is far from being the oldest mill in town, for the Munger mill erected on the place later known as the "Parson's place" was much older. Joseph Belknap is believed to have built a mill still earlier, at or near the site of Alexander's dam for his son Jonathan, who sold his saw mill to Jno. Graham and Alfred Lyon 1781, "which was on the dam with Eliphalet Janes' grist mill." The former at the west end of the dam and the latter at the east end.

The Quinnebaug river in its course through the town empties into a natural basin and forms the beautiful Siog Lake, which has already been mentioned. This lake is about three quarters of a mile long and would average about one quarter of a mile wide. It has always been famous for its fish, and fishing parties have come from far and near to try their luck, and, if skillful, seldom went away without a good catch. Evidence is not wanting that the swampy tract northwest and north of it was at one time a part of it, and that the ledge at East Brimfield, wore away so as to let the water down leaving the old shallow lake bed in part a swamp. However, Siog Lake has many fine beaches for bathing and boating, while the abutting land owners are using their shore property for summer cottages. Mr. John F. Hebard has three cottages on its shore. Mr. O. L. Howlett has two. Mr. A. J. Bagley has one cottage, which was formerly an old homestead. These three gentlemen are residents of Holland. Mr. Lynch, a non-resident abbuttor has built one. It seems evident that the shore of this fine lake will soon be fully occupied with summer cottages for others are building. The lake known as "Siog" has always been famous for its pickerel, a nice and gamey fish, the delight of sportsman. But Mr. Chas. S. Allen, who is at work on a map which will show the position of the homesteads of the early settlers of Brimfield, has in his researches found proof that they gave it another name also, that name being Pequiog. Rev. Jason Morse in his "Annals of Brimfield Church" has a map in which, what is known as "Graham" pond, later known as "Gould" pond, is given the name "Pequiog" pond. Mr. Morse is manifestly in error by the following, quoted from a deed from William Nelson of Brimfield to David Wallis of Woodstock, of a tract of 259 acres of land north of, and joining "Pequiog pond." It is the deed by which the elder David Wallis acquired possession of his home.

"Beginning at Pequiog pond thence north in Winthrop's line (sometimes called Cram line) to Winthrop's northwest corner; thence northerly, westerly, southerly on John Anderson, thence easterly on Joseph Belknap to the *river*, thence *up the river* to said pond, thence on the pond to bound first mentioned."

Pequiog as well as Siog was therefore an Indian name for this beautiful lake. Pequiog means "cleared or broken land." (*See R. A. Douglass—Lithgow's Dictionary of Indian proper names*), and as applied to the lake by the Indians would mean "the lake in the region of cleared land." Nor is the evidence lacking that the region near this lake was a loved home for Indians because of the fish in pond and streams as well as game in forest. Arrow heads are found in abundance in this region giving evidence of occupation by the aborigines, and the fact that Indian wigwams stood on or near the shores of this pond to which they looked for a never failing supply of food, and the cleared patches about it being of a sandy or loamy soil and easily worked, were used by the squaws for raising a supply of corn and beans, may be regarded as confirming both history and tradition. How apt are the two names of this lake then? An Indian village is said to have been on Indian Field Hill, and we presume that was why an Indian cemetery was on Elisha Marcy's farm.

Miss Louisa M. Howlett asserts that arrow heads were found so plentiful on the east bank of the river opposite her father's home as to suggest that the Indians had a battle there before the time of occupation by whitemen. No record of it as a fact exists. The arrow heads may have been the remains of ungathered weapons used in hunting expeditions on Morgan Meadow, which would be splendid grazing ground for deer, and other game. This may be the reason for so many being found there. Tradition has it that a natural cavity in a ledge in the northwest corner of Holland was used as a pot for cooking by heating the stone.

Graham pond, north of Siog Lake, lies partly in Holland and partly in Brimfield. It derived its name from one Archibald Graham who was a soldier in the French and Indian War appearing in a muster roll of 1758 and lived near Brimfield line on the East Brimfield road. Early plans of the region show that it lies in the two towns aforesaid but some later maps fail to show this fact. The pond later came to be called Gould pond, after a man who owned, for a time, the Graham homestead. It is a natural sheet of water and fish of the usual varieties abound in it. It has an outlet to the river in a northerly direction.

Mud pond was a small natural pond lying just west of the Quinnebaug channel, on the Partridge homestead. It was supplied by water from the brook which flowed across the road at the foot of Amber Hill. It had a small outlet into the river and was about four acres in area. It was completely submerged when the reservoir dam was built. Holland Reservoir is another lake, artificial in origin, made and owned by the Hamilton Woolen Company of Southbridge for storage purposes. It is a shallow lake about three miles long and averages about a quarter of a mile wide. It was a very great misfortune to the town when the land was taken from the abutting landowners for such a purpose. The loss of that river-bottom land injured the adjacent farms *more* than the diminution in acreage would imply, for that bottom land produced hay which kept the uplands in good condition and enabled those farms to keep large herds of cattle. With that land flooded the farms were crippled. Lewis C. Howlett sued the Hamilton Woolen Company, not being able to agree to their terms, and secured his price, but the price even then was inadequate considering the damage done both to individuals and to the town. The land flooded had been called "Beaver Dam Meadow" and farms holding strips of it had been counted good for years. The Company were empowered to do it by

virtue of an old flowage law, intended to encourage the building of saw and grist mills to accommodate the farmers. The wrong inflicted in this case soon led to the repeal of the law. Much of the water is lost by evaporation (about one-half) before it reaches the Company's pond at Southbridge owing to long distance, to shallow water, and to the large area of the reservoir so that it has never come up to the Company's expectations in utility. But the value of the property has greatly increased in the fifty years. Its value as a site for an electric power station is enhanced with each succeeding year. May it soon be utilized for that or some other purpose. As there is about ninety feet fall between the level of the reservoir and the level of Siog Lake, the whole would furnish power for a fine electric plant. Fish of the same species as those found in Siog Lake, abound in the Reservoir.

CHAPTER II.

General Formative History.

The sources of history of the region that became Holland are very meagre, covering the period of its settlement, for the records of Brimfield were destroyed by fire about 1748, and the records of Wales are partially lost. That it was settled about as early as the rest of the town seems evident. The first settler within the territory of what is now Holland was Joseph Blodgett if record of purchase be proof, who came to Brimfield from Lexington probably soon after his marriage in 1719, for the records of Brimfield church* show that he was taken into the church there by letter 1724. The lure of a new region had called him and his young wife west, and he received his allotment as shown on the Proprietor's Book as follows: 90 A. on South Meadow Road April 15, 1730. 20 A. on South Meadow Road April 16, 1730. This lay south of the first purchase and was probably the house site occupied, as we shall see later, by Joseph Blodgett Jr., now by Mr. Gaudette. Nov. 26, 1730, he bought 10 A. of South Meadow. Where he had lived the six years since being taken into the church we have found no way of ascertaining. When he bought he was the father of six children. His home was northwest of Blodgett's hill named after him and the number of his lot was No. 14. His homestead became known as the Polley place later and this family are by, representatives still remembered. Joseph Blodgett must have been a man of resolute will and dauntless spirit, essential to a pioneer for his house at that early date was liable to attack by Indians. Down past his home came men and teams from Brimfield settlement on the way to South Meadow, always in company, to cut the swale hay that grew in abundance there. When they arrived at the meadow, pickets were

*See Morse's "Annals of Brimfield Church."

posted to guard against surprise by Indians (so tradition declares) while the rest went to work cutting and curing the hay. Toward night a train of teams loaded with hay would return always *together,* for mutual protection. There is no record of attack by Indians but the precaution taken proves the danger. In any case settlers from Brimfield settlement moved south while others from Woodstock and Union moved north attracted by the new region (Ke-siog-e country), as it was called. Thus the region that became Holland did not remain unsettled long. History shows that it was settled along with the rest of Brimfield. Woodstock, which belonged to Massachusetts until 1750, by a map published in 1869, shows names which will be immediately recognized and connected with some of Holland's earliest settlers. Brown, Browning, Bugbee, Chandler, Foster, Goodell, Lyon, May, Marcy, Perrin, and Phillips. Union also had its quota, as also Brimfield and Sturbridge not to mention towns more remote. All of them men of principle, a force in church and town, just the brain and brawn out of which to build a town. While they were adventurous they were not adventurers. They did not roam for the love of adventure. When they found the place suited to their need and ideas, they took root, and became fixtures in the community, and grew with it. It is a good indication when a man making his home in a community takes interest in its welfare and bears his part cheerfully in its burdens as a corporate body. That these men had high aims and noble purposes is shown by their industry and thrift. The stone-walls enclosing their holdings, in some places exceedingly difficult to build, bear silent yet eloquent testimony to their life and purposes. They were emphatically home makers. Of English, Scotch and Irish descent mostly they had all the intensity of feeling for home and the home circle peculiar to those people. To own a home however humble and to care for

the loved ones in it, giving them the best training and such comforts as they could afford was their highest aim and most earnest endeavor, as it must ever be to every true man. How true the words of the poet Longfellow; which applies to their homes for most of them doubtless were very humble:

"We may build more splendid habitations,
Fill our rooms with paintings and with sculpture,
But we cannot
Buy with gold the old associations."

The springs of their life and character flowed from their faith in God, and in the comfort and training of the Christian Church. Ample proof of this is found in their regular attendance and hearty support of it, even when the distance was great. They knew the source of all civic virtue and worth, the bulwarks of the state, and they had no delusions about it. Distance to church was a more potent factor in subdivision of towns than any other. The history of Brimfield proves this. It led to the rapid formation of new towns. Each new town incorporated had early the right by Charter of Mass. Bay Colony to send a representative to General Court. The English government had taken offense and alarm at the increase of the representative element in the Massachusetts Legislature; the incorporation of more new towns was forbidden unless they would consent to forego the privilege of representation.

King George III was especially narrow-minded and jealous of the royal prerogative. He was deeply interested in stopping the growth of the representative element in the colonial legislatures and especially so in Massachusetts Bay Colony. It was at his behest that this right was taken away. New communities could be incorporated into a *district,* but that carried with it no right to an independent representative in the Colonial Legislature. A district could be yoked with a town in this right. In all other respects it had the same privileges

and obligations as the mother town. Thus we find that Monson was incorporated into a district in 1760, notwithstanding the earnest protests of Joseph Blodgett, the representative for Brimfield that year, and instructed to present Brimfield's objections to a division of her territory and population. In like manner South Brimfield, what is now Wales and Holland, was set off from Brimfield in 1762 as a *district*. The real motive for incorporation was to have church privileges nearer to their homes, proof of this is in their petition to be incorporated. We give a copy of the petition of the inhabitants of the southeast part of Brimfield to be incorporated into a district. What is now Wales was also included, but, being provided with church privileges they were not so desirous of it as the southeast part, as is proved by the signatures, all of whom, or *nearly* all are residents of that section. The settlers in what is now Wales were mostly Baptists. Only a few people of the "standing order" had settled there. The Baptists had already built a church by private enterprise (in 1736) nearly thirty years before. Residents of the southeast part of Brimfield had a long distance to go to get to church. November 16, 1761, Brimfield voted to give the southeast part of the town three pounds, 10 shillings to hire preaching, which proves the growing dissatisfaction. It was inevitable that they should seek relief. If a death occurred a minister must be brought from Brimfield four miles away to speak the usual words of comfort and hope to mourning friends and relatives, and in addition, if interment took place in a public burying ground at Brimfield, it necessitated a long drive, which in winter or times of muddy traveling was an especial hardship. For that reason many families buried their dead in some spot on the homestead, and in view of the long sad journey to Brimfield and back is it cause for wonder? This was the reason why in 1763, soon after South Brimfield was incorporated, an acre of ground in the east parish was set apart for a burying ground,

as to some families it was distasteful to bury their dead near their homes. We can easily understand the feelings of the early settlers in their desire for a separate corporate existence, as expressed in the following petition:

PETITION TO BE INCORPORATED A DISTRICT.

To his Excellency Francis Bernard Esq., Capt. General and Commander-in-chief of His Majesty's Province of Massachusetts Bay. To the Honorable His Majesty's Council and Honorable House of Representatives. The petition of the inhabitants of the Southeast part of Brimfield in the County of Hampshire humbly sheweth:

That your petitioners for a long time have labored under unknown difficulties in attending public worship, from time to time have made incessant, unwearied application to the said town and have been so favored as to obtain your Honor's inspection of a petition, that we might be made a district, or that we might have the meeting house centered, which would entirely commode us, or that we might have our ministerial tax toward the charge of hiring a minister amongst us. In all which we have been unsuccessful and still remain in the same melancholy circumstances; being obliged either to be without the administration of God's Word; the distance of the way is so great, or pay two ministers, which we are utterly unable and unwilling to do. We, your most humble petitioners, most humbly implore that your Excellency and Honor would take into consideration our distressing circumstances and grant this as your great wisdom directs, that we might have a committee of your Excellencies and Honors' appointment to look into our situation and circumstances, in the most critical manner; Then if your Excellency and Honors will, that we must not be a district, nor have a centre of the meeting house, nor the benefit of our ministerial money to hire a minister in the winter, then we shall add to our subscription, by being all obedience to your Excellency's and Honors' determination. But our prayer is, that your Excellency and Honors would afford us the great favor of such committee, and as bound in duty shall ever pray.

Brimfield June 2, 1762.

John Webber	Daniel Thomson
David Wallis	Simeon Burk
Jonathan Burk	James Frizell, Jr.
Joseph Belknap	Jonathan Burk Jr.
James Frizell	Benjamin Webber
James Marcy	Ethelbert Child Lyon
Edward Webber	Samuel Webber
Nehemiah May	Trenance Webber
John Rosebrook	Israel Janes
John Danielson, Jr.	Isaac Foster
Jonathan Janes	Silas Smith
Robert Jennings	Benjamin Perrin
Robert Dunklee	John Anderson
John Nelson	Elijah Janes
William Janes	William Belknap
John Bishop	John Bishop Jr.
Humphrey Cram	Henry Webber

In the House of Representatives, June 11, 1762.

Read and ordered that the petitioners serve the clerk of the town of Brimfield with a copy of this petition, that so they shew cause, if any they have, on the second Thursday of the next sitting of this Court, why the prayer thereof should not be granted. Sent up for concurrence.

Timothy Ruggles,
Speaker.

In council June 11, 1762. Read and concurred.

Jno. Cotton, Dep. Secretary.

Mass. Archives, Vol. 14, page 326.

We give now the act incorporating the district of South Brimfield.

Mass. Archives, Province Laws 1762, Chapter 15, page 601.

ACT OF INCORPORATION.

Whereas the inhabitants of the south part of Brimfield in the county of Hampshire, have represented to this court the great difficulties and inconveniences they labor under in their present situation, and have earnestly prayed that they may be incorporated into a district,—

Be it therefor enacted by the governor, Council and House of Representatives:—

(*Sect. 1*) That the said south part of Brimfield, bounded as follows, viz., beginning with the first bounds in the colony line at the southwest corner of Sturbridge, being the southeast corner of Brimfield; from thence, to run first, north in the line between said Brimfield and Sturbridge to the north line of the farm called Winthrop's farm, being four miles; thence, to run west about eight degrees north, in the north line of said farm, to the northwest corner thereof and so to extend, the same course or a parallel line with the colony line, to the east line of Monson district, being about six miles and an half; then to turn and run south, in the line between said Brimfield and Monson, to the colony line, being four miles; and from thence, in said colony line, to the first mentioned boundary,—be and is hereby incorporated into a distinct and separate district by the name of South Brimfield; and that the said district be and hereby is invested with all the privileges, powers and immunities, that towns in this province do, and by law may enjoy, that of sending a representative to the general assembly only excepted; and that the inhabitants of said district shall have full power and right, from time to time to join with the town of Brimfield in the choice of a representative or representatives; in which choice they shall enjoy all the privileges which the inhabitants of the several towns within this province are entitled to; and that the selectmen of the town of Brimfield, as often as they shall call a meeting for the choice of a representative, shall give seasonable notice to the clerk of said district, for the time being, of the time and place of said meeting, to the end that the said district may join them therein; and the clerk of said district shall set up, in some public place in said district, a notification thereof accordingly: which representatives may be chosen indifferently from said town or district; the pay and allowance to be borne by said town and district, and the district of Monson in proportion as they shall, from time to time, pay to the province the tax.

And be it further enacted:—

(*Sect. 2*) That the said district shall pay their proportion of all town, county and province taxes, already set on, or

granted to be raised by said town of Brimfield as if this act had not been made.

And be it further enacted:—

(*Sect. 3*) That Josiah Dwight, Esq., be and hereby is empowered to issue his warrant, directed to some principal inhabitant in said district, requiring him to notify and warn the inhabitants of said district, qualified by law to vote in town affairs, to meet at such time and place as shall be therein set forth, to choose all such officers as shall be necessary to manage the affairs of said district.

Passed and published Sept. 18, 1762.

The first town meeting of South Brimfield was held Oct. 5, 1762. Humphrey Cram was elected moderator, and the district clerk was Joseph Blodgett, who had been town clerk of Brimfield several terms. The first board of selectmen for the new district was as follows:

Humphrey Needham
Humphrey Cram
Anthony Needham, Jr.
Nehemiah May
John Moulton

Less than three weeks have elapsed since the district was incorporated when it has its quota of officers and starts off as a distinct municipality.

South Brimfield is, by act of General Court, incorporated into a district now. About one month elapses and from the records of South Brimfield is the following entry.* Oct. 19, 1762. Voted to hire preaching." This was by vote of men of the standing order. It was further voted that "preaching be kept at the house of Issac Foster (the Partridge place) in the east part and at the house of Dr. James Lawrence in the west part." It was voted to choose a committee to agree with Mr. Benjamin Conchelin to preach with us. Mr. Conchelin therefore has a double parish practically to begin with. To fuse the two into one church was difficult.

*Morse's "Annals of Brimfield Church."

A controversy arises where to put the church. March 14, 1763, we find the entry "Voted that preaching be kept at Capt. Joseph Blodgett's house." Also April 19, 1763, Voted William Ayres, Edward Davis and Jacob Dresser, Esqrs., be a committee to fix upon a place to set the meeting house. The site chosen by them is not known, but Rev. Jason Morse thinks it was near Dr. Dean's where it was afterward built. As he had access to historical records not available to us we concur. June 10, 1763 it was voted not to build upon the place fixed by the church committee. This overruled the labor of Messrs. Ayres, Davis and Dresser. Oct 17, 1763, we find leave was desired to build on Moses Lyon's plain, which is the plain where the town common now is, and where the church was placed later. This was defeated. Feb. 16, 1764, it was voted to build in the center of the district, and, as we learn, the two factions had agreed to the selections of a disinterested committee to say where the centre is. This committee was composed of John Morse of Sturbridge, Joseph Colton and Joseph Crafts of Monson.

The following men were chosen a committee to see the house built: Jonathan Burk, Joseph Blodgett and Robert Brown. The committee of disinterested men chose a site about eighty rods from the site selected before by Messrs. Ayres, Davis and Dresser. Just where the site chosen was, is not ascertainable, but if the first committee selected the site above Dr. Dean's house, this one could not have been on South Meadow road. Each faction declared that it would not accept the proceedings of the other. We submit here the petition of the east side faction asking the General Court to use its authority in their behalf.

Mass. Archives, Vol. 14, page 326.

To his Excellency Francis Bernard, Commander-in-chief, in and over his Majesty's province of Massachusetts Bay, and to the Honorable Court and House of Representatives,—Gentle-

men—We, the subscribers, inhabitants of South Brimfield humbly beg leave to inform your Honors of our great difficulty which we labor under relating to the settling of the Gospel among us. Some time since your Honors saw fit in your wisdom to set us off a separate district from Brimfield Town, with a society of Anabaptists, which have all gospel privileges by themselves and are cleared by law from paying anything toward setting up or maintaining the gospel any other way and are debarred from voting in any such affair. They live in the west part of the district and are well accommodated with meetings of their own, and the chief part of the other people live in the east part of the district.

But we labor under a great difficulty by reason of a few families that have settled themselves among the Baptists and a few families that live nearest the centre of the whole district which plead for the interest of the west part in which they plead their own interest. We have been trying to come to an agreement many ways; we have chosen several places for a meeting house and reconsidered them again to try to satisfy them, but all in vain. At last they made an offer to choose a committee of indifferent disinterested men to come and settle a place for a meeting house, that if the east part would agree to that, that they might have justice done, then they would be easy and contented and bound themselves by proving that they would never make any more trouble. Then for peace's sake the east part agreed to choose a committee, and then the committee came and viewed all our situation and circumstances and affixed a place about eighty rods from the place we generally agreed for and have now built upon (notice this) and when the committee was heard of in town meeting they were more uneasy than before and said that they had rather it had been in any other place than there and cast reflections on the committee and said that they were biased and did not act their own judgment and said they would not abide by it. Then we proceeded by a major vote of the district and chose a place and raised money to build a meeting house and have got it done so far as to meet in.

But there are some persons that are well accommodated with it, that have set up so much will, that they will not come to hear preaching in it, but are still striving to make contention

amongst us. The Anabaptists, for the sake of their own private interests joining with them got a major part of the selectmen and the assessors of the Baptists and they have the rule of the town meeting and will call no town meeting but what they will put in some article that they can act in and so have a right to choose a moderator and will always choose one that will be on their side; and the aggrieved part have been to the Baptist selectmen unbeknown to the other selectmen and got a warrant for a town meeting to go to the General Court for a committee to come and settle the contention and controversy amongst us, and have got a vote by the help of a number of men that had not estate of their own to make them voters, but there being several men that live in Brimfield, old town, that their farms lay partly in this district, they gave leases to them to make them voters for that day and they brought their leases to the moderator and he counted them voters which we think was not lawful, and disputed the votes and the house was divided and we disputed its being a vote then. But the moderator declared it a vote without giving satisfaction to any man. The clerk asked whether he counted the polls, and the moderator told him, "It was none of his business" but declared it a vote; and so have chosen a man to go to court (April 23, 1764, Capt. Trustrum Davis was chosen) for a committee as aforesaid, which we think needless charges for a committee to come.

Therefore we humbly pray your Honors to determine that in the negative. We have built our meeting house in the most convenient place to accommodate the whole congregation excepting four families in the northwest corner of the district which live remote from the centre and are convenient to Brimfield, and one family in the southwest corner whose farm lies partly in Monson and expects no privileges with us. We would inform your Honors that the centre of the district is so broken and mountainous that we cannot build a meeting house there, neither can we settle but very few inhabitants near it and there is but few Congregationalists west of it, but our greatest contention and controversy is with a few men, that live in the east part of the district and nearest to the centre which plead for the meeting house to be as near to the centre as the mountains will admit of. Which will no ways convenience them fairly

in the west part but will lay them under a great burden of setting the gospel where they can have no benefit of it and leave no room for a remedy for them.

We are willing that so many of them as can be best convened to any other place should do their duty where they may receive benefit and be freed from the charge of building with us. We would inform your Honors that another difficulty is with the Baptists, that many of them strive to bring our meeting house as near to them as they can under the pretence of favor to the Presbytery amongst them. But we can see nothing but their own private interest in it. Although they have no right to vote in ministerial affairs, yet they will manage things so as to make a great deal of trouble, when we have voted to raise money to build a meeting house, we cannot get it assessed on the town for our assessors are chiefly Baptists.

We would pray your Honors not to send a committee according to their request now brought to your Honors, but if your Honors should think best to send a committee, pray give them orders to divide us, or set off some families, or make alterations as they shall think best to be done for the health of the district. So we desire to commit our case to your wisdom, praying for your favor and subscribe ourselves your humble petitioners.

Dated June 5, 1764.

NAMES OF PETITIONERS.

David Wallis	Jacob Webber
Robert Dunkley	John Belknap Jr.
John Webber	Joseph Belknap
Trenance Webber	John Bishop Jr.
Henry Webber	Edward Webber
William Belknap	Joseph Bacon
William Wallis	John Rosbrook
John Belknap	Gershom Rosbrook
James Frizell Jr.	Robert Jennings
Samuel Frizell	Silas Smith
Benjamin Webber	Daniel Thompson
Daniel Belknap	Benjamin Perrin
Samuel Webber	Isaac Foster Jr.
Humphrey Cram	Isaac Foster

James Frizell	James Marcy
Jonathan Wallis	James Rosbrook
Nehemiah May	Nathaniel Bradley
Andrew Webber	Ethelbert Child Lyon

The petition to the General Court of the east faction, calls for a committee to *center* the district, South Brimfield. A problem develops by study. We think that if the petitioners had studied the problem more, before drafting their petition, it would have taken a slightly different form. They would have asked for a committee to select for them a church site most convenient for those who would attend it. Selfish interest may enter in to influence choice because real estate especially in rural communities, is enhanced in value, by proximity to a church. The legislative committee naturally would act in accord with the petition and select a spot at or near the centre of figure and it is manifest that that would be west of the mountains. But, as far the greater part of those who would attend it, resided *east* of said mountains, to place it as petioned for would work hardships, would not accommodate either side, in fact the more remote families would be about as inconvenient to church as they had been before South Brimfield was set off. The west faction had obtained a vote for committee from the General Court. The rebutting petition of the west faction is here given.

Mass. Archives, Vol. 14, pages 379-392.

To his Excellency Francis Bernard Esq. Governor and Commander-in-chief in and over his Majesty's Province of Massachusetts Bay, to the Honorable his Majesty's Council and Honorable House of Representatives now sitting.

The petition of Joseph Blodgett, Jonathan Burk and Trustrum Davis and sundry others, inhabitants of the district of South Brimfield in the County of Hampshire humbly sheweth:—Whereas there has been for a long time a controversy in our district with respect to a place to erect a meeting house upon, which controversy continued until at length a party in

the east part proceeded without any legal vote of the district and set up a frame of a meeting house and set it within about one mile and a half of the east end of the district, or thereabouts, and have part covered said frame, whereupon the major part of said district being much dissatisfied at their proceedings called a town meeting and obtained a vote to send to this Honorable Court for a committee as aforesaid and prayed that the committee's determination might be decisive, and in answer to our petition this Honorable Court was pleased to grant us our request and sent* the Honorable Timothy Paine Esq., John Murray Esq., and Moses Marcy Esq., as a committee to view our circumstances and affix a place for to build a meeting house and to make report of their doings.

And now our humble petition and prayer to this Honorable Court is, that the place prefixed by said committee might be established and confirmed, that so there might be a final settlement and end put to our controversy in that respect. We would inform this Honorable Court that that party which have set up a meeting house in the east part of said district although the committee declared to them that they had no regard to that house and it should not, in their opinion be a house for the district, yet notwithstanding they using means can hold their house in that place, and to make the whole district pay for the building of it, and to accomplish their scheme having the assessors and many of the Baptists on their side, three of said assessors being Baptists and said assessors being the selectmen. When we applied ourselves to them for a town meeting in order to get a vote for to build a meeting house (which was in the month of July last) they put us off from time to time knowing that we had the majority of voters upon the last years valuation (as the gentlemen of the committee are able to inform this Honorable Court) for when they were with us they took an account of the estates upon the valuation and they told us that there was between one and two hundred pounds lawful money more upon the estates against that house than there was for it and the estates and polls stand even as they were then excepting one turned from that side to our side, and one family came into our side and it appeared evident to us in case we could have a town meeting then we should get a vote to build a meeting house on the spot the committee prefixed. But being put off

till the first of August, then the assessors went about and took a new list, even before the tax act came and made a new valuation and set up voters on their side, some that never were known to have but little or no estates before, and one that was not twenty-one years of age. And our side put down or disallowed of some that put their lists and estates enough to make them voters, and by so doing they made a majority of voters on their side, then they called a town meeting, put in the articles we before requested and at said meeting negatived our voting to build a meeting house as aforesaid.

After this we consulted amongst ourselves what method to take, supposing if we lay still and did nothing towards building until the General Court should sit, might be, it would be near or quite winter and by that means it would be another year before we should get a house built for public worship, and having no convenient house to worship in, besides then having a minister in our view for settling who urged us to get a house built fit to preach in before winter if possible, telling us if he did settle with us he would have it done before winter; and upon all these considerations supposing withal that the spot which the committee had prefixed for us to build upon was so just that the Honorable Court would establish and confirm the same, it being exactly upon the line which all parties who heretofore have insisted upon a division always concluded to divide by. And upon all these considerations, together upon a consideration of what the ill consequence of delaying might accrue in the present state we were in.

We, your humble petitioners, relying alone upon the mercy and goodness of this Honorable Court (for without it we see no remedy) have presumed to build a house for public worship for the whole district and have got the frame set up upon the spot where the committee prefixed for us to build upon, which we, your petitioners, humbly beg and pray that his Excellency and this Honorable Court would establish, and confirm the same as in your great wisdom and goodness may think fit.

We would further inform this Honorable Court that that party to strengthen themselves by their majority (as they call it) did on a sudden just before the sitting of this Court, viz. on the eighth day of this instant October grant a warrant for

a town meeting to be held the next day, viz. on the ninth day at eleven o'clock in the forenoon to raise money to furnish their meeting house in the east part of said district (the people not being duly warned) the east with their new made voters with three Anabaptists voting with them at that meeting got a vote to raise one hundred pounds lawful money to finish that house withal, which meeting and votes our party entered our dissent and signifying that neither meeting nor voters were legal nor lawful, before the unjustness and unreasonableness of the money being granted for that use.

We would further inform this Court that our assessors have hurried and made an assessment upon the inhabitants of our district of money granted as aforesaid together with sixty pounds more granted before in like manner for the building and finishing the meeting house in the east part as aforesaid without any vote for the assessment, which grant and assessment we look upon as unjust and unreasonable and humbly pray that this Honorable Court in their wisdom would put a stop to that assessment.

Furthermore your petitioners humbly pray that his Excellency and this Honorable Court would be pleased to take our circumstances into your wise consideration and grant us a land tax and assess as much per acre as this Honorable Court shall think necessary for our building a meeting house withal (in case this Honorable Court confirms what we have done) for as our present situation is and the regulations in our district is in as to our town officers and the present voters they have made, we cannot get any money raised to build a meeting house withal, and so must be obliged to live without preaching for want of a convenient house, and if it please this Honorable Court to grant us a tax that your Honors would likewise appoint assessors for us, not only to make and collect said tax, but also for our district assessors to make a just valuation for us and to make our assessments thereon.

We would further inform this Honorable Court that the new set of voters have got a vote (as they call it) to have preaching held forever at the east end of the district, and in case we cannot have a just valuation and just voters made, the greatest part of our district must suffer wrong. We further

beg leave to inform this Honorable Court that one of those Baptists, and the senior of them all, who joined with the east party in all their voting respecting building their meeting house and granting of money for the same, we are credibly informed and it can be proved that he said that he would have a Baptist settled in the meeting house in the east part of the district within the space of two years.) All the foregoing we humbly submit to the wise consideration of this Honorable Court as in duty bound shall ever pray.

Dated South Brimfield, Oct. 22, 1764.

Signers to the Above Petition.

Robert Andrews	William Gardner
William Bishop	Asa Fisk
John Davis	Joseph Blodgett
James Hovey	Jonathan Burk
Samuel Blodgett	Trustrum Davis
Benjamin Davis	Jacob How
Jesse Barker	Ebenezer Bishop
John Nilson (Nelson)	John Danielson
Josiah Burk	John Nilson Jr.
Solomon Burk	William Nilson
Charles Gardner	Joseph Blodgett Jr.
James Anderson	William Fenton
John Anderson	Jonathan Burk Jr.
Benjamin Blodgett	Simeon Burk
Ebenezer Bishop Jr.	Humphrey Gardner

We, who have hereafter set our names, being non-residents, have ratable estates in the district of South Brimfield enough to make us voters in case we lived in the place do sign to the within petition.

Joseph Davis, Joseph Browning, George Shaw.

The site above Bugbee tavern (Dr. Dean's) which was used to erect a church upon, was selected by a major vote of the two factions.

This being done they, the east faction, proceeded to build a church in conformity to the vote.

The west faction began to build a church on the site selected by the committee sent by the General Court to centre the district. This site was approximately in the centre of figure of the district and was on the west side of South Meadow road between Grandy Hill and Rattlesnake Mt. This statement is supported also by a statement in Absalom Gardner's book on the history of Wales. We believe the site is at or near a row of stones which give evidence of being placed for a foundation, and lie between the junction of the old road by Erwin Bennett's house round the north side of Rattlesnake Mt. with South Meadow road and the junction of an old road from Wales with South Meadow road. This site would make it convenient for those coming from any of the four points of the compass.

When the southeast part petitioned to be incorporated they also petitioned to have the district centered for a church, but when the vote was taken to build there, the west faction had certain men, Jos. Belknap, Jno. Belknap and Benjamin Perrin, who had declared themselves Baptists, vote with them in order to secure a majority. The east faction object and Sept. 26, 1764 vote to send a committee. Timothy Danielson and Nehemiah May are sent to General Court to advise non-acceptance of its committee's choice and the illegality of the vote. The General Court declared the vote illegal and ordered the constable to cease collecting the tax, one hundred sixty pounds, and refused to support the action of its committee. The east faction went on with their building. Tradition has it that the building by the west faction was advanced so that they had begun to hold service in it. "It was finally taken down and removed to Westford, a village in the town of Ashford, Conn." says Morse's "Annals of Brimfield Church."

Miss E. M. Larned's History of Windham County, Conn., says that the precinct or district known as Westford in the town of Ashford after its citizens had secured by deed of gift

from Capt. Ward a meeting-house green so long as they should need it for a church site, "Negotiations were then opened with certain proprietors in Brimfield and a convenient meeting house frame purchased for thirty pounds, provided the same could be taken down without damage." Voted June 2, 1767 "that the meeting house frame purchased in Brimfield should be brought to Westford by June 13."

Who the minister was, which the west faction had in view, as stated in their petition, we cannot determine. But there is strong probability that it was the Rev. Ezra Reeve, who was installed over the church above Dr. Dean's Sept. 13, 1765, three years after South Brimfield was incorporated. The seed for another division had been sown in this, which was to ripen into the formation of another district. Agitation over the questions that led to the War of the Revolution absorbed the people's energies and deferred efforts to secure that result. The Revolution had not been formally ended when agitation over the question began, which ended in a separation.

Petition.

Mass. Archives, Vol. 14, page 402.

To his Excellency Francis Bernard Esq., Governor and Commander-in-Chief, in and over his majesty's Province of Massachusetts Bay to the Honorable, the House of Representatives, and the Honorable his Majesty's council.

The petition of Joseph Blodgett, Jonathan Burk and others, inhabitants of the district of South Brimfield in the County of Hampshire humbly sheweth:—

Inasmuch as this Honorable Court has, from time to time, been informed of our circumstances and contention with respect to a spot to build a house upon for public worship, we humbly conceive there is no occasion to spend time and paper, and trouble this honorable court with introducing the point we are about to insist upon, but with humble submission shall shew this honorable court our petition and request which is, that this honorable court in their wisdom and goodness, to decide and settle our controversy, would be pleased to give us your

petitioners, a rehearing, or to have a reconsideration of the petition that was put into this honorable court at their last session which was in October last or thereabouts, which petition was to see if this honorable court would accept of and confirm the report of the committee which this honorable court sent to us to consider our circumstances and affix a place for us to build a meeting house upon, which we in our petition for said committee prayed—that their determination and report might be decisive.

But the honorable court was not pleased at that time to accept of and confirm said committee's report by reason of our town clerk's sending a copy that there was not a legal vote of our district for that committee, which is a very great mistake in the clerk as we can sufficiently prove to the contrary to this honorable court in case we may be favored with an opportunity. Therefore our humble prayer and petition is that this honorable court would grant us a rehearing, or otherwise relieve us in our present situation, as in duty bound shall ever pray.

Dated South Brimfield, Jan. 23, 1765.

PETITIONERS' NAMES.

Solomon Burk
Ebenezer Bishop Jr.
James Hovey
John Nilson
Jesse Barker
Benjamin Blodgett
Samuel Blodgett
Jonas Blodgett
Joseph Blodgett Jr.
Beriah Grandy
Joseph Blodgett
Jonathan Burk
Trustrum Davis
Jonathan Burk Jr.
John Nilson
John Danielson
Ebenezer Bishop
William Bishop
Simeon Burk

After deliberation by the General Court the petition was ordered dismissed Feb. 14, 1765. The General Court would not support its committee owing to report of the town clerk. One cannot help but sympathize with Mr. Blodgett and the other petitioners, but with the church situated on South Meadow Road it would have left the east end of the town

destitute of church privileges. They would have been but little better off in that particular than when they were a part of "Old Brimfield." The east faction, who the year before (1764) had erected a church above Dr. Dean's, found later that it was placed too near to the west side of the town, for those whose homes were on or near the mountain would not attend it, so that the inconvenience as well as other reasons, chief of which was the desire for a better training field led to its removal on to the plain in 1793, being placed where now is the common. Unable to defeat the church placed north of Dr. Dean's the west faction petitions to have So. Brimfield divided into two parishes.

Petition of James Lawrence etc. to Divide So. Brimfield into Two Parishes.

Mass. Archives, Vol. 14, pages 443-446.

To his Excellency Francis Bernard Esq., Governor and Commander-in-chief, in and over his majesty's province of Massachusetts Bay; to the Honorable House of Representatives now assembled.

The petition of James Lawrence and John Moulton in behalf of the inhabitants of the district of South Brimfield in the County of Hampshire humbly sheweth:—Whereas we have been for a long time contending and quarreling about a place to erect a meeting house upon for public worship, and have been using all means that we could think of to get a meeting house set so as the whole district might be accommodated, but cannot agree upon a place to build upon that so the whole district may be accommodated. We have called the assistance and had the advice of three committees to affix a place for us to build upon, one from the General Court and two of our own choosing, but such is our unhappy temper that we cannot agree to abide by none of their judgments as to any of the places that they "perfixed" for us to build upon. But such was their wisdom that they denied doing anything for us of that nature, but left us to fight it out amongst ourselves, which we have done almost to our final ruin and destruction.

We would "enform" his Excellency and this honorable court as we heretofore have done that the east faction have got the frame of a meeting house set up and part covered and have set it within about one mile and a half of the east end of the district, and it was set there with a desire to accommodate a division of the place which has all along been the design and intent of a great part of the inhabitants of the place, yea, even from and before we were "set" off for a district, for before we came to this court to be set off, a great part of the inhabitants, both in the east and west parts agreed together, that they would join together and go to the General Court and get "sett" off as we now are, and then after that they would divide into two societies amongst themselves, for they thought they could do that without the General Court; and since we have been set off, a great many both in the east and west parts have all along been striving for a division and have been more than once to this honorable court to try and get it effected; but the middle part have all along opposed it, so that they could not get it accomplished.

But since things are got along to this pass and the meeting house set up in the east end of the place and a minister settled there, and we cannot get it removed, and there being a Baptist meeting house set up in the west part and a regular Baptist minister settled there, both houses being set well to accommodate a division, and since the east party have got a majority of voters they will not let the east meeting house be moved, but insist upon all the west part coming and paying to that house unless there be a division made, and the west part knowing it to be so unjust and unreasonable for them to pay their money to build a meeting house and settle and maintain a minister to accommodate the people in the east part with a meeting house even at their own doors, and many of them in the west part must travel six or seven miles to meeting, and some, and a great part of the west part are better accommodated to go the old town (Brimfield) to meeting than to go to the east meeting house by reason of the mountains and difficulty of travelling,—and now seeing and considering all these things many of these people that live near the middle of the district who have heretofore opposed a division do now join with all earnestness to

have one, seeing there is no prospect of there ever being any peace in the place unless there be a division made, but we must, for aught we can see, live in a continual contention all our lives long to our utter ruin and destruction.

We would inform his Excellency and this honorable court that our contention has all along been so warm that in the year 1763 there was almost a universal agreement made and a great majority of a vote upon the agreement for a division; and in the year 1764 another for the same division; and again in the year 1765 another vote for the same division all which votes stand good and have never been revoked, or discontinued as this honorable court may see by the copy of the record of said votes. It may be this honorable court may think we are too small or too poor to maintain the gospel with maintaining two ministers, but we humbly conceive that it is easier for us to maintain two ministers in peace than to maintain such a contention as we live in and are likely to live in all our days unless we can get divided.

We would further inform his Excellency and this honorable court that the Baptist minister that is settled in the west part of our district is a good, regular preacher; that the "Congregationals" that live in that part of the district and will be included in the proposed west division have almost all of them signed an agreement that they will in general attend meeting with the Baptist minister till such time as they can have a minister of their own persuasion or be provided for elsewhere.

And now upon a consideration of all these things together with a consideration of the benefit of having peace amongst the people in the district and quarrelling and contention and strife might cease that so we might live together in love as a good neighborhood ought to do, together with many other pleas, reasons and good arguments that your humble petitioners are ready to offer in case this honorable court will be pleased to favor us with an opportunity, we, your poor petitioners, humbly pray that his Excellency and this honorable court will in your great wisdom and goodness divide the district of South Brimfield into two districts or societies as in your wisdom shall think best, viz. by a division made by the road called the South Meadow Road, beginning at the colony line where said road

crosses said line and to extend northward in said road to the north line of said district, or, to Brimfield south line, including and taking into the west division Joseph Blodgett and Joseph Blodgett Jr. and their home lots, they living on the east side of said road. We further humbly pray that each society or division bear their own charges of building their own meeting house and settling and maintaining their own ministers, and not to pay anything to that division where they do not belong, which is according to former agreement and votes, that were made by the inhabitants of said district for said division, meaning only meeting house and ministerial charges, in case we only divided into parishes or societies.

And now upon the whole with what we have further to offer, may we be favored with an opportunity, we, your humble petitioners earnestly and humbly pray, and pray that we may not be denied as ever that we live at peace amongst ourselves, that the above petition might be granted—as in duty bound shall ever pray.

Dated South Brimfield January 23, 1766.

James Lawrence
John Moulton } Committee.

Read in the House of Representatives and ordered that Capt. Thayer, Capt. Brown, and Mr. Taylor of Westfield and others be a committee to consider and report. Their report was favorable and liberty was given to bring in a bill for the purpose therein mentioned.

January 31, 1766.

A bill was presented which was passed dividing South Brimfield into two parishes. The following is a copy of the act:

Mass. Archives, Chap. 31, *Acts of* 1765-1766.

Whereas the dividing the district of South Brimfield in the County of Hampshire into two parishes would serve very much to remove many difficulties and inconveniences which the inhabitants of said district at present labor under.

Sect. 1. That the district of South Brimfield aforesaid be divided into two separate parishes, in manner following, viz.—the dividing line shall be by the road called South Meadow Road

beginning at the colony line where said road crosses said line and to extend northward in said road to north line of said district, or Brimfield south line (including and taking into the west division Joseph Blodgett and Joseph Blodgett Jr. and their home lots, they living on the east side of the road; and that the lands lying in said district of So. Brimfield westward of the above dividing line be and hereby are made a parish, by name of west parish in the district of So. Brimfield aforesaid; and that the inhabitants westward of the said dividing line above described, be and hereby are invested with all the powers and privileges, and subjected to all the duties, that parishes in this province by law are invested with, and subjected to: and lands eastward of said line, etc. [Then follows a similar bounding of the east parish which we omit as unnecessary being easily understood.]

Sect. 2. Inhabitants of the west parish shall not be liable for taxes for the new meeting house in the east parish.

Sect. 3. That the annual March meetings to be held in said district for the future, shall be alternately held in the said east and west parishes. Dated Feb. 21, 1766.

Joseph Blodgett and Joseph Blodgett, Jr., had got themselves incorporated into the West Parish but it did not end their troubles. When he discovered that his petition had been overruled by the General Court, he neglects to pay his ministerial tax to the west parish, and is distreined of goods by the assessors for minister tax for 1766. This was for the support of Rev. James Mellen according to an agreement which he had signed.

James Lawrence's petition states that the "Congregationalists" in the west part had signed an agreement" that they will in general attend meeting with the Baptist minister till such time as they can have a minister of their own persuasion, or be provided for elsewhere." From State Archives Vol. 27, pages 336, 337, Joseph Blodgett and thirteen others signed agreement to support the Baptist church, South Brimfield, and paid one year's church tax to support Rev. Jas.

Mellen (1765), but refusing the second year were distreined and then brought suit against the assessors. James Lawrence petitions as agent for the west parish. He prays for explanation* of jurisdiction by the west parish, also that action be stayed pending action by the General Court. Col. Edson, Col. Marcy, Mr. Nash, Col. Milliken and Capt. John Brown, also Nathaniel Sparhawk, Thomas Flucker, Royal Tyler and Samuel Dexter were added as a committee to consider the matter. Joseph Blodgett had also petitioned the General Court for relief. Both the Blodgett and Lawrence petitions were dismissed June 21, 1768. This left Joseph Blodgett without relief from paying the church tax, according to agreement which he had signed.

PETITION OF

Edward Webber acting as agent for the east parish petitions the General Court for an explanation of the act dividing the district So. Brimfield into parishes and sets forth, that there are large tracts of land in the east parish which have been advanced in value by means of their building a meeting house and setting up a minister, toward which said land has paid no tax, and asking for a tax of (3d) three pence per acre for three years on all lands in said east parish. Date June 21, 1768.

The agitation over the Stamp Act was now raging.

The period of the Revolutionary War was a period when the all absorbing topic was the progress and success of the war. Local rivalries and feeling abated under the stress of that contest, nor have we been able to get hold of much material in way of records for the period of that war. That South Brimfield did her duty in that war is shown in her muster roll of which East Parish (Holland) sent the major part.

*By act of the General Court it was ordered that the inhabitants of the west parish are not freed from any charges that arose in said district by hiring preaching previous to dividing said district into separate parishes and previous to the settling of a minister in that part of said district.

By permission of Major John Anderson of Belchertown, Mass., one of Holland's boys and a lineal descendant of the David Anderson mentioned in the following document we are able to give a copy of a tax warrant issued by the Hon. Harrison Gray Esq., Treasurer and Receiver-General for His Majesty's said Province Massachusetts Bay.

The Hon. Harrison Gray, Esq., Treasurer and Receiver-General for His Majesty's said Province.

To David Anderson, Constable or Collector of South Brimfield, Greeting:

Whereas the Great and General Court or Assembly of this Province did in their Session in October One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy grant unto His Most Excellent Majesty a tax of Twenty-seven Thousand five Hundred Pounds to be levied on Polls and Estates both real and personal within this Province! And Whereas the Great and General Court or Assembly at their session in May, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy-two, did *not* agree to levy and apportion a Tax of Twenty-seven Thousand five Hundred Pounds, which by the Act aforesaid they were empowered to do; and Whereas in Obedience to the Act aforesaid made and passed in October, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy, I issued out my Warrants directed to the Selectmen or Assessors of the several towns and districts within this Province, to assess the Sums laid upon them respectively as their Proportion of the said Sum of Twenty-seven Thousand five Hundred Pounds.

These are in His Majesty's Name to will and require you to collect all and every the Sums of Money mentioned in the List or Lists of the Tax or Assessments of your Town, District, Parish or other Place, made by the Assessors or Selectmen of the said Town, District, Parish or other Place and committed to you to collect: amounting in the Whole to the Sum of Twenty-three pounds Sixteen shillings and Four Pence.

Then follows a long and wordy description of how the sum is to be levied which we omit. But we give the closing lines of the document as worthy of note:

"Given under my Hand and Seal at Boston, the Thirty-first Day of December, 1772, in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third, of Great Britain, etc., King.

H. Gray.

☞*You are strictly ordered to bring in the money by the Time; as it will be out of my Power to shew that Lenity which I have hitherto done.*"

Is there any wonder there was revolution?

In the turbulent times just before the Revolution when the people had lost faith in and respect for the courts of law and the usual legal processes, we find that such method as the following was resorted to insure order.

Court of Justice and Honor to decide questions and controversies in the District of South Brimfield; then follows the list of men constituting the court which were as follows:

√Nehemiah May*	Thomas Parker
√Jacob How	√Jonathan Wallis
Nathaniel Munger	√Benjamin Blodgett
Asa Fisk	√Edward Webber
Anthony Needham	√Abel Allen
Daniel Winchester	Joel Rogers

Dated Sept. 5, 1774.

We next give a copy of the act by virtue of which South Brimfield became a town with full rights, passed in 1775 about two months after the battle of Bunker Hill and while the British were holding Boston. The Legislature was convened at Watertown.

Whereas there are divers acts or laws heretofore made and passed by former general courts or assemblies of this colony, the incorporation of towns and districts, which against common right and in derogation of the rights granted to the inhabitants of this colony by the charter, contain exception of the right

*Those having the mark √ were certainly from the part that became Holland. Six from each parish.

and privilege of choosing and sending a representative to the great and general court or assembly.—

Be it therefore enacted and declared by the Council and House of Representatives in General Court assembled and by the Authority of the same:—

(*Sect. 1*) That henceforth every such exception contained in any act or law heretofore made and passed by any general court or assembly of this colony for the erecting or incorporating any town or district, shall be held and taken to be altogether null and void; and that every town and district in this colony, consisting of the number of thirty or more freeholders and other inhabitants, qualified by character to vote in the election of a representative, shall henceforth be held and taken to have full right, power and privilege to elect and depute one or more persons, being freeholders and resident in such town or district, to serve for and represent them in any great and general court or assembly hereafter to be held and kept for this colony, according to the limitations in an act or law of the general assembly (entitled "An Act") for ascertaining the number and regulating the house of representatives; any exception of that right and privilege contained or expressed in the respective acts or laws, for the incorporation of such town or district notwithstanding.

(*Sect. 2*) And be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid. That every corporate body in this colony which in the act for the incorporation thereof is said and declared to be made a district, and has, by such act, granted to it, or is declared to be vested with, the rights, powers, privileges or immunities of a town, with the exception above mentioned of choosing and sending a representative to the great and general court or assembly, shall henceforth be, and shall be holden, taken and intended to be, a town to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Passed Aug. 23, 1775.

Thus early do we find the Colony of Massachusetts Bay in General Court, setting aside a royal decree and bidding defiance to the royal will. This act was made valid by the Revolution. South Brimfield made a district Sept. 18, 1762, by

this act became a township Aug. 23, 1775, and was entitled to a representative in the General Court. We therefore find that she had had three representatives before Capt. Nehemiah May, who was representative from South Brimfield in 1783, when Holland was incorporated.

But with the war over, the old differences would come up, and they would lead to a division of the town, South Brimfield, for she became a town as noted by act of Aug. 23, 1775. But before we enter upon that period we will give the following list of taxpayers in the east parish, South Brimfield, for year 1782 and the Board of Assessors the year before the separation, as a study in family history.

TAXPAYERS IN THE EAST PARISH, SO. BRIMFIELD, 1782, AND THE BOARD OF ASSESSORS.

David Anderson	Trenance Webber
Capt. Jos. Browning	John Wallis
John Anderson	Lt. Edward Webber
John Belknap	Jonathan Wallis
Joseph Ormsbee	David Wallis 2d
Henry Webber	Ashabel Graham
John Ballard	Archibald
Daniel Thompson	Abel Allen
Wm. Wallis	John Graham
Daniel Belknap	Wm. Belknap
Jonathan Belknap	Lt. David Bugbee
James Frizell	Lt. Daniel Burnap
William Frizell	Thomas Belknap
Ichabod Goodell	Peter Haynes heirs
Samuel Webber	Solomon Moulton

We give a copy of the instructions from the Board of Assessors for that year (1782) to David Anderson one of the Surveyors and Collectors of the highway rates.

Your part of this tax is the sum of sixteen pounds, two shillings, ten pence, which you are to collect in labor on the highways within your limits; and you are to "compleat" and make up the whole of your work at or before the first day of

September. Your limits are as follows:—You are to inspect all the roads in this parish west of Elijah Janes and west of the meeting house and south of Marcy's brook unto the brook west to the county road or the bridge at this side John Munger's. Easterly on the road from the meeting house to Abel Allen's and including all the roads west and north in this parish; and you are to allow to a single man two shillings per day, and to a man and team four shillings per day and so in proportion for a greater or "lesser" sum.

So. Brimfield, April 4, 1782.

Wm. Belknap, Joseph Needham, Abner Needham,
Assessors of So. Brimfield in 1782.

The road by the parsonage and church above Mr. Lilley's house was known as the "South Road." It was begun in 1735 and extended from Mr. Agard's down by Edwin Hall's (David Anderson's) and later by where Ernest Bennett and also Fred Blodgett now live and up over the shoulder of the hill back of Mr. John Hebard's house where is a cellar hole and is probably the place where Elijah Janes lived. Extending down through the Devil's Elbow, so called, it extended up by the church and just east of Henry Curtis' barn, the old road now abandoned being part of it and up over Indian Field Hill and by where the old southwest school house stood and on southward to the Hind's place. It is not known when this south road was built. It evidently was in existence when the church was built in 1764. But no record of it has been found.

It is interesting to note the men who had held the important town offices 1762-1783 of South Brimfield, and especially the men from that part of South Brimfield that became Holland. We give the list.

The first town meeting for So. Brimfield was held Oct. 5, 1762.

The moderator was Humphrey Cram.

The district clerk was Joseph Blodgett.

The selectmen were Humphrey Needham, Humphrey Cram, Anthony Needham, Jr., Nehemiah May, John Moulton.

List of Selectmen of South Brimfield from 1762-1783 which then included Holland.

1762-1765 Humphrey Needham—, Humphrey Cram, Anthony Needham Jr., Nehemiah May, John Moulton.
1766. Joseph Blodgett, Anthony Needham, John Moulton, Dr. James Lawrence, Samuel Munger.
1767. Joseph Blodgett, Dr. James Lawrence, Humphrey Needham.
1768. Humphrey Cram, Humphrey Needham, Dr. Jas. Lawrence.
1769. Humphrey Cram, Joseph Blodgett Jr., Edward Webber.
1770. Humphrey Cram, Joseph Blodgett Jr., Anthony Needham.
1771. Asa Fisk, Joseph Blodgett Jr., Nehemiah May.
1772. Anthony Needham, Daniel Winchester, Nehemiah May.
1773. Anthony Needham, Asa Fisk, Nehemiah May.
1774. Anthony Needham, Dan'l Winchester, Humphrey Cram.
1775. Anthony Needham, Asa Fisk, Humphrey Cram.
1776. Humphrey Cram, Dan'l Winchester, Anthony Needham, Joseph Munger, Edward Webber.
1777. Dan'l Winchester, Nehemiah May, Jonathan Wallis.
1778. Nehemiah Needham, Sherebiah Ballard, Benj. Blodgett.
1779. Thomas Bond, Darius Munger, Wm. Belknap, Abner Needham, Joseph Needham.
1780. Jas. Blodgett, Wm. Belknap, Darius Munger, Jonathan Cram, Joseph Needham.
1781. Jonas Blodgett, Wm. Belknap, Darius Munger, Alfred Lyon, Joseph Needham.
1782. Joel Rogers, Wm. Belknap, Joseph Needham, Abel Allen, Darius Munger.

Town clerks of South Brimfield, 1762-1783. While Holland was a part of it were:

Capt. Joseph Blodgett 1762, '63, '66, '67, '69, '74.
Humphrey Cram 1764 and 1768.

From the foregoing list of selectmen, the reader will observe that Messrs. Cram, Blodgett, Belknap, May, Webber, Ballard, Allen, were residents of the east parish or what became Holland in 1783. Also, that of the town clerks for the 21 years 1762-1783 a resident of the east parish had the office 12 years. The east parish had a fair share of official honors surely in those twenty-one years.

CHAPTER III.

Holland Incorporated

Thus far our work has been introductory, for towns do not spring into being by legislative fiat. They become towns by legislative enactment, but only after a period of settlement and development having a history. To show something of the history, and the causes that produced a separation and the formation of a new district is our excuse for the preceding chapter. We now give a copy of the petition to the General Court of the east side residents to be incorporated into a district. Notice who is governor, and the changes in the form of address.

Petition.

Petition to Divide South Brimfield.

To his Excellency, John Hancock, Capt. General and Governor in chief in and over the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled. The petition of the town of South Brimfield humbly sheweth:

Whereas the inhabitants of the town of South Brimfield for a number of years having suffered many disadvantages by continuing together as a town are very desirous of being divided into two towns. Their reasons for such a division are as followeth: 1. the figure of the town is properly a long square, which being divided by the county road, usually called the South Meadow road would reduce each part to an equilateral form nearly, which we humbly conceive would render each part much more commodious and agreeable. 2. The town at present is divided into two parishes having respective meeting houses and ministers, which lays a foundation for several things, not only disagreeable in themselves, but really burdensome and destroying, especially as such a period as the present: 1. By order of a former Court our annual town meetings are held alternately in each parish which occasions no inconsider-

able travel to the inhabitants; and what increases the difficulty is a ridge of mountains situated in the middle of the town, and beside the land in the middle of the town is so broken that 'tis not likely it ever will be settled and this difficulty must ever remain unless we be divided. 2. To transact the business of the town and parishes necessarily requires two days. Whereas by a division of the town all the same purposes might be answered in one, and the saving of time, although it were but one day in a year, we humbly conceive to be an argument of some weight, especially at such a time as the present when the united voice of public and private interest calls for frugality in husbanding time and diligence in business. 3. The situation of the town being such at the present the number of officers is necessarily increased which adds to the burden and makes it more pressing.

These disadvantages with others that might be offered, were it necessary, are such as we conceive can only be removed by a division of the town. Sensible of this and desirous of relief, a considerable number of the inhabitants belonging to each parish petitioned the selectmen to put an article into the town warrant granted for their annual town meeting, to see if the town would divide into two towns, which petition was granted accordingly. When this petition for a division was put to a vote, it passed in the affirmative, which the records of the town will certify, the dividing line to be the above mentioned County road, usually called the South Meadow road. In consequence hereof we beg leave to present our humble petition to the Honorable Court praying they would take it into their consideration, and we doubt not but on mature deliberation, they in their wisdom will see the reasonableness of our petition and condescend to indulge us in favor of a division into two towns, as in duty bound we shall ever pray.

Joseph Needham
Abner Needham
William Belknap } Selectmen.
Abel Allen

Dated South Brimfield, March 21, 1782.

The selectmen were ordered to bring in a bill agreeable to said petition. It is interesting here to give the original

minutes as found in the town records as entered by the town clerk, with the original numbering.

At the annual town meeting held at South Brimfield, March 11, 1782.

171y. Voted to divide the town into two towns and the dividing line to be the County Road leading from Brimfield along by *Deacon Nathaniel Munger's to Union, commonly called the South Meadow Road. 181y. Voted and chose Mr. Joseph Bruce to go to General Court to get the division confirmed.

A true copy from the town records.
Attest David Bullen
Town Clerk

Dated South Brimfield Feb. 13, 1783.

The following is a certificate from the pen of Gen. Timothy Danielson of Brimfield. He was a graduate of Yale 1756, for his father had intended him for the ministry, but the Revolution drew him into the struggle for he was an ardent patriot. He won military distinction as Colonel and was appointed later Major General. In 1783 he was the senior Major General of the state militia. We give a copy of his certificate.

Boston, Oct. 12, 1783.

This is to certify that at the last session of the General Court, I saw in the keeping of the agent of the east parish of South Brinfield a certificate under the signature of the town clerk of said South Brimfield, purporting that at a legal town meeting in said town, the inhabitants thereof had voted that the east parish there should be incorporated into a town at the South Meadow Road so called, the now dividing line between the parishes, and have no doubt of the authenticity of such attestation, as the same was the common report when I was last at Brimfield, that South Brimfield had voted to divide.

Attest T. Danielson.

*Where Jas. Henry Walker lives.

We next find a certificate from Capt. Nehemiah May, a resident of the east parish, and who this year, 1783, was representative to the General Court from South Brimfield.

To the Honorable Senate of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in General Court assembled, this second day of July, 1783. Humbly shews Nehemiah May, Representative of South Brimfield in the county of Hampshire in said state, that he has been, previous to his coming from home, instructed by the said town, if the east Parish there would not be made a town, to petition the General Court to be formed into a separate district, which verbal representation he made to the Honorable House of Representatives, and in consequence thereof a bill has there passed to be engrossed for that purpose. Your petitioner prays that in consequence of the same verbal injunction, your Honors would be pleased to reconsider your vote on the aforesaid bill and pass a concurrence with the Honorable House that the said East Parish may be relieved from their difficulties by being made a district, and as bound in duty shall ever pray.

Nehemiah May.

It is evident that the Representive from South Brimfield saw that the General Court would oppose the proposition to incorporate the East Parish into a township but would incorporate it into a district. We find that before the Revolution the King, jealous of the growing representative element in the Massachusetts Colony due to the formation of new towns, decreed that new settlements might be incorporated into districts provided they would forego the right of representation in General Court. The East Parish could not be incorporated into a town for it did not have the legal number of polls, the law requiring fifty. It was incorporated a district and remained so till May 1, 1836 (53 years nearly) when it became a town. Twenty-one eventful years South Brimfield had been one municipality. She had reached her majority. A liberal quota of her sons, 135, had fought to make the Revolution a success. We give in another chapter a list of South Brimfield men who served in that war. Many

(84) of the names will be recognized as men living in the east part which became Holland. We give the full list for in some cases it is difficult to decide in just which part some did live. With the act of incorporation the east part became the district, called Holland, while the west part retained the name South Brimfield, until by reason of a legacy of $2000 from one of her citizens, James Lawrence Wales, the name was changed Feb. 20, 1828, to Wales.

HOLLAND INCORPORATED.

In the year of our Lord 1783.

An Act to Incorporate the East Parish of South Brimfield in the County of Hampshire into a district by the name of Holland.

Whereas the inhabitants of the East Parish in the said South Brimfield have represented to this Court the many inconveniences they labor under, arising from their connection with the said South Brimfield. For remedy thereof, Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled and by the authority of the same, that all the lands and inhabitants of South Brimfield aforesaid lying and being on the east side of the county road leading from Brimfield to Union in the state of Connecticut, called and known by the name South Meadow road there, be and hereby are incorporated into a District by the name of Holland, and invested with all the powers, privileges, and immunities that districts in this Commonwealth are entitled to according to law, or do, or may enjoy.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid that Abner Morgan Esq. of Brimfield be and he hereby is empowered and required to issue his warrant directed to some principal inhabitant within the said district of Holland directing him to warn the inhabitants of the said district qualified to vote in town affairs to assemble at some convenient time and place in the same district to choose all such town officers as by law are to be chosen annually in the month of March.

Provided, nevertheless, the inhabitants of the District of Holland shall pay their proportionable part of all such town, county, and state taxes as are already or may hereafter be

assessed on the town of South Brimfield aforesaid, until the said district of Holland shall agree upon the proportion of public taxes the said district of Holland and the said town of South Brimfield shall respectively pay and until the General Court shall lay a tax upon the said district of Holland.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid that the inhabitants of the said district of Holland be entitled and they hereby are enabled to demand and receive of said town of South Brimfield their just proportion of arms and ammunition and town stores and of all public moneys that have been assessed or collected for schooling or otherwise for public use of said town of South Brimfield as have not been expended for the purposes designed.

And it is further enacted that the Selectmen of said South Brimfield fifteen days at least before the time of choosing a representative for the said town shall give notice of the time and place by them ordered for that purpose, to the Selectmen of the said district of Holland in writing under their hands to the intent the selectmen of the said district may issue their warrant to the constable or constables of the said district to warn thereof to meet with said town of South Brimfield at time and place appointed for the choice of a representative.

This act passed July 5, 1783.

Holland derived its name, so all agree, from Lord Holland, who, as Charles James Fox, won America's love as an eloquent defender of her rights, but who subsequently became an ardent royalist and for that reason was elevated to the peerage and given the title of Lord Holland. But we do not find a particle of recorded evidence to *prove* the claim. That there was a British statesman, a commoner, who brilliantly defended the claims of the American colonies, and who afterwards was raised to the peerage on account of his eloquent defense of the royal prerogative is a matter of English history. But recorded evidence that Holland was given its name in his honor, while probably true, we have not been able to find. We therefore concur for the name itself in presumptive evidence. Abner Morgan, Esq., of Brimfield upon receiving notice from

the General Court that the East Parish of South Brimfield had been incorporated into a district named Holland, issued the following warrant:—

Hampshire S. S. To Joseph Bruce one of the inhabitants of the (town) district of Holland in the said county of Hampshire, Greeting.—In the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts you are hereby required forthwith to notify and warn the freeholders and the inhabitants of said town qualified to vote in town meetings, to assemble at the meeting house in town on Thursday, the twenty fourth day of July instant at one of the clock in the afternoon, then and there to act on the following articles, viz. First, To choose a moderator. Secondly, To choose all such town officers as towns are directed to choose annually in the month of March. Thirdly, To hear petitions and act thereon. Hereof fail not and make due return of this warrant with your doings thereon at the time and place above mentioned.

Given under my hand and seal this fifteenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three. Abner Morgan, Justice of Peace.

In obedience to the within warrant, I have warned the legal voters to meet at the time and place, and for the purposes within mentioned.

Joseph Bruce.

Holland July 22, 1783.

It is very interesting to note the proceedings of this the first district meeting, and we give it in full:—

Holland July ye 24, 1783. At a meeting duly warned and legally convened,—

1. Voted and made choice of Mr. Joseph Bruce for the moderator.
2. Made choice of Eliphalet Janes for district clerk.
3. Voted to choose three selectmen.
4. Made choice of Capt. Nehemiah May for the first selectman.
5. Made choice of Lt. Jonas Blodgett for second selectman.
6. Made choice of Lt. Alfred Lyon for third selectman.

7. Made choice of Mr. Jonathan Wallis for district treasurer.

8. Voted that the selectmen serve as assessors for the present year.

9. Made choice of Mr. Daniel Thompson for constable.

10. Voted that the old surveyors of the highways serve the year out.

11. Voted that Daniel Thompson and John Wallis serve as wardens and sworn accordingly.

12. Made choice of John Perrin for tything man and sworn accordingly.

13. Made choice of David Bugbee and Abel Allen for fence-viewers and sworn accordingly.

14. Voted that the constables warn town meetings by posting up a copy of the warrant on the meeting house door.

15. Made choice of Reuben Webber for hogreaf.

16. Voted that swine run at large being properly lawed (i. e. ringed and yoked).

17. Voted to choose a committee to reckon with the town treasurer.

18. Voted that Deacon Sherebiah Ballard, John Wallis, and David Anderson serve for the aforesaid committee.

19. Voted a committee be chosen to help in making a settlement with the selectmen of South Brimfield.

No committee is specified.

20. Made Choice of Deacon Sherebiah Ballard for sealer of weights and measures.

21. Made choice of Henry Webber for leather sealer.

22. Voted that the annual town meetings be held on the first Monday of March.

Then the meeting was dissolved.

Attest Eliphalet Janes,
District Clerk.

We deem the meetings of the district for this its first year of existence of such great interest that we give a full report of them all. Education was of vital interest to these men and we see how soon they took up this question.

Holland, Sept. ye 8, 1783. At a meeting legally warned and convened.

1. Voted and made choice of Jonas Blodgett for moderator.

2. Voted to choose a committee to view the situation of the district of Holland to divide the same into proper school districts.

3. Voted that Jonathan Wallis, Jonathan Cram, Jonas Blodgett, Abel Allen and Gershom Rosebrooks serve for the aforesaid committee.

4. Voted this committee shall divide the district and say how many school districts there shall be, and bring in their report to the district.

5. Voted that there be two committee men more to assist the other committeemen in the aforesaid business.

6. Voted that Alfred Lyon and John Wallis be the men to assist the others.

7. Voted that this committee shall determine whether Mr. Joseph Smalladge, Joseph Smalladge Jr. and John Munger shall carry their school money into South Brimfield for the use of schooling there, or whether they shall be considered otherwise.

8. Voted that all the lands within the district of Holland belonging to Deacon Nathaniel Munger, Capt. Jehiel Munger, Jonathan Munger, Jesse Munger and Humphrey Needham Jr. shall be freed from paying taxes to the district of Holland.

9. Voted that Eliphalet Janes, Asa Partridge, Cyprian Stevens, Jonathan Gibbs, John Rosebrooks, Gershom Rosebrooks, William Rosebrooks, Asa Dana, Rufus May, Alfred Lyon, David Bugbee, John Wallis, William Wallis, David Wallis, and Jonas Blodgett, have liberty to build them some pews in the meeting house, each side of the broad alley.

Then the meeting was adjourned to Monday Sept. 22, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Sept. 22, 1783. Pursuant to the adjournment the district met and voted to accept the report which the committee presented.

The committee recommended that the district be divided into four school districts and the following names are given as householders in each school district.

John Graham	Andrew Webber
Archibald Graham	John Perrin
Ichabod Goodell	Joseph Bruce

James Frizell
William Belknap
Jonathan Belknap
Joshua Clark
Abel Allen
Eliphalet Janes
James Paddock
Alfred Lyon
Ethel Lyon
Asa Dana
Daniel Thompson
to be one school district at the northeast quarter of the town
Valuation 742 pounds, 5 shillings

Jonathan Blanchard
Benjamin Perrin
Antipas Bruce
Capt. Nehemiah May
Rufus May
Lt. John Rosebrooks
Gershom Rosebrooks
James Ames
Capt. Phillips
Benjamin Webber
Dr. Thomas Wallis
to be the southeast school district
Valuation 734 pounds, no shillings

James Marcy
Lt. Daniel Burnett
Capt. Jacob How
Silas Smith
Benjamin Smith
John Hinds
Darius Hinds
Joseph Smalladge
Joseph Smalladge Jr.
Joseph Marsh
Lt. Jonathan Cram
Lt. Edward Webber
David Bugbee
Benjamin Beal
to be the southwest school district
Valuation 622 pounds, 7 shillings

John Wallis
Henry Webber
Samuel Webber
John Ballard
Daniel Thompson
Jonathan Wallis
William Wallis
David Wallis
John Belknap
John Belknap Jr.
Reuben Webber
Asa Partridge
David Anderson
Caleb Blodgett
Solomon Blodgett
Lt. Jonas Blodgett
to be the northwest district.
Valuation 805 pounds, 3 shillings.

By way of petition: Voted that Mr. John Wade's house is found to be within the bounds of South Brimfield; then the

said John Wade's lands that are in Holland are to be taxed to the said South Brimfield.

Adjourned, Eliphalet Janes, District Clerk.

We notice that at the first town meeting that Holland had, wardens are mentioned as town officers to be elected and that Daniel Thompson and John Wallis are chosen to that office and qualify. No such office as that now exists. The following explanation of their duties is quoted from the Charter of the Massachusetts Bay Colony, province laws passed in the reign of William and Mary and revised in 1759, first year reign of George the third.

TOWN WARDENS, THE OFFICE, DUTIES, PENALTIES, ETC.

Act of the General Court 1760, regulating the observance of the Lord's Day. Among other things it enacts as follows:—Be it further enacted, That each town and district within this province, shall at the time of choosing town and district officers, annually and every year choose certain persons, being of good substance and of sober life and conversation to be wardens of such town or district, of which officers the town of Boston shall choose twelve, viz.—one for each ward in said town, and every other town or district shall choose any number not less than two, and not exceeding six; and all such wardens shall be under oath, and to serve in such office. Every such person in the town of Boston shall be liable to the penalty of ten pounds; and in any other town or district to the penalty of five pounds; and every town or district shall forthwith proceed to the choice of other or others in room of any person or persons so refusing or neglecting, and so toties, quoties.

THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES.

1. They had the right to enter, and were obliged to inspect Inns, or houses of public entertainment on the Lord's Day and in the evening.

2. To examine persons suspected as unnecessarily travelling on the Lord's Day.

Warden's oath shall be deemed full and sufficient evidence in any trial for any offence against this act, unless invalidated by other evidence.

3. Wardens shall not be compelled to serve only once in five years.

4. Wardens shall be exempt from military duty the year of service. This was called "privilege" of wardens.

5. Wardens were to carry a white wand not less than seven feet long as a badge of his office, and may command assistance, and anyone refusing shall be fined forty shillings.

6. Parents and guardians and masters of servants could be fined by wardens.

7. Profaning the Lord's Day or Christian sabbath, made the offender liable to jail sentence of five to ten days.

8. No sheriff, grand juror, tithingman, constable or other officers or persons shall be exempted.

9. This act shall be read in every town or district by town or district clerk at the March meeting every year and immediately before the choice of wardens.

10. The fine for neglecting to read this act shall be twenty shillings.

Enacted Anno Regni Regis Georgii III Primo.

From the Charter of 1759, Massachusetts Bay Colony.

Charter of Reign of William and Mary revised.

This proves that our ideals of liberty and of worship have undergone a radical change. Has anything really valuable to the commonwealth, or essential to genuine public worship been lost by the change?

FROM CHARTER OF WILLIAM AND MARY, 1759.

Tythingmen were to have a black staff two feet long tipped at one end with brass about three inches as a badge of his office; to be provided by the selectmen at charge of the town. Refusal to serve as tythingman subjected the offender to a fine of forty shillings, or to jail till it be paid, with charges for levying.

Tythingmen were allowed the benefit of informers, i. e. part of the fine, in 1698.

The following is the tythingman's oath which he was required to take.

You, John Smith, being chosen a tythingman within the town of Holland for one year next ensuing and until another be chosen and sworn in your stead, do swear, that you will faithfully endeavor and intend the duty of your office, so help you God.

The office of tythingmen dates from the time of Alfred the Great. Originally they were assigned the care of ten families to see that they attended church regularly, paid their dues and maintained proper decorum in church. They could arrest strangers driving through town, or others believed to be breaking the proper observance of the Lord's Day. To maintain order in church came to be their chief function. The children sat, not as now, in pews with their parents but in stall pews or box pews, the boys in one side of the church, and the girls on the other. Naturally they would get to playing in sermon time and then the tythingmen would rise and shake the staff at them as a warning. If that proved insufficient for restoring order and maintaining it the refractory boy was summarily taken out of his stall, sometimes over the side and given a lesson in decorum by laying on of hands, not apostolic, but prophetic of a change in him in the immediate future. Some declare that a cord and tassel was tied to the tythingmen's staff. No mention is made of it in the above charter. It was probably a later custom. In Holland we find tythingmen elected annually until about the time the Baptist church was started, 1817, when the town neglected to elect them. But they were restored again, for in 1823 we find Nehemiah May (Jr), Judah Back, Benjamin Reeve and Elbridge G. Fuller, elected tythingmen. Two were Congregationalists and two were Baptists. Tythingmen were elected as recently as 1858.

But there were other quaint customs which obtained in the memory of some now living. Mr. J. T. Shepard Parsons who lived in Holland when a boy says, "An old custom in Holland was

to have the cobbler come in the fall to mend or make the footwear for the household. His pay included board. His stay in the house might last from one to three weeks. Two straight lasts was his supply of forms to fit the entire family from baby to grandpa. The leather used was the hide of the animal slaughtered the year before to supply the table with meat. The product of the cobbler's art was like himself, "Fearfully and wonderfully made." They would attract attention, if not admiration, anywhere today and were about as comfortable as the wooden shoes used in some European countries. Nicholas Aldrich was the cobbler when he was a boy and the custom was styled "whipping the cat."

The cloth for the family-clothing was spun and woven from the wool of the flock; the spinning and weaving being a part of the good housewife's task, and when her task was done the cloth was taken to Mr. Stevens' mill to be dressed which put a nap or finish on the cloth. Before it went there the cloth was dyed with the juice of butternut bark or sometimes in the dyepot that stood in the chimney corner, which yielded a rich indigo blue to whatever was put therein, and a most offensive odor to whatever was taken out, to one that had sense of smell, especially when a fresh product had been abstracted. We were always told that one of the articles composing the dye was indigo blue, or indigo, but the other, the solvent, we beat a retreat without asking. The seamstress came in the same way as the cobbler, and mother produced the web of cloth from which the various suits were to be made. Comments were made over the quality of the cloth and cautions were given by the mother "to be sure and cut large enough for the boys would grow to their garments," and many a boy had a problem in proportion when on Sunday morning he tried on his suit, to ascertain how long, at his present rate of growth, it would be before his suit would fit him. However, there was no shoddy in the cloth and the boy did sometimes "grow to the suit."

CHAPTER IV

Holland's General History.

In the act of incorporation we have seen that the east side of South Meadow Road was made the boundary between South Brimfield and Holland. Holland naturally declined all jurisdiction and responsibility over said road. This inevitably led to a dispute, to say nothing of questions arising over the just proportion that Holland should pay of the town, county, and state taxes, until such time as the act of incorporation could be rendered effective. Arms and ammunition, town stores, and taxes, had to be divided by local official agreement, for the act of incorporation did not designate what the just proportion would be. For example, at a meeting held March 15, 1784, it was voted "that the selectmen of Holland do reckon and settle all the accounts and arrearages with the selectmen of So. Brimfield." On May 3, 1784 a town meeting was held and Mr. Joseph Bruce, Capt. Nehemiah May and Capt. Alfred Lyon were appointed a committee to examine all debts brought against the town and district, and to give security for what they find the district indebted to said town as "our just proportion." On July 19, 1784, 150 pounds were voted to pay "our just proportion," Jan. 10, 1785 it was voted to reconsider the vote of May 3, and appoint a new committee. Capt. Nehemiah May, Lieut. Jonas Blodgett, and Capt. Alfred Lyon were elected a committee to assist the selectmen of Holland in making a settlement with So. Brimfield, and 160 pounds are mentioned, to be assessed immediately. In a warrant for town meeting April 4, 1785, Art. 3 reads:—"To see if the district will raise their proportion of 160 pounds which So. Brimfield have voted to defray the debts which lie against said town." At the meeting Fifty-six pounds were voted. But a discrepancy had

been found in the books of the town constable*, and that caused Holland to rescind its vote of 56 pounds. This led to a contention which was not fully adjusted for ten years.

The records of the town impress the reader with this fact whatever faults of grammar or of spelling or lack of elegant phrase, that the purpose has been to tell the exact truth. They bear in their wording the evidence of absolute sincerity, in which the reader may put absolute confidence. When the town was incorporated, matters of detail were left by the General Court to mutual agreement between the officers of the new district and the officers of what was left of South Brimfield (now Wales). Questions as to division of the year's tax levy and the just proportion each should have, required adjustment. What served to complicate the situation, was the fact that the constable, Solomon Hovey, of South Brimfield before division was faulty in his accounts and Holland naturally was loath to assume her legitimate part of the account until she knew what it was. In addition, the act of incorporation had put the whole of South Meadow road into South Brimfield, which they naturally charged upon Capt. May, the representative for the year 1783 when Holland was incorporated. That reason more than any other prevented Holland from having a representative till the matter had been rectified, John Polley being the next representative in 1798.

Daniel Shay's insurrection agitated the region greatly and appeals were made by circular letters for each town and district to send delegates to a county convention to be held at Hatfield, 1786. "Massachusetts was the most heavily in debt of any of the states. An average of two hundred dollars apiece was the debt and no money was obtainable with which to pay it. They were willing to pay but could get nothing to pay with. Seizure of goods or prison drove many to desperation." Letters

*The town constable was Solomon Hovey.

were sent out inviting towns to send delegates to a county convention. It is manifest that Holland received such letters for Abel Allen was chosen to go to the convention at* Hatfield, and Joseph Bruce was sent to Hadley for the same purpose and both were paid twelve shillings for expenses.

How they voted on the questions presented we have no means of knowing but we may assert that these men were warm friends of law and order.

We notice that in 1789 the district vote that the constable warn Jethro Story and family to leave town. They were stopping in the house of Abijah Shumway. What the reason was for such action we are not informed, but we find him later a resident of the town. Here is the perambulation of the town lines made in 1789. It is given as being of interest for several reasons.

The boundaries on the north line of Holland, betwixt Brimfield and Holland by a perambulation in May 1789 made by Lt. Aaron Myghill of Brimfield, and David Wallis and John Polley of Holland, is as follows:—viz., Beginning at a large black oak tree marked and stones, being the northeast corner of said Holland from thence running westerly on the same line to a walnut stump and stones from thence to a black oak tree and stones in the northwest corner of Abel Allen's land, from thence to a pitch pine tree† and stones in the road north of John Graham's house. From thence to an old black oak stump in the northwest corner of the land formerly owned by Winthrop‡. From thence to a white pine stump and stones the south side of the road near William Wallis' house, from thence to a large rock and stones in the road north of David Anderson's house; from thence to a stake and stone on the §east side

*See J. G. Holland's "History of Western Massachusetts" for the results of these conventions.

†The pitch pine tree mentioned in this perambulation was cut by James Roberts, November 1, 1913 on road to East Brimfield. It had been dead for a number of years.

‡To this point the town line is coincident with north line of Winthrop's farm. See page 17, act incorporating South Brimfield.

§Now the west side of the road, by agreement of 1796.

of the country road a little south of Capt. Browning's house and barn, it being the northwest corner of Holland.

David Wallis, Clerk.

The boundaries on the east side of the district of Holland by a perambulation in May 1789 betwixt Holland and Sturbridge, beginning at the northeast corner of said district at a heap of stones and running from thence to a large black oak tree marked, from thence to a chestnut tree marked, from thence to a gray oak marked, from thence to a heap of stones on a rock in Simeon Allen's land, from thence to a white pine stump and stones, from thence to a stump and stones by said Allen's door, from thence to a heap of stones in Allen's orchard east of the road, from thence to a chestnut tree marked in Steven's land, from thence near to a white oak staddle in Steven's pasture, from thence to an oak stump and stones, from thence to a white oak tree in Lechmere's land, from thence to a stake and stones, it being James Gibbs' northwest corner, from thence to a heap of stones, from thence to a chestnut tree marked, it being said Gibbs' southwest corner, from thence to a white pine stump and stones by the county road, from thence to a hemlock tree marked in the edge of the swamp, from thence to a white ash tree marked in the swamp, from thence to a red ash marked in the swamp, from thence to a red ash marked in the swamp, from thence to a white pine marked in the swamp, from thence to a large white pine tree marked, from thence to a hemlock tree marked, from thence to a white oak marked, from thence to a white pine marked, from thence to a white pine marked, from thence to a large red oak marked, from thence to a large red ash marked, from thence to a black ash marked, from thence to a large hemlock stake marked by the root of a hemlock tree that is blown down, that being the southeast corner of the district of Holland, according the perambulation, which is on the state line.

David Wallis, Clerk.

Dated May 1789.

This roll of taxpayers with a brief description of property assessed with the total assessment was obtained from the

records of Brimfield for that year, 1798. Since the selectmen acted as assessors also, we may feel assured that David Wallis, John Polley, and William Belknap were the men that made up the roll. This roll as compared with the preceding list affords much material for comparison and study. Some of the non-resident tax-payers of 1793 have become resident tax-payers in 1798, showing that they had built homes meanwhile, while some disappear altogether. Did they die or move away? We hope that the posterity of the families may find answer.

ABEL ALLEN

Bounded north on Cyrus Janes.
East on Simeon Allen.
South on Cyprian Stevens
West on James Fuller
Barn 40 x 50 feet 2200

REUBEN ALLEN.

Bounded south on Colony line.
West on Rufus May
North on Mark Stacey
East on county line 400

TIMOTHY ANDERSON

Bounded north on David Anderson
East on John Belknap
South on Reuben Webber
West on John Polley
Barn 40 x 28 feet 1000

DAVID ANDERSON

Bounded north on Brimfield line
East on Jeremy Sherman
South on Timothy Anderson
West on Joseph Browning
Barn 30 x 40 feet 1000

AARON ALLEN

Non resident land 24

CHYAS ALLEN

Non resident land 136

SIMEON ALLEN

Non resident land 300

PEREZ BRADFORD

Bounded north on John Polley
East on Jacob Thompson
South on Ebenezer Weatherbee
West on Asa Houghton
Barn 30 x 40 feet 1300

WILLIAM BELKNAP

Bounded north on Rinaldo Webber
East on James Paddock
South on James Frizell
West on a pond
Barn 26 x 38 feet 1600

JOSEPH BRUCE

Bounded north on Andrew Webber
East on Quinnebaug River
South on Hallowell Perrin
West on Ephraim Bond
Barn 30 x 40 feet
Corn barn 14 x 12 feet 1300
Wood lot, north on Isaac Partridge
East on Sarel Perrin
South on Alanson Wallis
West on Sewall Webber 300

EPHRAIM BOND

Bounded north on the road
East on Edward Webber
South on James Marcy
West on Ebenezer Morse
Barn 30 x 40 feet 1500

JONATHAN BALLARD

Bounded north on Alfred Lyon
East on Joseph Browning
South on Alfred Lyon
West on Ezra Webber
Barn 28 x 36 feet 500

BENJAMIN BEALS

Bounded north on Isaac Partridge
East on Thomas Wallis
South on the road
West on Darius Hinds
Barn 28 x 36 feet 500

AMOS (AMASA) DOLPH

Bounded north on Ezra Reeve
East and south on the road
West on Reeve 115

JOHN DEXTER

Bounded north on Samuel Webber
East on Alfred Lyon
South on said Lyon
West on Quinnebaug River
Woodlot called Belknap lot 206
Bounded north on Thomas Wallis 30

DAVID FAY

Bounded north on Jacob Thompson
East on Samuel Webber
South on Trenance Webber
West on Reuben Webber
Barn 30 x 40 feet
Barn 25 x 36 feet 1200

JAMES FULLER

Bounded north on Alfred Allen
East on Abel Allen
South on Rinaldo Webber
West on Moses Graham
Barn 30 x 50 feet 1900

JAMES FRIZELL

Bounded north on William Belknap
East on James Paddock
South on Alfred Lyon
West on Samuel Webber
Barn 30 x 40 feet 800
Mountain lot, bounded north on Timothy Anderson
containing 30 A. 150

ICHABOD GOODELL

Bounded north on Gershom Rosebrooks
East on Calvin Glazier
South on Rufus May
West on Gershom Rosebrooks
Barn 30 x 40 feet 900
Woodlot bounded north on Zephaniah Gibbs 170

MOSES GRAHAM

Bounded north on David Wallis.
East on James Fuller
South and west on the road
Barn 26 x 25 feet
Joiners shop 410

CALVIN GLAZIER

Bounded north on Chandler Webber
East on the county line
South on Mark Stacey
West on Ichabod Goodell
Barn 18 x 36 feet 420

DARIUS HINDS

Bounded south and east on the road 355

ROBERT HENRY

Bounded north, east, south and west on John Smalledge
Barn 24 x 30 feet 340

ALFRED LYON

Bounded north on James Paddock
East on John Holbrook
South on Ezra Webber and Jonathan Ballard
West on Trenance Webber
Barn 30 x 40 feet
Barn 30 x 40 feet
Barn 28 x 36 feet
Horse shed 22 x 26 feet
Woodlot bounded north on Jonathan Ballard
East on the road from stone
South on Gershom Rosebrooks
West on Ezra Webber
Pasture called "Blodgett Farm" bounded
North on Perez Bradford
East on Moses Clark
South on Joseph Browning
West on the road 3850

JACOB THOMPSON AND OTHERS

Land on which now stands a powder mill 130

JAMES MARCY

Bounded north on Ephraim Bond
East on the road
South on the Rockwell land
West on Simeon Munger
Barn 25 x 36 feet 3000

NEHEMIAH MAY

Bounded north on "Sarel" Perrin
East on Rufus May
South on colony line
West on Zuriel May
Barn 18 x 24 feet 1200

ZURIEL MAY

Bounded north on Sarel Perrin
East on Nehemiah May
South on the colony line
West on Alanson Wallis
Barn 28 x 36 feet 1200

RUFUS MAY

Bounded north on Ichabod Goodell
East on Mark Stacy
South on Asher Badger
West on Nehemiah May
Barn 28 x 38 feet 1400

SIMEON WIGHT

Ebenezer Morris on the farm
Bounded north on Nehemiah May
East on said May
South on the colony line
West on Zuriel May
Barn 18 x 24 feet
Blacksmith shop 400

SIMEON MUNGER

Bounded north on Ezenezer Morse
East on said Morse
South on John Munger
West on road
Barn 26 x 36 feet 230

EBENEZER MORSE

Bounded north on Rev. Ezra Reeve
East and south on James Marcy
West on Simeon Munger
Barn 28 x 38 feet
Corn mill and set of stones 1400

HALLOWILL PERRIN

Bounded north on Joseph Bruce
East on the Quinnebaug River
South on Isaac Partridge
West on Joseph Bruce
Barn 30 x 40 feet 1200
Janes lot 300

ASARAEL PERRIN

Bounded north on Seth Smith
East on Quinnebaug River
South on Nehemiah May
West on Joseph Bruce
Barn 30 x 40 feet 1000

ISAAC PARTRIDGE

Bounded north on Hallowell Perrin
East on the Quinnebaug River
South on Seth Smith
West on James Marcy
Barn 30 x 40 feet 1000

JOHN POLLEY

Bounded north on Joseph Browning
East on Timothy Anderson
South on Perez Bradford
West on the highway. 115 A.
Barn 26 x 35 feet 1200

JAMES PADDOCK

Bounded north on William Belknap
East on the road
South on Alfred Lyon
West on James Frizell
Barn 20 x 26 feet
Blacksmith shop 250

NATHANIEL ROCKWELL

Non resident land 650

REV. EZRA REEVE

Farm same on which said Reeve now lives
Improved by the settled minister. Woodlot
bought by Daniel G. Haynes Not assessed

BENJAMIN REEVE

Bounded north on the road
East on Ebenezer Morse
South on said Morse
West on said Morse
One bark house (including tanyard)
20 x 28 feet 260

GERSHOM ROSEBROOKS

Bounded north on Ezra Webber
East on Chandler Webber
South on Ichabod Goodell

West on Quinnebaug River
Barn 28 x 40 feet
Barn 28 x 36 feet 1700

CYPRIAN STEVENS

Non resident land 400

ABIJAH SHUMWAY

Non resident land 600

SETH SMITH

Bounded north on Isaac Partridge
East on pond
South and west on road
Barn 18 x 20 feet 50

BENJAMIN SMITH

Bounded north on Thomas Wallis
East on Rinaldo Wallis
South on colony line
West on Robert Henry 250

BENJAMIN SMITH

Bounded north on Ezra Reeve
East on Edward Webber
South and west on the road 45

MARK STACY

Bounded north on Calvin Glazier
East on the county line
South on Reuben Allen
West on Rufus May 300

JOHN SMALLEDGE

Bounded north on Dorral land
East on Robert Henry
South on colony line
West on the road
Barn 28 x 26 feet
Cooper shop 700

EBENEZER STONE

Bounded north on Zephaniah Gibbs
East on Peter Belknap
South on Chandler Webber
West on the road
Barn 30 x 40 feet 1000

JEREMY SHERMAN

Bounded north on Thomas Wallis
East on the Quinnebaug River
South on Jacob Thompson
West on David Anderson
Barn 30 x 40 feet 1300

JACOB THOMPSON

Bounded north on Jeremy Sherman
East on Quinnebaug River
South on David Fay
West on Thomas Wallis
Barn 30 x 40 feet 800
Lot, north on Reuben Webber
East on David Fay 400

RINALDO WEBBER

Bounded north on James Fuller
East on the road
South on William Belknap
West on the pond
Barn 30 x 40 feet 600

SAMUEL WEBBER

Bounded north on David Fay
East on Samuel Webber Jr.
South on Trenance Webber
West on the road
Barn 25 x 35 feet 400
Lechmere land 250

ANDREW WEBBER

Bounded north on Alfred Lyon
East on said Lyon
South on Joseph Bruce
West on Edward Webber
Barn 20 x 30 feet 500

TRENANCE WEBBER

Bounded north on David Fay
East on Samuel Webber
South on Ezra Reeve
West on Timothy Anderson
Barn 30 x 40 feet 1000

REUBEN WEBBER

Bounded north on the road
East on David Fay
South on said Fay
West on David Wallis 500

SEWALL WEBBER

Bounded north on Isaac Partridge
East on Joseph Bruce
South on Isaac Partridge
West on James Marcy
Barn 26-x 28 feet 180

CHANDLER WEBBER

Bounded north on Widow Stone's
East on the county line
South on Calvin Glazier
West on the road 200

EDWARD WEBBER

Bounded north on Ezra Reeve
East on Andrew Webber
South on Ephraim Bond
West on the road
Barn 26 x 30 feet 930

SAMUEL WEBBER, JR.

Bounded north on James Frizell
East on said Frizell
South on Alfred Lyon
West on Samuel Webber
Barn 30 x 36 feet 700

BRADLEY WEBBER

Bounded north on the road
East on Alanson Wallis
South on Rinaldo Wallis
West on the road
Barn 26 x 34 feet 600

EZRA WEBBER

Bounded north on Alfred Lyon
East on Jonathan Ballard
South on Gershom Robert
West on said Lyon 600

DAVID WALLIS

Bounded north on Brimfield line
East on Moses Graham
South on said Graham
West on the road
Barn 27 x 40 feet 700

THOMAS WALLIS

Bounded north on Brimfield line
East on David Wallis
South on said Wallis
West on Quinnebaug River
Barn 28 x 34 feet
Barn 27 x 37 feet 800
Eliphalet Janes' lot
Bounded west on Ezra Reeve
North on Trenance Webber 200
Lot bounded north on road
East on Alanson Wallis
South on Bradley Webber
West on Darius Hinds 500

ALANSON WALLIS

Bounded north on Sarel Perrin
East on Zuriel May
South on Rinaldo Wallis
West on Thomas Wallis
Barn 28 x 36 feet 700

RINALDO WALLIS

Bounded north on Bradley Webber
East on Zuriel May
South on colony line
West on Benjamin Smith
Barn 30 x 38 feet 800

EBENEZER WEATHERBEE

Bounded north on Joseph Browning
East on Ebenezer Morse
South on John Wade
West on the road 200

The greater part of these homesteads will be easily located by one acquainted with the town.

The constable's berth was one not very desirable and used to be auctioned off to the lowest bidder. The occasion was time for considerable jollity and not a little banter. Sometimes liquid refreshments were on hand to give zest to the occasion, for we find ten shillings voted for liquors in vendueing the constable's berth. Holland, however, has been a temperance town.

By reference to the map it will be observed that a few families were situated close to the town line, in the southwest school district and would be more conveniently accommodated, if they were allowed to send their children to the "meadow district" in South Brimfield. We consequently find a vote to that effect, which also enables us to decide who lived on the house sites there. In 1808 we find record of a muster at Hadley when forty dollars was voted to the soldiers who went. 1808 was the year of distress owing to the effect of the Embargo Act of President Jefferson, which prevented trade with Europe. This period of distress is reflected by the choice of a committee to draft a petition to the president about that act. The committee to draft the petition were: Jacob Thompson, Ezra Webber and Capt. Benjamin Church. It is manifest that Boston had prepared a petition, for the district votes that "the substance of the Boston petition be ours," and the selectmen are made a committee to forward it. We note that in 1809 the votes to give town land to Luther Carter,

provided he builds a tavern, and the land offered was a part of the common lying west of Brimfield road and north of road to Andrew Webber's.

In 1811, the question of dividing Hampshire County was before the people. Holland was opposed to such division. Probably their opposition was based upon the ground of expense. William Putnam, who lived on what later became the Geo. L. Webber place and who was Holland's representative to General Court for 1812 was chosen delegate to a county convention called to consider the matter. The convention voted to divide the county giving to the eastern part the name of Hampden, while the western part retained the name of Hampshire. Holland therefore became a part of Hampden County with Springfield as its shire town. This is why the records at Springfield do not antedate 1812.

The town warrant for special meeting July 11, 1812, has the following article.

Secondly. "To take the minds of the district respecting an alliance with France, or act anything they think proper respecting said business when met."

Thirdly. "To choose a delegate, or delegates, to meet in county convention to be holden at Northampton on Tuesday the 14th day of July inst. at two o'clock in the afternoon to petition the President and Congress that war may be averted and peace restored to our country." John Polley was chosen delegate to sit in the convention.

They also chose Capt. Benjamin Church, Jacob Thompson, Esq., and James A. Lynn for committee to draft resoltions. The war of 1812 was not a popular one with New England, especially at first. England's acts on the high seas were intolerably tyrannical, and done to drag the United States into another fight whereby she hoped to win back what she had lost by the Revolution. England and France being at war, and, the United States anticipating war with England, naturally the U. S. would turn to her old ally; France.

In 1819, Holland by unanimous vote petitions the General Court for the privilege of having their deeds recorded with the district clerk. Why such a petition as this should be submitted to the legislature is not made clear. Convenience of entry for their deeds, as well as ease in consulting them may have had an influence. Perhaps it was the outcropping of an opposition to the division of Hampshire County which went into effect seven years before. The evils that such permission would have invited are better imagined than described. Landowners should be protected by all the safeguards of definite and permanent bounds, careful, permanent, and disinterested registry. This could never be secured in a town registry. Town records have been too frequently destroyed, and lawsuits over land-ownership are too frequent, as it is. The selectmen in whose name the petition was sent were:—Samuel Webber, E. G. Fuller, David B. Dean. Leave to withdraw the petition was granted June 3, 1819.

Towns, finding it a rather expensive luxury to send a representative to General Court, used to neglect to elect one now and then. Consequently, General Court would sit minus many representatives. They could do this for the representative was paid out of the treasury of his town at this time. The evil grew until finally an act was passed imposing a heavy fine upon towns thus neglectful, and many towns were fined. The law was again changed making the pay of representatives a charge upon the state treasury which has held ever since. Because of the old law we find Holland, in 1837, voting not to send a representative to General Court. Holland's list of representatives shows that her civic life has been active in all her history although now the small town seldom gets a chance to send a representative.

By a meeting held Nov. 9, 1846 we find the following:

Voted to choose a committee of four to preserve good order in society.

Chose Benjamin Wilson, Jonathan Sikes, Ezra Allen, John Wallis

Voted to choose five in addition to the above named committee.

Grosvenor May, Freeland Wallis, Squire J. Ballard, Wm. A. Robbins, Adolphus Webber

Also that the above named committee serve without pay.

What had happened to destroy good order in society we are not told. That no revolution such as threatened the very existence of civil and social order such as there was in 1774 (see page 62) did not then exist is very manifest. Will the oldest inhabitant please rise and explain?

When the Hamilton Woolen Manufacturing Co. constructed the dam for the reservoir they were required to construct the road or causeway across it. It was constructed a little south of where the road *had been*, the old abutments being visible at low water. The causeway was built so poorly that the town voted to "post" it to avoid responsibility in case of accident, and has not accepted it to this day.

In 1869, voted to see what could be done to secure the Baptist church with good title for a town hall. A committee was appointed for that purpose.

Committee:

Orrin W. Brown,
Lewis C. Howlett.

The Church was obtained by deed of gift under nominal restrictions, it being left free to use for religious purposes. It was then voted to repair the church at a cost not to exceed $500, and to be done by Oct. 1, 1870. The committee to repair it was: Geo. L. Webber, Wm. A. Robbins, and O. W. Brown.

The town was agitated over the Southbridge and Palmer railroad in 1870. The town voted to invest $7,200 in it with

conditions, but soon reconsidered its vote and instructed its treasurer not to pay anything whatever to the S. & P. R. R. This was a wise move, and recent events in railroad management give emphasis to the vote.

HOLLAND'S POOR

One of the things that is a Christian duty incumbent upon a town is the care and relief of her poor, and that this be done in a Christian manner. It was the custom in the early days of Holland to auction off to the lowest bidder the care of those who were partially or wholly town charges. Other towns did the same but it grew into disfavor as perhaps, savoring too much of the auction block of a slave mart. The more respectable way, for the town to have a farm which is managed by a keeper, under direction of "overseer of the poor" is certainly a more dignified way of dealing with the town poor, and especially so where the town is large and has a considerable number of those who need such help. But where a town is small and has few, if any paupers, such a method is very expensive. Some states use the county system, while others use the district system wherein towns agree to unite for mutual advantage, one of the towns having the farm and each sharing the expense according to the number of paupers it has in the home. Holland wisely consented in 1904 to form part of such a district thereby securing less cost to herself and better service for her poor.

The story is told that at town meeting years ago when the question of expense and care of the poor was up for discussion, one of her citizens, seated in the rear who had been very reticent during the discussion, got up and said, "I have positive proof that the moon is not inhabited; for if it were, some of them would come down to Holland and claim residence here, we treat our poor so well."

Mrs. Eunice Halladay is mentioned as one whose needs, in addition to her own efforts, had to be met by the town.

She lived on house site No. 123 on the map and her house was repaired or built periodically. She was helped but never had her keep put up at auction. How she avoided such indignity is not made clear. Ruth Swinnerton was a town pauper for a long series of years, and auctioned off to the lowest bidder. We read "struck her off" for fifty-five cents per week except liquors and doctoring. She became heir to a legacy which the town instituted proceedings to secure but we judge without avail. She died in 1828.

One cannot read the records without surprise and regret to learn that Eliphalet Janes who was Holland's first district clerk, in his old age became a dependent of the district. He sold his farm and mill and moved to Western, now Warren. What misfortune overtook him to reduce him to this necessity we have not discovered. He made a good town clerk, writing with clear, plain hand and interesting style. Holland instituted legal proceedings to secure his support.

Benjamin Smith, who lived on house site 101 on the map, and who was a revolutionary soldier, also became a town charge, with his wife. The town assumed ownership of his farm to reimburse itself. His son, Levi, started the homestead later known as the Thomas Williams' place, No. 96 on the map.

"May 12, 1802. Voted to give Jonathan Ballard two dollars a week for keeping Mrs. ————, exclusive of doctor's bill and 'sperits,' till the first of next March if she lives," is an entry we find, interesting and suggestive.

POUNDS

Towns from early date have found a pound in which to confine unruly animals, of which their owners were neglectful a necessity. The first pound built in Holland was placed on the hill south of the church, and on the east side of the

road above the Bugbee tavern, later Dr. Dean's home. It was built of stone and the foundation outline is still traceable. When it was built no one knows, probably about the time the church was built, 1764. When the church was moved on to the plain, or soon after, a new pound was built on the common. In 1797 the district voted four pounds and 15 shillings to build a pound and Col. Alfred Lyon and Lt. Ichabod Goodell were given the contract. It must have stood at or near the southwest corner of the present library grounds by the description of the turnpike road when laid out from Hartford to Worcester, 1803, and when the parsonage came to be built was found too close thereto and a committee was chosen to select a place for the pound. The committee chosen were: Ezra Allen, Reuben Stevens, Dea. Samuel Webber, E. G. Fuller, and Luther Brown. This committee recommended that it be removed to the southwest corner of the common and finally fixed upon the present site, where it was built, a not wholly outgrown instrument of peace and neighborly good will to this day.

Cemeteries of Holland

The first settlers of Holland, at least *some* of them, buried their dead on their homesteads, a custom very general here in New England. This led to the loss of all knowledge where many were buried, whom it would be of interest to know their resting place if it could be determined. The Indians had a burying ground in what is Holland, being on land of the homestead of Elisha Marcy in the pasture back of the house. Tradition says that they have been known to come there to visit the graves of their dead.

Soon after South Brimfield was incorporated we find it voted in 1763, that an acre of land for a burying ground, north of John Bishop's land, be provided. Here are the oldest graves

of white settlers in the town. But this ground has been enlarged by other purchases, a vote being obtained in 1855 for that purpose which was later rescinded but in 1859 a purchase was made of Nehemiah Underwood south and east of the yard; deed bears date Feb. 25. Wm. A. Webber sold land for the same purpose, 1859. Loring B. Morse also, 1859.

It is deeply to be regretted that no plan of the cemetery was made to show position of graves and who was buried in them. Many revolutionary soldiers' graves are lost thereby, so that only eight graves for soldiers of that war are known, to say nothing of other graves which it would be of interest to know.

The hearse house now stands on the east side of the yard. But the old one stood on the north side of the roadway not far from gate, inside. This one was sold and moved up to Baxter C. Bennett's. It was built in 1836. In 1866 we find the following: "Voted to buy a good decent hearse forthwith."

In the southwest part of the town is the highest land in the town. It is known as Needham Hill, after the Needhams that lived nearby. Upon the northwest shoulder of this hill are a few graves marked with stones, some broken down and others tumbled down. It was known as the Munger burying ground. Here were buried members of that family and also of the Marcy family, for upon a stone there we learn that the first wife of James Marcy was buried there, 1802. His first wife being Mary Shaw of South Brimfield. It is a pity that this yard should be allowed to go neglected. There was at one time some building nearby as a foundation close by bears witness.

In the southeast quarter of the town is a private yard, carefully walled in, close to the Connecticut line. It was the burying place of a family named Sholes who lived where Mr. Felix Bouvier now lives. The house is in Union, Conn. Jere-

miah Sholes was a revolutionary soldier; he and a numerous progeny are buried there. Although the yard is in Holland, Mass., Union takes care of the yard and honors the grave of her patriot soldier, May 30, each year. It should be cleared of brush.

It would be a good plan if the graves upon the various homesteads could be moved to the cemetery, that their graves might be preserved from desecration by the ploughman or any other cause. In one case the author was told of the graves of a well-known Holland family on the homestead being plowed over by a subsequent owner and the ground planted. Here is a community interest which all those interested in the welfare of Holland have a share, to obviate the possibility of such desecration by the method above suggested or some other. The Munger-Marcy burying ground could be bought for a nominal sum and fenced in, thereby preserving several graves of two of Holland's most noted families to say nothing of others that may be buried there. Was this started as a cemetery for the church built between Grandy Hill and Rattlesnake Mountain? There are some very old graves there. Who will start a cause so worthy?

CHAPTER V.

Holland Roads

The most difficult part of the work in writing the history of Holland has been this topic of roads. The difficulty has been increased by the loss of the early records of Brimfield and South Brimfield now Wales. When the town votes to discontinue the road from the "Maple tree to the Gilacer (Balm of Gilead) tree" without further explanation as to where said Maple and Gilacer trees stand, it is somewhat of a problem to decide where the road was. It may have been definite enough to the men of the time, but it becomes very indefinite to subsequent generations. So also a road from a staddle of one kind to a staddle of another kind may be definite in the minds of those laying it out, but it becomes very indefinite to those of later time.

Holland like many towns was forced by circumstances to make changes in her roads, and the changes in many cases are very indefinitely expressed, the dates given on the map are taken from the records and in some cases are certainly correct, in others they approximate to it as near as we could determine. What was once a well-kown town road has since become in some places only a pasture lane. In some cases no record is found to show when the road was laid out. The road from the Wales line by the Marcy Place and across the south end of Holland is an example. It was a public highway, 1795, (See map in Mass. Archives) but how much earlier we have nothing to determine. The road over the north side of Rattlesnake mountain must have been in existence in 1764 when the west faction started to build the church between Grandy Hill and Rattlesnake mountain but certainty as to when it was laid out seems impossible, yet over this road it was expected that many of the east faction would travel to get to church.

If anyone desires more positive and accurate history of the roads we refer them to the records and wish their success. That a great deal of labor and money has been spent in building and maintaining the roads is very apparent. The assistance that the state renders to the good roads movement now will benefit Holland very much and already is much appreciated.

The first road through the region of what is now known as Holland, according to an old survey and map made in 1728, (*Mass. Archives*) was a road from Woodstock, Conn., to Brimfield. It cut across the southwest corner of Sturbridge, passed up near the lead mines and crossed the Quinnebaug River at a point about half way between Mud Pond (Partridge Pond) and Siog Lake. The crossing must have been at or near where now is the bridge near the reservoir dam. It was probably only a fording place. Thence northwesterly by a course that agrees well with the present road to Edwin Hall's and so on to Brimfield. It is not to be supposed that this road was much better than an Indian trail adopted by white men for convenience sake. It is probable that many of the settlers from Woodstock came over this trail. Tradition has it that one prospective settler, a woman, came as far as the ford near the dam, looked over the river but finally turned back and settled in Sturbridge. The first road to be laid out for territory that became Holland was South Meadow Road in 1731, a road to Union, Conn., from Brimfield. It was given this name because it passed by the large tract of meadow land where grew in great profusion the swale hay so necessary to the settlers until they could get other land cleared. Joseph Blodgett had the year before (1730) bought land on this road and also ten acres of South Meadow. The road undoubtedly was built to open up the region to settlers, and other settlers soon followed, of which Munger, Needham, Smalledge, Dunkley, are names well-known in the early history of Brimfield

and South Brimfield as settlers on or near this road. Rev. Jason Morse's "Annals of Brimfield Church" gives the date of this road. (Brimfield Records page 46),

A highway laid out in Brimfield by us the subscribers:

Some way beyond and against Benjamin Lovejoy's beginning from a walnut staddle marked, and so northwest by a white oak marked, and so to another marked; and so on to James Thompson's northwest corner stake of his first division lot, and so on to a black oak tree marked on the westerly side of said way; and so on to another white oak tree marked; and so on northwest to a white oak tree marked; and so on more northerly to a little white oak tree marked: and so on to a great red oak tree marked; and so on to a white oak tree marked; and so on to yellow oak tree marked, etc, etc. This formed the northerly section of South Meadow Road.

Year 1731.

Mr. Charles S. Allen says this road was laid in three sections.

We, the subscribers, have laid out a highway two rods wide from the former highway at Daniel Thompson's alias John Hinds' corner as followeth: viz. Upon the line between Jonathan Burk and said Hinds to a walnut stump with a stake in said stump, thence to Silas Smith's corner; thence upon the line between said Smith and Hinds to Fitch's corner; thence through said Smith's land between the ledge of rocks and the marked trees to a chestnut marked H. in Ebenezer Cooley's land; thence to a white oak marked H.; thence to a black oak marked H. in Deacon Cram's land; thence to a black oak staddle with a heap of stones on ye Union line. Said highway lying on ye East side of all ye marked trees:

March 9, 1751
John Bishop
Trenance Webber
Ebenezer Bishop

Voted and confirmed by the town.
March 18, 1751.

Brimfield records, page 130

The return of a highway from the Great Brook a little southeast from Nehemiah May's until it comes into the road

between Mr. John Webber's and Trenance Webber's laid out (2)? rods wide, and marked as followeth: Beginning at a hemlock tree marked standing by said brook being a corner of Mr. William Lyon's land, thence running northwesterly to the west end of said Nehemiah May's barn; thence northerly to a large flat rock and stones upon; thence bearing northwesterly to a white oak marked standing on a brow a little west of a valley; thence, turning and running to a white oak; thence, to a small black oak; thence to a small walnut on the east side hill; thence to a white oak; thence, to a small black oak; to another black oak; thence, to a large white oak standing by the old path; thence, to a large hemlock standing by a little run; thence, to a white oak; to another small white oak; thence, to a heap of stones two rods from the west end of Benjamin Perrin's house; thence, to a small black oak standing at the south end of Daniel Thompson's field; thence, in the now trodden path until it comes to Morgan's Brook (so called) later Stevens' Brook; thence, running north on the line between Mr. Moses Lyon and John Bishop Jr's. lands, one-half on said Lyon's and one-half on said Bishop's, until it comes to said Bishop's northeast corner; thence bearing northwesterly and running in the most convenient place along down a valley into the old path that goes from Mr. Webber's towards Mr. Moses Lyon's; thence, running northwesterly in the now trodden path until it comes to the other between the said John Webber's and Trenance Webber's. All the above said trees are marked with the letter H on the west side to said highway.

By order of the Selectmen

March 12, 1759. Joseph Blodgett.

The above petition read and voted and accepted provided the several owners of the land it runs through give their right to same.

John Sherman, Town Clerk.

The first settlers were anxious to settle on this road, i. e., South Meadow Road. They settled there doubtless that they might have easy access to the swale hay that grew on South Meadow. Even before their homes were established there

were men who used to go there from Brimfield so tradition says with teams in a considerable company and armed. When they arrived at the meadow, pickets were posted to avoid surprise by Indians, while others proceeded to the labor of cutting and curing the hay. No record is found of an actual attack, but their precaution proves the reality of the danger. It invited settlers to the region, and played an important part in the early history of Holland. A church was begun, 1764, on the west side of that road as we shall see. That road formed the greater part of the boundary between the east and west parishes of South Brimfield by legislative enactment in 1766. and when Holland was incorporated in 1783 the east side of that road was designated as the west boundary line for Holland, which put the whole of the road from Brimfield, south line to the Connecticut line into South Brimfield to keep in repair. Capt. Nehemiah May was representative for that year and men charged him with being responsible for the injustice and justly. It led to a dispute. South Brimfield naturally objected while Holland declined all responsibility for it as being outside her territory. We find that Holland voted, 1789, to petition the General Court to be annexed to Brimfield in choice of a representative. South Brimfield was keeping Holland from sending any representative to General Court. From record of a town meeting held Dec. 21, 1795, it was voted to treat with South Brimfield in regard to South Meadow road, and by a meeting held Jan. 11, 1796, it was voted to accept of South Brimfield's terms. The terms were that Holland was to take two fifths of South Meadow road and have two-fifths of the representation at General Court that the town and district were entitled to have.

This agreement was arrived at through work of a committee. But Asa Fisk in behalf of South Brimfield petitioned the General Court, Jan. 16, 1789, that a part of South Meadow

road be set off to Holland and the district clerk of Holland was ordered to show cause why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. This petition failed, probably as not coming from the right source, but June 8, 1795, a petition of the Selectmen of South Brimfield prays that a just part of South Meadow road be annexed to the district of Holland and the Selectmen of Holland are ordered to show cause why the prayer should not be granted.

Certificate of Asa Dana, District Clerk of Holland.

This certifies that Joseph Bruce, Col. Alfred Lyon and Deacon David Wallis be a committee to settle with So. Brimfield with regard to So. Meadow Road. Full power is given to the committee.

Dated Monday Dec. 1, 1795.

Certificate of Oliver Wales, town clerk of So. Brimfield. At a town meeting this day held for the purpose of choosing a committee to settle with the district of Holland in respect of the support of the county road that divides said town and district, and chose Oliver Wales, Joel Rogers and Darius Munger, Esq., with power to settle with said district, provided they, the said district would agree to have two-fifths (2-5) of said road annexed to be made a part of the district.

A true copy from the records.

Oliver Wales,

Town Clerk.

Dated Dec. 30, 1795.

South Brimfield, January 12, 1796.

We, the committee of South Brimfield and the District of Holland, chosen to settle the dispute that hath arisen between said town and district in regard of the support of the county road that divides said town and district are agreed upon by us the said committee, that one mile two hundred and ten rods of the north end of said road shall belong to and become a part of the said district forever hereafter, and we further agree that the district of Holland shall have two-fifths of the representatives in future forever hereafter, and that we further agree that we

will begin in the following order: The first shall be chosen in So. Brimfield, the second in said district of Holland, the third in South Brimfield, the fourth in Holland, the fifth in So. Brimfield, when any is chosen, and so in rotation forever hereafter. And it is agreed by the said committees that a record of this agreement shall be recorded in said town and district by their town and districts clerks.

We, the subscribers, Selectmen of the town of So. Brimfield and of the district of Holland hereby certify that we have measured off the one mile two hundred and ten rods of the county road beginning at Brimfield line being Holland's proportion of said road, agreeable to a late act of Court, and have erected a stake and a large heap of stones on the west side of said road, being the corner of said district, said heap of stones stands nigh the south end of Abijah Potter's pasture."

Witness our hands,

John Munger,
Samuel Shaw,
John Polley,
Joseph Bruce,

Selectmen of So. Brimfield and Holland.

Attest Asa Dana, District Clerk.
Dated April 25, 1796.

AMENDMENT OF THE ACT OF INCORPORATION.

"COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS."

In the year of our Lord one Thousands Seven Hundred and ninety-six—An act in addition to an act passed in the year of our Lord one Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty-three, incorporating the East Parish of South Brimfield into a district by the name of Holland.

Whereas difficulties have arisen respecting supporting the public road which is by said act the dividing line between So. Brimfield and the district of Holland. For the remedy of which—Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled and by authority of the same, that from and after the passing of this act, one mile two hundred

and ten rods of the before mentioned road beginning at Brimfield south line and running southerly shall forever hereafter belong to and become part of the district of Holland.

Passed. February 4, 1796.

Oliver Wales,
Joel Rogers
Darius Munger
South Brimfield Committee.

Joseph Bruce,
Alfred Lyon,
David Wallis
Holland Committee.

Attest, Asa Dana, District Clerk.

This question, which had been a bone of contention since 1783, was now settled. The distance was measured off for Holland's part and a stake and heap of stones on the west side of South Meadow Road marked the limit of Holland's part, and a stake and heap of stones on the east side of the road directly opposite marked the beginning of So. Brimfield's part. Stone monuments now take the place of the stake and stones in each case, they being put in place by mutual agreement, 1829. It is interesting to note that more than half of Holland's part is still a public highway, while much of So. Brimfield's part has been discontinued, due to time's changes, and the building of a new piece of road which acts as substitute for part of the old.

This question of the upkeep of South Meadow road being now settled we find that John Polley of Holland was elected to represent South Brimfield and Holland at General Court for 1798.

By the same authority, Jason Morse, we know that a road was laid out, 1735, from near Mr. Argard's down the hill southeasterly to where Edwin Hall now lives. It simply improved

a piece of the old Indian trail before mentioned. This old road can still be traced. It led settlers to occupy land in that vicinity of which John Anderson was a later purchaser. See the Anderson genealogy. This road was known as "South Road."

This road was extended as need for it was demanded by new settlers coming in, and just when the road was built by where the church was built in 1764, we have not ascertained. It was known as the "South Road." See page 65. Also for mention of other roads as existing in 1782.

After Holland was incorporated in 1783, new roads and changes in position of roads are frequent, and so indefinite in their wording that it is difficult to designate the change. When it is voted to build a road from the chestnut staddle to the oak staddle, or to discontinue the road from "the Maple tree to the Gilacer of Balm tree," it may have been definite enough to the town clerk then, but such description becomes very indefinite to the reader fifty or a hundred years later.

THE ECLIPSE LINE

In 1803 the stage turnpike through Holland was built. It was part of a stage line from Hartford to Worcester. Over this line the mail for Holland used to be brought. The turnpike was built by a company, which used to charge a fee of those passing over it. Toll gates were established two miles apart with gatehouse in which the gatekeeper lived. One such house is the place where Michael Flannigan now lives. Another gatehouse was the William Lumbard place which was situated on the town line, east side. It did not prove to be a paying enterprise. The company wanted the town to take some shares of stock, 1807, but the town declined to invest. This road was a real benefit to the town, but financially it was a failure. Finally it was taken over as a county road, 1835, and the town voted to repair it. It seems evident that the

first regular mail service Holland ever had was over this turnpike and stage line, and the first postmaster that Holland ever had was David Marcy, who received his appointment as postmaster, 1812. He had just built Holland hotel. This stage line created the need of one in Holland and the town had made the offer of part of the common to Luther Carter if he would build one of the size prescribed. Over this turnpike came Lafayette, 1824. He is said to have stopped over night in Windham, Conn., and then proceeded on towards Worcester next morning probably reaching Holland for dinner as stated.

From the church site on the hill north of Dr. Dean's, a road extended easterly down the hill through Otis Williams' pasture where Benjamin Reeve lived, across the flat east of the hill and up through the cemetery proceeding easterly through the woods, and crossing the road to East Brimfield extended across Mr. A. F. Blodgett's pasture and made the road bed of the present road from a point about 20 rods east of Holland common to the bridge. When the Hartford and Worcester stage road was built, 1803, it put this road out of commission except a little piece from the East Brimfield road to the cemetery and the other parts were soon discontinued. For further study of Holland roads we refer our readers to the map, and to the town records.

CHAPTER VI.

Manufactures of Holland

By an old map in the Mass. Archives made in 1728, the Quinnebaug River rises in Mashapaug Lake, Conn. It is evident that the Indians regarded that lake with the brooks that flowed into it as the source of that river. For a river of its size it is remarkable for the amount of power it furnishes. This is true not only for Massachusetts but also in its course through Connecticut. It was a potent factor in getting the region settled, for prospective settlers could see that the power could be used to saw the heavy growth of timber with which much of the region was covered. Dams were built and the power utilized for this purpose and for grinding the farmers' grain. But when the mills could not be used for this purpose the owner tried some other, always failing of success for lack of transportation facilities being unable to compete with those that had it after railroads came to be built.

The most important manufacturing plant ever built in the town of Holland was what was known as the Fuller factory, built by Elbridge Gerry Fuller in 1833. It was situated about 1,500 feet east of Siog Lake. Only the foundation is left to mark the site. In this factory Mr. Fuller employed about 35 hands, says Harry E. Back, Esq., whose admirable booklets on the head waters of the Quinnebaug River we have read and valued. Some of the men and women employed by Mr. Fuller are still living. "The mill was 80 ft. x 30 ft., built of brick, and had four floors. The brick was probably made on the farm of Sumner Janes, which is now owned by Mr. Warrington, situated about half a mile south of the factory site. The mill had thirty looms and two pairs of mules operated by four spinners. Water power drove the machinery. Thread was first manufactured being put in skeins. Afterward print cloth was made,

then yard-wide sheeting, which did not prove profitable, and the mill took up the manufacture of print cloth. The mill was burned July 11, 1851, being struck by lightning. About the mill there had grown up a small village known as Fullerville or Fuller's village. It was to accommodate the children of this village that this school site was chosen, 1847-8, near where Mrs. Freeman Blodgett now lives, instead of the old site near the four corners below the town hall. The village consisted of tenement houses, warehouses, store, and blacksmith shop. Drake and Darling leased the mill of Mr. Fuller for about three years. About 500 feet upstream east from the mill was the dam which held the water for the power. A canal conducted the water down to the mill to gain power. At the north end of the dam about 1815 a sawmill was built. Mr. Fuller transformed this into a shingle mill in 1830. Nothing remains of this either. Fuller factory was built in 1833. It naturally exercised an influence in the town's politics as well as in its population. Holland became a town in 1836 by an act of the General Court enabling districts formed prior to 1785 to become towns with full rights. See Revised Statutes 1830-1835, Chapter 15. The following is the United States' Census of Holland as it appears on the official record, State House, Boston:

1790 U. S. 428	1870 U. S 344
1800 " 445	1875 state 334
1810 " 420	1880 U. S. 302
1820 " 453	1885 state 229
1830 " 453	1890 U. S. 201
1840 " 423	1895 state 199
1850 " 449	1900 U. S. 169
1855 state 392	1905 state 151
1860 U. S. 412	1910 U. S. 145
1865 state 368	

In John W. Barber's Historical Collections, 1839, in the pastor's library of Brimfield Church we find the population of Holland given as 495 for 1837. That is larger by 72 than the census of 1840. What caused the falling off? It was natural that the owner and operator of a cotton mill should have considerable influence in town politics. Mr. E. G. Fuller filled most of the town offices, and was representative to General Court three times, being Holland's representative in 1832, 1834, 1847, just the period of greatest activity of his mill and when Holland became a town, with enlarged powers. He was prominent as a supporter of the Holland Baptist church; and although opposition to him was bitter, yet he was prominent in town affairs and was representative more than any other man. Barber's "Historical Collections" declares that "Mr. Fuller's mill in 1837 had 1,024 spindles. That it used annually 20,902 pounds of cotton; that it manufactured 104,512 yards of cloth valued at $10,451.20. Males employed, 12; females employed, 17. Capital invested, $15,000." Clement B. Drake, son-in-law to Mr. Fuller, was superintendent of the mill for a while, and then in company with Mr. Darling under the company name of "Drake and Darling" carried on the business, for about three years, leasing the mill of Mr. Fuller. It is a great pity that the mill could not have been a permanent institution of the town growing in wealth and using the water power that has been running to waste all these years.

See Map—I.

About half a mile upstream from Fuller's mill-site is another dam. It is probably where Joseph Belknap built the first saw mill in town. It is the site where Eliphalet Janes, Holland's first town clerk had a grist mill when Holland was incorporated, 1783. History has it that he lived upon the Eleazer Moore place, now owned by Joseph Fales. Mr. Back says that "it was built by Abijah Pierce about 1803."

If so, it is probable that Mr. Pierce simply repaired the dam. William Moore was the next owner and in 1834, built the mill, still standing, about 100 yards down stream bringing water to it by a canal which men of the town dug for greater fall that they might have a mill. This building was used by Edward Blodgett for grinding the lead taken from the Sturbridge lead mine. Upon the easterly end of the dam stood a grist mill long since gone. Subsequent owners were Clement B. Drake, Willliam E. Fenner, Henry Webber, and Nathaniel Alexander. Mr. Drake built a saw mill at the west end of the dam about 1850. Nothing is left there now but ruin. The rushing waters mark only the flight of time and the changes it brings. See II.

Into the pond formed by the Drake dam flows a rivulet called Janes' brook or Lumbard's brook. Upon this brook Mr. Back states "Alvin and Harvey Janes built a saw mill, about 1840. The building was sold to Uriah Marcy and he moved it to the brook on his farm in 1860." See III.

About 500 yards further up stream we come to another dam, now in ruins. Here is where James Paddock ran a foundry. He tried to manufacture iron from ore found nearby. His home stood on a cellar hole on a bluff above the river, one of the most beautiful and romantic house sites in Holland. It was on the old road from the stage turnpike to the bridge near Alexander's dam. Mr. Paddock had the progressive spirit, but lack of facilities for such work, and the fact that the iron ore of New England is of poor quality, for many have tried it, the work was finally abandoned. We find reference to Mr. Paddock's forge in a vote about that road in 1798, so conclude that he was at work there then; how long thereafter is not known. The abutments to the bridge are there but the dam just above is a ruin. A map in the Mass. Archives drawn, 1795, shows a bridge at this point. See IV.

About 500 yards further upstream is another dam built by Calvin Frizell in 1839. He was somewhat of a genius having the spirit and aptitudes of a born mechanic so those who remember him declare. He sold the property to a son of parson Wood who tried to manufacture water wheels and wagons. Those who remember his efforts say facetiously, "that he got one water wheel so that it would *almost* turn." Rev. John Carpenter finally bought the property. The house site where Calvin Frizell lived is just east of the dam. A cellar is all that marks the site. (See V.) Tradition says that the house was taken down to make Carpenter's store at Drake's bridge or near Fuller's bridge.

Proceeding upstream we find the dam built by the Hamilton Woolen Co., in 1865, for storage purposes, which has already been described. See VI.

Into the Quinnebaug from the west flows Morgan's brook, later called Stevens' brook, now sometimes called Howlett's brook. It should be called "South Meadow Brook." Upon this brook just west of the bridge, of the road to Union is a dam where was a mill called Stevens' Mill. Here cloth was dressed; the farmers bringing the product of their home looms to receive the final dressing that would put a nap or soft surface to the cloth before being made up into garments. Carding was also done here, so that housewives were not compelled to card by hand. Tailoring was also done. Leavens Stevens was the proprietor, assisted by his son, Jarvis. The mill is gone now. See VII.

About half a mile up this stream is another dam in ruins; for what purpose built we have not been able to determine unless for storage purposes. The dam is near a house-site once occupied by Ephraim Bond, an early resident of Holland and it *may* have been built for a saw mill. See VIII. Near the bridge over this brook on the "Old South Road," (discon-

tinued from William Lilley's barn to the old southwest schoolhouse site in 1828) is another dam where tradition has it that a mill stood. One by the name of Chandler lived there on a house-site nearby; but whether he ever run the mill we have not been able to discover. See IX. Further up the stream we come to a dam built by Col. John Butterworth in 1849, where he built a small mill and made cotton batting. See X.

A few rods farther up the brook Col. Butterworth built in 1835 a saw mill, for lumber and shingles also a grist mill. It still survives, a relic of bygone days, the only one of all the many that once did that work in the region. The property is now owned by D. E. Butterworth, grandson of the original proprietor. See XI.

Across the road northwest of this mill is a mill-site where it was expected and intended to manufacture silk. It was built about 1850 by Col. Butterworth, Squire, and Charles P. W. Fuller. So far as we have been able to learn no silk was ever manufactured there, yet a few kept silk worms to raise the silk but gave it up. But candle wicking and cotton cloth are said to have been made there for a time, the water being conducted in a long canal to the mill from a reservoir farther upstream where the dam built for storage, now in ruins, marks the place. XII and XIII.

Further up the stream and north of what is known as the Parson's house-site is another mill dam. Here was erected probably the second saw mill in the territory that became Holland. The homestead was known as the Munger homestead. John Munger lived there, son to deacon Nathaniel Munger, who lived on the place now owned by James Henry Walker. Simeon Munger, son to John Munger, lived there in the early days of Holland and raised a numerous family recorded in the town records. Here, we may believe, the lumber was sawed with which the west faction built the church between Grandy and Rattlesnake mountains, in 1764, or at a

dam near Nathaniel Munger's house. No one now living remembers the time when a mill stood there, by Simeon Munger's, but evidences of its being a mill site are not lacking, and "Munger's mill" is spoken of, in the town records of early date. Joseph Blodgett was first owner of the land but he did not build the mill. See deed of Joseph Blodgett to John Munger. XIV.

Retracing our steps to the Uriah Marcy homestead we find a brook flowing into South Meadow brook, known as Marcy's brook. It has its rise among the hills at the south end of the town. About half a mile south of the house on this brook, Uriah Marcy had a mill and dam built in 1860. His son, Hallowell Marcy, doing much of the work. It was here that he got the experience that enabled him to become the successful lumber merchant he is now. As before stated the wheel and machinery were brought from the mill on Janes' brook. The wheel was of the "overshot" type, and drove an "up and down" saw. A mass of ruins now marks the place. See map number XV.

Passing to the south end of the town we find the brook emptying into the Quinnebaug River near the south end of the reservior. It is called May's brook (Great Brook, in 1759) in honor of Capt. Nehemiah May through whose farm it flowed.

Passing up this brook, an ideal trout stream, we come to a dam where Ebenezer Morris (brother of Judge Morris of Springfield, Mass.), who was a blacksmith by trade did business. He married Capt. May's daughter, Lorinda, and lived at the foot of the hill below Capt. May's house toward Mashpaug village. Besides doing the general work of blacksmithing, he manufactured scythes and axes. His shop was established prior to 1798. He was a man influential in town affairs and his name is frequently met in the early part of the last

century in the town records. His contemporaries speak of him as a good workman and of progressive ideas. See XVI.

Proceeding up the stream a few rods we find another dam and mill-site. Harry E. Back, Esq., in his historical booklet on the "Sources of the Quinnebaug River," states that Col. John May built this mill about 1825. It had an "undershot" wheel, "up and down" saw, which mill besides sawing lumber, did grinding and bolting, and later a circular saw was put in and a center vent wooden "wheel to furnish power." Col. John May sold this property to Grosvenor May, who later sold it to Gardner Wallis." Hiram Wallis, Gardner's brother, ran the mill for a while and some speak of it now as the Hiram Wallis mill. It is still owned by a representative of the Wallis family; George Wallis, son to Gardner Wallis, holding the record title. Mr. D. E. Butterworth claims that Col. John Butterworth had an interest in this mill at some time, either in way of repairs or of building the house, No. 109 nearly opposite. Mr. Butterworth bought land (11 A.) of Zuriel May "with right to build a dam 16 feet high" in 1824. See deed of Zuriel May to John Cox Butterworth, 1824, Registry of Deeds, Springfield, Mass. John C. Butterworth soon, 1825, sold his claim to Abijah Pierce. See Registry.

Harry E. Back has some interesting notes about this mill. He says:

My great grandfather, Judah Back, Jr. (He bought the Capt. Nehemiah May place) lived upon the hill just north of this mill. While Mr. May was developing the power, Mr. Back was sceptical, did not believe there was sufficient water to grind corn and ridiculed the builder. When the mill was completed, just to make merry with the miller and demonstrate the shortcomings of the mill, Mr. Back sent his boy, Harding Gates Back, (my great uncle) down to the mill with a peck of corn to be ground. He was greatly surprised when little Harding soon returned with the meal and he had to admit that the mill could grind. That was the first grist which came to the new mill." In another note he says: "My great uncle, Harding Gates

Back and Gardner Wallis quarreled. They agreed never again to speak one to the other. Shortly after, Mr. Back was crossing this mill pond upon the ice and broke through. He was unable to get out of the cold water. Looking around he saw Gardner Wallis in his yard above the pond. He remembered their agreement never to speak to one another. Rather than drown he shouted to Mr. Wallis for assistance. Mr. Wallis rescued him and the two men were staunch friends. Uncle Harding in telling of the affairs in after years, would close the narrative in "Sam Lawson style" as follows: "Don't never say you won't say nothing to nobody for you don't know how soon you may have to." See XVII.

About one mile up May brook from the last mill is another dam, away from any highway and almost upon the state line. "The mill here," says Mr. Back, "was built by William Eaton, Gardner Wallis and Col. Sessions in 1810," a saw mill with an "up and down" saw and a 'float' (under shot) wheel. It was run until the timber of the neighborhood was used up and then rotted down. Ruins of the dam mark the spot. Other mills were upon this brook but as they are not in the town of Holland we omit their history. This mill was called the "Gardner Wallis" mill. See XVIII.

It seems strange that with all the water power the town of Holland possesses no manufacturing company with adequate means and ample business has ever settled here to utilize it. Tradition has it, that the company that later bought at Stafford Springs, Conn., made overtures to Mr. Drake to buy his property, offering what seemed a liberal price. Mr. Drake refusing, they bought at Stafford Springs. What a power to develop the town and the region it would have been had they bought!

"There is a tide in the affairs of men, which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune."—*Shakespeare.*

It seems a pity that all the water power which Holland possesses should run to waste, when that power transformed

into electric power could be easily conducted wherever needed and used. May that time soon come.

Near the silk mill-site at one time was a tan yard, run by Mr. Haradon who also made boots and shoes. The machine-made articles probably put him out of business. In the town records mention is made of a powder mill situated on the road near the house owned by Mr. Alexander of Worcester. It was assessed to Jacob Thompson and others in 1798 by the assessment roll for that year. It was a partnership enterprise. Mr. Charles S. Allen says, "the partners were Jacob Thompson, Alfred Lyon, and Timothy Anderson of Holland, Joseph Browning and Thomas Bliss of Brimfield. Jacob Thompson bought out the other partners in 1802. E. G. Fuller bought the powder-mill site of Jacob Thompson in 1818 for $150. It later became the factory site."

The records of the town reveal the fact that brick were made, and burned in Holland. The pioneer in this work was the owner of the homestead where Mr. John F. Hebard now lives, *Israel Janes.* The clay was obtained from the bed of Siog Lake near shore, and the bricks were burned on shore near the site of Mr. Hebard's cottages. It is probable that the bricks for the northwest school house, built 1800, were burned here. Later, Sumner Janes engaged in the manufacture of brick. He lived on the farm now owned by Mr. Warrington, and made brick. The pit from which he got the clay is still visible. It is believed that the brick for E. G. Fuller's mill was obtained from here.

Articles of earthernware for household use were made also in Holland by Edward Blodgett, who obtained the clay he needed from the bed of Siog Lake. His home at the time was what is now the Bagley cottage. John Hinds also worked at this business for a while. He is said to have lived on the old road from Dr. Dean's to the southwest school house. Map No. 74 or 75.

CHAPTER VII.

Stores of Holland

We have shown how customs have changed in regard to preparation of wardrobe for a household. But no less changes have come in regard to supplying food for the table. In those early days the grocer's wagon, butcher's cart, or fish peddler did not call in the morning bringing their commodities to the door to give the farmers a fresh supply. The farmers' meat was from a barrel of salted beef or pork laid down the fall before except when a beef or pig was slaughtered in the spring with a chicken or fowl according to need. In case the animal slaughtered furnished more meat than he needed, a ready sale for the surplus was found among the neighbors. Fish was caught out of the ponds and streams consisting of trout, pickerel, and perch. These with game from the woods were the source of supply for his table one hundred years ago and more. But Holland in those days was not, as now, without the convenience of a grocery store.* The farmers had a place where they could go and dispose of eggs and butter for molasses and other articles such as their needs demanded. Evert's "History of the Connecticut Valley" declares that Holland's first grocery store was kept on the Eleazer Moore place by a Mr. Jno. Brown in 1788. His stock of goods must have been very limited. A barrel of molasses, a barrel of pork, a barrel of rum and a hundred pounds of saleratus made the grocer well-stocked ready for business. Pork and rum were the usual staple articles for sale, according to most accounts. Alfred Lyon kept store as well as tavern near the reservoir dam and town meeting used to adjourn at noon hour to his tavern after the church was moved on to the plain. If Col. Lyon's motive

*Mr. Jno. F. Hebard has recently entered into the grocery business.

for change of church site was better field for drilling the militia, it is probable that he also had in mind improved conditions for trade at his store and tavern by having it there. Isaac Partridge also kept a store for a time at his place and also kept tavern for a while after Col. Lyon moved to Brimfield.

Chase and Ward kept store (1813) in what now forms the ell to the hotel. Their store was undoubtedly a great convenience to the town, and carried the usual line of goods for country store.

Luther Brown succeeded him as proprietor and was prominent in town affairs. Dr. Josiah Converse kept store in the building near the hotel and Sewell Glazier followed him. Clement B. Drake was his successor and was doing business there in 1848. About 1850, Elisha Kinney had a store there a number of years.

Orlando Anderson kept a grocery store near Fuller factory in 1833, and enjoyed a reputation for honesty and fair dealing. Lynn and Co. were Mr. Anderson's successors in the same place.

About 1847, Willard Weld had a store in Fullers village under the firm title of "Weld & Son," Stephen C. Weld. In 1848, Jonathan Sykes had a store on the opposite side of the road above the bridge, while Rev. John Carpenter kept store on the corner north of the bridge, in 1860, moving the house in which Calvin Frizell had lived (see map No. 48) to that site for his store building, and when it was closed in 1870 for the last time it ended the grocery business as a local enterprise until recently.

In fact the local needs and trade would not support one, while the farmers going out of town for a market for their surplus produce could easily stock up with groceries before returning, on better terms than a local store could afford to sell them.

When Holland was incorporated into a district, the colonies had just secured their freedom from England. It was natural that they should be jubliant over it. In celebrating an event so significant, so glorious, it was natural that they should celebrate the event not with explosives only, but with that which would tend to hilarity. In colonial times England had kept her colonies well supplied with rum and molasses from her West India colonies, and the grocers well knew what commodity they could sell readily and realize a goodly profit. Testimony is not lacking in regard to the general use of alcoholic stimulants, especially rum, at celebrations, Fourth of July, Cornwallis Day, Election Day, muster, church raisings, and the like, when many of the gathering would be in a condition not strictly sober. Pastors on calling days would return home in a condition which showed that they had taken "something hot," while the adage "like pastor like people" proved too often to be true.

But for all this we feel assured that many men looked with disapproval upon its use, and seldom if ever touched it. Holland had its quota of such men. Men, prominent in the church, were against its use as is shown by various discussions and votes and neither pastors nor deacons were exempt from criticism or removal if found weak in this particular. Christian men began agitation in favor of temperance, and instruction in regard to the evils of intemperance has progressed through the efforts of temperance organizations until both public reason and public conscience condemn the use or sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, while most of our rural towns now vote "no license," and the liquor dealer sells it in defiance of his God, his conscience, the best interests of his own family, and the best interests and sentiment of the community. He and his family feel ashamed of the traffic under *any* conditions, and Holland does well to vote "no license" as a question of finance as well as of morals.

HOLLAND HOTEL AND CHURCH — LOOKING EAST

Taverns or Inns

Many are the old homesteads in Massachusetts and all New England that can boast that they were originally taverns where the tired horses and more tired passengers of the stage line could be refreshed and where they could be accommodated for the night if a snow storm or other cause prevented their making the next relay. Travelling by stage rendered such inns necessary, indispensable even, and some of them became popular resorts because of the good cheer dispensed therefrom. Holland had its taverns where horses and men were refreshed. The first tavern mentioned in the records of Holland is that of David Bugbee, which is the place now occupied by Mr. Wm. Lilley and family. Town meeting used to adjourn frequently about noon from the church which stood a few rods north, where it had been convened. After the church was moved on to the plain in 1793, in what is now the grove, they used to adjourn to Col. Alfred Lyon's tavern near the reservoir dam. This was later a regular relay station where the mail horses were changed, and old residents remember now when the place was so used. Col. Alfred Lyon was a man of varied interests, and prominent in town affairs, his tavern became a resort during the noon hour on the day of the annual town meeting and other times too, for it was not far from the church after it was moved.

Hallowell Perrin kept tavern at top of what is now known as Amber Hill.

Holland Inn.

"A region of repose it seems,
A place of slumber and of dreams,
Remote among the wooded hills!
For there no noisy railway speeds,
Its torch-race scattering smoke and gleeds;
But noon and night, the panting teams

Stop under the great oaks, that throw
Tangles of light and shade below,
On roofs and doors and window-sills.
Across the road the barns display
Their lines of stalls, their mows of hay,
Through the wide doors the breezes blow,
The wattled cocks strut to and fro,
And, half effaced by rain and shine,
The Red Horse prances on the sign."

H. W. Longfellow.
"Tales of a Wayside Inn."

David Marcy, who married Sybil Perrin (1811) began keeping tavern on the Perrin place south of the present Howlett farm. It was probably a desire to get located on the turnpike that led to his buying land, and building the present Holland Inn (1812). He had married and desired a place more favorable for business. The town had voted to sell to Luther Carter the strip of land west of the road and north of the road to Andrew Webber's house, provided he would build a hotel on it of given dimensions. The vote was fortunately reconsidered. David Marcy after building and running his hotel for two years disposed of it to John Webber who ran it several years. Mr. Bridgham followed him as proprietor. In 1820 it was run by Allen Tiffany, says Evert's "History." Then Luther Brown, Elbridge G. Fuller, Baxter Wood and Mr. Benson. In 1836 it came into ownership of Elisha Kinney, whose wife was Mary Ann, daughter of David Marcy, the builder thereof. Both Mr. and Mrs. Kinney were energetic, tactful, capable and business-like. They soon built up a large business and a fine reputation for the good cheer their table afforded.

Hunting parties, sleighing parties and parties of various kinds, kept the house well patronized. The writer has been inquired of in places remote from Holland, in Massachusetts

and out of it, about the "Holland Inn" and has been told of the merry sleighing parties to it and suppers and dances attended there by them. Mrs. Kinney was an ideal hostess. It was marvelous with what celerity she would prepare food and set it before her guests, while all agreed that her cooking could not be excelled, and the wide circle of her patrons, all of whom bear testimony to her skill, was ample proof of her power. Kind and obliging, generous, helpful and public spirited, she had hosts of friends all around. Many speak now of her kindly and charitable life. Her work did not terminate with the round of duties necessary to keeping a public inn. The beautiful grove of trees on the Town Common is a monument to her public spirit and foresight. At her own expense, as stated by Harry E. Back, Esq., Old Home Day, 1812, she frequently hired persons to go and trim the growing trees and clean the grounds, and acted as a guardian, self-appointed, to them. Citizens now declare that the grove in which they derive so much pleasure is largely due to her loving care and forethought. A noble monument to a noble woman.

Mr. Kinney, busied with the labor of raising the provisions for the table of Holland Hotel, left to Mrs. Kinney's judgment and skill the internal management. Evidences are not wanting to the fact that he was an energetic and skillful farmer and made the large farm produce the greater part of the foods needed. Both were well fitted to the calling and their grandchildren are natural restaurateurs in which they are extensively engaged in various cities of the United States. Their restaurants known as the "Waldorf" in cities East and West, feed multitudes every day, yielding health and pleasure to patrons and a fair profit to themselves. It seems to be a gift, a heritage passed from sire to son and grandsons even. Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Kinney were not members of the church, yet they manifestly believed in it as a conservative and constructive force in society. They knew the mental, moral and

spiritual stimulus of public worship as the expression of faith in God, and it was their custom to be in their pew Sunday morning at the hour of worship. They knew the quieting, comforting influence of the sanctuary and their neighbors tell how reverent they were and especially was this true of Mrs. Kinney, whose sincerity and devotion to the church and what it stood for was worthy of imitation, and she contributed generously to its support. She was anxious that the gates of public worship should be kept open and to that end her *purse* was ever open. The helping hand went out to the widows and orphans in their affliction, which is faith expressed in life. Little wonder then that their circle of friends in town was large and extended all over the state and out of the state. After Mrs. Kinney's death, the son, Frank E. Kinney, carried on the business successfully until his untimely death by drowning made it expedient to dispose of the hotel property, and it passed into the hands of others. This family was much loved by the people of the town. Kind, warm hearted, sympathetic and true, they held the respect and affection of all that knew them, and wielded an influence encouraging and helpful. Many a poor man in the town laboring to pay for his home, and support his family found market for his surplus fruits and vegetables at Holland Inn, and went home encouraged because he had turned his produce into cash at a good price. This encouraged industry and the desire to produce the best.

We here present a document which we learn was found by Oscar Kinney, grandson of the above, in an old Bible in his possession, which we insert as an item of deep interest to their many friends.

To all persons whom it may concern:

"This is to certify, that Mr. Elisha Kinney of Union, County of Tolland, State of Connecticut, and Miss Mary Ann Marcy of Holland, County of Hampden and Commonwealth of Massa-

chusetts, were joined in marriage at Holland agreeably to the laws of the Commonwealth, on the twenty-fifth day of August in the year of our Lord, One thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, by me, Washington Munger, Pastor of the Baptist Church, Holland."

When our government was established, roads were poor and communication difficult. With the establishment of the stage lines, intercourse between places remote became easier and consequently more frequent. Relatives living far apart seldom heard from each other. Means of communication by letters was very infrequent and postage was high. When the Hartford and Worcester stage line, known as "The Eclipse Line," was started, and the turnpike built through Holland, it gave the town for that time means of communication, it has not enjoyed since. It was in this period Holland had its first post office started. David Marcy who had kept tavern about half a mile south of the church saw an opportunity to do more business if he located on the turnpike. This led to his building the Holland Inn in 1812, and we find that he was the first regularly appointed postmaster Holland ever had, receiving a commission bearing date July 1, 1812. We can readily understand how anxiously the citizens would gather at the hotel when the stage was due to get the news about the second war with England" which had been declared eleven days before. The utility of an established mail service could not be questioned.

We give below the list of postmasters that Holland has had, appointees of the department at Washington: The list being from the Postmaster General's office.

Office	*Postmaster*	*Date of Appointment*
Holland, Mass.	David Marcy (est.)	1 July, 1812
" "	Luther Brown	15 June, 1821
" "	E. G. Fuller	30 June, 1824

Office	*Postmaster*	*Date of Appointment*
Holland, Mass.	Baxter Wood	29 May, 1828
" "	E. T. Benson	27 May, 1835
" "	E. G. Fuller	22 Apr., 1836
" "	Benj. Ober	25 July, 1849
" "	Elisha Kinney	28 Aug., 1850
" "	F. E. Kinney	9 June, 1865
" "	Charles Roper	17 July, 1882
" "	H. E. Wallis	14 Dec., 1889
" "	Wm. L. Webber	2 Oct., 1893
" "	Lorinda A. Blodgett	14 Nov., 1905
" "	Discontinued	30 Aug., 1907

We observe that many of the postmasters were proprietors of Holland Inn. The postmastership was held by the Kinney family thirty-two years. One of the postmasters, Benjamin Ober, was pastor of the church, and had the post office at the parsonage. The list will doubtless bring many reminiscences to the old residents of the town. After the stage line was abandoned, trouble was experienced in having regular and efficient mail service. This is seen in various votes of the town, and appropriations therefor. It was brought for years from Brimfield by Mr. Wm. Lilley who has recently died, aged 80. He was a veteran of the Civil War, public spirited, giving to the town, under nominal restrictions, the right to pipe water down onto the common for public use, from a fine spring on his homestead. It will be noted that Holland post office was discontinued Aug. 30, 1907, at the request of a majority of citizens. Since then Holland has had her mail delivered by R. F. D. from Southbridge, it proving to be much more convenient to have the mail delivered once a day at or near the door, than by the old system.

A centre of social interest, where local politics may be discussed, where the village storyteller may spin his yarns, and the village gossip may peddle his stock of local rumors

and cheap talk, displaying his taste for that article, is the village hotel, store and post office. Holland was not unlike other towns in this particular. She had her wag who readily saw the ludicrous in human nature. To the hotel, store, and post office he would go after chores were done and meeting there kindred spirits, would while away the long winter evenings, Having a natural gift for rhyming, he would entertain the crowd with his latest local hits, while isolation tends to foster those idiosyncrasies that mark the man, and furnish material for the wag.

CHAPTER VIII

The Schools of Holland

The Southland boasts its teeming cane,
The prairied West its heavy grain,
And sunset's radiant gates unfold
On rising marts and sands of gold!

Rough, bleak, and hard our little State
Is scant of soil, of limits strait;
Her yellow sands are sands alone,
Her only mines are ice and stone!

From Autum frost to April rain,
Too long her winter woods complain;
From budding flower to falling leaf,
Her summer time is all too brief.

Yet, on her rocks, and on her sands,
And wintry hills, the school-house stands,
And what her rugged soil denies,
The harvest of the mind supplies.

The riches of the commonwealth
Are free, strong minds, and hearts of health;
And more to her than gold or grain,
The cunning hand and cultured brain.

For well she keeps her ancient stock
The stubborn strength of Pilgrim Rock
And still maintains, with milder laws,
And clearer light, the Good Old Cause!

Nor heeds the sceptic's puny hands,
While near her school the church-spire stands;
Nor fears the blinded bigot's rule,
While near her church-spire stands the school!

J. G. Whittier.

Be it a weakness, it deserves some praise,
We love the play-place of our early days;
The scene is touching, and the heart is stone
That feels not at that sight, and feels at none.
The wall on which we tried our graving skill,
The very name we carved subsisting still;
The bench on which we sat while deep employed,
Though mangled, hacked, and hewed, not yet destroyed;
The little ones, unbuttoned, glowing hot,
Playing our games, and on the very spot;
As happy as we once, to kneel and draw
The chalky ring, and knuckle down at taw;
To pitch the ball into the grounded hat,
Or drive it devious with a dexterous pat;
The pleasing spectacle at once excites
Such recollection of our own delights,
That, viewing it, we seem almost to obtain
Our innocent, sweet, simple years again.
This fond attachment to the well-known place,
Whence first we started into life's long race,
Maintains its hold with such unfailing sway,
We feel it e'en in age and at our latest day.

William Cowper

THE SCHOOL MASTER.

Beside yon straggling fence that skirts the way,
With blossomed furze unprofitably gay,
There, in his noisy mansion, skilled to rule,
The village master taught his little school.
A man severe he was and stern to view,—
I knew him well and every truant knew;
Well had the boding tremblers learned to trace
The day's disasters in his morning face;
Full well they laughed with counterfeited glee
At all his jokes for many a joke had he;
Full well the busy whisper, circling round,
Conveyed the dismal tidings when he frowned.

Oliver Goldsmith.

THE SCHOOLMISTRESS

Ah me! full sorely in my heart forlorn,
To think how modest worth neglected lies;
While partial fame doth with her blast adorn
Such deeds alone as pride and pomp disguise;
Deeds of ill sort, and mischievous emprise;
Lend me thy clarion goddess! let me try
To sound the praise of merit ere it dies;
Such as I oft have chanced to espy,
Lost in the dreary shades of dull obscurity.

In every village marked with little spire,
Embowered in trees, and hardly known to fame,
There dwells, in lowly shed, and mean attire,
A matron old, whom we schoolmistress name;
Who boasts unruly brats with birch to tame;
They, grieven, sore, in piteous durance pent,
Awed by the power of this relentless dame;
And ofttimes on vagaries idly bent
For unkempt hair, or task unconned, are sorely shent.

William Shenstone.

What facilities for schooling had the children of the East Parish enjoyed, as a part of South Brimfield? That Holland proceeds to redistrict her territory is proof that she regarded the old districts as inconvenient and inadequate. That this question came up so soon after she was incorporated proves the importance of good school facilities in the minds of the patrons and voters. No question is more vital to the progress of a town. At a meeting held Sept. 8, 1783, two months after Holland was incorporated, it was voted "to choose a committee to view the situation of the district of Holland to divide the same into proper school districts." The committee chosen was Jonathan Wallis, Jonathan Cram, Jonas Blodgett, Abel Allen and Gershom Rosebrooks; to which was added at the same meeting, Alfred Lyon and John Wallis. These committeemen

were to divide the district into school districts and say how many there should be. They reported in favor of four; the northwest, the northeast, the southeast and southwest. This division was a wise one and was accepted without opposition. Now comes the proof that the East Parish of South Brimfield before it was incorporated into Holland had only two school districts. At a meeting held Oct. 27, 1783, it was voted, "that the two south school districts and the two north school districts shall dispose of the *two old school houses as they think most convenient and proper.*" This proves that Holland had two school districts prior to its incorporation. One in the north part and one in the south part. But where did they stand? Residents on the east side of South Meadow road were allowed to send their children to Meadow District, South Brimfield and pay their school tax there. Joseph Smalledge, Joseph Smalledgē, Jr., and John Munger were allowed this privilege. No doubt that was where their children had been going before. This eliminates these families as to school site even when they built the old building, and would allow its being placed further eastward. In 1789 we find a vote to build a "bridle road from Dr. Thomas Wallis' to the south school house." A road was built, it is conceded, from Dr. Thomas Wallis' to where later the southeast school house stood, and we are inclined to believe the school houses referred to in the vote of Oct. 27, 1783, one of them stood at or near the site near the Underwood place. The north school house, we believe, stood near the corner west of Dwight E. Webber's place for an old map, 1795, gives a road from that point to a point near Alexander's dam, and a statement from an old record gives that impression.

But where does the district now build its four school houses? At the meeting, Oct. 27, 1783, it was voted: "That each school district shall have ye libertye to prefix places and build their own school houses." Also voted "that each district may choose a committee to transact business for said dis-

trict, and build, or cause to be built, such school houses as said districts shall agree upon." Here is surely the freedom of pure democracy. But where each district did build its school house is not designated, nor have we any means of knowing to a certainty except in one case, viz.: The southeast district. When later, 1803, it was voted to build a new building in this district it was voted to build upon the *old* site. When the four school districts built their school houses according to vote of Oct. 27, 1783, the buildings were of wood and not being painted soon became antiquated by wear of the weather upon the outside; and by rough usage from the inside. Only by this means is it explicable why the district should rebuild its school houses again so soon, for we find them at work on this problem in 1800. It is probable that the sites of those built in 1783 were as follows: The southeast district near Benjamin Perrin's house; the southwest district on the old road near what became the Rockwell farm; the northwest district near Henry Webber's place and the northeast school house at the four corners below the town hall.

Fortunately for historical reasons, the town clerk incorporated in his minutes, the allotment of families as fixed by the committee, together with valuation of each district. Whether these represent all the households in the district, or only those who had children to attend is not stated. They make a total of fifty-eight families. The assessed valation is also given for each school district.

Southwest	Northwest
James Marcy	John Walis
Lt. Daniel Burnett	Henry Webber
Capt. Jacob How	Samuel Webber
Silas Smith	John Ballard
Benjamin Smith	Daniel Thompson
John Hinds	Jonathan Wallis

Southwest

Darius Hinds
Joseph Smalledge
Joseph Smalledge Jr.
Joseph Marsh
Lt. Jonathan Cram
Lt. Edward Webber
David Bugbee
Benjamin Beal

to be the southwest school district

Valuation 622 pounds, 7 shillings.

Northwest

William Wallis
David Wallis
John Belknap
John Belknap Jr.
Reuben Webber
Asa Partridge
David Anderson
Caleb Blodgett
Solomon Blodgett
Lt. Jonas Blodgett

to be the northwest school district.

Valuation 805 pounds, 3 shillings.

Northeast

John Graham
Archibald Graham
Ichabod Goodell
James Frizell
William Belknap
Jonathan Belknap
Joshua Clark
Abel Allen
Eliphalet Janes
James Paddock
Alfred Lyon
Ethelbert C. Lyon
Asa Dana
Daniel Thompson

to be the northeast school district

Valuation 742 pounds, 5 shillings

Southeast

Andrew Webber
John Perrin
Joseph Bruce
Antipas Bruce
Jonathan Blanchard
Benjamin Perrin
Capt. Nehemiah May
Rufus May
Lt. John Rosebrooks
Gershom Rosebrooks
James Ames
Capt. Phillips
Benjamin Webber
Dr. Thomas Wallis

to be the southeast school district

Valuation 734 pounds, 0 shillings.

With the advent of a new century and the demands of a real need Holland agitates the question of improved school facilities; the southwest district had set in motion the question

by getting a vote of $500, and it little dreamed that it would become the victim of a vote that would terminate, temporarily, its separate existence, for Holland was divided again into school districts, viz.—northwest, northeast and southeast, and this lasted for two or three years, but the four districts were restored in 1803. But the frequent meetings in those years and the constant agitation of the question proves the opposition to the three-district plan.

There seems to have been a misunderstanding, and a conflict of authority which led to appeal to the court to settle. We find that the school districts had appealed to the town to aid them in building their school houses and the town had voted money for that purpose. The northeast district had by itself made a contract with James Fuller to build its school house and it was being built when Holland assumes charge of the construction and James Fuller builds both the northeast and southeast district school houses. The price for southeast was forty-five pounds, twelve shillings, to be paid in live stock good and merchantable at cash price. It was voted to sell the old building near Sarel Perrin's house at auction, and Nehemiah May bid it off for $6.75, and it was voted to divide the proceeds between the northeast and southeast districts for their *new* school buildings.

The plan was proposed of putting one school house on the common near the church but this was defeated, not being central enough to its patrons, and we judge that the northeast building was erected in the northwest corner of the four corners below the present town hall.

The northwest school building was erected at this time and stood on a ledge south of the present road about fifteen rods from Bickford cottage. It was built of brick with the ends north and south, with an extension upon the north end, for woodshed and entry, the door to the entry being on the

east side, and the road passed the north end of the school building then. What fine times the school children must have had playing around that little pond, sailing boats in summer and skating in winter. Convenient for the children it must have been a source of great amusement.

The floor of the school room was inclined, or built like an amphitheatre, the seats at the south end being highest, while each row of desks being one step higher than the row in front, while the teacher's desk stood near the door at the north end of the room. Mr. Dwight E. Webber began his school days in this building and gave us this description. The road passed the north end of the building eastwardly down the hill joining the present road where now is a gravel pit. When this building was abandoned, the new wooden building north of the present road had been built. The brick used for the building were probably made in Holland and burned near where Mr. Hebard's summer cottages now stand.

The old red school house as we knew it stood on the brow of the hill. It was built in 1847. Not many remember when this was built, but pupils now living who attended it hold it in affectionate remembrance. This district always was financially stronger than either of the others and enjoyed a prestige therefrom. The old school house has recently been sold (1912) to Ernest A. Bickford of Worcester, who has moved it northeasterly a few rods and transformed it into a summer cottage, having been abandoned for school purposes by vote of the town in 1883.

The northeast school district as before stated had a new building in 1800 erected at the four corners below the town hall. In 1828 it was regarded as advisable to build again and the building was put a few rods north of the old site on the same side of the road. This is the building wherein the Rev. Washington Munger taught and the one shown on a map, 1830, at the state archives. When this building was given up, 1847,

the new one was erected near where Mrs. Freeman B. Blodgett now lives, east side of the road, to accommodate the children of Fullers village. Freeman B. Blodgett attended school in it as shown by the school register for 1848. He later became an efficient teacher in the schools of Holland serving many years in that capacity. His strong point was arithmetic and many of those who were his pupils speak affectionately of his worth as a teacher. This building was sold in 1901 at auction to Freeman B. Blodgett for $2.00. It had not been used for some years.

The southeast school building of 1803 has been described. In 1828, the district had its new building and again in 1847. This is the only building that now (1913) remains as it was built as to its exterior. It was sold in 1897 by vote of the town. It has been transferred again and Oliver L. Howlett is the present owner.

The southwest school district lost its identity by vote of the municipal district from 1800 to 1803, when by a vote it was restored. This was done by voting that Thomas Dorral, Robert Henry, John Smalledge and Simeon Munger should have their school money to send their children to Meadow District, South Brimfield. These families lived (see map) at Nos. 92, 90, 89, 88. It is interesting to notice how they divided the district into three school districts, so we give the recorded bounds with related votes.

The northwest district, beginning at the northwest corner of James Fuller's land in the Brimfield line, thence on said Fuller's west line to the pond, thence southerly to the southwest corner of the burying ground, thence south to the road thence westerly in said road to the old meeting house spot, thence westerly to the southwest corner of Ebenezer Weatherbee's land on South Brimfield (Wales) line, thence northerly to Brimfield line, thence easterly on Brimfield line to the first mentioned bounds.

The northeast district is bounded as followeth: Beginning at the bridge east of Simeon Munger's in the road between said Munger's and Ebenezer Morse's, thence running easterly and bounded on a brook until it strikes the Quinnebaug River so-called in Morgan Meadow; thence a straight line to Mrs. Hollowday's house; thence northeasterly in the road that leads to Zephaniah Gibbs' to the Sturbridge line; thence northerly on said Sturbridge line to Brimfield line; thence westerly on Brimfield line to the northwest corner of James Fuller's land; thence bounding on northwest district until it comes to South Brimfield line, thence bounded on said line and the road from thence to Holland to the first mentioned bounds on the bridge aforesaid.

Committee for dividing Holland into school districts:

Col. Alfred Lyon, St. Hollowell Perrin, Ensign David Fay, Robert Henry, Lt. Abel Allen, Timothy Anderson and Gershom Rosebrooks.

Southeast District.

All the rest of the District of Holland to be in the southeast district of schooling, except James Marcy, Thomas Dorral and Simeon Munger.

MEETING MARCH 9, 1801.

Voted to have the District of Holland in three school districts according to the before mentioned bounds in the before mentioned warrant.

Voted that the before mentioned Thomas Dorral, Simeon Munger and James Marcy have their money annually to carry to South Brimfield or any other place for the purpose of schooling their children, where they can be better accommodated than they can be in Holland, and also be excused from building any school houses in Holland.

Voted, to raise 135 pounds, twelve shillings, to pay for school houses now built in this (town) district, and cost of suits.

Voted, that the northeast and southeast districts have an equal proportion of money that shall be raised annually.

The four districts were restored by vote of the town at meeting held April 25, 1803.

Voted that the three school houses now built in town be school district houses.

It is probable that adverse judgments in lawsuits mentioned brought the town to vote a restoration of the southwest district, as above stated, and the school building was erected probably on the site near what later became the Rockwell homestead. See map, No. 76. The town returned to its duty and the agitation ceased. One of the teachers that the southwest district secured was Daniel H. Chamberlain, who later became governor of South Carolina during re-construction days. It was his first effort at teaching, and he was regarded as a success by the patrons. He came to town and visited the scene of his early efforts, greeting the friends of early days with great cordiality. One unacquainted would never believe that a school house stood on the spot where he taught for the site is part of a forest now. The site was changed to a position back of Elisha Marcy's house in the pasture and on the Stafford turnpike. In 1891 the building was sold and ruins of the foundation are all that remain to mark the spot.

The old school district system, while it accomplished much, did not meet the need of our modern life. It fostered neighborhood broils and rivalries and each school district was a petty political centre. It was upon the whole a wise move, educationally, when the state by legal enactment abrogated the prudential committee for each district and placed the schools solely under the care and jurisdiction of the town committee. Some towns sought to evade the law by having as many town school committeemen as they had school districts, one of this committee being elected from each district. Holland reluctant to part with her cherished school system used this means to evade the law. Finally a more stringent law was passed, which outlawed the old district system in toto. About this

time (1869) a committee was appointed to see if a good title to the Baptist church could be secured for a town hall. (See town hall.) In 1877 it was voted to have the southeast, southwest, and northeast schools taught for the summer in the town hall; and in 1883 it was voted to put the four schools into one to be taught in the town hall. This completed the consolidation of the schools.

With consolidation of the schools effected, the district school houses stood empty, relics of days gone by. Unused they would soon go to ruin. We find effort made soon to sell them. The school house for the southwest district was sold, 1891. The school house for southeast district was sold, 1897. The northwest school house, 1912. The northeast school house was sold, 1901.

Goodby to democracy carried to excess; but "with all her faults we love her still."

In a town warrant, April 2, 1894, Article 19, we find the following:—To see if the town will vote to unite with Brimfield, Monson and Wales or with one or more of them to employ a superintendent of schools and appropriate money for the same according to Chapter 431 of the Acts of 1888, and the subsequent amendments.

The above question was re-opened April 6, 1896, article 17, when it was:—Voted, to accept the provisions of Chapter 431, acts of 1888, and subsequent amendments relating thereto.

The town committee, occasionally visiting the school, could not possibly do the work, i. e., supervision. It would require a man professionally trained for the work, or one who had had long experience in the classroom as well as in adjusting the different grades.

For small towns this could be done by forming superintendencies, two or more adjacent or nearby towns being under the same superintendent, when neither alone could afford to

have his service. Warren, Wales, and Holland united for that purpose and have had the following superintendents:

First, Albert Robinson in 1899.
From 1899 to 1903 no superintendent.

1903-1906	O. H. Adams
1906-1910	Parker T. Pearson
1910-1913	Wesley E. Nims
1913-1915	Albert J. Chidester

The old district schools as such are antiquated and outlawed. They served their day and generation well. They would have served the public better had they not been hornet's nests of faction, which trained politicians among the voters, but often defeated instruction for the pupils. When harmony prevailed under wise and efficient teachers, good progress was made, otherwise chaos reigned. Young men from seventeen to twenty years frequently attended in the winter, and young women too, and this made the district school a social as well as educational centre, which, with its school exhibitions, debates, etc., furnished mental stimulus for young and old near home, and the tender memories of pleasant and profitable hours spent in that way formed ties that held the young in their native town. Nor were the school houses always strangers to the voice of worship. Neighborhood prayer meetings were sometimes held in them with benefit to many and the strengthening of the church. It satisfied the normal social cravings of the young and obviated the isolation of rural life as it now is; and it is a fair question whether this be not the great cause for deserted rural homes. It certainly has been contributive to that lamentable condition now existing. Our sociologists and legislators should find a substitute for it as powerful, as helpful, and as attractive. Until it be found the young men and young women of the farm will seek the larger towns and cities for the social life and opportunity which they crave. Thus consolidation of the district schools with the evil and discomforts of transportation, has not been an unmixed good.

TEACHERS WHO HAVE SERVED HOLLAND
(Taken Old Home Day, August 24, 1913.)

Yet we would not have the old district school system back again. It would be pitable now to see young men and young women of sixteen to twenty years floundering along in subjects that boys and girls of twelve to fourteen years of age in our grammar grades easily master, due to regular attendance and careful grading as well as the increased length of the school year, and improved methods of teaching. Time is now too precious; life is too short. Holland wishes to give her scholars a good grammar school education. This is her aim and a wise one. When that is done many of her pupils should seek entrance into Brimfield Academy, or other schools doing high school work. For this, the preparation should be ample. Many pupils from Holland in years gone by, having graduated from that academy or elsewhere have found entrance into class rooms as teachers and proved their value in that work. That this shall continue to be the case is the purpose of Holland's school committee, and to that end no means or effort will be spared. We give as matter of interest to our readers, a photo of a group of Holland teachers, taken Old Home Day, Aug. 24, 1913, when renewing old acquaintances and associations, by kindness of Mr. John H. Noyes of Brimfield.

Following is a list of the names of the persons in the teachers' photo taken Aug. 24, 1913.

Back row, left to right—Mr. John H. Noyes, Mrs. Addie (Horton) Howlett, Mrs. Mary (Wallis) Thresher, Mrs. Emma (Blodgett) Moore, Mrs. Elvie (Wallis) Roper, Mr. Eliot H. Brown, Mr. Fred Bissell, Mrs. Olivia (Parker) Kinney, Miss Martha Cutting.

Middle row, left to right—Mrs. Mary (Webber) Church, Mrs. Caroline (Carpenter) Colburn (Died), Mrs. Harriet (Robbins) Back, Mrs. Caroline (Howlett) Macallister, Mrs. Nancy (Shumway) Webber.

Front row, left to right—Miss Mabel G. Fuller, Miss Louisa M. Howlett, Mrs. Fannie (Butterworth) Parker, Mrs. Ella (Blodgett) Webber, Mrs. Ada (Blodgett) Hebard.

The following is a copy of the school register for the term and year given.

NORTHWEST DISTRICT

	Yrs. Mos.		Yrs. Mos.
John R. Wallis	17-2	Charles A. McFarlin	10-3
Horace Wallis Jr.	18-9	Dwight E. Webber	17-5
Henry W. Orcutt	15	William Butler	11-11
John A. Orcutt	13-8	Charles Cutler	16-4
William G. Orcutt	10-5	James Polley	11-11
William A. Webber	15-5	Mary Wilson	14-3
William H. H. Bennett	6-5	Mary Boyle	9-5

Samuel P. Jennison, teacher
Length of term, 3 months
Wages of teacher $13 per month.
Year 1847-48.

NORTHEAST DISTRICT

Winter term (Dec. 6-Mar. 28) 1847-48.

	Yrs. Mos.		Yrs. Mos.
Eunice B. Fuller	19-5	Josephine Drake	9-5
Augusta A. Fuller	18	Mary A. Darling	6
Freeman B. Blodgett	16-7	Charles D. Ballard	3-8
Joseph C. Kendrick	16-7	George T. Ballard	6-5
Auldin L. Fletcher	16-4	Elbridge G. Drake	5-11
Charles B. Babcock	17-8	Clement F. Drake	6-3
Jarad L. Lamb	19-10	Asahel Darling	3
Salem T. Weld	17-3	John Cutler	5
Eliza A. Ballard	10-7	George H. Cutler	6
Mary Anderson	14-8	Wilber Davis	6
Elizabeth C. Moore	14-5	Henry M. Howard	5
Calvin M. Moore	11-3	George H. Ober	6-2
Mary Z. Sykes	14-7	Minerva Weaks	8
Sarah A. Sykes	13	William O. Lynn	4-4
Mary J. Robbins	13-8	Joseph F. Sykes	5-8
Caroline W. Kendrick	11-6	Emeline M. Lynn	5-5

	Yrs. Mos.		Yrs. Mos.
Mary A. E. Kinney	13-2	Anna M. Ober	10-6
Judson H. Town	13-7	Julia W. Hyde	16-4
James M. Frizell	9-2	John Gates	16-6
Hariet L. Frizell	8-4	Phebe Webber	8-8
Ezra Bowin	12-3	Eliza P. Weaks	12-7
Charles E. Putnam	10-11	Albert Sykes	3
Willis F. Williams	14-7	Randolph Davis	9
Wyles W. Williams	10-7	John Adams	7
Wesley Williams	10-7	Hollowil Marcy	7
Jno. R. Davis	10-4	Wealthy Fletcher	11
Francis Ober	8-4		
Francis E. Kinney	6-8	John W. Robinson, Teacher	
Oliver P. Kendrick	8-4	Wages $18 per month	
Emily E. Sykes	8-2	Average attendance, 36½	
Louisa W. Sykes	11-2	Length of term 17 weeks.	
Harriet E. Robbins	7-4		

SOUTHEAST DISTRICT

	Yrs. Mos.		Yrs. Mos.
Mary Ann E. Kinney	12-10	David S. Corban	11-2
Sophronia May	11-11	Albert Corban	8-2
Harriet C. Howlett	10-8	Caroline A. Corban	5-11
Eliza A. Ballard	10-3	William E. Baker	6-9
Josephine Drake	9-1	Newton Wallace	6-1
Sarah Moore	9-2	John J. Corban	3-7
Jane P. Butterworth	5-2	Joanna Corban	13-5
Susan E. Butterworth	3-5	Eunice M. Fletcher	12
James B. May	9-11	Wealthy S. Fletcher	9-2
Charles C. Church	10-10	Elizabeth Fletcher	7-10
William W. Howlett	8-3	James C. Fletcher	4-10
Merrick C. Brackett	9	Mary R. Baker	4-8
Grosvenor May	7-5		
Francis E. Kinney	6-5		
Hollowil P. Marcy	6-6	Mary J. Howlett Teacher.	
George T. Ballard	6-2	Term Aug. 16-Nov. 19, 1847	
Charles D. Ballard	3-4	Wages of teacher $6.00 per	
Oscar C. Marcy	4-11	month.	
Henry A. May	5-1	Length of term 3 months.	

SOUTHWEST DISTRICT

	Yrs. Mos.		Yrs. Mos.
Aurelia Colburn	18-8	Nelson B. Olds	3
Betsy Colburn	16-8	Isaac Burley	5-5
Lucinda Olds	12	Elbridge Colburn	15
Caroline Howlett	11-7	Martin Williams	5
Elizabeth Marcy	12	Emeline Back	5
Caroline Butterworth	10-7	Mary A. E. Kinney	13-9
Ellen E. Haradon	11-6	Francis E. Kinney	7
Almedia Colburn	10-9	Palmer S. Underwood	12-7
Olive B. Olds	8-8	Willard Butterworth	5
Elizabeth Fletcher	8-5	David Butterworth	9
Amelia Olds	6-3	Gilbert Williams	10
Sarah Marcy	8	Year 1848	
Mary Williams	7-6	June 12-Aug. 22	
Lucy T. Marcy	4	Caroline E. Haris,	
Myra Williams	3-5	Teacher.	
Caroline Marcy	4	Length of term, 10 weeks.	
Melloyn Haradon	2-8	Total enrollment, 33.	
William Howlett	9-2	Average attendance 27.	
Merrick Brackett	10-9	Wages of teacher $5 per mo.	
Hollowell Marcey	7-5	Board was given by the	
Oscar Marcey	5-8	district.	
James C. Fletcher	5		

By comparison of the registers it will be observed that there was disregard of school district lines.

TOWN HALL

The first town meeting of the district of Holland after its incorporation, was July 24, 1783. It was held in the church on the hill above the old parsonage (Mr. Silas Fletcher's) as indicated by the town warrant. The church was the great centre of social, political, moral and spiritual life of towns in those days. And yet a meeting of that sort seems strangely out of place in a church today, because the voters are so diverse in feelings and opinions. Towns have felt the necessity of having a town building or hall in which the voters

could meet and transact the town business. Diversity of sympathies, of opinions, and of faith, rendered this inevitable. Some towns held to the custom of meeting in the church much longer than others. This was especially true of towns not subject to radical change in population. Towns where homesteads pass from sire to son and remain for generations in the same family name are conservative. This conservatism may act as a preservative of the best life of the town.

Such we believe was the case with Holland. It held to the custom of holding its town meetings in the church for nearly one hundred years, simply because there was no decided demand for a town hall, nor do we find an indication that one was wanted for about sixty years after it was incorporated. After the new church was built (1835) the old church stood on the common unused. Naturally the question of converting that into a town hall would come up when one or more town meetings had been held there. A committee was appointed to investigate the condition of the building and report, 1837. Their report was adverse for we find a vote (1838) to build a town house. It did not materialize, however. Town meeting was held in the Baptist church sometimes.

Building a town hall was avoided by holding town meetings at Holland Inn, paying one dollar for the privilege, 1839. This led to the sale of the old church building, 1839, to Willard Weld for ten dollars. Town meeting was held once in a while in the Baptist church and in 1842 a town meeting was held in a horseshed. In 1848 the Baptist church was closed to use as a Baptist church for lack of support. They tried, ten years later, 1858, to sell it to the Congregationalists after their church was burned but failed to effect a sale.

An article was in the town warrant for a meeting, April 5, 1869, "to see if the town will vote to build a town house or take means to obtain the Baptist meeting house and convert the same into a town house; or act anything relating thereto

when met." At the meeting the town took action as follows: Voted, "To build a Town House using the old Baptist meeting house as far as it will go, if it can be legally and lawfully obtained." Further discussion of the probable cost led to a reconsideration of the above vote, for we find "Voted, to reconsider the above vote." Also:—"Voted, to pass over taking means to obtain the Baptist meeting house."

At a town meeting held Nov. 2, 1869, at Kinney's Hall it was—"Voted, to accept the report of the committee that were chosen to see if they could obtain a good title to the Baptist meeting house." From the report it is evident that the Baptist society had to reorganize before their meeting house could be transferred. When reorganized, the society passed the following vote. "Voted to give the Baptist meeting house with the land belonging to the same to the town of Holland if said town will repair and convert it into a town house, provided anyone in said town could have the privilege of holding meetings in said house when not occupied for town purposes; or for schooling.

Orrin W. Brown,
Lewis C. Howlett,
Committee.

At a meeting of the town, it had been voted to buy the Baptist meeting house property if it could be secured for a sum not to exceed $200.

Through the work of its committee the town secures it as a *gift* with nominal provisions. This indicates splendid work on the part of the committee. At the same meeting it was—"Voted, to accept the Baptist meeting house as a gift from the Baptist Society." Also "moved that a vote of thanks be extended to the Baptist Society for the gift of the Baptist meeting house." Carried. The said meeting house became town property by deed of gift, April 4, 1870.

At a meeting held March 25, 1870, and in anticipation of the Baptist meeting house becoming town property it was—

"Voted to raise two hundred dollars to aid in defraying the expense of repairing the meeting house."

At the town meeting held April 4, 1870, it was voted to choose a committee of three to superintend the repairing of the old meeting house and not to expend over $500, and to be finished by Oct. 1, 1870.

George L. Webber,
Wm. A. Robbins,
O. W. Brown,
Committee of Repairs.

Holland had now a town house, and the use of part of it for school purposes was a result, the product of circumstances.

Much credit was due to the committee who secured such an acquisition for the town on such terms. Lewis C. Howlett was chairman of the purchasing committee and it was regarded as due to his tact and foresight that it was secured as a gift. A vote of thanks was passed for the gift and for the service of the committee. Holland had been eighty-six years without a town hall and of that eighty-six years the churches had supplied the need nearly sixty years. The next thing was to repair the building and bring it into condition for town use.

It is to be regretted that no picture of the building as it was when used as a church is now available; but we are told that it had a belfry without steeple built outside of and attached to the front end of the building and that it never had a bell, but that the deck for the bell extended some higher than the ridge pole. The entrances to the church were at the base of the tower.

When repairs were made to use it for a town hall, the tower was removed and a floor has been put in making it a two story building, of which the room up stairs is used for town hall. The room down stairs is used for a school room now as noted in Chapter on Schools. Recently an outside stair way has been put on to avoid accident in case of fire. Thus what was the Baptist Church is meeting now a two-fold need.

CHAPTER IX

Holland Public Library

That the people of Holland were interested in having access to good reading material, evidence is not wanting. Miss Louisa M. Howlett has in her possession a book on the fly leaf of which is inscribed "The Property of the Holland Social Library Company." which would indicate that a Library Company was formed of those who wished to have good material to read. It was probably done by each subscribing a specified sum per unit of time. A subscription library is better than none, but it is not apt to last long, for the subscribers get dissatisfied, and then comes the sale of their stock. This seems to have been the sequel of the Library Company referred to, and Miss Howlett's grandfather, Loring Chapin, became the recipient of the book as a present from his mother, bearing date Feb. 10, 1816. The book is a copy of Oliver Goldsmith's "A Citizen of the World." Who were in this company, how many volumes their library contained, how long it lasted, we have not been able to learn. It is creditable that such a Library Association was formed. School libraries may have taken its place so that the gap between the dissolution of that company and the beginning of a public library was not wholly void. In 1892 it was voted to accept of the provisions of Chapter 347 of the acts of 1890, and secure the state fund for a public Library. Here was the beginning of what is now Holland Public Library. The first Board of Trustees for the Library were elected as follows,—H. E. Wallis for one year; F. B. Blodgett for two years; and L. H. Howlett for three years. Mr. Ralph Howlett was elected and served as the first librarian. A room was partitioned off on the lower floor of the town hall in which to keep the books. Year by year the number of volumes grew, by purchase with the town appropriations, and

HOLLAND PUBLIC LIBRARY

by the state aid, as well as by gifts from friends, that the town soon had the nucleus of a very useful library. So much interest was felt in the library as a valuable asset to the town that when an article was inserted in the town warrant for the annual meeting in April, 1911, "To see if the town will build a public library," it was voted unanimously to build a public Library, and the selectmen were chosen a committee to appoint a committee of three to investigate cost, inspect plans and report at an adjourned meeting to be convened at the call of the committee. The selectmen gave the following as their selection for committee upon plans:—John F. Hebard, Arthur F. Blodgett, Andrew J. Bagley, all of them well qualified for the work in hand. The work of getting plans for a building suited to Holland's needs was a task of no small proportions. The visiting of libraries in other towns, and the inspection of plans seemed only to make the question more complex, until the services of the State Architect, Mr. J. R. Coolidge, Boston, Mass., were sought. He recommended to the committee the plans which were finally presented to the town, July 31, 1911, for acceptance, and which the town wisely accepted. A building committee was now chosen, consisting of John F. Hebard, Oliver L. Howlett, and Andrew J. Bagley. It was voted unanimously to empower the town treasurer to borrow the sum of $1,800 for the purpose of erecting a new library building in the town of Holland. This sum together with cash in hand available for such purpose amounted to about $2,200. The town also voted to pay the sum of $200 on the principal and all accrued interest until the $1,800 be fully paid. It was also voted that a committee of five be chosen to solicit funds for the library foundation, grading, etc. Oliver L. Howlett, John F. Hebard, E. M. Bennett, Louisa M. Howlett, Andrew J. Bagley. This committee secured a sum adequate to the purpose from the sons and daughters of Holland for the foundation, and the building committee made a contract with Mr. John A.

Conway of Warren, Mass., for erecting the building, which is the pride of the town and the admiration of all who have seen it; so appropriate to the town, to its purpose, and to its surroundings, that it has been much admired. Its total cost was $2,104.62, and contains now (1915), over 1,600 volumes. It was dedicated August 24, 1912, at an "Old Home Day" celebration, the occasion bringing together many friends of the town. Mr. J. R. Coolidge, the architect, made remarks explanatory of his reasons why he planned such a building for Holland, which were heartily appreciated. Unexpended balance of appropriation, $20.38. Miss Zaidee M. Brown of the Massachusetts Library Commission, who had been in town for a few days cataloging the books made a few remarks explaining the method of cataloging, how simple it would be to find the book wanted, and expressing the hope that Holland would continue to increase her library material, and suggesting methods of doing it. Now that the town had such a fine library, she hoped the citizens would make good use of it.

Dr. Edward Hitchcock gave a short address, which for suggestive points made and genial good fellowship is worthy of note. He spoke as follows:—"To be allowed to speak before an assemblage of this kind, would be a distinct honor for *anyone*. To me it is especially so because the occasion is so essentially Holland's, their old home-coming day, and to be allowed to speak here, we of the little brown house by the pond feel that in this way you are showing a willingness to take us in as Hollanders. And we have been taken in by you, and we are grateful to those who have accepted us and have given us the glad hand of welcome.

We are here today to dedicate a library; a library well-built, comfortable, attractive and located just where it should be, between the church and the townhouse, and overlooking the town. It should influence your Sunday services, your local government and your home lives; all should be the better for

it; and if you are not better Christians, better citizens and better workers because of it, the sooner you realize the fire insurance it carries the better.

It is not necessary, you know, to read *many* books. Pres. Elliott says that a good working library for any man can be held on a five foot shelf, and yet there are but few books written from which we cannot get *some good.* Books may be resolved into two kinds; those which mainly interest, please and amuse, and those which instruct. Both have their place. To the farmer, who wishes to know the experience of others in rotation of crops, the value of commercial fertilizer, or how to raise sheep to profit, the latter is a necessity, for I care not how old you are in your business there is no man or woman who cannot profit by the experience of others, and he is a fool who thinks he cannot.

But this same man who realizes his need for help to accomplish the purpose of his work, has times when his mental machinery won't operate; when he is head-tired as well as foot-tired and it is then that a chapter or two of a novel, a bit of Mark Twain, or of phonetic Josh Billings will make him forget to feel tired.

Yes, a library is a fine thing for every town and I know of no better use to which the cost of this one could have been put—only *use* it. Pretty as it is, it would be a miserable waste if you do *not use* it. As a business matter, the erection of this building and equipping it with books is a good venture. It shows that the Hollanders know the beauty of their surroundings and are anxious that its material advantages should be equal to or better, than those towns less favored by nature. It shows the awakening of a public spirit and furnishes a central interest in which every man, woman and child should share. We do not all think alike in religious matters, and in politics we have individual preferences (although I think to Holland belongs the distinction of being the only town of the state to send in a solid vote for one Presidential candidate at the recent primary;) but in the library we shall *all* find what we want.

So it stands here not as a building of stones, clapboards and slates. It stands for more than these. It stands for the de-

sire of the people,—the builders,—for growth. It stands for education, advance, and healthy relaxation. It calls for a bigger, better town. It demands better enforcement of the laws. It calls for better citizenship and for a closer man-to-man touch. You have built your library. You have in so doing advertised your intentions. Now let us live up to the building on the hill.

You remember old Rip Van Winkle who went off in the woods and slept for years, and returning, did not recognize his old home town, so much had it improved. I wonder, if in years to come, could we then look back—but we leave that thought unfinished and in closing, I give Rip's toast which he gave to Sleepy Hollow while drinking the Schnapps a kindly hand had offered, "Here's to you all; your wives and children. May you live long and prosper." And then we'll add may this day be the best in Holland's history."

The dedicatory address was by Rev. Martin Lovering, pastor of Holland Congregational Church.

Welcome to the visiting friends and all who wish the prosperity of Holland. Another year has gone by, a year of encouragement and promise as well as achievement. Gratitude is felt for kindly gifts received from our friends for the library. We still need more, and if our friends have it in their hearts to give more, it will be thankfully received. The soliciting committee, of which Mr. Hebard, I believe, is chairman, will talk with those who wish about it.

Whereas last year only stakes indicated the place of the library, today you see the finished structure. I congratulate the architect for the excellent taste shown in the position and plan of the building, its harmony with its sister buildings about it, its neat and tasteful simplicity, with just enough of ornament to enhance its modest beauty. Step inside, the interior is splendidly adapted to the uses to which it is to be put. Its appointments are commodious, comfortable and convenient. It is Holland's contribution to 20th century enlightenment and progress. I congratulate her that not one dollar of a millionaire has been donated for its construction. It is the expression of her own

spirit to the progress of the time, and, considering the resources of the town it is a generous one.

MAY TAKE SATISFACTION.

But if anyone be inclined to criticize it and say, "It is only a widow's mite in the treasury of public good, and public service," let it be said that just here is where Holland may take satisfaction. Of her it may be said as it was said of one who rendered a loving service to our Lord, "she hath done what she could," and done it nobly, and its value is enhanced by the spirit that prompted it.

However, Holland is widowed and poor because of what she has given to other towns and cities, of her sons and daughters, and can there be a more precious gift, and one to her more costly? Many have gone out from here and become identified with the life and activity of other places. They have made good, too, to use the modern expression, which proves how great a loss it was to her when they went. Regrets are useless. Going or staying she has only good will and a "God bless you" for all her children. Yet Holland was poorer in wealth and population by what she had given to the growth of others. She was giving her own strength her own living. When railroads put out of business the old stage coaches that used to pass between Worcester and Hartford and passed through here to and fro, Holland lost easy and regular communication with the outside world and much of the power and prestige that attracts prospective citizens went also. She suffered the decline that other towns for a like reason have suffered. But with the railroad now in process of construction, she will have better facilities of transportation. Signs multiply that she is beholding the dawn of a brighter day. All honor to those who in the days of her decline had the courage and the patience to maintain her an independent township. It will be a source of satisfaction to them now to see her growth, which I think the coming years will surely bring. Then will other hands build upon the foundations which we have laid, and other hearts lovingly and appreciatingly take up the work and carry it on until it joins that river of human good which empties into the ocean of human advancement whose boundaries, if indeed there be any, only the Infinite Creator knows.

GENEROUS AND LOVING SPIRIT

We are about to dedicate this building for a free town library. But in the words of Abraham Lincoln, "we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground" or the building which stands thereon. The generous and loving public spirit of the forefathers of Holland has already done that, and the building has already taken on the sacred character of its surroundings. The exposition of God's word, prayer and praise have been heard in this place for nearly 120 years. Yonder stood the church, to which they bent their steps at the hour of worship, and when that became unfit or unsuited to their need yonder stood the new church which became the center of their social and religious life, and when that was destroyed by fire they replaced it by another, of which and its blessings we are the natural heirs. But some preferred to worship God by loyalty to a faith expressed in slightly different terms, and by a different form of baptism and they built yonder building, a church then and from it came forth the voice of Christian worship as loyal and fervent as the other. But through no fault of theirs, lack of worshipers and supporters compelled them finally to close its doors to worship, but they gave it to the town for Christian uses, a hall for civic purposes and Christian education of which we are the natural heirs also. This library building then has already taken on a sacred character and purpose by association with her sister buildings, and from this hallowed ground, donated by the forefathers and set apart for civic and sacred purposes, we can but ratify, what the hallowed lives and memories of more than a century has already done. Let us with reverent and thankful hearts consecrate ourselves to the forefathers' ideals of civic life and Christian duty, and devote this building to the glory of God and the service of man.

The dedicatory prayer was offered by Rev. C. B. Bliss, pastor of the Hampden Congregational Church, and son of a former pastor of the Holland Congregational Church.

The Old Home Day for 1913, Aug. 24, and 25, was also a very pleasant affair, bringing a crowd together. The Springfield Republican had a reporter on the ground and we give

the days' proceedings as reported in that paper. The speech of Major John Anderson will be of special interest for he has since then passed away and that was his last visit to Holland, which, although not his birthplace, yet was the home of his boyhood and young manhood, and Holland will cherish his memory, not only for what he was and what he achieved, but for his well-known and respected ancestry, residents of Holland in its early history. The following is the report of Saturday's exercises, Aug. 24.

HOLLAND'S OLD HOME DAY

Renewal of Old Friendships

Address by John A. Scheuerle

Bright skies and favoring weather smiled on the celebration of old home day yesterday in Holland, a town small in numbers but great in its hospitality and in the quality of its contributions to the world in the men and women it has sent out. Although the township stretches over a goodly area the population has decreased to less than 150 inhabitants, who have contended with the disadvantages of remoteness from the railroad and centers of industrial life. But in spite of its decadence in numbers and wealth and its isolated situation, the town has sturdily maintained its essential character as a type of the best New England life and as a staunch political unit in the maintenance of state and national government.

In spite of difficulties and vicissitudes Holland has never been discouraged and has faithfully guarded its heritage from an ancestry of industrious God-fearing lives imbued with the spirit of local loyalty and patriotic devotion. Town affairs have been conducted with punctilious care even when there have been scarcely anyone of the descendants of the Blodgetts, the Wallaces, the Webbers and Howletts, who formerly nearly populated the town to fill the town offices; the church has been loyally supported, even when many pews have been vacant; the schools, reduced from four to one, have had excellent instruction, and

the little collection of books forming its public library was begun by early taking advantage of the assistance offered by the state. The town has not only shown persistent fortitude in the face of disadvantages; it has also displayed the spirit of enterprise and progress. The erecting last year by self-taxation for a period of years on a valuation there less than $100,000 of a building to house its library and town offices evinced remarkable courage. Also the fact that the people invited the secretary of the newly-formed Hampden county improvement league to give an old home day address showed their estimation of values and the habit, the forward look. The observance of yesterday seemed to celebrate the new Holland as well as commemorate the old. It is even new in its outward aspect, for the little library building placed between the old colonial church and the town hall and harmonizing with their architecture has made a notable civic group, facing the town common with its classic grove. It was the library building that had long been needed to complete a visible town center. In the new Holland there is to be improved and prosperous farming, whose beginnings are being made under the guidance of the county league; for the soil is good and there are wonderful possibilities in general farming and fruit-growing. The beauty of its scenery and quiet attractions are bringing in new residents. The grove where the exercises were held yesterday is a possession which distinguishes Holland above other towns, for it is a stately grove of native white pine, forming a part of its common. Yesterday its fragrant wooded aisles, so still save for the notes of birds on other summer days, were resonant with voiced memories of the past and prophecies of the future,—sentiments as noble and important as the utterances in the academic grove of ancient Athens. Seldom is there a more visible manifestation of the classic quality that has been perpetuated in New England democracy and life.

Every effort had been made by the committee in charge to make the day a success and all details had been carefully attended to, and it seemed as if all the inhabitants of the wooded hills and vales had sprung to heroic action on the rallying cry of old home day. Visitors were met by private teams at the trolley line, two miles distant, and conveyed to the stamping

ground on the common. The dinner tables, at which a large number sat down in the town hall, were laden with substantial and toothsome viands contributed from homes throughout the township. In the intervals of renewing old associations the people visited the library, admiring its artistic interior, fine equipment and choice selection of books, and also went into the historic old church.

At 2:30 o'clock all assembled in the grove to listen to speaking appropriate to the occasion and the excellent music furnished by the American band of Fiskdale. Rev. Martin Lovering presided. Owing to the necessity of an early departure, the first speaker was John A. Scheuerle, secretary of the Hampden county improvement league, who gave a spirited and impressive address on the Holland of the future. Mr. Scheuerle said in part: Old home days should be epoch-making days. They should not only glorify the heroism and fine life of the past, but should lay special emphasis upon the opportunities of the present and the possibilities of the future. Old home day calls for serious attention to the problems of the town—how Holland is to be made more happy, more beautiful, more prosperous. The first condition to be considered in solving these problems is the economic question. These hills and valleys must produce more than they are producing, and the products must bring better returns in money. Upon these returns depend better roads, better homes and surroundings, better schools, a more fully equipped library and a better church. Better roads will contribute to better economic, civil and social conditions and to larger school attendance. Such attendance is from 20 per cent to 30 per cent larger where there are good roads. Towns are to be assisted in this matter by the Hampden county improvement league, which expects to secure a good engineer to confer with the town road commissioners and selectmen, and plans to furnish field commissioners to confer with farmers and suggest in regard to the construction and maintenance of roads. By taking advantage of these opportunities Holland will begin to solve the problem of highways.

The league will assist in developing improved agriculture by furnishing advisers who will visit the town from time to time and who will give demonstrations in agriculture, dairying

and the care of orchards. With co-operation on the part of the town its resources will be doubled. The league will undertake the education of the young people by organizing the entire county into an association of Hampden county volunteers in which every school pupil should be enrolled. Honors will be given for scholarship, for gardening, agriculture, home beautifying, domestic arts and civic improvement. The one obtaining the highest number of points in the county will hold the office of president of the association, and those holding the highest in each town will be directors. There will also be town organization. Thus a young person in Holland will stand as good a chance in this association of volunteers as one in a large place like Springfield.

The friends of the town who have come back on old home day can stimulate endeavor by offering prizes to ambitious boys and girls. Holland already has the distinction of having two boys who are competing for the prizes offered by the Massachusetts agricultural college extension department and no better field of corn can be seen than that which yonder represents one of these projects. The new agricultural school in Brimfield for which Holland is furnishing one pupil will be of great advantage to this town and community. It will help make it worth while for boys to stay on the farm.

The Massachusetts agricultural college is planning to furnish a landscape architect who will visit towns and give advice on the layout and beautifying of home and public grounds. It is to furnish also a woman in its extension department for the promotion of domestic science and home making, especially workng with the girls. With all these agencies the Hampden county improvement league is co-operating so that Holland, together with other towns, will have the assistance of the league in association with the Massachusetts agricultural college, the state board of agriculture and the federal bureau of agriculture. To obtain the benefit from these combined agencies the town must develop co-operation with them and local co-operation among its citizens.

The next speaker was Maj. John Anderson, a retired army officer, who though not a native was brought up in Holland and whose ancestors for four generations lived on the old farm

located on the northwest corner of Holland, now owned by Edwin Hall. He spoke in part as follows:—

I am always glad to come back to this dear old town where my ancestors settled nearly 200 years ago. My great, great grandfather, by the name of John Anderson, settled on the old farm located in the northwest corner of Holland adjoining the Brimfield line, now owned by Edwin Hall. Here my father, grandfather and great-grandfather were born, lived and died. The farm was never owned out of the family until after the death of my father in 1864. I was not born in Holland, through no fault of mine as I was not consulted in the matter. If I had been, I would have asked to be born on the dear old farm in Holland. This misfortune has been the means of leading me into a wandering life and becoming the black sheep of the family which went many years without one. At last I filled the bill and saved the family record in that respect, as every well-regulated family needs one black sheep to vary the monotony.

My father brought me to Holland when I was a small boy, which came near being my redemption, and here I lived and learned to love the old town. It was here that I formed those early associations which I love to think of in later years, associations closely linked with traditions that have come down to me from my ancestors. I left home when only a lad in my teens and went out into the great highway of life, encountering many fierce storms, but receiving more of the sunshine that comes to all who respond to it. The great civil war broke out in all its horrors, and I, like other boys from this town, heard the call, saw the need and enlisted in the 1st Michigan sharpshooters in which regiment I did not know a soul. The service was severe and arduous, with none of the comforts that the soldiers of our army enjoy today. I was dreadfully homesick and would gladly have crawled into some obscure corner in the attic of the old home and buried myself beneath the cobwebs. I made up my mind that I had missed my calling and was not born to be a soldier, but then I realized that it was all for my country and, inspired by the patriotism that I had inherited and that had been taught me in our district schools, I stuck to it and did my best as a soldier which, in time, brought its reward in the shape of promotion and a transfer to a Massa-

chusetts regiment in which I served to the credit of this town and had the honor of commanding a company from the Wilderness to Petersburg and at the close of the war to be appointed to a lieutenantcy in the regular army in which service I have remained ever since, though not, at the present time, on active duty.

Whenever, at long intervals, I come back to the old home town and look upon the familiar landscape, the old rocks and hills, the old homesteads and the winding roads all seem to speak to me in silent fellowship of times that are long past but of memories that are dear, while the babbling brooks continue to sing the same sweet songs they sang in my boyhood days, saying in the words of Tennyson, "For men may come and men may go, but I go on forever." And the old homes, what memories cluster around them, what stories they could tell of scenes that are past of a life that never comes back. In wandering through the old cemetery, we read the names of those who were brought from the old homestead and laid to rest while the old church bell tolled its solemn requiem. Above those silent graves we read the history of this town, they still speak to us from out of the past, their lives were worthy of emulation.

My feet have wandered many a weary mile since boyhood days with golden dreams of the great outer world, but how often in my wanderings have my thoughts turned back to the dear old home in Holland, how often as I have been lying upon the cold ground often in a beating storm or under the drifting snow, too cold for sleep, have my thoughts traveled back to the sheltering roof of the old home and the scenes of my boyhood. The love of home, friends and country has an abiding place in the heart of every true man. In all my wanderings I have never seen a country more beautiful than the United States of America, no town that I love more than this old town of Holland, and no spot dearer to me than the old farm of my boyhood. My father loved it and so do I.

The last speaker was Shepard Parsons of East Hadley, a native and former resident of Holland, who is 89 years old. He spoke feelingly of his associations with the town and said

that he realized his age when he looked upon the tall pines of the grove which were small trees when he was a boy.

Rev. Martin Lovering stated that he was preparing a history of Holland, and subscriptions were needed in advance in order to insure its publication. Letters were received from Mrs. Charles Blair of Warren, Mary L. Charles of Melrose and Rev. and Mrs. J. G. Willis of Wilbraham. A group photograph was taken of the former teachers in the Holland schools present. It included Mrs. Mary Webber Church of Windsor, Ct., Mrs. Carrie E. Colburn of Stafford, Mrs. Harriet Robbins Back of Southbridge, Mrs. Caroline Howlett Macallister of East Brimfield, Mrs. Nancy Shumway Webber of Holland, Mrs. Olivia Parker Kinney of Rochester, N. Y., Miss Martha Cutting of Southbridge, Mrs. Ada Blodgett Hebard of Holland, Mrs. Mary Wallace Thresher of Stafford, Ct., Mrs. Fannie Butterworth Parker, Miss Mabel Fuller of Monson, Mrs. A. L. Roper of Palmer, Miss Louisa Howlett of Holland, John H. Noyes of Brimfield, Frederick Bissell of Brimfield. A photograph was also taken of some of the old residents, those living in town and visitors present. It included Dwight E. Webber, J. T. S. Parsons, Roscius Back, Merritt A. Towne, Edwin Wright, Rev. W. B. Graves, Hollowill Marcy and Rev. Martin Lovering.

The committees who arranged the celebration were: Rev. Martin Lovering, president of the association; secretaries, Mrs. Ella Webber and Miss Louisa Howlett; treasurer, Oliver Howlett. Dinner committee, Emory Hebard, Oliver Howlett, Herbert Bagley. Program committee, Rev. Martin Lovering, Loring C. Howlett, Baxter Bennett, Fred Blodgett, A. J. Bagley. Music committee, Andrew Bagley, Mrs. C. F. Adams, James Roberts. Sports committee, Emory Hebard, Herbert Bagley, James Roberts. Transportation committee, Arthur Morse, Oliver Howlett, Otis Williams.

Sunday, Aug. 25, was Old Home Day for the church. Rev. Martin Lovering gave a talk upon the early families of Holland, dwelling especially upon the history of Benjamin Church as a Life Guardsman to General Washington, for which see his biography. The text for his talk was taken from Joel II-

21. "Fear not, O land; be glad and rejoice; for the Lord will do great things."

More hearts than the ancient Jews yearn over their native land. We, as a people, are and ought to be solicitous for our country. It was bought with a price; that price being the self-sacrifice of her citizens. Our country was started as a land of homes. Its territory was settled by people fond of home life, and had grown and had achieved its independence of the mother country by reason of its love of home and home ideals. Holland had sent a large quota of her men into the struggle for freedom. Their record proved their worth as soldiers. But Holland had been honored as the residence for twenty-seven years of a man, Benjamin Church, who made his home there as one of them, whom the records proved had been a member of General Washington's Life Guard. Mr. Lovering then gave the proof of his membership as a life guardsman, his promotion to that body, etc., etc. See his biography.

In connection with the "Old Home Day" celebration of 1913, we received the following kindly note, which for its hearty good will, and kindly rememberance of Holland, and especially for the incident mentioned, which came very near being a drowning accident, we deem worthy of a place in Holland's history. It reads as follows:

203 Fairmount Avenue, Hyde Park, Mass.,, Jan. 1, 1914.
Dear Mr. Lovering,

I have just learned that you are writing the history of the town of Holland, Mass. I am only too glad to subscribe for a copy. I hope you remember me at the celebration last August, which was one of the most enjoyable of my life, and if I never have another holiday I shall remember it as long as I live. I lived in Holland for two years, so the Holland people are very dear to me and the recollections of those days are the happiest of my life.

I have always wanted to go to some of the celebrations each year, but have been prevented until this year. Some of the people I have kept up with, but some of them I had not

seen until this reunion. I was much pleased to think I was so specially remembered and think it was because when a boy of thirteen I saved Nellie M. Alexander, sister of Warren Alexander of Worcester, from drowning in Holland pond. It would now be considered a very brave act and would probably be given a medal. I have never mentioned it here until recently. I have always wondered how I came to do it. Although at the age of adolescence I had to remove my clothes and swim to the drowning girl. I never thought of my person, but rather that a life was to be saved. At the reunion I met two that were in the boat, Fred Blodgett (and it is not a pleasant recollection to him) and his sister, Mrs. Ada (Blodgett) Hebard, and Mary (Wallis) Spencer.

Mrs. Hebard confirms the statements above given in regard to Nellie Alexander's danger and thinks that but for the effort of her brave companion she would have lost her life. They were on the way home from school and found a boat loose on the west shore of the pond and concluded to save distance by its use. Landing near Mr. Bagley's house they all got out but Nellie, while she drifted away from shore. Finding herself removed from her companions and unable to return, she lost her presence of mind and leaped overboard, followed by the rescue as stated.

Water on to the Plain.

The matter of securing a supply of water on the plain occupied the attention of the people of Holland soon after the church was moved there in 1793. When the parsonage was built in 1821, a well was begun. In 1822 it was voted that Capt. Leonard M. Morris and Lt. John Wallis be a committee to circulate a subscription paper to complete the parsonage well. To this committee Luther Brown was added. Digging this well must have been expensive and laborious. Mr. Dwight E. Webber declares that after digging down nearly one hundred feet they came upon a bed of quicksand which rendered futile all the expense and labor, for when they tried to stone it up the stone work kept sinking, and they were compelled

to abandon the plan. In 1834, an article was in the town warrant to see if the town would appropriate money for piping water on to the plain, but nothing was done. In 1839, Sept. 30, it was voted to take the avails from the sale of the old meeting house materials to build a cistern to accommodate the parsonage. Ezra Allen, Adolphus Webber, John Wallis, Harris Cutler, and Grosvenor May were chosen committee to build the cistern. This was sure to be unsatisfactory for the cistern would leak. It must have been very inconvenient for the pastor to get water in those days. Hauling water from Stevens' Brook for washing, and fetching it for cooking and drinking from the well where Mrs. Henry Brown now lives, must have been a task of such serious proportions as would make the question come up again. The cistern served for a while, but was sure to fail and be a source of vexation in time. In 1896 it was voted to choose an agent to ascertain the cost to drive a well, or bring running water to the common. Mr. Wm. L. Webber was chosen agent. Nothing was done. In 1897, it was voted to leave the question of water on the common in the hands of the selectmen, to report at an adjourned meeting. They evidently reported in favor of cleaning out the well at the foot of Sand Hill in Francis Wight's pasture, and put in a chain pump. An agreement was made, under conditions recorded, whereby the town was permitted to use the well. But the water was found or believed to be unwholesome for the scholars to drink. Finally the dissatisfaction led to an article being inserted in the town warrant, April 4, 1904, containing this question, "Shall running water be put into our town hall, into such part known as the school department," the expense of same to be paid from unappropriated money in the treasury? The vote was by ballot, yes or no, and when taken it was found that the vote stood, Yes, 18; No, 16. A. F. Blodgett, Wallace P. Moore, and Wm. L. Webber were chosen

committee to put the water into a tub, piping it down from a spring in Mr. William Lilley's field, he giving the town right to do so, in perpetuo, a very public-spirited gift and one that will prove a blessing as long as the need exists. The water was put into the school entry by piping as well as to a trough on the common.

Thus the old question (agitated for 100 years, says Mr. A. F. Blodgett) of water on the common that came up not long after the church was moved on to the plain in 1793, was finally settled. It must have been a grievous burden to the pastors of the church to get an adequate water supply, and it is little wonder that the pastor, Rev. Josiah G. Willis, felt it a duty to cast his ballot in favor of the plan, in order that his successors might be relieved of the burden, it being the only vote he ever cast in Holland on a local question and needed to avoid a tie. The parsonage is now supplied with the best of spring water; a comfort to the occupants.

CHAPTER X.

The Churches of Holland.

THE CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

The complete separation of church and state as we now see it was not contemplated by the early settlers of our state. The Pilgrim Fathers that settled at Plymouth were out and out Separatists from the Church of England. But the Puritans who settled Boston and Salem were not separatists. They wished to *purify* its customs, its laws, its worship. They had no intention of withdrawing from it. The greater freedom inevitable, due to distance from the source of civil and ecclesiastical authority, made the difference between Pilgrim and Puritan soon to disappear, which was also aided greatly by the successes of Cromwell and the founding of the commonwealth in England according to his idea, which was that of a religious commonwealth, the church being supported by the power of civil law. How tenaciously the idea that the church would fall to decay unless supported by legal enactment and legal process is shown by its duration. Nor was the church of "the standing order" alone in it. We have seen how Joseph Blodgett was distreined of goods to meet a Baptist church tax to which he had conditionally subscribed. How the Congregational church of Holland (sometimes called Presbyterian Church in the records) came into being we have already shown. Its formation as a church was so closely allied with the early civil formation of So. Brimfield into a district that it seemed the wiser plan to put its formative history there. The need of a church to accommodate the inhabitants east of South Meadow Road and the dispute growing out of it led to forming the church, Sept. 12, 1765. It was a product of the east faction. The west faction formed a church organization, but after the removal of the church on South Meadow

HOLLAND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

Road, to Westford village in Ashford, Conn., it never owned a building so far as known. The Wales' records show that Congregationalists had an organization, and had an interest in the new church built there in 1803. See Biography of Enoch Burt.

As before stated Rev. Benjamin Conchelin was the first pastor, hired by vote of Oct. 19, 1762. Mr. Conchelin ministered to two groups of worshipers. One meeting at the house of James Lawrence, the other at the house of Isaac Forster, Oct. 19, 1762. This group changed their place of worship for the east part to the house of Joseph Blodgett, March 14, 1763. The dispute arising over a site upon which to erect a church was probably the cause of his short pastorate. We have no record of his resignation or dismissal.

In February, 1763, Rev. Ezra Reeve was invited to preach in South Brimfield (probably as a candidate) coming from Long Island. He preached for a time on probation, and his work being satisfactory, the church under his direction was duly organized, Sept. 12, 1765, and the next day (13) he was installed over it. The church records state that "the Congregational Church of Christ in Holland was *embodied* Sept. 12, A. D. 1765." We give the confession of faith adopted by the church at that time, which we presume, is largely, if not wholly, a product of his mind.

Confession of Faith, used as the fundamental doctrine of the church.

"We believe there is one God, the Creator, upholder, governor, and disposer of all things and that he is a being self-existent without beginning of days or end of life, also that he is perfectly possessed of all other divine attributes and excellencies ascribed to Him in the holy scriptures. We likewise believe the existence of three persons in the being of this one God, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, and that these three are united in the essence of this one God. We believe the scriptures of the Old and New Testaments to be the word of

God and the only rule of faith and practice to which rule as a professing people we ought to subject ourselves.

We believe that God created man holy and innocent and entered into a covenant of life with him but man did not continue to fulfill his part of the covenant but transgressed and broke the same for which reason he became a meet subject for punishment denounced by God against disobedience and as he stood a federal head for his posterity, so in him we all fell and have our natures depraved through and by the apostasy of man.

We believe that God in his infinite wisdom and mercy did appoint and send his only begotten Son, the Lord Jesus Christ, the second person in the Trinity, very and essential God, to take upon him the human nature and so in the body to undergo the punishment due to sin and all this was done of free grace that man might live through and by the vicarious suffering of the Son of God, who, we believe, hath satisfied divine justice which must otherwise have been satisfied in the punishment of man. We believe that faith and repentance are necessary to a participation of the blessings and benefits purchased by Christ.

We believe the supernatural agency of the Holy Ghost necessary to sanctify and apply the benefits of Christ's death. We believe man is justified by the righteousness of Christ alone. We believe the sacraments of the New Testament, Baptism and the Lord's Supper, that they ought continually to be observed and come up to as they are the seals of the covenant of grace.

We believe that Jesus Christ who was once offered on earth to put away sin shall again appear to judge the world. We believe there shall be a resurrection both of saints and sinners and that all shall be gathered before the tribunal of God to receive their final and decisive sentence according to the deeds done here in the body."

Here are the fundamentals of our evangelical faith today. The wording might be objected to, but in the *essentials* of our faith, how far have we drifted from them as stated here? The following is the Covenant which they adopted.

THE COVENANT.

"We, whose names are hereunto subscribed being called of God into a church state of the gospel, in the first place do confess ourselves unworthy to be so highly honored of the Lord and admire the rich free grace of him who triumphs over so great unworthiness and then with humble reliance on the aids of grace therein promised to them that in a sense of their inability to do any good thing and do wait on him for all.

We now thankfully lay hold of his covenant and would do those things that would please him. We declare our serious belief of the Christian religion as contained in the sacred writings of the Old and New Testaments heartily resolving to conform ourselves unto the rules of this holy religion as long as we live. We give up ourselves to the Lord Jehovah, Father, Son and Holy Ghost, and avouch him to be our God and Father and Leader, and receive Him as our portion forever. We give up ourselves also to the blessed Jesus who is the Lord Jehovah and adhere to Him the head of His people in the covenant of grace and rely upon him as our prophet, priest and King to bring us unto eternal blessedness. We acknowledge our everlasting and indispensable obligations to glorify God in all the duties of a sober and religious life and very particularly in the duty of the church state as a body of people, associated in obedience to him in all the ordinances of the gospel and we therefore depend for his gracious assistance for our faithful discharge of the duties incumbent on us. We desire and intend and, with reliance on his promised grace, we engage to walk together as the church of Christ in the faith and order of the gospel so far as we shall have the same revealed unto us, constantly attending the public worship of God, the sacraments of the New Testament, the discipline of his kingdom and all His holy institutions in communion with one another watchfully, avoiding sinful stumbling blocks and contentions as a people whom the Lord hath bound up together in the bundle of life. At the same time we do also present our offspring to the Lord, promising with his help to do our part in the method of a religious education that they may be the Lord's. And this we do flying to the blood of the everlasting covenant for the pardon of

our many errors and praying that the glorious Lord who is the great Shepherd would prosper and strengthen us for every good work to do His will working in us that which is well pleasing in his sight to whom be glory forever and ever,—Amen."

We give below a list of the subscribers to this covenant as they appear on the records. They had been copied from older records.

Rev. Ezra Reeve, pastor	Hannah Cram
*Dea. Humphrey Cram	Martha Dunkley
Dea. Moses Lyon	Hannah May
Robert Dunkley	Abigail Foster
Isaac Foster	Prudence Webber
Robert Jennings	Elizabeth Webber
Nehemiah May	Elizabeth Bishop
Trenance Webber	Hannah Webber
Daniel Thompson	Submit Smith
Joseph Bacon	Anna Bishop
Edward Webber	Margaret Rosebrooks
Nathaniel Bradley	Catharine Bishop
Dea. James Frizell	Mary Frizell
Silas Smith	Sarah Dodge
Henry Webber	Lois Smith
James Hovey	Allmena Wallis
Solomon Hovey	Rachel Wallis
John Collis	Keziah Ballard
Thomas Wallis	Mary Ormsbee
Jonathan Wallis	Mary Bradley
Dea. Sherebiah Ballard	Alfledy Janes
Joseph Ormsbee	Elizabeth Foster
Oliver Wales	Lydia Bond
Isaac Foster Jr.	Mrs. Phillips
Thomas Bond	Mrs. Beals
Joseph Phillips	Sarah Partridge
Asa Partridge	Rachel Partridge
William Gardner and wife	Deborah Coy
Benjamin Ward and wife	Wife of Mr. Nutting
Elizabeth Wales	Jacob Webber and wife

*See list of deacons with date of election. Dea. Cram and Dea. Lyon were chosen to that office January 16, 1766.

William Leach and wife	Benjamin Beal
Elizabeth Moulton	Mr. Fisk and wife
John Burroughs and wife	William Bishop
Eliphalet Janes	Sylvia Cheney
Arthur McNeal and wife	Sybil How
Andrew Webber	

These parties owned the covenant and had children baptized. Thus the new church with the foregoing church members and supporters started on its work. It is of interest to note what part of these came from the mother church in Brimfield. We, therefore, give a list of names gleaned from Rev. Jason Morse's "Annals of Brimfield Church." We think those given were Holland people but some of them never identified themselves with Holland Church. Those who did are marked. It should be borne in mind that Wales and Holland were then called South Brimfield.

Items of interest gathered from Rev. Jason Morse's Annals of Brimfield Church."

1724 by letter Joseph Blodgett	Died 1783
1724 by letter Sarah, wife of Jos. B.	Died 1735
1752 by prof Joseph Blodgett Jr.	Died 1775
1752 by prof Hannah, wife of Jos. B., Jr.	
1752 by prof Robert Dunklee	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1752 by prof Sarah, wife of R. D.	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1752 by prof ———, wife of Jno. Bishop	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1752 by prof ———, wife of Jno. Webber	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1752 by prof ———, wife of Trennance Webber	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1752 by prof Ebenezer Bishop	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1755 by prof ———, wife of Benj. Blodgett	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1756 by prof Ann Bishop	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766

1757 by prof ———, wife of Henry Webber	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1758 by prof Isaac Forster (Foster)	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1758 by prof wife of Isaac Foster	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1760 by prof ———, wife of Moses Lyon	Dism. to So. Brimfield 1766
1766 by prof Jacob How	
1766 by prof ———, wife of Jacob How	
1768 by prof Abner Blodgett	
1768 by prof Elizabeth, wife of A. B.	Died 1761
1785 by prof John Brown	Dism. to Holland 1793
1785 by letter Levina, wife of Jno. B.	Dism. to Holland 1793
1789 by prof ———, wife of Wm. Webber	
1798 by letter David Bugbee	
1798 by letter Anna, wife of D. B.	
1799 by prof Daniel Blodgett	Died 1823 aged 58
1799 by prof Betty, wife of Dan'l B.	
1831 by prof Marcia (Goodale) Webber	Dism. to Holland 1840

Worthy of note also are the additions made to the church roll in those early years of the church life. We find the following entries:

1781 Aug. 1	Jonathan Blanchard
Hannah Bruce	Sarah Blanchard
Sybil Bruce	Nov. 5, 1781
Aug. 29	Alfred Lyon
Mr. Weatherbee	Lydia Lyon
John Perrin	William Wallis
Millicent Perrin	Irena Anderson
Oct. 29	Dec. 2
Thankful Wallis	John Rosebrooks
Mary Lyon	Sarah Rosebrooks
Sybil Crawford	Dec. 23
Persis Rosebrooks	Peggy Reeve

Dec. 30
David Wallis
1782 Feb. 3
John Wallis
John Ballard
Lucy Janes
David Anderson
Feb. 24
Elizabeth Blodgett
Sarah Towne
April 4
James Frizell
Mrs. Jas. Frizell
Ruth Webber
May 4
Hannah Thompson
Mrs. Webber
Mary Tiffany
June 2
Elizabeth Crawford
July 7
Prudence Webber
Aug. 4
Jonathan Belknap
Olive Belknap
Dec. 8
Lydia Rosebrooks
Jan. 26, 1783
Mr. Davison
Nov. 23
Rufus May
Eunice May
March 6, 1785
Lucy Bishop
Sept. 4
Amasa DeWolf
Oct. 30
Asa Fisk and wife
June 11, 1786
Silas Barnes
Dec. 3
Prudence Coats
Sept. 28, 1787
Joseph Marsh and wife
Dec. 9, 1792
*Joseph Glazier
Jan. 20, 1793
Samuel Webber Jr.
May 18, 1794
Lucy Pierce
Aug. 31, 1794
John Brown and wife, Lavina
Sept. 7, 1794
James Gibbs
Asa Dana and wife
Joseph Bruce
Joseph Smalledge
Jan. 14, 1795
Sarah Webber wife of Reuben Webber
Oct. 1, 1797
James Wheeler and wife, Thankful
May 30, 1802
Lucy Wallis, wife of Alanson Wallis
March 10, 1893
Lucena Rosebrooks
Aug. 31, 1806
Martha Goodell
Nov. 30, 1806
Jabez Goodell
Apr. 8, 1810
David White
Sept. 2, 1810
Willard Pike and wife

*Became first pastor of the Baptist Church.

July 17, 1816
Mrs. Moses Clark
May 18, 1817
Ezra Webber
Keziah Webber
James A. Lynn
Jerusha Lynn
Oct. 26, 1817
Simon Janes
Elizabeth Brown
Hannah Frizell
Mary Reeve

The names up to this point are members gathered in by the first pastor, Rev. Ezra Reeve, so far as the records show. The total is 158, averaging almost three for every year of his labor which is a splendid record considering the field of his labor. He was a man of broad sympathies as is shown by his power to subdue opposition. He held his people together as long as he lived. No movement to divide the church was successful until he was too ill and infirm to attend to his pastoral duties. He must have known of the efforts of some to form a Baptist church. The question had been agitated for years as the town records abundantly show, but Mr. Reeve's tact had delayed its consummation. He was fond of a joke and made himself very companionable. "He served as chaplain of the Brimfield militia for a long series of years," says the historian of Brimfield. Many now remember him and his wig as he appeared for duty and for dinner. The story is told, perhaps apocraphal, that one hot morning in summer, one of his parishioners, not very pious in habit, went up on Rattlesnake Mountain after a load of wood. While loading, he was bitten by one of those reptiles which at that time infested the mountain. Knowing the dangerous nature of such a bite he took the horse and drove post haste for home. Arriving there, he informed his wife of what had happened and begged her to get the minister there as soon as possible, as well as the doctor. Mr. Reeve hastened to the bedside of his parishioner to find him much agitated over the misfortune and lamenting his errors and long-continued indifference to his spiritual condition. The pastor while regretting his sinful life, hoped it was

not too late, wicked as he was, for him to secure forgiveness, holding out hope that the doctor might do something to arrest the progress of the venom in his system when he should come. The man was soothed in mind by these ministrations and Mr. Reeve returned home after receiving assurances that if the sufferer were allowed to live, his spiritual condition should be of the first importance. The next Sunday morning in his pastoral prayer Mr. Reeve, while lamenting his own weakness in getting men to see their lost condition, thanked the Lord for snakes, and prayed that *more* might be sent until the ungodly were all in the fold. This is a modern instance illustrating the power of snake-venom to inspire faith, and if, as unbelievers sometimes jocosely remark, that "Adam and Eve were snaked out of Eden," this might be called snaking them in. The man recovered; but how lasting was the experience upon his moral and spiritual life, available history doth not reveal.

July 11, 1806. At a meeting of the church after looking up to God for his blessing and direction and aid, the following question was proposed by the Moderator:

"Whether the church has a just right according to the sacred scriptures to require a public confession of any person for any sin he or she may have committed before they belonged to the church. After deliberating on the question for some time, it was unanimously agreed the church has no such right, so far as it appeared to them from the sacred word, and that when a person appeared in their judgment to have those qualifications which the sacred scriptures make necessary the omission of such public confession should be no bar in the way.

In this case the members were interrogated singly and the unanimous voice was, the church has no right to require such public confession.

Attest—Ezra Reeve, Moderator."

It is probable that the examination of candidates and the questions asked, suggested the need of such a meeting.

The town records reveal how regularly the salary, sixty pounds of Mr. Reeve was voted at town meeting. Church affairs and town affairs are all recorded together. Church and state were not separate then. The ministerial tax was a part of the annual tax levy. In some cases for reason it might be voted "to sink" (not collect) the minister's tax for that year for a given party, possibly due to some misfortune the party had suffered. Not long after the new district was incorporated it was deemed advisable to appoint an agent to defend the district against a lawsuit by the Baptists on account of paying a ministerial tax when they had no use of the church building and for an allotment of sabbaths of it to their own use. The matter was adjusted without the formation of another church organization. It was due to Mr. Reeve's tact and ability that put it off so long as well as to the efforts of Dr. Thomas Wallis, agent. Six pounds, two shillings and nine pence were then paid, and eighteen shillings for the agent's work.

As long as Mr. Reeve lived the *parsonage* was the house where Mr. Silas Fletcher now lives, but the house has been remodelled to some extent. In fact, that homestead was part of the compensation for settling as pastor of the church. With the church on the hill above the house on west side of the road to Dr. Dean's (now Wm. Lilley's) it was quite convenient for the pastor. But when the church was moved onto the plain in 1793, where now is the town common, occupied by the beautiful grove, it must have been a task for his declining years to get to church and back, besides preaching and especially so the last ten years of his life. He must have viewed the change with reluctance but no word of opposition or expostulation is on record. The prime mover in that enterprise was Col. Alfred Lyon, who made the offer of a gift of land abundant for church site, horse sheds, training field, etc.,

etc., for he was a military man, and was anxious to secure a better field for that purpose than the old common was.

We have seen how the building was erected in 1764, amid a storm of opposition. This building was rectangular as regards its ground plan, with roof of usual form and without steeple or bell and probably never was painted. A post for notices stood in front of it. That such a building should soon get out of repair is not surprising.

In 1787, we find the following votes:—

"Voted to build pulpit, deacons' seats, pews and body seats below the breast work, and two seats round the 'gallerys' and repair 'flowars' and windows." Abel Allen, John Polley and Capt. Alfred Lyon were the committee to get the work done. It is evident that the building was in a condition that made repairs urgent for in 1788 an article was in the town warrant about repairing the church but no action was taken.

In 1790, a vote was obtained awarding to Abel Allen a contract to repair the church. The price stipulated was the pew ground and forty pounds. It is manifest that opposition to this plan arose, so strongly as to defeat any effort at repairs.

An effort was made to have the meeting house built on Moses Lyon's plain, in 1764. But it was felt that if it were tried to place it there, so far east, it would defeat the purpose of having a church east of the mountains. This opposition took form in the project to remove the meeting house on to the plain, and a meeting was called for March 5, 1792, at the meeting house, when it was:—

(3) Voted not to remove the meeting house.

(4) Voted not to build a new meeting house.

(5) Voted to finish the meeting house outside and in, where it now stands.

(6) Voted and contracted with Maj. Alfred Lyon to furnish said meeting house outside and in for the sum of two hundred ninety-nine pounds. Abel Allen and Dea. David Wallis were his bondsmen. What became of the contract with Abel

Allen made by virtue of a vote of pew ground and forty pounds in 1790 we are not informed, but presume that vote was rescinded. We find also the following vote:

"Voted that Maj. Alfred Lyon be allowed what 'indifferent' judicial workmen judge it is more 'caust' to build the pews than to build the seats agreeable to the obligation."

"Voted to have two seats each side of the broad alley below, and two seats round in the 'gallerays', the rest to be pews as is now agreed on."

At a meeting held June 18, 1792, at the meeting house, Asa Dana being moderator, the following vote is recorded.

"Voted libertye to Col. Alfred Lyon to remove the meeting house on to the plain at or near a board stake set up for the purpose of placing said meeting house at, if removed, on the following conditions, viz: That the said Alfred Lyon first give and secure to the district of Holland a sufficiency of land on or about the plain for all conveniences of roads to set said meeting house, training field and all other accommodations necessary about or for a meeting house, the aforesaid privileges to be layed out by the selectmen as they think best and most convenient for the district; and likewise that Col. Alfred Lyon is to remove the meeting on to said plain at his own risk and expenses and to finish of said meeting house when removed by the same time and in the same manner and for the same sum as he is obliged to do by his obligations in the place where it now stands. And on his promising to fulfill the above conditions, voted and reconsidered that vote that was passed to finish the meeting house where it now stands.

At a meeting held Aug. 28, 1792, at the house of Samuel E. Bond, Asa Dana being moderator, the following vote was passed:—

Voted to adjourn the meeting on to the plain for half an hour. Met according to adjournment.

Voted to remove the meeting house about ten rods southwest from the board stake, there to be set up and finshed as the district hath agreed with Col. Alfred Lyon.

At a meeting held April 5, 1793, it was voted that the "old sash" be retained if good as new, and allowance be made to town by Col. Alfred Lyon.

A committee was chosen to place horse sheds for the new church site. The following men composing the committee:— Joseph Bruce, Gershom Rosebrooks, Dea. David Wallis, Rinaldo Webber, and Ephraim Bond. Oct. 2, 1794, voted to have the horse sheds stand as far north as the north end of the meeting house, and as far east as the west side, of the meeting house and forty feet from the meeting house.

We also find the following interesting vote:—

"Voted to 'except' (accept) of the meeting house on the following conditions, viz: That the outside of said meeting house be 'maid' good 'ass' soon as the season will admit, and the 'brest work,' 'pillers' and Pulpit to be 'coulloured' a good 'hansome' 'pee' green 'dun' workmanlike in the course of the next summer by said Col. Alfred Lyon. Joseph Bruce and Abel Allen promise to the town (district) that they as securityes for said Lyon will see that all the above work should be 'dun' by the times 'perfixt' for the town (district) as above said."

The site where it stood before removal, was above where Silas Fletcher now lives on the west side of the road near a large pine tree at the top of the hill. Col. Lyon put it on the plain in what is now the common where the grove is. The outline of building may still be traced. Both sites should be marked by a stone. The one on the hill bearing date, 1764-1793. The one on the common bearing date 1793-1839. From 1835 to 1839 it stood but was not used.

Mr. Dwight E. Webber declares that he was told in his boyhood that Col. Alfred Lyon cut the church into two parts and then moved each part separately. He also avers that when set up on the plain, it was a plain barnlike structure on the outside, without steeple or bell. He also asserts that he remembers when it was taken down and sold at auction to suit purchasers. One man hitched a yoke of oxen to a corner post

and tore the post away, bringing much of it down with a crash. Some pieces of this building were saved as souvenirs.

We now find that the "Baptis" are about to bring a "lawsute" against the town to recover damage on account of minister tax. Proposals are "maid" by Jno. Smalledge, but are not stated.

THE COMMON.

It will be seen that it was through the church that Holland had its gift of a common, 1793. When the old church was torn down in 1839, there was scarcely a bush or tree on it. They must have begun to grow soon after, for in 1864 we find a vote to cut all pine trees on the common. Mrs. Kinney, however, tradition says, had the foresight to know their value and interceded in their behalf so effectually that the vote was reconsidered. Harry E. Back, Esq., in his address, Old Home Day, 1912, declared, "that it was Mrs. Kinney's efforts that saved the trees on the common which now make the beautiful grove which is the pride of the town." The deed is recorded at Springfield. Bk. 41, page 140. Deed was drawn Aug. 30, 1792, and received and recorded April 14, 1802.

Col. Alfred Lyon gave the district a deed of land on which the church was placed. It covered more ground than is now held by the town as a common, because of an exchange made with Capt. Benjamin Church. The description makes it a triangle.

We can almost see Col. Lyon putting his militia men through the evolution teaching them the maneuvers employed in the military drill of those days and probably the drilling was specially rigid and persistent in the years immediately following, for we find a vote, May 9, 1796, recorded as follows: "Voted to "except" (accept) of the treaty between the United States of America and Great Britain." King George III must have slept soundly that night when the news arrived.

The treaty referred to here was probably what was known as "Jay's treaty." The special meeting at which the above vote was taken was called, "To hear the circular letters and act thereon as the district think best when met." Perhaps these circular letters were sent out to ascertain what the public opinion was concerning Jay's treaty, as opposition to it was very bitter. If so, the vote was a very appropriate one. But just imagine such a thing now! Was it a sort of referendum?

The district had some difficulty in getting a settlement with Col. Lyon for moving the church. We are of the opinion that settlement satisfactory to both parties was not accomplished. Reference to it is repeatedly met. Col. Lyon's original contract was for two hundred and ninety-nine pounds. It may be interesting to our readers to see at this juncture a list of the men who, it may be inferred, paid the bill, as well as for other reasons, but perhaps not all of it that year.

List of taxpayers of Holland for year 1793.

Abel Allen
David Anderson
Alfred Allen
Joseph Bruce
John Belknap
William Belknap
Daniel Belknap
Elijah Belknap
Benj. Beal
John Blodgett
John Brown
Epraim Bond
Jonathan Ballard
Perez Bradford
Charles Brown
Stephen Child
Asa Dana
John Dexter
Leonard Dexter
Amasa DeWolf
Calvin Eaton
James Frizell
William Frizell
David Fay
Michael Foster
Daniel Foster
Ichabod Goodell
Widow Mary Graham
Widow Mary Graham 2d
Moses Graham
Calvin Glazier
Robert Henry
Widow Judith Hind
Darius Hind
Samuel Hail (Hale)
Timothy Johnson
Col. Alfred Lyon
Moses Lyon

Capt. Nehemiah May
Nehemiah May Jr.
Rufus May
James Marcy
Joseph Marsh
Lt. Jasper Marsh
Ebenezer Morse
Ebenezer Morris
Asa Partridge
Asa Partridge Jr.
Malachi Partridge
James Paddock
John Paddock
Oliver Paddock
John Polley
Hollowill Perrin
Asarael Perrin
Levy Pierce
Joel Pierce
Ephraim Pendleton
Gershom Rosebrooks
Benj. Reeve
John Smalledge
Dr. Seth Smith
Levi Smith
Daniel Thompson
Benj. Smith
Asa Thompson
Ezra Tiffany
Simeon Tiffany
Edward Webber
Henry Webber
Samuel Webber
Andrew Webber
Samuel Webber Jr.
Rinelder Webber
Reuben Webber
Suel Webber
Chandler Webber
Trenance Webber
Dr. Thomas Wallis
John Wallis
Dea. David Wallis
Alfred Wallis
Rinelder Wallis
Alanson Wallis
Amasa Anderson
Joshua Barrett
John Williams
Jonathan Upham
Nathan Badger
Isaac Partridge

90 *resident* taxpayers

Non-resident taxpayers for year 1793

Aaron Allin
Simeon Allen
Timothy Anderson
Joseph Browning Esq.
Lt. Thomas Bond
James Fuller
James Johnson
Ezra May
Jonathan Munger
John Munger
Humphrey Needham Jr.
Manasseh Perry
Josiah Perry
Nathaniel Rockwell
Abijah Shumway
Cyprian Stevens
John Tarbel Jr.
Bradley Webber
Wm. Janes Jr.
Mark Stacy
20 *names*

Soon after church was moved on to the plain a movement to have better music at church was inaugurated, for we find a vote that Joel Pierce and Asa Partridge, Jr., act as choristers and but little later it was voted to instruct the youth in psalmody. A Mr. White was engaged to "teatch" singing but violent opposition to the plan arising, after several special meetings it was abandoned. About the year 1800, Benjamin Reeve was engaged for instruction in singing psalms. As by the following vote: "Voted to raise seventeen dollars to pay Mr. Benjamin Reeve for teatching a singing 'schooll' this winter." Thereafter, money was now and then appropriated for this purpose and William A. Robbins is frequently mentioned as engaged for this purpose, and is remembered by some of his pupils still living.

In 1804, an article was in the district warrant "To see if the district will vote to apply to the legislature of this commonwealth at its next session, for to raise by lottery a sum of money sufficient, the interest of which to be (used) to support a regular Presbyterian minister of the gospel, and choose a committee to petition for the same or do anything relative to said lottery they think proper when met." Suffice it to say that no lottery was formed for that purpose or any other so far as the records show.

The church grew in power and maintained its influence in the community and it is remarkable how firmly the pastor holds his church and the love and respect of the district. In 1811, we note recorded a request that a committee be chosen by the district to assist him in the examination of schoolmasters and mistresses and in visiting the schools. The district chose James A. Lynn, Ebenezer Pike and Freeland Wallis for that committee. Pastor Reeve at this time was about 77 years of age. He alone, so far as the records show, had carried this burden since 1783, or earlier.

The next year Mr. Reeve had a serious illness that keeps him from his pupit. The church votes a committee of twelve men to hire a minister as supply. The following is a list of the committee:—Jacob Thompson, Dea. David Wallis, Lt. Ichabod Goodell, Lt. Wm. Putnam, Capt. Benjamin Church, Lt. Ezra Allen, Willard Pike, Edward Blodgett, Nehemiah May, Ebenezer Howard, John Polley, Dea. Samuel Webber.

Nothing is recorded of the man who supplied.

Their pastor recovered so as to resume his work but with dimished vitality. He toils on till 1817, when he is ill again, when the following men are appointed "to arrange for supply and to lay out with Mr. Reeve such a part of his salary as he shall relinquish.". He was soon to relinquish the whole. Dea. David Wallis, Dea. Samuel Webber, Capt. Ezra Allen, Capt. Hollowell Perrin, Lt. John Weaver, Capt. Benjamin Church, Capt. Ezra Webber. It is doubtful if all served.

It is manifest that this aged and faithful pastor's work and life are drawing to a close. Just what was done, if anything we have no record to tell us.

A movement to form a Baptist society soon takes form and request that the use of the church building be divided between the "Presbyterians" and the Baptists. It was voted down in public meeting, for a time, but the question was so persistently before the public that it was finally voted to proportion the use of the church building till March 1, 1819, the "Presbyterians" to have it three sabbaths and then the Baptists three sabbaths alternately. But as the articles of organization for the Baptist church were drawn in April, 1817, it is manifest this was an expedient to accommodate the Baptists pending the erection of their church building, which was erected in 1818 and dedicated, 1819.

Rev. Ezra Reeve died April 28, 1818, in the 85th year of his life. Perhaps if he had relinquished his pastorate at the time of his first illness, 1812, it would have been better for the

church; but many could not think of pushing him aside in his old age who had served them so long. He had toiled hard and long and had not the means to live in idleness. He had mortgaged his home to the district to pay expenses, which must have been a trial to him, and after his death at the settlement of his estate, Messrs. Walker and Horton of Union, presented a claim for $125 loaned, all which the district, much to its credit, assumed. His pastorate of nearly fifty-three years was remarkable for duration, for tactful administration, for work accomplished. In a sparsely settled community he, out of dissension had formed a united church; had kept the flock together against divisions; had received one hundred fifty-eight members, had baptized children; had married many couples and performed all the duties pertaining to his sacred office. His church had steadily received members by the slow process of natural development. Whether he had experienced powerful revivals in his church or not we do not know. There is nothing to indicate it. There is nothing to prove that it had.

The church meeting held March 2, 1819, must have been a sad one. Several of the members had become Baptists and others that had supported the church now allied themselves with that organization as is evinced by the list of names on that church roll. How a town that had with difficulty supported one church was going to support two now was the problem. At the meeting it was decided to invite a council of neghboring ministers to advise with the church respecting what was best to do. It was voted to invite three for said council. Mr. Porter of Belchertown, Mr. Ely of Monson, and Mr. Snell of North Brookfield. It was voted to have Thursday, March 25, set apart as a day of humiliation, fasting and prayer, and the council was to meet on that day. There being some doubt as to Mr. Porter's attending, Rev. James Vail of Brimfield was added to the list. Something prevented the meeting called for March 25, for we find under date of March

30, 1819, a vote to call on the same ministers as before and the council was called for May 6, and a committee consisting of David Wallis, Ezra Webber, Jas. Lynn and Ezra Allen were to be committee of arrangements.

At a church meeting held March 27, 1820, it was resolved that David Wallis, Esq., Deacon James A. Lynn and Col. Ezra Allen be and they are hereby appointed the prudential committee of this society, whose duty shall be to use means for the purpose of raising a fund from abroad, the income of which shall be appropriated to the support of a Congregational ministry in this place; and for pledging this society to the faithful appropriation of the same; also to conduct the prudentials of this society.

Also it was voted to raise two hundred dollars for the support of Rev. Enoch Burt the ensuing year, provided he may be obtained.

The alacrity with which the above committee took up their duty is shown by the following document, a copy of which is here presented:—

"To the christian and benevolent public—Greeting:

We, the Congregational Society and Church of Christ in Holland, County of Hampden, Mass., though originally few in number and weak did by united exertion support the ordinances of the gospel among us for many years. Our worthy pastor at length oppressed with years sunk under infirmities of age and thus became unable to discharge his pastorial duties for a considerable time except occasionally, when it pleased the head of the church to remove him by death. During his infirmities God in his holy providence permitted the seeds of discord to be sown among us, which shortly after his death, (which event happened about two years since) sprang up and produced a formal separation of part, say one-half of the society, who organized themselves under the name of a Baptist Society. Thus weakened, we have since been unable with our utmost exertions to establish gospel ordinances among us enjoying only occasional preaching and under this unhappy state of things we are compelled to an-

ticipate a total loss of our Christian privileges unless God is pleased graciously to interfere in our behalf. We feel and deeply deplore the loss of our former gospel advantages both in ourselves and in our children, and under an overwhelming sense thereof are constrained to make one more vigorous effort to regain our privileges. We may be able to raise among ourselves the sum of two hundred dollars, consenting to a ministerial tax two-fold greater than usual, which we are prepared to do, but this of itself will not put us in possession of a minister.

Remembering that the Christian public sympathizes with its suffering members, and confiding in the God of Providence and Grace, who infuseth his own divine benevolence and charity into the hearts of his people and then crowneth the liberal soul with fatness, we are constrained and encouraged to address the lovers of benevolence and charity in our behalf. We feel that if we could, by the help of its interest on which we could ever calculate with certainty, be able with our utmost exertions to settle at this time a gospel minister whom God might bless to our increase and establishment as well as to our spiritual and immortal interests, all would be well. Such a prospect now brightens before us, but whether we shall ever realize it or a sad reverse seems to depend on the result of this appeal to the benevolent public. As a perfect security to those hearts the Lord may open to our necessities, that their charity shall reach the object, we sacredly pledge ourselves that every dollar contributed shall be vested in stock most productive with permanent security and its interest exclusively applied toward the support of a Congregational minister in Holland under the penalty of refunding the sums to the donors, their heirs, administrators, or assigns, if otherwise applied, with interest from the time of such misapplication and to put the means of covering this penalty into the hands of the donors (if incurred) we direct our agent to give a certified copy of this address and of the subscriptions accompanying it to the subscribers or whomsoever they may appoint and that another copy attest shall be entered on the parish clerk's book.

DAVID WALLIS,
JAMES A. LYNN,
EZRA ALLEN,
Parish Committee.

Copy.

Attest—John Wallis, Parish clerk.
Dated Holland March 29, 1820.

This petition to the public was evidently circulated for we find the following record:—

The following is a list of subscriptions received by the Congregational society in the district of Holland, on a solicitation circulated by them in the neighboring towns which subscriptions are to be laid out for the purposes and under the penalty in case of misapplication therein specified.

From individuals in the town of Monson.

Joel Norcross	$30.
Alfred Ely	25.
Rufus Flynt	30.
Timothy Packard	20.
Amos Norcross	10.
George Bliss Jr.	5.
Abraham Hascal (Haskell)	5.
Royal Merrick	8.
Gideon Merrick	7.
Augustus Merrick	6.
Sarah Hyde	1.
Total	$147.

From Palmer	
Calvin Ward	2.
Benjamin Converse	5.
William Mason	1.
William Jr. and T. Mason	2.
Mary Keep	3.
Total	$13.

From Western (now Warren)	
Levi Brown	3.
John Patrick	2.
Samuel Blain	2.

Danforth Keyes	3.
Munson C. Gailord	2.
Isaac Bliss	1.
Samuel Tidd	1.50
Jonathan Bush	.50
William Patrick	5.00
Total	$20.00
From Brookfield	
Eliakim Phelps	10.
Lucy Upham	3.
Total	$13.
From Sturbridge	
Alvan Bond	4.
Abishai Howard	5.
Eli Wheelock	5.
E. S. Griswold	1.
Zenas Dunton	2.
Ephraim M. Lyon	3.
Elias Holbrook	.50
Thomas P. Wallis (formerly of Holland)	2.
Zephaniah Gibbs	1.
Daniel Plimpton	2.
Perez Walker	3.
David Wight	1.50
Total	$30.00
From Cambridge	
Thomas B. Gannett	3.
James R. Chaplin	3.
Winthrop Ward	3.
N. Livermore	3.
Luther Gay	3.
Samuel Cutler	2.
A. Holmes	4.

A well wisher	1.50
A well wisher	3.
A well wisher	1.
Katherine Kendell	3.
James D. Farnsworth	2.
Total	$31.50

From Brimfield	
I. E. Trask	100.
Marquis Converse	10.
Joseph Vail	10.
Lewis Williams	10.
Simeon Hubbard	10.00
Aaron Bliss	5.
I. D. Browning	5.
Jacob Bishop	2.
Samuel Brown	3.
Jesse Hitchcock	5.
Widow Perse Williams	1.
Orsamus Janes	5.
Levi Bliss	3.
Daniel Burt	5.
Lyman Bruce	1.
Lemuel Lumbard	3.
Elijah Tarbell	1.
Joseph Griggs	5.
Ebenezer Williams	2.
John Wyles	10.
Elias Tarbell	1.
Julius Burt	2.
Elijah Tarbell Jr.	2.
Walter Goodell	.50
Samuel Tarbell	1.
Samuel Patrick	1.
Zenas Holbrook	2.
Leonard Upham	2.
Brimfield Total	$207.50

Other Towns	254.50
Total collected	$462.00

This money obtained by subscription from other towns was used to buy the ground and erect a parsonage thereby fulfilling the pledge given as to its use. The ground and parsonage has manifestly enabled the church to have a minister when otherwise none would be available.

After the death of Mr. Reeve the church had occasional service only for two years, for at a meeting held Sept. 4, 1820, we find articles of association between Holland church and the South Brimfield society for the purpose of enjoying gospel ordinances under the same pastor in the manner and on the following terms:—

Resolved:—That the associated churches of Holland and South Brimfield commune together six times each year, four times in Holland and twice at So. Brimfield.

Resolved:—That stated preaching on the sabbath be in each town in proportion to what each town shall obligate and become responsible for, and all donations received from charitable societies be divided in the above ratio and the preaching be apportioned accordingly; also any expense incurred in obtaining aid in support of the ministry from charitable societies be apportioned on each society according to the proportion of preaching on the sabbath in each society.

Each society was to have its own confession of faith and the pastor was to preside at church meetings and the association was to last only as long as they mutually agreed upon a pastor. Both societies extended a call to Rev. Enoch Burt to become their pastor, Sept. 7, 1820, and the salary offered was five hundred dollars. Mr. Burt was installed over the associated churches, May 9, 1821. Members of the council were as follows:—

Rev. Moses Warren, pastor. Dea. Daniel Isham, delegate.	So. Wilbraham
Rev. William Storrs, pastor. Dea. William Walker, delegate.	Westford, Conn.
Rev. Alfred Ely, Pastor. Dea. Absalom Shaw, delegate.	Monson
Rev. Cyrus W. Gray, pastor. Dea. Alden Blodgett, delegate	W. Stafford, Conn.
Rev. Joseph Vail, pastor. Dea. Samuel Tarbell, delegate.	Brimfield
Rev. Alvan Bond, pastor. Rev. Otis Lane, delegate.	Sturbridge

Holland church had a pastor now, but there was no parsonage. Unless they could provide one, there was small chance of his remaining long. That his pastorate was no longer was probably due to failure in securing a water supply, which, until recent years, has been a persistent handicap to the pastors.

When the church was moved on to the plain (1793). Mr. Reeve's labor was greatly increased by the distance of the church from his home, the parsonage. His home had been given him as a settlement together with sixty pounds as annual salary. No word of expostulation from him is on record as against the moving the church notwithstanding the greater inconvenience it would be to him of which he must have been fully cognizant. Yet he was then in his sixtieth year, and had nearly twenty-three years of service yet to render.

At Mr. Reeve's death April 28, 1818, the need of a home for future pastors must have been forced upon the attention of the church. The need of a parsonage was urgent. At a meeting held April 3, 1821, it was voted "that the prudential committee use the fund raised in 1820, or any part thereof, to purchase land and build a parsonage thereon" and Isaac Partridge was keeper of this fund. The parsonage land was purchased of Col. Ezra Allen, and the main part of what is

now the parsonage was built, the ell forming the kitchen was a later acquisition.

Its general plan was according to the wishes of Rev. Enoch Burt, the pastor. We presume the lumber was contributed by members of his parish. It must have been a great trial to get the water necessary for household use. There was no well, and water from the well, where now Mrs. Henry Brown lives, had to be brought both for cooking and drinking, while water for all other purposes had to be hauled from Stevens Brook except such rain water as could be caught. It is no wonder that we find earnest and repeated efforts made to secure a well for the parsonage. Mr. Dwight E. Webber declares that they dug down about one hundred feet, but were obliged to encase it as they dug. At last they came to quicksand saturated with water, but when they tried to stone it up, the stone work kept sinking into the quicksand, while the quicksand kept working upward from the pressure of the surrounding mass. The difficulties and dangers of the work compelled them to desist and then the plan of having a cistern was formed, and a part of the excavation made for the well was used for the purpose. This probably accounts for the attempt made in 1834 to pipe water down from a hill. It failed, but it was an augury of the present public water supply. A part of the hole dug for a well was reserved for a cistern, or at any rate a cistern was built where they had dug for the well asserts Mr. Dwight Webber. We find a vote of the church, Sept. 30, 1839, to take the avails of the sale of the old meeting house materials to build a cistern to accommodate the parsonage. Chose Ezra Allen, Adolphus Webber, John Wallis, Harris Cutler and Grosvenor May, committee to put in the cistern. The cistern was built and used for some time, but proved unsatisfactory and unreliable in supply, for it frequently leaked and allowed the water to run away to say nothing of failure due to dry

weather. It is no wonder that it was a vexing problem to the pastors as they came, and to the people realizing the difficulty the pastor had in obtaining adequate water supply.

But in 1834, previous to the finishing of the cistern, an article had been in the town warrant to see if the town would vote to pipe water on to the plain from a hill west, but no action was taken. Later a proposition was considered to drive a well on the common but that was abandoned also.

When the parsonage was built the main part was built with a small ell on the north side. It was the plan to have the well just outside near door of the ell. The well failed as already stated and a cistern was built. When Rev. Alden Southworth came (1864) the ell was enlarged forming the extension as it now is and bringing the kitchen over the cistern. The water being brought by pipe as it now is, has led to the cistern being discarded (1911), a great improvement both as regards health and convenience.

Under date of March 5, 1823, Rev. Enoch Burt was dismissed from the pastoral care of the associated churches by most of the members of the council called for the purpose, and most of them were the gentlemen that installed him. This terminated also the association of the two churches. J. G. Holland says the church was closed, 1823-1832.

It is apparent that there was a period now when the church had no settled pastor. April 4, 1825, we find record of a vote to have Rev. Otis Lane move into the parsonage for one year if an agreement can be made with him for that time. Mr. Lane was delegate from Sturbridge when Mr. Burt was installed. We have discovered no record to show whether Mr. Lane actually moved into the parsonage or not, but we find note of two church admissions where the covenant was read, by Rev. Mr. Lane. One, Nov. 21, 1824, the other, Jan. 16, 1825. In 1827, April 30, Ezra Allen, Leonard M. Morris, and

John Wallis, were chosen a committee to confer with the Baptist society to see whether a union could be effected. We find nothing to show that anything came of it, but with the history of the two societies before us, we cannot but feel a deep regret that union was not possible then as being better for both.

A long period of fragmentary pastoral work followed. On April 7, 1831, we find a vote to raise money by subscription and that the money be for Rev. Mr. Hall. The church book has notice of Eurilla May, wife of Grosvenor May, admitted Jan. 17, 1830, and the covenant was read by Rev. Mr. Hall, Rev. James Sanford is the next mentioned and a vote was passed, Feb. 20, 1832,* offering him a salary and use of parsonage. The offer was by the year. Mr. Sandford came and his pastorate was one in which the church was greatly strengthened. Under his ministry many were admitted. Jan. 22, 1832, we find the following admissions:—

John Wallis	
Lucy Wallis	
Horace Wallis	Admitted
Calista Wallis	Jan. 22, 1832.
Mary Howlett	
Esther Louisa Lynn	
Mary Allen Webber	
Lorinda Adalaide Webber	Covenant read by
Elvina Caroline Webber	Rev. James Sandford.
Chloe Fidelia Webber	
Deborah D. Pease	
Eliza Clark	
Sarah Underwood by letter	
Eleazer Webber	Admitted
Erastus Webber	Mar 25, 1832.
Nancy Webber	

*It was the same year that Rev. Washington Munger was installed over the Baptist Church.

Roxana Allen	Covenant read by
William Ainsworth Webber	Rev. Mr. Sandford
Joseph Trenance Webber	
Jonathan Parker Webber	

The last entry by Rev. James Sandford was made Dec. 12, 1843, in the church book.

In 1834, the old church which stood in what is now the grove was so much out of repair that at a meeting held Dec. 29, a committee consisting of Adolphus Webber, John Wallis, Levans McFarlin, Isaac Partridge and Ezra Allen were chosen to examine and report a spot to build a meeting house for the Orthodox Congregatioal Church and Society in said Holland. Said committee agreed upon and reported a spot west of the parsonage house on the line between the parsonage land and Ezra Allen's land, to stand twelve feet on said parsonage land and the remainder on said Allen's land at a suitable distance from the turnpike.

In 1835 a new church building was erected. The description of site given above indicates that it stood about thirty feet nearer the parsonage than the present building. Wm. Orcutt was the builder, and the building in size, plan and general appearance was very much like the present building. The building was erected during the pastorate of Rev. James Sandford, whose work for the church was very helpful. He strengthened and enccuraged the membership and drew others into the fold, making possible the new church edifice. He evidently was a man with evangelistic power for the number of additions to the church is noteworthy. He was just the man for the time. We give a list from a sale of pews in the new church building. The sale occurred Jan. 7, 1835.

Sale of pews in church erected 1835.

Slip	No.	1	to	Ezra Allen for	$45.
"	"	3	"	" " "	47.
"	"	4	"	John Wallis for	46.
"	"	5	"	Ezra Allen for	50.

Slip	No.	6	to	Harrison Allen for	43.
"	"	7	"	Adolphus Webber	46.
"	"	8	"	Abner Webber for	45.
"	"	9	"	Horace Wallis for	46.50
"	"	10	"	Grosvenor May for	42.
"	"	11	"	Baxter Wood for	40.
"	"	12	"	James Sandford for	40.
"	"	13	"	Pascal M. Lynn for	36.50
"	"	45	"	Horace Wallis for	31.75
"	"	46	"	Abijah Pierce for	32.
"	"	43	"	Isaac Patridge for	26.50
"	"	47	"	Wm. A. Robbins for	25.
"	"	21	"	Adolphus Webber for	25.
"	"	22	"	Abner Webber for	25.25
"	"	27	"	Adolphus Webber and I. Partridge	27.

Jan. 13, 1835, the following slips were sold:—

Slip	No.	23	to	Lurvey Clark for	25.
"	"	48	"	Sumner Janes for	27.
"	"	33	"	Widow R. Blodgett and ch. for	21.
"	"	44	"	Wm. Moore for	26.
"	"	20	"	John Wallis for	25.
"	"	35	"	Asaph Webber for	18.
"	"	29	"	John Dixon for	25.
"	"	31	"	Levans McFarlin	25.
"	"	32	"	Horace Wallis and L. McFarlin for	24.
"	"	34	"	Erastus Webber for	21.75

The total amount recorded as received $930.00

When a vote was taken to see if the society would build, it was voted to build a meeting house. A building committee was chosen consisting of Ezra Allen, Adolphus Webber and John Wallis. Then the meeting adjourned to Jan. 20. At this meeting Ezra Allen and Adolphus Webber were constituted a special committee to confer with the builder to examine the timber provided, and select such as was suitable. Isaac

Partridge and Grosvenor May were added to the building committee. At a meeting held Feb. 2, 1835, the building committee reported a contract made with William Orcutt, the builder, for $1,325, and it was voted to ratify the contract. One-third of the money was to be paid from sale of slips when the frame was raised. John Wallis bid off the work for the underpinning for $20, and was to be allowed the $20 on his account for slips, and Ezra Allen was chosen agent to give deeds for slips when paid for. By act of meeting held Oct. 12, 1835, it was voted "that deeds of slips in Orthodox Congregational Meeting house in Holland executed by Ezra Allen, appointed for that purpose, shall be a legal title by being recorded in the parish clerk's book." We find therefore recorded several deeds of which we give the following as a sample:—

"Know all men by these presents that we, the Orthodox Congregational Church and Society in Holland, County of Hampden and State of Massachusetts for and in consideration of Forty-two dollars paid us by Grosvenor May of Holland aforesaid the receipt we do hereby acknowledge, do give, grant, sell and convey unto the said Grosvenor May the slip No. 10, in the meeting house built by said church and Society in Holland the season past, to have and to hold the aforesaid granted slip to him the said May, his heirs, and assigns to his and their use forever.

In witness whereof we have by our agent hereunto set our hand and seal this 29 Oct. A. D. 1835.

EZRA ALLEN, Agent.

James Sandford, John Dixon } Witnesses.

Hampden S. S., Oct 29, 1835

Then the within named Ezra Allen appeared before me and acknowledged the within to be his free act and deed before me.

John Wallis, Justice of the peace.

Holland Apr. 19, 1841. Wm. A. Webber, parish clerk.

In the early days, clocks were not a universal article of household furniture. Grandfather's clock did sometimes adorn

the front hall or the kitchen and kept the family posted as to the flight of time. But they were few in number, many having nothing with which to tell the time of day. Housewives grew expert in telling time of day by the position of the sun, but on cloudy days, hunger was their only clock. When church bells came into common use, the people would vote or subscribe money and hire the sexton to ring the church bell at noon and also the curfew bell at nine in the evening. Some towns, for moral reasons ring the curfew bell now to warn parents and children, that the latter must be off the streets unless with their parents.

But another use was made of the church bell besides that of calling together the worshippers sabbath morning and evening, or at the noon hour and the curfew, the latter being an old English custom, beautifully alluded to in Gray's Elegy:—

"The curfew tolls the knell of parting day;
The lowing herd winds slowly o'er the lea;
The plowman homeward plods his weary way,
And leaves the world to darkness and to me."

It was used to announce a death, the age being indicated by the number of strokes. This knell has brought sadness to many a home as the church bell announced the sad news, and the inhabitants counted the strokes as they pealed forth, bringing man's mortality home to his consciousness with a power far beyond that of any preacher.

The old church on the hill north of Bugbee tavern had no bell, nor was a bell added to it when it was moved on to the plain (1793). When the new church was built in 1835, or not long after, a bell was made a part of its equipment for we find a vote, Oct. 8, 1852, as follows:—"Voted to make an effort to increase the weight of the bell one hundred pounds." How was it done? The bell was exchanged for a heavier one. The new bell had been in place only a short time when the church was burned. The cause was supposed to be incendiary.

Various votes of the town with a small appropriation, show how much the inhabitants relied upon the church bell to mark the flight of time, and Holland soon adopted the custom after it had a church bell. We wonder why it was that the town "voted, April, 1859, to sell the land west of the parsonage at auction when the sun was one hour high." No record is found of the sale. Perhaps to raise money for the church which was burned April 3, 1858. The Baptists offer to sell their church property, which had now been out of use for ten years, for two hundred dollars. Notwithstanding, we find under date, April 10, 1858, they vote not to buy it.

At any rate it bespeaks the courage and hopefulness of the people. After a little time taken for deliberation, planning and raising money they are ready to build another church. William Orcutt who built the preceding one is given the contract. Rev. Mr. Wood's work in behalf of the church must have been a power at this time. What, within reason, is beyond the power of a people when united in faith and purpose?

The following is a list of church members taken Feb. 3, 1842. It is interesting as showing the church membership of many, bearing the family name of many in the early history of the town and church:—

Males, 16

Ezra Allen	Erastus Webber
Moses Clark	Joseph T. Webber
Grosvenor May	John Wallis
Dea. David Wallis	Abijah Pierce
Dea. Horace Wallis	Marshall McFarland
Adolphus Webber	Abner Webber
Elcazer Webber	Lorin Park
Jonathan Webber	Wm. A. Webber

Females, 39

Lucena Allen	Widow Keziah Webber
Harriet Allen	Miranda Blodgett

Mrs. Moses Clark
Sally Clark
Persa Cutler
Mary Howlett
Bethiah Moore
Eurilla May
Lucena Rosebrooks
Eunice Rosebrooks
Sarah Sandford
Eleanor J. Sandford
Alvira Wallis
Widow Prudence Anderson
Calista Wallis
Nancy Webber
Sylvia Webber
Polly Webber
Lucy Wallis
Melinda Wallis
Beulah Pierce
Martha Pierce
Elizabeth Pierce
Adelaide McFarland
Persa Butterworth
Widow Abigail Colburn
Lucy Webber
Lois Wallis
Persa Wallis
Widow Pike
Hannah Frizell
Esther Wallis
Susan Underwood
Deborah Pease
Mrs. Isaac Partridge.
Lucena Hobbs
Hannah Park

By means of a rude sketch which the parish clerk, H. A. McFarland, made at the sale of pews for the year 1860 we are able to give a diagram of the slips with their numbers and also with the names of those that bought, inserted in the number which each bought. As the meeting was held Saturday, March 31st, the diagram represents the way they sat with their families if they were present Sunday morning, April 1st, 1864, for it is presumed the numbers had not been changed between 1860-64.

5 Wm. A. Webber
7 Geo. L. Webber
4 John Wallis
9 Elisha Kinney
27 Amos Munroe
38 Eleazer Moore
19 Francis Wight
36 Warren A. Wallis
6 S. J. Ballard
8 Grosvenor May
20 Albert Webber
39 Lurvey Clark
14 Wm. E. Cook
3 Jas. A. Webber
23 Asaph Webber
22 Wm. A. Lynn
34 Nehemiah Underwood
28 H. J. Switzer and Mrs. Blodgett
37 C. B. Drake

35 Harrison Allen
1 Ezra Allen
11 Horace Wallis
21 Lucinda Wood
40 Louis C. Howlett

The following persons are named as supporters but no pew number is given:—U. P. Marcy, Eleazer Webber, Reuel A. Williams, Horace Wallis, Jr.

The church stands just west of the spot occupied by the other and some of the stones used in the foundation, were in the foundation of the one burned. The church is but little changed, the only change being the position of the choir loft, the pews in the northeast corner have been removed, and the choir loft established there, and the rear row of pews has also been removed. But the change has proved to be one of doubtful utility.

This church has been the centre of the town's moral, religious and social life from 1765 to the present time. It has given spirit and purpose to its civic life. For what it has done and for what it is, it deserves the loyal support of all Holland people, especially as it is the only church now in the town. We give a list of the pastors the church has had from 1763-1914.

Part II.

A LIST OF THE PASTORS OF HOLLAND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, together with a brief biography of each, so far as obtained, who were pastors one year or more.

1	Rev. Benjamin Conchelin	1762-1763
2	Rev. Ezra Reeve	Sept. 13, 1765-1818
3	Rev. Enoch Burt	Nov. 19, 1820-1823
4	Rev. James Sandford	Feb. 20, 1832-1847
5	Rev. Benjamin Ober	1847-1851
6	Rev. Alvah C. Page	Aug. 22, 1851-1854
7	Rev. Horace R. Grannis	1854-1856
8	Rev. Francis Wood	June 1, 1856-1862
9	Rev. Ogden Hall	1862-1864

10	Rev. Alden Southworth	1864-1868
11	Rev. Daniel J. Bliss	1868-1874
12	Rev. J. W. C. Pike	1874-1877
13	Rev. Solomon Bixby	1878-1890
14	Rev. F. F. Williams	1890-1891
15	Rev. Oscar Bissell	1892-1896
16	Rev. Josiah G. Willis	1896-1905
17	Rev. Samuel Eaton	1905-1906
18	Rev. John C. Hall	1906-1907
19	Rev. Francis S. Child	1907-1910
20	Rev. Martin Lovering	1911-1913

The following is a brief biographical sketch of each pastor so far as obtained.

1. REV. BENJAMIN CONCHELIN was the first man hired to preach to the people of the "standing order." He was hired according to vote of Oct. 19, 1762, when it was voted to hire preaching. At the same meeting it was voted to hold preaching in the house of James Lawrence in the west part, and in the house of Isaac Foster in the east part. It will be noticed that this vote is taken just one month from the date of the act of incorporating the new district. James Lawrence lived almost opposite the old Baptist church in Wales now used for a town hall. Isaac Foster lived on what later became known as the Partridge place. This place of worship was changed, by vote of March 14, 1763, to the house of Joseph Blodgett, later known as the Polley place. Mr. Conchelin had a double parish to begin with, and the two bodies of worshippers proved to be an unruly span. Just how long he served them, we cannot tell. But we find a vote in February, 1763, wherein it was voted to invite Rev. Ezra Reeve to preach (probably) with a view to settlement. Mr. Conchelin was doubtless drawn into the question of site for a church and displeased some. Just how his labor there ended is not known.

What his history was previous to this work, or following it, we have no means of knowing.

2. REV. EZRA REEVE. We give a few facts about the life of this worthy man and pastor obtained from "Yale Biographies and Annals, 1745-1763. Vol. II, By F. B. Dexter," through favor of the Alumni Registrar, Edwin Rogers Embree.

"*Ezra Reeve,* the eldest son of Abner Reeve (Yale College 1731) was born on Jan. 27, 1734, in Southold, Long Island, the native place of his father who was then studying for the ministry there. When he was eight years old, his mother died, and a few years later his father's ministerial career was for a time interrupted by intemperate habits."

At the time of Ezra's graduation (Yale, 1757,) his father was settled over a Presbyterian church at Moriches, on the south side of Long Island, in the township of Brookhaven; and on Oct. 10, 1759, the son was ordained and installed by the Suffolk Presbytery, at "Old Man's Village," now known as Mount Sinai, in the same township on the north side of the island; at the installation it was found that the church had not been duly organized, and after delays interposed by the mother church in Setauket, this was accomplished on Sept. 3, 1760. Two years later he was censured by the Presbytery for having left his people without a regular dismission, which followed, however on Oct. 25, 1763; and in the following February he was invited to preach in South Brimfield, Massachusetts, which had recently been set off from Brimfield; perhaps the invitation was due to acquaintance in College with Timothy Danielson, of Brimfield, of the class of 1756. After due probation he received on May 2, 1765, a call to settle there on a yearly salary of sixty pounds. This call he accepted, and he was installed on Sept. 13, 1765, a church being gathered the same day.

The parish was at first known as the east parish of South Brimfield, but was incorporated as a separate district called Holland, in 1783, and erected into a township by the same name in 1836. Under date of Dec. 21, 1818, we find the following resolution in the church records:—Resolved that a record of our late pastor and teacher, the Rev. Ezra Reeve be drafted and entered on the church records which shall be our appreciation of his life, character, and work. A committee of three was chosen to make the resolution effective and Deacon David Wallis, James Lynn and Freeland Wallis were chosen to draft it. The church met Jan. 4, 1819, and voted to accept the draft prepared by the committee and that Dea. David Wallis and James A. Lynn be a committee to insert the same in the church records. We give a copy of the draft.

MEMOIRS OF THE LATE REV. EZRA REEVE.

The Memory of the Just is Blessed.

In condolence for the loss of our late venerable and worthy pastor Rev. Ezra Reeve, we, the church of Christ in Holland feel it a tribute of respect due from us, to have the death and character of so worthy a man and servant of Jesus Christ inserted in the church records, for the purpose of perpetuating his memory to the church and our posterity in future generations.

Mr. Reeve was born on Long Island Jan. 27, 1734. He was graduated at Yale College, New Haven, entered into the marriage state on said Long Island, from whence he removed with his family to Holland, which was then connected with South Brimfield and was installed over the church and people of Holland Sept. 13, 1765. He died April 28, 1818, in the 85th year of his age and 53d year of his ministry over said people.

Rev. Ezra Reeve we believe, was a man of exemplary piety and who lived in the denial of worldly gratifications; who coveted not the wealth, the honors, or applause of the world, but appeared contented with the humble station in which Providence had placed him. He appeartd to bear with Christian

fortitude and resignation all the evils of life, at the same time he possessed very tender and sympathetic feelings for his friends and fellow mortals both with respect to their *temporal* and *spiritual* distresses. Mr. Reeve, though a man of a dignified character, was not raised above any one in his deportment but was easy of access to communicate, of a very social disposition, sometimes facetious, yet never suffered himself to degrade his ministerial character or to bring a stain on the Christian profession.

He was a person very tender of the character of others, and very careful of making animadversions on persons or things. He possessed we believe, a great degree of christian charity which led him to hope all things and believe all things and was eminently a peacemaker. As a preacher he was orthodox in his composition and labored hard to impress the truths he delivered, on the minds of his hearers, and it was his fervent desire that his people might be found walking in the truth, order, and fellowship of the gospel united in the bonds of christian love and that they might have a gospel minister placed over them was a subject he much insisted upon, and endeavored to bring about in his life time, to supply his place.

Mr. Reeve retained his mental faculties surprisingly for a man in his advanced age, which he employed in counselling and comforting his friends and people of his charge. To conclude, he was a tender and affectionate parent, a true and faithful friend and a well-wisher to precious and immortal souls. He sustained, we believe, an unblemished character and kept himself so unspotted from the world that even his enemies were constrained to speak well of him, and to acknowledge he was a christian. Thus lived and died this worthy character we have attempted to describe. May we all endeavor to cherish his virtues and live the life of the righteous, that our last end be like his."

The following lines are very appropriate here:—

"I would express him simple, grave, sincere;
In doctrine uncorrupt; in language plain,
And plain in manner; decent, solemn, chaste,
And natural in gesture; much impressed
himself, as conscious of his awful charge,
And anxious mainly that the flock he feeds
May feel it too; affectionate in look,
And tender in address, as well becomes
A messenger of grace to guilty men."

William Cowper.

The following is a copy of his will found in the records of the probate court at Springfield.

In the name of God amen.

I, Ezra Reeve, of Holland, County of Hampden, Commonwealth of Massachusetts, clerk, being of a weak and frail body, but by the blessing of God of a sound mind and memory, yet calling to mind my own mortality, I have thought it my duty to set my house in order and signify my will in regard of myself and children.

1. I commit my soul into the hands of God who gave it, and my body to the dust to be buried in a decent and plain manner. And touching such wordly estate as it hath pleased a holy God to bestow upon me, it is my will it should be disposed of in the following manner: Viz:—

2. It is my will that all my just debts should be justly and honestly paid; it is my will that whatever is due me be collected; and it is my will:

3. That all my lands west of the road or highway that goes by the house where I now live (except two pieces or parcels of land which may be hereafter mentioned) should be sold at the discretion of my executors hereafter named and whatever may remain after my debts are paid shall be equally divided "between" (among) my children, Benjamin, Mehitable, and Joseph or their heirs.

4. My son Ezra, having been deranged in his mental powers, lived with me between two and three years: I asked

for no compensation for my trouble (except a bill should be brought against my estate). I therefore think he hath had his full proportion of my estate; however it is my will that his son have two dollars.

5. My daughter, Peggy, being deceased hath left no heirs of her own body to demand any right in the estate.

6. My daughter, Mary, hath lived with me from her infancy and hath been my housekeeper more than thirty years, and as a compensation for her services, it is my will she should have all my land east of the road or highway which goes by my house, together with the buildings standing thereon, and all my property they contain, also all the farming utensils, also twenty acres of land on the west side of the aforesaid highway, bounding together with the buildings standing thereon, and twenty acres of land on the west side of the aforesaid highway, bounding east on the said highway north and west on land belonging to the estate of the late Trenance Webber, and my own, to extend far enough to the south to take twenty acres; also six acres of wood land where she shall choose to have it set off to her, with the advise and consent of my executors hereafter named; also all the stock of horse, kine, neat cattle, sheep and swine I may die possessed of, provided the land above mentioned should pay all the debts and expense of settling the estate.

Lastly, I do make, constitute and appoint William Walker Esq., of Ashford in the County of Windham, State of Conn., and Ezra Horton of Union in the County of Tolland, State of Conn., to be my sole executors, to this my last will and testament in witness whereof, I the said Ezra Reeve, do hereunto set my hand and seal this fifth day of December 1817.

Signed, sealed proclaimed, and declared by the said Ezra Reeve to be his last will and testament.

Ezra Reeve. (SEAL)

In presence of

Gershom Rosebrooks
Hannah Frizell
Elizabeth Brown
} Witnesses.

The appraisers of the estate were: David Wallis, James A. Lynn and Ezra Webber. The appraisal is dated May 14,

1818. Estate was appraised at $2,238.33. John Hooker was Judge of Probate.

So unselfishly had this pastor toiled and lived, that when he died, his estate was encumbered, and Messrs. Walker and Horton called upon the town to meet certain bills, which the town, much to its credit, paid.

3. REV. ENOCH BURT was born at Long Meadow and graduated at Princeton College in class 1805. He was, for his day an ingenious machinist and worked for a time at that trade before he entered the ministry. His pastorate was from 1820-1823. He had a double pastorate being over a congregation in South Brimfield also, taking the service on the sabbaths when the Congregationalists were entitled to the church by agreement with the Baptists in South Brimfield. He went from Holland to Manchester, Conn. We have tried to learn more of his history but have failed.

4. REV. JAMES SANFORD'S biography is given us by his granddaughter, Mary E. Sandford of Ware, Mass. She writes as follows:

"My grandfather, Rev. James Sandford, was born at Bushhy, Mass., May 7th, 1786. He was the oldest of eight children, six of whom were sons and five of them entered the ministry. He was graduated from Brown University in 1812. August 22, 1817, he married Sarah Starkweather of Northhampton, and they had three children, the oldest son being my father, Addison Sandford, born at Antwerp, New York in 1821, where grandfather had a parish. I have the impression that his first parish was at a place called Fabius also in New York state. I know he lived in Holland when my father was a little boy, and think after he left there he preached in Gill, Mass., where he at one time had a parish also. I do not know how long any of the pastorates were, but my first memory of him was back again in New York in a place called Ox Bow, which may have been in the town of Antwerp though I do not positively know.

They came to Mass. to live in the early 60's and lived here until his death Aug. 22, 1865 at the age of seventy-nine.

We are glad of this brief sketch of a man who made a very successful pastor judging from the church records.

5. REV. BENJAMIN OBER was born at Beverly, Mass., Apr. 4, 1805. Prepared for college at Andover. He was in Amherst College, 1828-29. He studied at Andover Theological Seminary being ordained to the gospel ministry, Jan. 1, 1834. He was pastor of First Church, West Newbury, 1834-36; West Attleborough, 1836-38; West Woodstock, Conn., 1839-46; Holland, Mass., 1847-54; Alstead, N. H., 1854-57; Saxton's River, Vt., 1857-59; Wardsboro, 1859-62; Fayetteville, 1863-68; was called to East Long Meadow, Mass., but declined and was pastor, Windsor, 1868-70; Petersham, 1870-78; Brattleboro, Vt., from 1878; he died Sept. 7, 1888. (*From the seminary records.*)

Rev. Benjamin Ober is spoken of as a man of splendid gifts. He is spoken of as a man fond of fast horses. We have heard of the minister who, fond of a fast horse, was driving on the road when one day he fell in with one of his parishioners, perhaps deacon, who owned a pretty speedy animal and was then out exercising the "critter." Going in the same direction they chatted along, but somehow the "critters" concluded 'twould be a good time to try each other's speed and wind. In a few minutes the parson's horse was giving the deacon's "critter" the dust and the parson looking around, overheard the deacon ejaculating that "he would never get to heaven on that pace." But he had to get a new pastorate ere long.

6. REV. ALVAH CUSHMAN PAGE, son to Phineas and Lynthe (Macomber) Page, was born in Hawley, Mass., March 17, 1806; fitted for college at Sanderson Academy, Ashfield. Studied theology with Rev. F. Freeman of Plymouth, 29-31; ordained as an evangelist at Charlemont, Nov. 8, 1831; He served as supply at Montague, Rutland, Bethany and Pembroke, N. Y. Pastor at Norwich (now Huntington) Tyring-

ham, East Elstead, N. H., Pelham, Holland 51-54. West Stafford, Conn. Supplied for a year at Udina, Ill., after which he became a farmer at Elgin, Ill., 59-77. He was thrown from his carriage and instantly killed at Elgin, Ill., Sept. 1, 1877. He was married (1) Jan. 8, 1833, to Mary Ann, daughter of Jonathan Blake, Jr., of Warwick, who died Nov. 20, 1833. (2), June 16, 1835, to Esther, daughter of Abraham Williams of Ashfield, who died Nov. 3, 1843. (3), Nov. 5, 1844, to Mary, daughter of Eleazer Everett of Francestown, N. H., who died Aug. 26, 1856. (4), Oct. 8, 1857, to Hannah Wade, daughter of Col. William Brown, of Lyons Farm, N. J. He had two children. (*From records of Amherst College.*)

7. REV. HORACE ROSCOE GRANNIS became pastor of Holland Church in 1854; and his pastorate ended in 1856. Mrs. L. B. Chase, of Sturbridge, when a girl, acted as governess to the children, and she gives the facts given below. Her impression is that they both had been students of Oberlin College, Oberlin, Ohio. The children were born in the order given, and about the years given, there being only about a year between each birth. When he left Holland, he went west and engaged in Home Missionary work. Where in the west he went or what his subsequent history, we know nothing.

Rev. Horace Roscoe Grannis, M. Electa ———.
Children:
Lily b about 1847
Willie b about 1848
George b about 1849
Frank b about 1851

By a letter of inquiry sent to Oberlin College we are able to give the following additional facts:—Mr. Grannis entered Oberlin College in 1837 and graduated, 1842. He then entered Oberlin Theological Seminary, 1842, and graduated in 1845, obtaining also the A. M. degree, 1845. He died at Lodi, Ohio, July 2, 1889.

8. REV. FRANCIS WOOD came to Holland and began work the last Sunday in March, 1856, and his services for the church ended April 13, 1862. He was, therefore, pastor of the church in the trying period of loss by fire in the spring of 1858. It speaks much for him that he held the people together and rallied them to the work of securing a new building erected, 1859. It proves him to have been a good administrator. His wife was a support to him being a woman of excellent character, able and tactful she made the parsonage homelike to all who came within its precincts. She made and held many friends, while his work in the pulpit and out of it was constructive and helpful. Where he obtained the training necessary for the sacred office we have not ascertained.

9. REV. OGDEN HALL was the ninth minister to be called to the Holland Congregational Church. He was educated in the District school of his native town; before he had reached his majority he had qualified as a teacher and was employed as such at Wallingford and New Haven, Conn., as well as at Natick, Walpole and Barnstable, Mass.

In 1848, he gave up teaching for a time and located at New Haven, Conn. Was one of the first, if not the first, in New England to engage in the making of pictures by the Deguerreotype process. About 1850, he started manufacturing Deguerreotype cases and found employment for about 180 persons.

About 1854, he removed to Worcester, Mass., and in 1856 was principal of the Nichols Academy at Dudley, Mass. It was while there that he completed his studies and was licensed as a minister by a Conference of churches at North Brookfield, Mass.

His first pastorate was at Granville, Mass., from there he went to East Hartland, Conn., and it was after a pastorate at Poquonock, Conn., of about two years, that he was called,

in the early summer of 1862, to Holland and remained until the last of August, 1864. At time of his death, May 6, 1872, he was living at Chatham, Mass.

Rev. Ogden Hall was born in Wallingford, Conn., September 13, 1815. His parents were Deacon Josiah and Martha R. Hall, both were lineal descendents in the 4th and 5th generation of John Hall of Boston-New Haven-Wallingford, Conn., who died at Wallingford in 1676.

Three of the sons of John Hall senior,—John, Thomas and Samuel,—signed the 1669-70 Wallingford Plantation Covenant. Deacon Josiah Hall was a descendent of Thomas, and Martha R. of Samuel. Her father was a brother of Rev. Lyman Hall, M.D., who entered Yale College when he was but 16 years old; he graduated in 1747; Pastor of First Congregational Church of Bridgeport in 1749; practicing medicine at Dorchester, S. C., in 1752, and with about 40 New England families, the same year, founded the town of Sunbury near the mouth of the Medway river, Parish of St. John, Province of Georgia, and where he was a very successful physician.

In March, 1775, the Parish of St. John voted to wait no longer for the Province to act as a colony, and sent Dr. Hall to represent them in the General Congress at Philadelphia, May 13, 1775, he was admitted to a seat, but not to a vote, when Congress voted by Colonies. In May 1776, Dr. Hall presented his credentials as a delegate of the Georgia Colony; he at once took an active part in support of the motion of Hon. Richard Henry Lee of Virginia, for Independence and voted for it on July 4, 1776, the day it was signed by John Hancock of Massachusetts, the President of Congress, and with his name alone it was first sent forth to the world. After the Declaration, had by order of Congress been engrossed upon the journals of Congress, Dr. Hall was one of the fifty-five who on August 2, 1776, signed the engrossed Declaration that the thirteen colonies

were free and independent states. Dr. Hall remained in Congress until 1780. When the Georgia Constitutional Convention met in 1784, he was appointed Governor of the state of Georgia.

Rev. Ogden Hall was twice married. His first wife was Miss Harriet, daughter of Lieut. Josiah and Sally Walker of Natick, Mass., and a lineal descendent of Samuel Walker, the Woburn courier. By her there were six children. His second wife was Miss Martha Custer, daughter of Capt. Isaiah and Nancy Howes of Dennis; by her there were four children. By his son J. Brainerd Hall.

10. REV. ALDEN SOUTHWORTH, A. M., was born at Thetford Vt., Nov. 4, 1809. He spent a year at Harvard College and then went to Dartmouth College from which he graduated in 1840. Then he entered Bangor Theological Seminary from which he graduated in 1843. He taught school at Woodstock, Conn., and from the record of his life must have been an early pioneer to California, '49-'53. He was back in Woodstock in 1856, and so far as known, made his home there until he began preaching for Holland Church in 1864 and was ordained May 3, 1865. His pastorate terminated in 1868, after which he resided in Woodstock until his death. He died at South Woodstock, Feb. 7, 1889.

11. DANIEL J. BLISS, son of Samuel Hopkins Bliss and Lucy Hitchcock, was born in Warren, Mass., near the Brimfield line, Oct. 21, 1833. His early days were spent on the farm, until he became interested in the work of the church and made up his mind to get an education which would make it possible for him to preach the gospel. He was fitted for college at the Kimball Union Academy in Meriden, N. H., and graduated at Amherst College in 1858 and at Andover Seminary in 1861.

He was ordained by the Andover Association at North Andover, Feb. 12, 1861; but the Civil War called him away from the work upon which he had set his heart.

He was enrolled in the 34th regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers, July 31, 1862, and mustered out of the service, June 27, 1865. He was wounded in the battle of the New Market, Sunday, May 15, 1864,—the first battle his regiment was in. He wrote an interesting description of his army life in a lecture entitled, "Up and Down the Shenandoah," which he used as a lecture at various times, but never printed.

After the war he stayed at home with his father and took charge of the farm until 1867, when he entered the service of the Congregational churches as minister and pastor. He was married April 20, 1866 to Seraph A. Bemis of Warren. The official record of his work for the churches, as prepared by his son for the Congregational year-book of 1904, runs as follows: Pastor at Triangle, N. Y., Oct. 15, 1867 to April 1, 1868; Holland, Mass., May 1, 1868, installed there Dec. 9, 1868, dismissed May 9, 1874; Hamilton, Minn., January to March, 1875; Peru, Mass., Dec. 25, 1875 to April 1, 1880; Harperfield, N. Y., April 24, 1880 to April 12, 1884; Abington, Conn., May 1, 1884 to May 1, 1890; Lebanon, Conn., Exeter church, Sept. 1, 1890 to Jan. 7, 1901. At that time he was obliged to give up his work on account of failing health, and moved to Hockanum, in East Hartford, Conn., where he made his home until his death, April 30, 1903. He fell a victim to the world-wide scourge of cancer, in spite of the X-rays, and the resources of St Luke's Hospital on Morningside Heights in New York City, both of which afforded temporary relief, and the constant care of his devoted classmate, Dr. Horace Fuller, then alive in Hartford.

The fact of his residence in East Hartford at the time was one of circumstances responsible for the coming of his son Charles to Hartford to finish his Seminary course, after four

years work as professor of Experimental Psychology in New York University. This son is now pastor of the Congregational church in Hampden, Mass., where he has been livng with his mother and two sisters, Seraph and Alice, for the past ten years. He is Scribe of the Congregational churches of Hampden county, with an interest in all of them—and is working away on the problems of Psychology which concern the work of the churches. *By his son, Rev. C. B. Bliss.*

12. REV. J. W. C. PIKE assumed charge of Holland church in the fall of 1874, and his labors ended July 1, 1877. He is represented as a good man and desirous of doing good but his home life was unpleasant due to the demands made upon his slender salary, so tradition says. He is represented as a man of family, and that Holland was his last pastorate. Where he obtained the training needful to the pastoral office we have not been able to discover. Tradition has it that he did not live long after his pastorate in Holland terminated.

13. REV. SOLOMON BIXBY, pastor of the church in Holland from 1877 to 1889, was born in Norridgewock, Me. Dec. 9, 1821, the oldest son of Dea. Rufus Bixby, and the second child in a family of fourteen children. He was a direct descendant of Joseph Bixby of Boxford, Mass., who was one of the early emigrants to Massachusetts from England coming to this country in 1638.

He was a graduate of Waterville College now Colby University graduating in 1849. He was a classmate of Rev. S. A. Dennen, Hon. Mark Dunnell of Minnesota and Prof. Mitchell of the University of Louisana. It was a class of exceptional men, and was long known in college as the "immortal class of '49."

He graduated from Bangor Theological Seminary in June 1852, and settled at once in Henduskey, Me. He married Oct. 11th of the same year, Miss Mary H. Peet, youngest daughter

of Rev. Josiah Peet who was pastor of the Congregational church in Norridgewock, Me., nearly forty years, his only charge. She died in Holland June 20, 1889, after which he resigned his pastorate there.

He was a faithful, earnest and efficient minister of the gospel, fearless in preaching his views of right even if somewhat in advance of his times.

He held various pastorates in Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts, for about forty years, coming to Holland from Petersham, Mass., where he labored until the death of his wife.

He afterward preached in Horsley, Mass., for a year or two, until blindness compelled his retirement from his beloved work. He was totally blind his last year of life, but cheerful and resigned, retaining an active interest in all that was going on in the world, but waiting with patience the call to the life beyond.

He died April 28, 1900 aged 78 years and four months.—*By his son, J. P. Bixby, M.D., Woburn, Mass.*

14. We are called upon here to record the unfortunate fate of one of Holland's pastors who was burned to death in the Weeks House, Palmer, Mass. Aug. 3, 1891. The Palmer Journal of Aug. 7, 1891, furnishes us with the best biographical sketch of anything available.

"The body of Rev. Francis F. Williams was found about 8:00 o'clock in the ruins just inside the stone step which had led to the front entrance. It was horribly burned and disfigured, only the trunk remaining. It is not known why he was not saved, as he was called with the rest, and got up but the probability is that he remained too long to dress and the hall became so full of smoke that he was suffocated in trying to find his way to the second floor balcony, being overcome just as he had almost reached the air. He was a Congregational

minister and had recently preached at Holland, but was not in good health and was resting from his labors. He was 67 years old, of a retiring disposition, and made few acquaintances. The remains were taken care of by undertaker Cooms, and Monday night were taken to Kennebunk, Me., by his brother Henry Williams of Boston. Mr. Williams was born at Kennebunk, Me., in 1824, and was graduated from Bowdoin College in 1845, going from there to the Theological Institute of Conn., at East Windsor Hill, now the Hartford Theological Seminary, where he graduated in the class of 1851. Mr. Williams first preached at Milton, Conn., and was ordained pastor of the second Congregational church at Manchester, Dec. 7, 1853, being dismissed in January 1856. From that time till June 1864 he was acting pastor of the churches at Gilead and Shelman, Conn., Rochdale and Scituate, Mass., and Westminster, Conn. From Nov. 1864 to July 1865 he was on duty with the army as a member of the Christian Commission. Subsequently he was acting pastor at East Marshfield, Mass., Lacon, and other towns in Illinios till 1874, after which he preached at Boyleston and Assonet, Mass.

For a time he lived at No. 40 Upton St., Boston, and in 1890 was installed as pastor of the church at Holland. So far as is known Mr. Williams never married, no mention being made of his family in the brief autobiography of him which appears in the Alumni records of Hartford Seminary. He was the author of several published sermons and reviews in quarterlies." (*Favor of Mr. O. P. Allen of Palmer, July* 8, 1914.)

The records of the church at Holland show that Mr. Williams was pastor there about a year.

15. REV. OSCAR BISSELL was born December 20, 1822 in Litchfield, Conn. On his father's side it is probable that he was of Huguenot ancestry. He prepared for college in the district and private schools of his native town, and graduated from Yale College in the class of 1849, being a classmate of

ex-president Timothy Dwight of Yale and ex-president Franklin Fiske of Chicago Theological Seminary. Mr. Bissell graduated from the East Windsor Theological Seminary, which is now Hartford Theological Seminary in 1853. His first pastorates were in Westmoreland and Dublin, N. H., where he preached for about nine years. He next preached in Warwick, Mass., and Ellsworth, Conn., spending about a year in each place. He was pastor in Marlboro, Conn., from 1871 to 1877. From there he went to Westford, Conn., where he remained for thirteen years, his longest pastorate. His last pastorate was in Holland, Mass., from 1890 to 1896. After leaving Holland, he settled in Brimfield, Mass., on a small farm where he died Jan. 16, 1910. He was twice married, first to Miss Alma Cole of Westmoreland, N. H., May 8, 1860. Mrs. Bissell and an infant daughter Alma died in 1867. He married Miss Augusta M. Ward of Warwick, Mass., Nov. 1, 1869, by whom he had three children, Frederick, William F. and Alma W. His son Rev. William F. Bissell is now pastor of the church in Vershire, Vermont. In memory of his father, he has this year published a small volume of his father's best sermons. By his son, Rev. Wm. F. Bissell.

16. REV. JOSIAH G. WILLIS is a native of Enfield, Hartford County, Conn. His parents lived in Springfield when he was a child. He acquired his early education in several of the public schools of that city and in schools in other places. Having a passion for writing he spent many vacations in the editorial departments of several daily and weekly newspapers, reporting for prominent papers, while preparing for professional life. One of his poems, called "Golden Rule Religion," appears in a book called "the Poets of Essex County." Being converted he was called of God to the sacred office of the ministry and entered the Divinity School of Harvard University in 1869. He was graduated

from that institution in 1872. The autumn of the same year he entered the Theological Seminary in Hartford, Conn., where he pursued special studies, graduating with said class in May 1873. He received his license to preach the gospel from the Suffolk North Association in Boston in 1871. His first public sermon afterwards was preached in the historic Old South Church in Boston, of which the late Rev. George Blagden was then pastor. Mr. Willis was ordained as pastor of the Congregational church Guildhall, Essex County, Vt., Oct. 10, 1876. He labored as pastor of Congregational churches in Connecticut and Massachusetts and did some mission service in New York state. He is registered, possessing a practioner's certificate, a physician of the regular system of medicine from the Mass. board of registration. For many years he has been a member of the Hampden Association of ministers.

Holland was his last pastoral charge. He began his duties there in April 1896 having come from the care of the church in Dana. His pastorate of the Holland church ended in the spring of 1905, and in November of the same year he moved to Wilbraham Centre, where Mr. and Mrs. Willis now have their home; an affection of the eyes compelling relinquishment of all active work. Autobiography.

17. REV. SAMUEL EATON was pastor of Brimfield church when he was invited to serve as pastor of the Holland church also. His preparation for the ministry was largely obtained under the guidance of private instructors, some in England and some in America, his mother was English. He received his degrees from Oskaloosa, Iowa. His knowledge of Latin, Greek, and Hebrew was obtained under private tutors. Both churches regarded him as a sincere and efficient pastor. Autobiography.

18. REV. JOHN COLEMAN HALL was born in Washington, Knox County, Maine, March 19, 1859. On his mother's

side he is descended from the Colemans, Howes, and Winslows, of early Massachusetts families. On his father's side he belongs to the famous Dover line of Halls. At the age of twelve he entered the public schools of Bangor, where he was fitted for Bowdoin College, entering in the autumn of 1880, he became a member of the class of 1884. Owing to ill health he was obliged to abandon study for one year, graduating in June 1885. Many of his classmates have become famous in their chosen work. Only one beside Mr. Hall chose the ministry. After graduating Mr. Hall taught as principal of a school in Minnesota and again in Indiana where his scholarly tastes and thorough training gave him a reputation. But his choice of work was the ministry. With preliminary study in Hebrew under Dr. W. R. Harper, and in Greek with Rev. W. H. Bushnell, he entered the middle class of Bangor Theological Seminary and graduated in 1889. Since graduating, Mr. Hall, beside doing pastoral work, has continued his Hebrew and Greek studies, being an earnest advocate of all that is good. In 1902 he was called to be pastor of Bethany Congregational Church, South Portland,Maine. Not feeling equal, on account of health, to so exacting a work, he declined, and accepted a call to the Congregational church of Sturbridge, Mass. Here as pastor in a rural town he served nine years. It was while pastor of the Sturbridge church that he filled the pulpit of the Holland Congregational church. His sermons, as models of lucid reasoning and scholarly thought, are still remembered. Bowdoin College has honored Rev. John Coleman Hall with the following degrees. A. B. 1885. A. M. 1889. Bangor Theological Seminary B. D. 1913.

19. REV. FRANCIS S. CHILD, was the fourth child and only son of Prof. Francis James Child, Ph.D., A.M., LL.D. and Elizabeth Ellery Sedwick, his wife. Francis S. Child received his elementary instruction in private schools. His advanced

studies were pursued at Harvard University, Lawrence Scientific School and Bussey Institute. Twenty years a charity specialist, ten years in the ministry as supply and pastor, author of articles on Boys' Clubs, child saving, charities and correction and church work. Now pastor of First Congregational church, Griswold, Conn.

20. REV. MARTIN LOVERING was born at Harvard, Mass., Aug. 15, 1853. His parents were Jonas Lovering born in Sudbury, Mass. 1807 and Rebecca Hildreth (Lovejoy) Lovering born in Andover, Mass. 1814. Mr. Lovering received the elements of his education in the public schools of his native town. Subsequently he attended Lawrence Academy, Groton, Mass., Appleton Academy, New Ipswich, N. H., from which he graduated in 1877. From thence he attended Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. one year, graduating in June 1878, with the centennial class of that institution.

He entered Yale College in Sept. 1878 and graduated with his class in 1882, maintaining a creditable scholarship and drawing the regular A. B. degree.

He then devoted himself to teaching, serving as instructor in Treemount Seminary, Norristown, Pa., and as principal in the public schools of New York state, and for five years was dean of Talladega College, Talladega, Ala. It was during his period of service in that institution that it became a college in *fact* as well as in name, granting the A. B. degree to students who successfully completed the collegiate course. Mr. Lovering was instructor in Latin as well as dean and the last year had full charge of all work in that language. In 1896 his health demanded a rest for a year, at the expiration of which he began teaching again in the public schools of New York state. In 1910 he applied to the Woburn Conference of Congregational clergymen for license to preach and was examined and

accepted Sept. 6, 1910. The Lowell Courier Citizen speaks of him as follows:

The Woburn Association of Congregational Ministers held an interesting meeting in Boston on Tuesday, Sept. 6. Martin Lovering, who for many years has desired to enter upon the work of the gospel ministry, but who has been prevented by circumstances from so doing, applied to the association for a license to preach. The applicant gave a clear, concise statement of his reasons for desiring to enter upon the work of the ministry, and of his belief in the fundamental principles of Christianity.

After due deliberation in executive session, the association voted unanimously to grant Mr. Lovering the license requested. The members extended to him a hearty welcome into the ranks of the ministry, and expressed the hope that God will prosper him in the great work which he is about to take up.

Mr. Lovering was graduated from Yale University in 1882. For 17 years he was a successful teacher in several institutions of learning; and, as a professor and dean in Talladega college, he rendered efficient service. During his six years' residence in Carlisle, he has constantly endeavored to use his influence for the right. As a member of the school committee he has rendered the town valuable service. He will be much missed by his many friends, but they wish him success in the new life of usefulness upon which he is entering. Mr. Lovering will enter at once upon his work as a minister of the gospel.

He received a call to become pastor of Holland Congregational Church, Holland, Mass., to begin Jan. 1, 1911 which he accepted. He resigned his pastorate Nov. 1, 1913. He received a call to the Congregational Church, Scotland, Conn., call to begin Feb. 1, 1914, which he accepted and is now at work there.

Deacons of Holland Congregational Church
and date of election of each.

1.	Humphrey Cram	Jan. 16, 1766
2.	Moses Lyon	Jan. 16, 1766

3.	James Frizell	Oct. 25, 1768
4.	Sherebiah Ballard	May 20, 1779
5.	David Wallis	Sept. 24, 1787
6.	Samuel Webber	Sept. 4, 1794.
7.	James A. Lynn	Dec. 12, 1818
8.	Horace Wallis	May 16, 1841
9.	Benjamin F. Wilson	Feb. 17, 1848
10.	William A. Webber	Mar. 5, 1863
11.	William H. Harris	Mar. 5, 1863
12.	George L. Webber	April 7, 1881
13.	Freeman B. Blodgett	Jan. 4, 1890
14.	Wallace P. Moore	Mar. 7, 1907

DEA. HUMPHREY CRAM. From the state archives we learn that Holland began to be settled as early as 1720. Blodgett, Lyon, Holloway, Belknap, Cram, Nelson, Bond, are the names given as early settlers. By an old deed in Worcester we learn that he bought of Thomas Lechmere about 800 or 900 A. more or less, for forty-one pounds four shillings, lawful money of the province. Date 1759. A rude plan of the purchase is also given. Mr. Lyman Moore of Union, Conn. thinks that Humphrey Cram lived where Nehemiah May lived. But when the old road was laid out (1759) from Nehemiah May's to Benjamin Perrin's the wording shows that Nehemiah May was then living there, March 12, 1759. We think that he lived in S. W. district where Jonathan Cram lived later. The history of Union states that when the church at Union was to be dedicated 1741 Humphrey Cram was asked to offer prayer, but James McNall objected, declaring that no man not a landholder in Connecticut should have that honor Humphrey Cram evidently had a claim and a home on it prior to the above purchase and that it was in Massachusetts just over the line. When the church above Dr. Dean's was organized 1765, he was elected deacon Jan. 16, 1766 with Moses Lyon. He had served his country in the French and Indian War, 1755, and that he served the church well is proved by the progress made

and the loyal support of the pastor. When he died we do not know. But his wife Hannah died Jan. 17, 1776, aged 66. Jonathan Cram is listed as a resident of the southwest district 1783, a son to Dea. Humphrey Cram. Sarah Cram who married Lt. John Rosebrooks was a daughter. (*See Genealogy.*)

2. DEA. MOSES LYON was born Feb. 14, 1737, son to Ebenezer and Rebekah (Throop) Lyon. When Brimfield church was seated 1757, he was assigned a seat in the northwest corner. His wife was received into the church by profession in 1760, and was dismissed to the church in South Brimfield 1766, probably when her husband was chosen deacon. Moses Lyon was owner of the land east of the road and north of Morgan's Brook (South Meadow Brook), and was owner of "the plain" where the common is now, as is shown in the effort to get the church built there 1763. His son Ethelbert was a Revolutionary patriot and father to Col. Alfred Lyon, prominent in Holland's early history. Dea. Moses Lyon served his God and the church well. When he died we do not know. James Frizell was the next man to be chosen Oct. 25, 1768.

3. DEACON JAMES FRIZELL, elected 1768, bought his homestead of the Winthrop heirs and was a pioneer settler, coming from Woodstock, Conn. His land lay east of Siog Lake, and its position shows that it must have been the homestead south of where Mrs. Freeman Blodgett now lives. He was not a soldier in the French and Indian War but Samuel Frizell (probobly a brother) is found in Brimfield's quota for 1760. He evidently had a family, for the name is persistent in the town's history but historical facts are meager. He died Jan. 24, 1813, aged 82. His wife Mary died 1824, aged 87. Hannah Frizell was a witness to Rev. Ezra Reeve's will. The Frizell's are a very old family of Woodstock. (*See genealogy.*)

4. DEA. SHEREBIAH BALLARD was elected to that office May 20, 1779. He was town clerk of So. Brimfield in

1778. He does not appear as holding any of the important town offices and yet his name is mentioned among those doing the work of the town. A Sherebiah Ballard is mentioned on a muster roll of the Revolutionary War and as coming from Western (now Warren) and a Sherebiah Ballard Jr., is found also in Capt. Walbridge's Company, Col. Brewer's Regiment, John Ballard too, Capt. Webb's Co. When he resided in Holland, he lived on the place now owned by Charles Adams. When he sold out, he sold to Alfred Lyon. The earliest record of him as being of So. Brimfield is 1777. He probably came to So. Brimfield soon after his return from the war.

He was elected deacon of the church when the country was convulsed by the Revolution, but the church evidently kept its hold on the interest of the people and maintained its power, and grew in the people's affections, as well as in numbers to its roll by the ministries of pastor Reeve.

5. DEA. DAVID WALLIS was elected to that office Sept. 24, 1787. Being brought to the town as an infant in his mother's arms as told by the family genealogist and spending his boyhood and young manhood days near the lakes and stream that then fairly swarmed with fine fish and the forest with game, it is no wonder that his young heart should respond to the tender memories of home, and that in his manhood days he should be a patriot of his country, loyal and true to the noblest sentiments of our social and civic life. When he was brought to his grandfather's house, the country was in the stress of the French and Indian War. If he was brought there in 1755 as some say, he was brought there the very year his grandfather was away. When the Revolutionary war broke out he was a young man and we find him enrolled in Capt. Nehemiah May's Company 1777 from Brimfield for service at Crown Point. We may rest assured that his duty as a soldier was performed with the fidelity that marked all his subsequent

labors. He became a taxpayer of South Brimfield in 1782, perhaps earlier, and it is noteworthy that he married Persis Rosebrooks that year, and established a home on the estate of his grandfather. His grandfather had been an interested party in having the church established on the hill north of Bugbee Tavern (Henry Curtis place), and we may feel assured that he was an interested party in the division of South Brimfield and the formation of the district Holland.

When Holland was incorporated 1783, he was a young man just married; but we soon find him serving the public. Elected deacon in 1787, he was elected selectman 1788, serving for twelve years but not consecutively. He was moderator of the annual town meeting eight times; of special town meetings twenty-five times, town clerk twice, school committee nine times, and represented Holland and South Brimfield in 1806, at General Court. He was equally efficient in church work and we doubt not that pastor Reeve found in him a man of sound judgment, a warm-hearted friend, a sincere christian. This is attested by his hearty support and work on various committees, especially that of 1822 when a fund was raised which was used to build the parsonage; notice also his work at the death of his pastor in the memorial to his worth 1818.

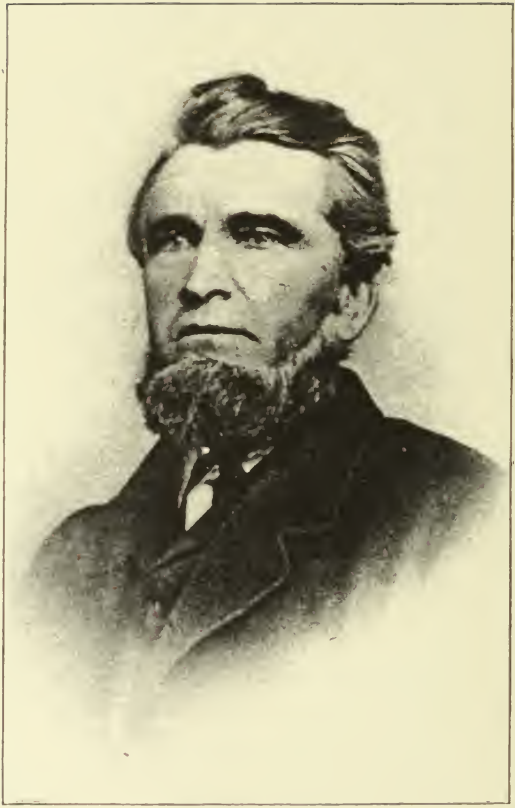
Here is a type of public servant worthy of imitation. He was the father of ten children, five sons and five daughters, whose names and work are written in all the varied activity of municipal life. Dea. David Wallis died July 11, 1843, aged 85, and the emblem of the country he helped to found, and which he loved and served so faithfully waves over his grave. (*See Wallis Genealogy.*)

6. DEA. SAMUELL WEBBER was born July 18, 1736, son of Trenance Webber. We find his name on the muster roll also of soldiers in the French and Indian War, 1758 being the year of his service. He married in 1760, Mehitable Frizell.

Elected deacon 1794 the riper years of his life, it reveals the confidence with which he was held when, 1803, he was elected town treasurer, and held that office five years, four of them in succession. He also served the district as school committee. His name is frequently met in the varied affairs of town life, and being elected deacon in the constructive period of the church's life after its removal to the plain, we conclude that his work was helpful and formative in church and town life, just the same as his patriotic service had tended toward the same result in our state and national life, he also was representative to General Court in 1821.

7. DEA. JAMES A. LYNN became owner of the Rinaldo Webber homestead (where Mr. Thomas Kelley has 1914 recently bought), the deed bearing date April 13, 1803. This was a few days after his marriage to Jerusha Allen, daughter of Abel Allen. He was town treasurer for 1813, moderator of annual town meetings 1816-17, and of special town meetings 1814-'23-'31. Town clerk 1809-'11-'12-'13. He served also repeatedly on the school committee; other town business proves the public regard in which he was held. Elected deacon Dec. 12, 1818, his period of service was in a trying period of the church's existence, and judging from his work as a member of various committees having important church business to do he was an efficient church officer. He died 1839, about 65. (*See Lynn Genealogy.*)

8. DEA. HORACE WALLIS was born April 14, 1796, son to Dea. David Wallis. He had the benefits of a christian home and christian parentage under tutelage of a father possessed of many gifts. His home was on the ancestral estate, now the home of Mr. Morse, and made, we judge, a good farmer. But his activities were not confined to his home. He was Capt. of Militia in his early days, when he was married by Rev. John M. Hunt to Calista Wood in 1823, Oct. 16. His name is frequently met with in the annals of the town, holding various



WILLIAM A. WEBBER

town offices, being sent to the legislature 1841. It was also the year in which he was elected deacon. He had a very retentative memory as is attested by historians frequently consulting him upon local history. He died June 15, 1886, leaving a record of extensive and varied service in behalf of the town.

9. DEA. BENJAMIN F. WILSON was elected to that office Feb. 17, 1848. The church roll of 1842 does not contain his name. He was appointed on an important committee in 1846, and was selectman in 1851, besides holding other offices. He has the credit of building the house where Mr. Fred Blodgett now lives. Tradition has it that he did not work well with the people of the church and finally sold his place and left town. He does not appear as connected with the church in any way when the church was built 1858.

10. DEA. WILLIAM AINSWORTH WEBBER was elected to that office March 5, 1865. A sketch of his life has been prepared by his daughter, Mrs. Ellen M. Webber, which we gladly submit to our readers.

William Ainsworth Webber was born at Holland, Mass., June 24, 1818. At the age of thirteen he joined the Congregational Church and lived a consistent life for half a century, officiating as deacon during the last fifteen years. His influence as instructor and friend of the young was inestimable. He filled positions of trust in the town and county of which he was a life long resident. March 19, 1843, he married Sarah Damon, a lady greatly esteemed for her many virtues, her maternal grandmother, Lucy Alden, was sixth generation from John and Priscilla who were rendered immortal by the poet, Longfellow; she died Jan. 4, 1868. Mr. Webber married Josephine H. Church, of Wales, Mass., Nov. 1870. Mrs. Church was of irreproachable character and seemed eminently fitted to be the helpmate of such a man as Mr. Webber. An obituary

notice in the Springfield Republican, reads thus:— Dea. William A. Webber who died in Holland on the thirteenth at the age of 62, was in many respects a notable man. He was a wise and judicious councilor and his advice and presence were always welcome of a cheerful and happy temperament, his sympathetic nature made him always ready to assist in bearing others' burdens. His was a forcible illustration of the apostolic injunction "Not slothful in business, fervent in spirit, serving the Lord." His death is a serious loss to the town as well as to the church, and is a grievous affliction to his family, who have in their great sorrow the sympathy of the community where Dea. Webber's life has left a fragrant and grateful memory. He was succeeded by his son, Wm. L. Webber, who was a notable and worthy man, and assumed the many duties his father left as a legacy to a son in every way worthy of such a trust. Dea. William A. Webber died March 13, 1881. William L. Webber, the son, died Sept. 1, 1905. These lines were oft repeated by Wm. A. Webber, my father. They fitted his case and he loved the lines.

I live for those who love me.
Whose hearts are kind and true;
For the heaven that smiles above me
And awaits my spirit, too;
For all human ties that bind me.
For the bright hopes left behind me
For the task by God assigned me.
And the good that I can do.

I live to learn their story,
Who've suffered for my sake;
To emulate their glory,
And follow in their wake;
Bards, patriots, martyrs, sages,
The noble of all ages,
Whose deeds crown history's pages
And time's great volume make.

I live to hold communion
With all that is divine,
To feel there is a union
'Twixt nature's heart and mine;
To profit by affliction
Reap truths from fields of fiction.
Grow wiser from conviction,
And fulfill each grand design.

I live to hail that season
By gifted minds foretold,
When men shall live by reason
And not alone for gold;
When man to man united,
And any wrong thing righted,
The whole earth shall be lighted
As Eden was of old.

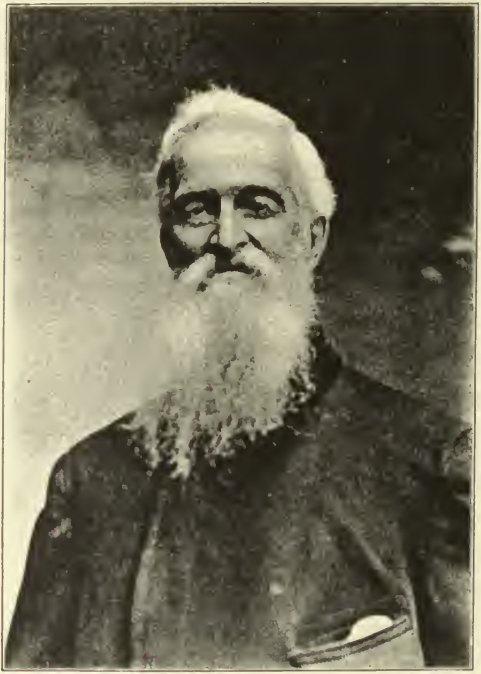
I live for those who love me,
For those who know me true,
For the heaven that smiles above me,
And awaits my spirit too;
For the cause that lacks assistance
For the wrong that needs resistance
For the future in the distance
And the good that I can do.

11. DEA. WM. H. HARRIS was born in Oxford, Mass. He moved with his parents to Holland where he married Augusta, daughter of Gardner and Elvira Wallace. He settled upon the farm owned by his wife's fathers, which is the farm now owned by Mr. Chas. Wells in the south part of the town. He managed the farm quite successfully, and taught school winters sometimes. He held various town offices, and was a member of the church for years before he was elected deacon. He was created deacon March 5, 1863. He had one daughter Adelle E. He died at the age of 84 years. (*By Newton Wallace.*)

12. DEA. GEORGE LIVINGSTONE WEBBER was born in Holland, Nov. 8, 1821 in the house where he lived throughout his life. His parents were Adolphus and Annis Webber. He was educated in the schools of his native town and when twenty-one years of age learned the wheelwright trade which he followed for thirty years. His shop was located on his home place. The last twenty-five years of his life were devoted to caring for his farm. In 1851 he married Sarah Streeter of Sturbridge. They became acquainted while he was serving on the school committee and she was teaching one of the local schools. Eight children were born to them, of whom three, Eugene Mason, Nellie Rebecca, and Herbert Livingstone died in infancy and one Ella Sarah in her sixteenth year. Four daughters, Mrs. Flora N. Hunt, Mrs. Fannie O. Cowan, Mrs. Ada E. Wallis and Miss Edith G. Webber are now living. His wife died Feb. 12, 1913.

He was closely identified with church activities throughout his life. He helped support it and served as deacon of the Holland Congregational Church and superintendent of its Sunday school. He held nearly all of the important town offices during fifty years of practically uninterrupted service. In 1870 he represented his district in the General Court. He was elected deacon Apr. 7, 1881. His interest in local affairs was maintained until his death, which occurred Nov. 19, 1896. (*By Franklin L. Hunt.*)

We take the privilege of adding an appendix to the foregoing sketch, for that life was grandly supported by the noble woman he had called from the school room, to the school of life with him, to help him bear its burdens and its sorrows, to share its joys and successes. Those who recall her pleasant winsome ways in home and church life, unitedly bear testimony to the value of her life as a power in her home and in the community. Not every young lady would give up what



DEA. FREEMAN B. BLODGETT

she did of future promise and hope, and humbly, patiently, take up the toil and retirement of farm life, make a home for herself and those she loved, and with the years win her way into the hearts of all about her, and make easier the road to success for her husband. Patiently and unconsciously she did it. Her labor yielded happiness and success to both, "and her works still follow her." We have recently been called upon to mourn her death. She rests among those whom she loved and served. (*By the Historian.*)

13. FREEMAN B. BLODGETT, son of Edward and Miranda (Pierce) Blodgett was born in Holland Mar. 27, 1831, and died Mar. 18, 1909, having always lived in town; the last fifty-three years of his life in the house which he bought in 1856, and situated south of what was formerly Fuller's factory village, and near where the northeast schoolhouse was situated.

He attended the public schools of the town, a private school and Monson Academy. He began to teach when a young man, teaching in all the schools of the town and also in Sturbridge, the entire time covering a period of about forty years. The school houses in Holland during most of those years were well filled and the average of the scholars much greater than at present. There are many now living but widely scattered who remember those days in the school-room when under his charge. Also many teachers who will recall his visits to their schools as a member of the committee. He was always deeply interested in the schools as well as everything else connected with Holland. He served as town clerk, town treasurer, selectman, assessor, overseer of the poor, school committee, cemetery commissioner and library trustee, holding most of these offices many years. In 1885 and again in 1895 he took the state census in Holland.

He was very much attached to his native town. In his earlier years tempting offers came to him from other places

which he refused, because of a disinclination to leave his home town. All its hills and valleys, meadows and brooks were familiar to him, for as a boy and young man he engaged to a considerable extent in trapping fur-bearing animals, But later refrained from that work on account of the growing feeling that he could not take the life of anything if it could be avoided. He was always ready to help in every good cause and being young in spirit was a friend of the boys and interested in their sports. When the young men wished to form a debating society he was ready to aid them, taking an interest in the details of the work.

Some of the older people may remember him as connected with the lead mine in Sturbridge, for in his early life he with his father had the contract to work the mines and for several years through the summer and fall months he was engaged there. After a few years it became so dangerous, the mine was abandoned.

He was a republican in politics and a member of the Congregational church, being one of the deacons at the time of his death. He married Miss Laura E. Towne on April 5, 1853, and quietly observed their golden wedding anniversary April 5, 1903. (*By Mrs. Caroline Blodgett Webster.*)

One of Mr. Blodgett's pupils wishes to pay the following slight tribute to his memory and many virtues:

He was a man respected for his moral worth, loyalty to truth and justice, learning and abilities, and for his conduct and example. Those who come after him will know of his public services, of the work he did, of the places he filled in the history of the town; but we also remember, and shall never forget, the honesty of heart and mind, the simplicity and purity of life, the humor, the love of books and sound learning, and, above all, the kindness which never failed and the loyalty which never faltered. We can confidently say, others will come to take up and carry

on the work to which his life was given, but the place which the tried and trusted friend left empty in our hearts cannot again be filled.

DEA. FREEMAN B. BLODGETT was born in Holland March 27, 1831. He was the son of Edward and Comfort Miranda Blodgett, and was one of the best known men the town has produced within the last century. At the early age of three he attended the public school which in those days began the Monday after Thanksgiving. Ferdinand S. Burley taught the school and at its close presented him with a reward of merit, which he has always kept. Later Rev. James Sandford taught a private school, Mr. Blodgett being one of the pupils. Still later he attended Monson Academy. Back in those days the town of Holland, not unlike the neighboring towns, had its school districts, Holland being small in area, had four districts only, the schoolhouses being located as nearly as might be in the four quarters of the town. The districts were the northwest, northeast, southeast, and southwest.

In the fall of 1849 there seemed to be a feeling on the part of the committee that a teacher of considerable ability, physically as well as mentally, was to be desired, and, particularly in the southwest district, as commonly called, the Uriah P. Marcy district. After due deliberation, U. P. Marcy hired Mr. Blodgett to teach the school, paying him the fabulously high price of $15 per month, 26 days constituting a month, and as was customary, he taught every other Saturday. Fifty-four scholars were crowded into that small schoolroom that winter. The other districts having proportionate numbers. A few who attended that winter are Holowell P. Marcy of Palmer, Mrs. C. H. McAllister of East Brimfield, Andrew J. Howlett of Ashford, Conn., and the late Betsey J. Switzer of Holland. Mr. Blodgett taught in after years in all the above mentioned districts, many times in most of them. When taken

into account that he taught in the fall of 1849, teaching almost continually until 1889, a period of 40 years. To attempt a mention of all his pupils cannot well be undertaken. A few however, living in this vicinity are: J. M. and E. B. Drake of Warren, L. M. and L. C. Howlett, H. E. and C. A. Vinton of Holland, Albert Roscius and Chas. Back of Southbridge, J. D. Underwood and Mrs. J. F. Hebard of Sturbridge (now of Holland), the late Luther S. Howlett, brother of L. M. and L. C. Howlett, of Holland, was a particularly interesting pupil, and one of the brightest students ever under Mr. Blodgett's charge.

Mr. Blodgett taught several terms in the town of Sturbridge. Some of the families sending pupils were Gifford, Hookers, Davises, Marcys, Vintons. One secret of his success was in the fact that while he always maintained strict discipline during school hours, he was ever ready, when school was not in session, to engage in any of the sports prevalent in those days. In his early life, in company with his father, he worked in the lead mine situated in the town of Sturbridge. Here he was engaged during the summer months, it being worked only during the summer and fall, from 1848 until the winter of 1853, when accidents frequently occurring, it being so dangerous the mine was abandoned. On April 5, 1853, Mr. Blodgett married Miss Laura E. Towne. Four children were born to them. He is survived by his widow and three children, Mrs. Chas. R. Webster, of Union, Conn., Miss Delia M. and Mr. A. F. Blodgett, of Holland. Mr. Blodgett had held almost every town office, being a man who never sought office, but held it by the will of the people. He voted the republican ticket from the formation of that party and had been secretary of the republican town committee for many years and was holding that office at the time of his death. Since his health failed, he had taken a less active part in town affairs, yet, he was one of the library trustees, cemetery commissioner and one of the overseers of the poor. He was a member of the

Congregational Church and one of the deacons when he died, being elected to that office Jan. 4, 1890. He died Mar. 25, 1909." (*From the Springfield Republican.*)

14. DEA. WALLACE P. MOORE was elected to that office March 7, 1907, and is still serving the church in that office. He is therefore writing his biography in terms of service and that it will be well-written is manifest, for, although he is a resident of Brimfield, he yet attends faithfully to his duties in Holland church, four miles away, whenever the service of a deacon is needed.

CHAPTER XI.

Holland Baptist Church

The town records of Holland from its earliest date show plainly that a few Baptist families in Holland were anxious to establish a church of their own persuasion there. Suits by the Baptists were repeatedly threatened. In one case, suit was actually brought, and the district voted to appoint an agent to defend the suit. Doctor Thomas Wallis and Joseph Bruce were appointed. The matter was settled by the payment of six pounds, two shillings, and nine pence. Denominationalism was very strong then. None of the churches of the Protestant faith considered long the practical question of how two churches were going to be supported in a town where *one* had had a precarious existence, if only a second could get started with likelihood of success. Little real sympathy and no fellowship existed between churches of different denominations. Division of So. Brimfield was inevitable for the mountains geological and the mountains theological would bring it about. Only the tactful policy, ability and worth of Rev. Ezra Reeve kept it from being organized earlier. With him weighed down with years, too feeble for pastoral work, those anxious for a division met less opposition to the plan. It was sure to come, however. Efforts were made for a division of the use of the church on the common, between the Baptists and Congregationalists, allotting to each society its proportional part of the sabbaths in the year, which was at first bitterly opposed but finally a vote was obtained to grant it. It did not heal the difficulty nor prove satisfactory as we shall see.

The most energetic man in this movement as well as the most influential, as we judge, was Benjamin Church. It was at his home where the men interested in forming a Baptist Church first met, April 12, 1817, and he formed one of the

charter members as shown by the list. On the homestead was plenty of lumber and we are informed that Benjamin Church gave *much*, if not *all* of the lumber needed for the church building erected by that organization. At any rate the Baptist church inaugurated a trail of good to the town which widens and lengthens with the flight of years. We give the articles of organization:—

Baptist Church. Articles of Organization.

We, the subscribers, professing ourselves friendly to the Baptists and being desirous to maintain the worship of Almighty God together according to the Baptist faith and order, do on this 12th day of April 1817 hereby form ourselves into a society by the name of the First Baptist Society in Holland, and agree to observe the following articles, viz.

Our annual meetings for the choice of society officers, and transacting society business, are to be held some time in the months of March yearly at some convenient place appointed by the committee.

2. The officers to be chosen are a Moderator, a Clerk, Committees and other officers as may be necessary to take care of the prudentials of the society, warn society meetings, etc.

3. The society when duly warned and met, shall have power to make all suitable rules, votes and regulations that may be necessary or useful for the well-being of said society as these may by their major vote determine and enact—except that this society is in no manner to interfere with or contravene the acts or doings of the church should there be one established and constituted, which by their articles of faith and covenant have the exclusive right and power of voting and acting in especially the choice of ministers or elders for church and society.

4. Said society are not to levy or grant taxes to be collected by force of civil law, nor to make use of such law to extort money from any person or persons unless on a voluntary personal written contract or obligation.

5. It is agreed by this society to be the duty of every member thereof to contribute according to his ability, towards defraying the expenses of the society, as, one ought not to be eased and another burthened; all money contributed as afore-

said for the use of the ministry is to be given into the treasury, and to be given out to such ministers of the Gospel as labor with them in word and doctrine under the direction of the committee.

6. The conditions of membership of this society are a compliance with the foregoing articles, and so long as such member of society adheres to the same and demeans himself a peaceable member of society, he is to be entitled to the privileges thereof.

LIST OF BAPTISTS BY BOOK No. 1.

Samuel Webber
William Wood
Loring Webber
Joshua Barrett
Uriah Marcy
Jonathan Fitz
Jonathan Ladoit
Oshea Webber
Bradley Webber
Stephen Lyon
Benjamin Franklin
Rinaldo Wallis
Sarel Perrin
Elisha Marcy
John Weaver
Lyman Polley
John Anderson
Thomas Gould
Lyman Gould
Elbridge G. Fuller
Samuel Frizell
Ebenezer Lyon
Parley Lyon
Joseph Glazier
Smith Adams
William Webber
Calvin Polley
Benjamin Church
Judah Back
Samuel Church
Willard Weld

Dated Holland Aug. 19, 1817
David B. Dean, Society Clerk.

Holland Aug. 19, 1817.
Registered by
Freeland Wallis,
District Clerk.

The list of charter members gives many of those prominent in the life of the town. They formed an organization as strong in members, wealth, influence, or character as the other. Yet with the feeling for church affiliation as strong as it is today such division would be impossible. Could they have seen into the future only a few years they would, we believe, have desisted. However, great good came of their labor, faith and prayers, and the place became more sacred by reason of

the devout hearts that assembled in the two churches. We give a list of Baptists obtained from the book where early marriages were recorded. Some of these were recorded as Baptists long before Holland Baptist church was organized. But most of them are new members as indicated by date of admission, won to their faith by the power of gospel preaching. The following is a list, many of them early converts.

BAPTISTS. BOOK OF MARRIAGES.

Archelaus Hinds	1784	Asa Williams	1820
John Smalledge	1789	Ebenezer Pike	1820
Humphrey Needham	1789	Andrew Webber	1820
Nehemiah May	1798	William Lumbard	1820
Elam Henry	1807	Cornelius Maloney	1820
Amos Fletcher	1814	(Methodist) of Ware	
Elbridge G. Fuller	1815	Ambrose Perrin	1821
Rineldo Wallis	1816	Henry Allen	1821
Judah Back	1816	Silas Thompson	1821
Nathaniel Conant	1817	Freeland Wallis	1822
Levi Janes	1819	Lyman Stevens	1822
David Marcy	1820	Reuben Stevens	
Baxter Wood	1820	date not given	
Jedediah Healey	1820	Eli Webber	1823
Wright Woodward		Dexter Wood	1823
Elisha Willis	1820	William A. Haynes	1823
Hannah Harwood	1820	Jeremiah Sherman	1823
Lyman Polley	1820	Elizabeth Back	1829

Form of declaration that the person named within attends and contributes to the support of some church other than that of the "standing order."

So. Brimfield, Sept. 3, 1778

This may certify that Mr. Nehemiah May of Holland does attend the public worship of God in this place and does generously support the gospel here.

Elijah Coddington,
Pastor of the church in said
South Brimfield

So. Brimfield, Oct. 27, 1814.

We, the subscribers, certify that Mr. Amos Fletcher of the District of Holland is a member of the religious society in the town of said South Brimfield called Baptist.

Jeremiah Babcock
Shubael Wales } Committee.

This was done to avoid taxation by and for the Congregational church. We have given one of early date and another of later date as interesting facts in connection with church taxation and as related to a petition soon to be given.

BAPTISTS.

From Evart's "History of the Connecticut Valley."

This church was made up of Baptists in Holland, the edge of Sturbridge, So. Brimfield, Southbridge and Thompson. They sent a letter stating that twenty persons wished to form a church, ten brothers and ten sisters, asking them to send their pastors and two or more brothers to sit with them in council on June 25, 1817, at house of Benjamin Church to consult upon said matter. The letter was signed by Samuel Webber and Walter Lyon, committee.

The council convened at time and place specified. A church was organized composed of twenty members and twelve were added during the rest of the year. July 12, 1817, Samuel Webber and Walter Lyon were chosen deacons. The first regular, or settled, pastor was Joseph Glazier, of a Holland family, who was ordained by a council of churches, August 25, 1823. Elder John M. Hunt was admitted a member of the council the same day and had the pastoral care of the church for a time. Sept. 5, 1832, Washington Munger was installed pastor. The church was supplied by John Payne, Linas Austin, and others, but the records do not show that any others were regularly in charge of the church besides Mr. Glazier and Mr. Munger. Amos Babcock was the last to preside over the church. The date of the last entry contained in the records is August

21, 1845. Between that and 1850 (1848 by Copeland's history) the society dissolved. It had included during its existence, 212 members, eighty being probably the highest number connected with it at any one time. The building was erected, 1819-20, and dedicated August 25, 1820. It was 36 x 40 feet. It has, under restrictions, become the town hall and schoolhouse. See those topics.

Petition that support of religion be not compulsory but voluntary.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled.

The subscribers, inhabitants of the town of Holland, beg leave to petition your honorable body that the Constitution of this Commonwealth may be so far altered that religion may be supported by the voluntary contributions of the citizens and not by legal process or compulsion. We would respectfully state the reasons why we think the third article of the Bill of Rights should be annulled;—

First. Religion to be genuine must flow from a right spirit and not from the requirements of men—such requirements we verily believe have a tendency to corrupt and debase men and opens a door for strife and persecution.

Second. Jesus Christ, who came into the world to seek and to save that which was lost, never applied to the civil authority to aid Him in His work, nor has He left any directions to His followers so to do.

Third. Religion will be abundantly supported without human compulsion as to rights and ceremonies. People are willing always liberally to support their own views.

We believe your honorable body on giving this subject your serious consideration will take the measures to bring about the desired alteration in our constitution,—And as in duty bound will ever pray.

Holland, Dec. 19, 1831.

Names of Petitioners

Freeland Wallis	Reuben Stevens
David Marcy	Wright Woodward

E. G. Fuller
Levi Janes
Baxter Wood
Sewall Glazier
Lyman Gould
Edward Blodgett
Louis Shumway
Amasa DeWolf
George M. Glazier
Dexter Janes
Willard Weld
Reuben Underwood
Gardner Wallis
John C. Butterworth
Merrick R. Stevens
Daniel Howard
Zebina Fletcher
Jeremiah Sherman
David B. Dean
Isaac Church
Roswell Blodgett

Few men of whatever shade of Christian belief would dissent now from the views expressed in this petition. That the views of the petitioners were held by a majority of the Senate and House, needs no assertion. Many of the signers to the petition were men who were members or supporters of the Baptist church in Holland, as will be observed by a comparison with pages foregoing. The wisdom and general spirit of this petition is a credit to those who signed it.

We deeply regret that the records of the Baptist church have not been available for our inspection nor have we been able to discover any traces of them. We feel sure that if they were available, they would furnish much valuable historical material.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

1. REV. JOSEPH GLAZIER is spoken of as the first settled pastor the Baptist Church of Holland had. In the list of marriage intentions we find one of Joseph Glazier and Philura Plimpton, said intention was published, April 13, 1817.

This Joseph Glazier is identical with the one that took out the marriage intention, identical with the Joseph Glazier that became a charter member of the Baptist Church. He was ordained pastor of the church Aug. 25, 1823, and had been married about six years. Tradition has it that the house on reser-

voir road was built especially for a parsonage. If so, it was probably for him. How long he was pastor we have not discovered. He went from Holland to Ware. There were other persons of that family name in Holland. He was a young man of good principles and abilities and for that reason was made pastor. Perley Glazier, a soldier in the war of 1812, was a brother to this Joseph. Calvin Glazier was a Holland taxpayer, 1793, and lived in the southeast district (Sand's place) and was father to Joseph and others. (*See Glazier Genealogy.*)

2. REV. WASHINGTON MUNGER was the son of Amasa Munger who was the son of Elnathan Munger who was a brother of Dea. Nathaniel Munger, one of the first settlers of what is now Wales. Dea. Nathaniel Munger lived on the homestead now occupied by Jas. Henry Walker, and when he died, he was buried south of the house but the exact site is lost. Rev. Washington Munger preached in the Holland Baptist Church from 1832 to 1839, being ordained and settled over the church. He was born in Wales (then South Brimfield) Oct. 13, 1800. (*See Gardner's "History of Wales."*) He married Louisa Nichols, daughter of Jacob Nichols of Brimfield, who was born Jan. 13, 1805. Of this marriage there were born in Holland, a son, William in Nov., 1833, who died in 1835 and is buried in Holland cemetery. A son, Charles, born Aug. 1, 1835, who died in Waterford, Conn., Dec., 1908. A daughter, born Jan. 23, 1838, (now Mrs. H. Wales Lines of Meriden, Conn.), she having married June 23, 1861. Of Washington Munger's family of eleven children, four were still living in 1911, three of them in Waterford, Conn., Wm. S. Munger, Mrs. L. E. Matthews, Mrs. A. P. Daniels. "Priest Munger" as he was affectionately called here, added to his pastoral duties, that of a schoolmaster and taught the northeast district school when it stood near the cross roads at the foot of the hill below the town hall. He lived in the Baptist parsonage which stood

by the road leading from the cross roads mentioned to the reservoir dam. (No. 53 on the map.) Only a few survive who recall him as a teacher. He is portrayed as a good teacher, stern in discipline, yet naturally kind at heart. As a preacher he was considered fair, of a devout spirit, steadfast faith and earnest of purpose, he did much good. Holland was his first pastorate. We give below a copy of the documents pertaining to his ordination:

The Baptist Church in Wales to the Baptist Church in Holland,

Dear Brethen:

I. This may certify that Brother Washington Munger is a member in good standing in the Baptist Church of Christ in Wales, being impressed that it is his duty to labor, as much as in him lies for the Glory of God and good of souls, we do grant him the liberty in thus doing, where God in his Providence, shall open the door for his usefulness.

Done in, by a vote and in behalf of the church.

Attest: Joseph C. Royce, Church Clerk.

Wales, March 3, 1832.

II. Dear Brethren,

Whereas Brother Washington Munger and his wife, Louisa have requested a letter of commendation to unite with you, they are hereby recommended to you as members in good and regular standing with us, and when united with you and we are informed of the same, we shall consider them dismissed from us.

In behalf of the church,

Joseph C. Royce, Church Clerk.

Wales, Sept. 4, 1832.

III. Copy of Washington Munger's Certificate of Ordination.

This may certify, to that Church it may concern:

That at the ecclesiastical council, held at Holland Sept. 5, 1832, when Elders, Linus Austin, Abiel Fisher, Addison Parker,

and Tubal Wakefield were present, that by them Washington Munger was in Gospel Order set apart to the work of the ministry by a regular ordination.

Walter Lyon, Church Clerk.

Holland, May 1, 1835.

After leaving Holland he had the following pastorates. Stafford, Westford, Ashford, Mystic and Waterford, Conn. He held pastorates almost continuously from 1832 until his death in Waterford July 16, 1873. His wife died Jan. 29, 1892, in Meriden, Conn.

Three children, William, Charles and Sarah (Mrs. Lines) were born in Holland.

We have been informed that he lived in Wales in the "Meadow District," which was settled largely by the Mungers. He belonged to a sturdy race and family. The muster roll of So. Brimfield's revolutionary patriots reveals thirteen men bearing the name Munger, and the records of the town, so far as we have inspected them, prove that men of that name held the confidence of the town and bore an honorable part in its history. From the Munger family of Wales, Rev. T. T. Munger, D.D., sprung, a prominent Congregational clergyman, author and moralist.

We regret that we have not found the material for a biographical sketch of every man of the following list who served as pastor of the Holland Baptist church taken from Evart's "History of the Connecticut Valley."

Baptist ministers:—First settled pastor, Joseph Glazier, Elder John M. Hunt had the pastoral care of it a while, Sept. 5, 1832, Washington Munger was installed pastor. Records do not show that any but Joseph Glazier and Washington Munger were ever installed. John Payne and Linus Austin also had the pastoral care. Amos Babcock was the last to preside over the church. It had 212 members in its existence, eighty

being the largest at any one time. The Baptist Church became defunct, 1848. (Copeland's History.) See topic Town Hall.

The deacons of the Baptist Church were as follows:

SAMUEL WEBBER,
WALTER LYON,
Elected July 12, 1817.

ALVIN GOODELL,
SAMUEL FRIZELL,
Date of election not discovered.

Dea. Alvin Goodell, after the dissolution of the Baptist Society, worshipped with the Congregationalists, and for years was a much loved teacher in the Sunday school and a faithful attendant at church service. His home for years was where Mr. William Morse now lives.

HOLLAND METHODIST CHURCH.

After the church building had ceased to be used as a Baptist Church, it was opened and used as a Methodist church for about three years beginning in 1859. The pastor was Rev. John Carpenter, who is spoken of as a man of fervent piety and earnest in his work, being described as an eloquent and fluent speaker by those who remember him. Lack of support compelled him to desist. He owned the homestead where Benjamin Church had lived, farming and preaching at the same time. Later he kept store for two years near the bridge below the Drake farm. No records of the Methodist Church as an organization are available, nor have we been able to make a list of its members or supporters. That its work and influence was helpful is conceded by all. (*See Carpenter Genealogy.*)

SECRET ORGANIZATIONS.

Humanity Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons was formed in Holland in 1811. It was quite loyally supported;

but who were members of the lodge when it started we have not been able to ascertain. The lodge had its meetings in Holland for about two years, and then, for a larger field and greater usefulness, it was transferred to Brimfield. Supported there for a series of years, its membership as well as its influence gradually diminished. The last meeting, prior to dissolving the organization, was held Jan. 15, 1834.

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY.

Holland has always been a farming community. In a town of such citizenship it would be strange if a society of Grangers was not formed. Such an organization was formed, but lacking support after awhile it disbanded. We have seen no records of the organization.

CHAPTER XII

Vital Statistics

We deeply regret that we cannot go back, in the vital records, to the time when Holland church was organized, 1765. The earliest recorded marriage being in 1781, copied from notes made by pastor Reeve. It is evident that the notes are very incomplete or else that many enteries have been lost. The same is true of the baptisms. But what has been preserved, proved to be of great value in tracing the genealogies, and they have answered many questions of family origin. Many of the families left town early in its history and became lost to memory, and the place removed to for a new home forgotten, a great loss in more senses than one. In some cases it was extremely difficult to read the writing notwithstanding the efforts of the state to renew it.

How vitally important the church or churches of a town are to the town is made evident by the history of this little rural town. The desire for convenient church privileges brought South Brimfield into being and the quarrel over a church site rendered inevitable another division. Holland had her birth then in a church dispute, to say nothing of other contributing causes. To her records we must look not only for those forces that give vitality and direction to its municipal life, but for those vital statistics which are of such deep interest to the posterity of the families mentioned therein, now scattered, not only in the state itself of which they formed a part, but to the various states of our union. Interest is growing in the vital records of towns and it emphasizes the necessity and importance of having them as complete as possible. We give the following chapter on the vital statistics of Holland as being of deep interest to our readers.

Inten.		Married.
	James Fuller Jr. and Molly May, both of So. Brimfield	Apr. 22, 1781
	Jacob Blanchard and Elizabeth Crawford	Apr. 6, 1784
	Rineldo Webber and Elizabeth Belknap	Apr. 8, 1784
	John Paddock and Triphena Barrett	Sept. 14, 1784
	Luke Ballard and Cynthia Janes	Oct. 21, 1784
	Jonathan Ferry and Anna Beal	Aug. 25, 1785
	Joseph Browning and Hannah Munn	Oct. 12, 1785
	Hollowill Perrin and Sybil Bruce	Dec. 1 1785
	Joseph Bruce and Lucy Janes	Dec. 15, 1785
Nov. 27, 1784	Ezra Horton of Union, Conn., and Olive May of Holland	Dec. 15, 1785
Dec. 25, 1785	James Steward of South Brimfield and Sarah How of Holland	Mar. 16, 1786
Feb. 5, 1786	Benjamin Reeve and Rachel Partridge, both of Holland	Mar. 2, 1786
Mar. 12, 1786	John Coats of Pomfret and Prudence Ballard of Holland	Mar. 20, 1786
Mar. 12, 1786	Zechariah Smalledge of Holland and Esther Munger of So. Brimfield	Mar. 30, 1786
Feb. 11, 1787	Ephraim Ballard (?) of Woodstock and Sarah Burnett of Holland	
Feb. 25, 1787	Suel Webber of Holland and Hannah McNeel of Sturbridge	Mar. 20, 1787
Feb. 25, 1787.	Zephaniah Gibbs and Lucinda Janes, both of Holland	Dec. 20, 1787
	Archelaus Hinds and Mary Hem (?), name not legible.	Dec. 1787

Feb.	David Lumbard of Brimfield and Tirzah Anderson of Holland	June 12, 1788
	Andrew Webber of Holland and Sarah Shaw of So. Brimfield	July 24, 1788
Jan. 18, 1789	Ezra Reeve, Jr. and Sarah Rosebrooks, both of Holland	Feb. 5, 1789
Feb. 22, 1789	Daniel Webber of Methuen and Prudence Webber of Holland	Oct. 27, 1789
Mar. 1, 1789	Ebenezer Morris and Rinda May, both of Holland	Mar. 12, 1789
May 7, 1789	Chandler Webber of Holland and Beulah Coy of Brimfield	Aug. 20, 1789
June 14, 1789	Samuel Willard and Polly Willis of South Brimfield	July 9, 1789
Jan. 19, 1790	Asa Thompson and Nancy Gray, both of Holland	Jan. 19, 1790
Feb. 21, 1790	Joseph Fairbanks of Brimfield and Phoebe Paddock of Holland	Oct. 21, 1790
Feb. 21, 1790	Isaiah Dow of Western (Warren) and Jemima Lyon of Holland	
Mar. 7, 1790	Justan Chapman of Monson and Mehitable Webber of Holland	
April 25, 1790	Simeon Munger and Eunice Needham, both of Holland	
June 6, 1790	Daniel Burnett Jr. and Elizabeth Belknap, both of Holland	Feb. 10, 1791
Aug. 8, 1790	Thomas Belknap of Holland and Chloe Lumbard of Brimfield	
Jan. 23, 1791	Asa Darling of Palmer and Susannah Smith of Holland	May 26, 1791
Mar. 20, 1791	Joab Howard (?) of Sturbridge and Anna Paddock of Holland	
Mar. 21, 1791	Solomon Burnett of Holland and Persis Nelson of South Brimfield	
July 3, 1791	John Wallis and Widow Mary Lyon, both of Holland	July 28, 1791

Sept. 25, 1791	Trenance Webber and Elizabeth Anderson, both of Holland	Sept. 25, 1791
Dec. 11, 1791	John Williams and Mary Hinds of Holland	
Jan. 1, 1792	John Rosebrook and Mehetable Reeve, both of Holland	
Mar. 29, 1792	Alfred Wallis and Zeporah Cady, both of Holland	Apr. 26, 1792
Apr. 1, 1792	Moses Bates and Patience Paddock of Holland	
	Ezra Smith and ——— of Brimfield	
Mar. 20, 1792	Asa Marsh of Holland and Parthena Weatherbee of So. Brimfield	
Sept. 30, 1792	Abel Allen Jr. and Experience Parker, both of Holland	
Oct. 7,1792	Edward Adams Jr. of Monson and Sarah Webber of Holland	Nov. 29, 1792
Nov. 4, 1792	Alfred Allen and Luceba Ballard, both of Holland	Nov. 25, 1792
Jan. 6, 1793	Asa Partridge Jr. of Holland and Polly Bates of Brimfield	Mar 21, 1793
Feb. 10, 1793	D.———and Olive Plimpton	
	Eliphalet Janes and Mary Pike	Feb. 21, 1793
	Timothy Anderson of Brimfield and Lurana Partridge of Holland	Mar. 21, 1793
Mar. 20, 1793	Rinaldo Wallis of Holland and Sarah Brooks of Sturbridge	Apr. 21, 1793
May 5, 1793	John Treat of Granvale and Elizabeth Frizell of Holland	
June 23, 1793	Nathan Badger of Holland and Joanna Davis of So. Brimfield	
July 26, 1793	Joseph Browning Esq. of Brimfield and Mary Lynn of Holland	Aug. 21 1793

Sept. 15 1793	David Anderson of Brimfield and Elfreda Belknap of Holland	Nov. 7, 1793
Sept. 22, 1793	Ebenezer Weatherbee of So. Brimfield and Chloe Fay of Holland	
Nov. 17, 1793	Nehemiah May Jr. of Holland and Martha Strong of Union	Jan. 16, 1794
Feb. 23, 1794	Jonathan Ballard of Holland and Sarah Browning of Brimfield	Mar. 2, 1794
	Asarael Perrin and Huldah Goodell, both of Holland	July 25, 1793
April 6, 1794	Benjamin Smith of Holland Margaret Moore of Union	
April 17, 1794	Zuriel May and Hannah Stacy both of Holland	May 18, 1794
May 11, 1794	Stephen Rogers of South Brimfield and Polly Dorrall of Holland	Aug. 28, 1794
Aug. 3, 1794	Elijah Belknap and Thankful Lake, both of Holland	Sept. 7, 1794
	Bradley Webber and Sybil Allen of Sturbridge	Apr. 10, 1794
Nov. 2, 1794	Perez Bradford of Holland and Anna Howard of Woodstock	
Nov. 23, 1794	Joshua Barrett of Monson and Sarah Wallis of Holland	Dec. 21, 1794
April 26, 1795	Isaac Partridge of Holland and Celia Groves of Monson	
Aug. 16, 1795	Reuben Webber and Jerusha Blodgett, both of Holland	
Oct. 18, 1795	Moses Graham and Calista Belknap, both of Holland	Nov. 19, 1795
Mar. 27, 1796	Rufus Chapin and Alice Wallis, both of Holland	
June 26, 1796	Leonard Dexter of Holland and Miriam Howard of Sturbridge	

July 24, 1796	Pliny Polley of Cumberland, R. I., and Elvira Lyon of Holland	
Sept. 11, 1796	John Paddock and Naomi Broughton, both of Holland	
Sept. 18, 1796	Alanson Wallis of Holland and Lucy Hyde of Monson	
April 2, 1797	Thomas Chapman of Ashford, Conn., and Ammarilla Belknap of Holland	Nov. 30, 1797
	Nehemiah Underwood of Woodstock and Polly Shaw of Brimfield	May 19, 1797
Sept. 17, 1797	Ezra Webber of Holland and Kezia Parker of Partridgefield	
Jan. 14, 1798	Amasa Munger of Cazenovia, N. Y. and Sarah Dorrall of Holland	Jan. 22, 1798
Jan. 21, 1798	Amasa Anderson and Lucena Belknap, both of Holland	Mar. 1, 1798
Jan. 21, 1798	Levi Beal and Sarah Marcy, both of Holland	
Feb. 10, 1798	Charles Rosebrook of Lancaster, N. H. and Peggy Reeve of Holland	Feb. 10, 1799
Oct. 28, 1798	Artemas Lane and Lucy Anderson, both of Holland	Nov. 29, 1798
Nov. 11, 1798	Rufus Roode and Rebecca Hiscock, both of Holland	
July 7, 1799	James Marcy Jr. of Holland and Polly Shaw of So. Brimfield	
Jan. 5, 1800	Nathan Bond of Holland and Lavina Needham of So. Brimfield	
May 4, 1800	Amasa DeWolf (Deoulph) of Holland and Susannah Walker of Union	

May 11, 1800	James Browning of Brimfield and Lucinda Smith of Holland	
Nov. 27, 1800	John Anderson of Holland and Polly Wight of South Brimfield	
Oct. 11, 1801	Aaron Graves of Palmer and Rachel Partridge of Holland	Oct. 28, 1801
Oct. 25, 1801	Nicholus Howard and Peggy Sherman, both of Holland	
Nov. 27, 1800	Jacob Thompson of Holland and Hadassa Stone of Monson	
Dec. 1, 1800	William Anderson of Brimfield and Sarah Webber of Holland	
Feb. 21, 1802	Hollowil Perrin of Holland and Elizabeth Nichols of Brimfield	
Apr 4, 1802	Jonathan Lyon of Holland and Hannah Smith of Sturbridge	
Apr 18, 1802	Ebenezer Morse of Holland and Martha Blood of South Brimfield	
May 30, 1802	John Webber of Holland and Betty Parker of Partridgefield	
June 27, 1802	Elisha Webber of Holland and Polly Parker of Sturbridge	
Dec. 26, 1802	Asahel Stacy of Brimfield and Cynthia Wallis of Holland	Feb. 17, 1803
Jan. 16, 1803	Perley Webber of Holland and Polly Wheeler of So. Brimfield	Feb. 5, 1803
Jan. 23, 1803	James Lynn and Jerusha Allen, both of Holland	Apr. 7, 1803
Jan. 30, 1803	Walter Rosebrooks of Holland and Mary Strong of Union	Feb. 17, 1803
April 7, 1803	Silas Henry of Holland and Susannah Fosket of Stafford	May 12, 1803
July 24, 1803	Almarin Janes of Dorchester and Polly Fay of Holland	Dec. 1, 1803

Sept. 18, 1803	James Marcy of Holland and Sarah Flint of Windham	
Nov. 13, 1803	Ezra Allen of Holland and Polly Marcy Needham of So. Brimfield	
Aug. 19, 1804	Zenas Dunton of Sturbridge and Elizabeth Wallis of Holland	Oct. 8, 1804
Sept. 16, 1804	Thomas P. Wallis and Sophia Haynes, both of Holland	Oct. 25, 1804
Sept. 16, 1804	Eliphas Webber of Holland and Susannah Kendrick of Brookfield	Nov. 18, 1804
Sept. 16, 1804	Benjamin Fay and Anna Webber, both of Holland	Nov. 29, 1804
Sept. 23, 1804	Joseph Chafee of Holland and Clarissa Dunham of Brimfield	
Oct. 14, 1804	Stephen Lyon of Holland and Sarah Stephens of Sturbridge	
Jan. 12, 1805	Lemuel Coburn of Sturbridge and Nabby Stratton of Holland	Mar 12, 1805
Feb. 17 1805	Kimball Webber and Sile Taylor, both of Holland	Mar. 28, 1805
Mar. 10, 1805	William Chandler of Monson and Polly Webber of Holland	May 2, 1805
June 2, 1805	Sewell Glazier and Rinda M. Fuller, both of Holland	June 24, 1805
Sept. 22, 1805	William Rosebrooks and Prudence Lyon, both of Holland	Nov. 28, 1805
Sept. 29, 1805	Willard Gould of Charlton and Asenath Bond of Holland	Nov. 28, 1805
Oct. 20, 1805	Daniel Burt Jr. of Brimfield and Eliza Sherman of Holland	Nov. 29, 1805
Dec. 15, 1805	Calvin Morse of Sturbridge and Abigail Webber of Holland	Jan. 26, 1806
Mar. 2, 1806	Alvin Marcy of Woodstock and Betsy Marcy of Holland	Mar 26, 1806
April 3, 1806	Philip Tincom (?) of Stafford and Phoebe Smith of Holland	

Feb. 1, 1807	Thomas P. Wallis of Holland and Kezia Hamant of Sturbridge	
Mar. 15, 1807	Moses Wallis of Holland and Abigail Merrick of Monson	
Sept. 27, 1807	Joshua Barrett of Holland and Lucy Bishop of Brimfield	
Nov. 8, 1807	John Williams and Betsy Smith, both of Holland	Dec. 31, 1807
Jan. 10, 1808	Elisha Marcy of Holland and Lucy Chandler of Monson	
April 24, 1808	Willis Walker of Union and Phoebe Smith of Holland	
May 22, 1808	Noah Butterworth Jr. and Persis Stevens, both of Holland	July 5, 1808
Nov. 16 1808	Benjamin Reeve and Persis Sherman, both of Holland	Oct. 23, 1808
Nov. 15, 1808	Joshua Barrett and Rhoda Polley, both of Holland	Dec. 1, 1808
Feb. 4, 1809	Elisha Willis of So. Brimfield and Amy Harwood of Holland	
April 2, 1809	Ezra Parker and Lucy Webber, both of Holland	June 1, 1809
April 23, 1809	Loring Baker and Lucy Blodgett, both of Holland	
May 21, 1809	Dr. Gideon Kibbe of Holland and Fidelia Munn of Monson	
Oct. 15, 1809	Eleazer Webber and Marsylvia Parker, both of Holland	Nov. 12, 1809
Oct. 22, 1809	Parley Glazier of Holland and Sarah Harris of Sturbridge	July 1, 1810
Jan. 7, 1810	Lemuel Chandler and Erepta Pike, both of Holland	Jan. 21, 1810
Aug. 12, 1810	Josiah Hobbs of Holland and Lucy Green of Spencer	
Jan. 6, 1811	Ebenezer Lyon Jr. and Rebecca Upham, both of Holland	Jan. 31, 1811
April 13, 1817	Joseph Glazier of Holland and Philura Plimpton of Sturbridge	

Mar. 10, 1811	Freeland Wallis and Esther Allen, both of Holland	Apr. 22, 1811
Mar. 10, 1811	David Marcy and Sybil Perrin, both of Holland	Mar. 24, 1811
April 7, 1811	Adolphus Webber of Holland and Sarah Needham of So. Brimfield	May 12, 1811
July 14, 1811	Lemuel Hinds and Olivia Henry, both of Holland	Sept. 12, 1811
Aug. 18, 1811	Isaac Church and Eunice Sherman, both of Holland	Aug. 25, 1811
Feb. 2, 1812	Samuel Webber Jr. of Union and Roxana Glazier of Holland	Feb. 19, 1812
Mar. 8, 1812	Ambrose Perrin of Holland and Lucy Darbe of So. Brimfield	
April 12, 1812	Elijah Spencer and Betsy Ainsworth, both of Holland	
Oct. 4, 1812	Willard Weld and Mary Church, both of Holland	Oct. 18, 1812
Nov. 2, 1812	Walter Lyon of Holland and Lucretia Morse of Sturbridge (made Dea. 1817 in Bap. C.)	
Nov. 22, 1812	Leonard M. Morris and Nancy Paddock, both of Holland	Dec. 2, 1812
Nov. 22, 1812	Elbridge G. Fuller and Nancy Perry, both of Holland	Nov. 29, 1812
Nov. 26, 1812	Nicholas Braard and Eunice Harwood both of Holland	Dec. 6, 1812
Jan. 31, 1813	Lyman Polley of Holland and Abigail Nichols of So. Brimfield	
Mar. 14, 1813	Julius Burt of Brimfield and Prudence Sherman of Holland	Apr. 6, 1813
April 8, 1813	David Healey of Dudley and Polley Harwood of Holland	Apr. 27, 1813
Mar. 28, 1813	Ezra Allen of Holland and Lucena Fuller of Union, Conn.	

June 6, 1813	Jonathan Fits and Laurinda Hobbs both of Holland	June 13, 1813
Oct. 24, 1813	Loring Webber and Sally Upham, both of Holland	Nov. 25, 1813
Jan. 2, 1814	Erastus Child of Monson and Irene Anderson of Holland	Jan. 19, 1814
Jan. 2, 1814	Philo Rosebrook of Holland and Sarah Wight of So. Brimfield	Jan. 19, 1814
Jan. 2, 1814	Wright Woodward of Charlton and Clarissa Harwood of Holland	Apr. 28, 1814
Feb. 6, 1814	James Brigham of Holland and Marcia Hastings of Brookfield	
Aug. 28, 1814	David B. Dean and Avilda Pike, both of Holland	Sept. 11, 1814
July 11 1815	Lyman Stevens of Holland and Chloe Perry of Monson	Sept. 4, 1815
Mar. 3, 1816	Erastus Webber and Mary Haynes, both of Holland	Mar. 26, 1816
Aug. 15, 1815	George Shaw of So. Brimfield and Patience Patten of Holland	Nov. 25, 1815
Sept. 10, 1815	Monday Hector (Negro) of Holland and Rachel Jackson (Indian) of Sturbridge	
Jan. 7 1816	Jerry McIntire of Holland and Alice Willis of So. Brimfield	
Feb. 25, 1816	John Wallis and Chloe Parker, both of Holland	Apr. 2, 1816
Feb. 25, 1816	Calvin Polley and Chloe Wood both of Holland	Apr. 4, 1816
Feb. 25, 1816	William Webber of Holland and Bathsheba Upham of Brimfield	
Mar. 31, 1816	Shubael Baker and Lucinda McIntire, both of Holland	June 11, 1816
April 21, 1816	Nathan Searl of Southampton and Elizabeth Webber of Holland	June 11, 1816

June 26, 1816	Eli Kendrick of North Brookfield and Martha Church of Holland	June 26, 1816
June 28, 1816	Parley Lyon of Holland and Phoebe Preston of Ashford, Conn.	
Jan. 5, 1817	Hollowill Perrin of Holland and Sarah Faulkner of Sturbridge	
Mar. 30, 1817	Augustus Moore of Providence and Anna Morris of Holland	May 8, 1817
Feb. 15, 1818	Warren Plimpton of Sturbridge and Semantha Partridge of Holland	
Feb. 15, 1818	Harvey Rosebrock and Prudence Webber of Holland	Mar. 3, 1818
May 1, 1818	Lyman Gould of Holland and Mary Marble of Charlton	May 1, 1818
April 1, 1819	Emory Pierce and Eliza Blodgett, both of Holland	Apr. 11, 1819
July 24, 1819	Samuel Webber of Union and Lydia Glazier of Holland	Aug. 8, 1819
Sept. 24, 1819	Hosea Webber of Holland and Lucinda Cleveland of Union, Conn.	
Mar. 9, 1820	Monday Adams (?) of Holland and Mary Anthony of Sturbridge	
Dec. 12, 1819	Joel Fletcher and Fanny Webber, both of Holland	Dec. 30, 1819
	Moses M. Clark and Almira Haynes, both of Holland	Sept. 1, 1819
Dec. 26, 1819	Reuben Stevens and Betsy Wells, both of Holland	Jan. 20, 1820
Mar. 4, 1820	Ebenezer Pike and Anna Maria Richardson, both of Holland	Mar. 26, 1820
Mar. 11, 1820	Edward Blodgett Jr. and Comfort M. Pierce, both of Holland	Apr. 10, 1820

Nov. 22, 1820	Albigence Newell of Holland and Elmeda Lumbard of Sturbridge	
Dec. 9, 1820	Adolphus Webber and Annis Webber, both of Holland	Dec. 26, 1820
Dec. 22, 1820	Roswell Blodgett and Charity Fletcher, both of Holland	Jan. 12, 1821
Feb. 3, 1821	Cyprian Stevens and Abigail Blashfield, both of Holland	Mar. 4, 1821
Mar. 1, 1821	Waterman Smith and Nancy Williams, both of Holland	
Mar. 5, 1821	William A. Haynes and Lucy Anderson, both of Holland	Mar. 21, 1821
April 13, 1820	John Anderson of Holland and Mary Wicker of Brimfield	
Aug. 26, 1820	Harris Cutler of Guildhall, Vt. and Persa Wallis of Holland	Sept. 23, 1821
Oct. 23, 1821	Baxter Wood and Melicent A. Perry, both of Holland	Nov. 25, 1821
Nov. 4 1821	William Negus of Kaatskill, N. Y. and Orril Webber of Holland	Dec. 6, 1821

Perley Stone and Lorinda Glazier	1822
Capt. Horace Wallis and Callista Wood	1823
Dr. Abial Bottom and Diana Perrin	1823
Thomas Hines and Sophia R. Green	1825
Simon Janes and Chloe Shumway	1826
Josiah Hobbs and Lurana Webber	1824
Maturian Gardner and Abigail D. Morgan	1825
Adin Underwood and Abigail Hines	1827
Ruel Williams and Abigail Wyllis	1827
George Goodwill and Sally Wells	1827
Eli B. Williams and Betsy F. Pratt	1827
Joseph Farnum and Betsy Marcy	1827
Benjamn D. Weld and Mrs. Miranda Partridge	1828
Perley Walker and Mrs. Clarissa Jackson	1829
Jeremiah Williams and Ednah Simons	1828
Levi Stewart and Rebecca Harwood	1828
Henry Converse and Sarah Anderson	1828

Sylvester Robbins and Polly Needham	1831
Isaac P. Hyde and Maria Gould	1830
William A. Robbins and Mary Wallis	1830
Samuel P. Cushman and Dorinda Lumbard	1830
Luther Webber and Cynthia Hovey	1830
Miner Hall and Eliza Webber	1831
Asa Williams and Margaret Anderson	1831
Lewis Shumway and Eliza Webber	1832
Joseph W. Olds and Deborah Harwood	1833
Leonard B. Wight and Lucy Marcy	1833
Elisha Kinney and Mary Ann Marcy	1833
Sullivan Underwood and Fannie Lyon	1833
Samuel K. Bailey and Emeline A. Stevens	1834
Ebenezer Jackson and Clarissa Stewart	1834
Marshall McFarland and Lorinda A. Webber	1834
Rufus Waterman and Hannah M. Webber	1834
Orrin A. Buxton and Maria Marcy	1835
Wm. Lee and Almira Hobbs	1835
Charles Church and Emily Marcy	1835
John Wheelock and Mary Frizell	1836
Prescott S. Belcher and Mary Needham	1836
George W. Walker and Almira Moore	1836
Sumner Janes and Mary A. Webber	1836
William Frizell and Lucina Goodell	1836
Chas. A. Allen and Mary A. Prime	1836
Gilbert Rosebrooks and Betsy Town	1837
Merrick Anderson and Lucina Janes	1837
Crawford Brackett and Annis Blodgett	1837
Reuben M. Stevens and Susan Weld	1837
Royal S. Pierce and Tirzah Janes	1838
Joseph Stone and Roxana Allen	1838
Uriah P. Marcy and Mary Ann Fisk	1838
Otis Jackson and Hannah Frizell	1838
Clement B. Drake and Rinda M. Fuller	1838
George Underwood and Jane Parsons	1838
Horace Kinney and Millicent B. Marcy	1838
Freeman M. Brown and Lucy M. Damon	1839
William Baker and Diana Reeve	1840
Harrison Allen and Harriet A. Partridge	1840

Stephen S. Jackson and Lodisa Woodard	1840
Elisha W. Marcy and Mary S. Prince	1840
Isaac U. Wood and Lotheria B. Goodell	1839
James Young and Frances Weld	1840
Levi B. Hathaway and Abigail A. Wilson	1841
James A. Webber and Delphia S. Parsons	1842
Nehemiah Underwood and Deborah Pease	1842
Elias Smith and Wealthy Ann Church	1842
George B. Cole and Catherine Niles	1842
Warren A. Wallis and Alvira C. Webber	1839
Rodney A. Bennett and Martha M. Webber	1839
Abraham Charles and Esther L. Wallis	1841
Eleazer Webber and Augusta Wallis	1843
Lucius I. Parks and Persa C. Wallis	1843
Rodney A. Bennett and Emily E. Webber	1844
William Webber and Sarah Damon	1843
Lyman Gould and Betsy Ellis	1839
Andrew B. Thorington and Mary E. Haskell	1840
Albert S. Butterworth and Amanda Allen	1841
John B. Gould and Olive M. Moulton	1845
Willard Weld and Betsy C. Gould	1847

Chas. B. Blodgett and Amelia C. Colburn	Sept. 14, 1856
Andrew J. Howlett of Holland and Amelia H. Lawton of Chaplin, Conn.	Nov. 27, 1856
Samuel A. McAllister of Montville, Me., and H. Caroline Howlett of Holland	May 3, 1857
Eleazer Webber of Wales and Laura Blodgett of Holland	Dec. 3, 1857
David A. Needham and Lydia A. Shaw of Wales	Feb. 11, 1858
Abel Miller of Sturbridge and Sarah S. Robbins of Mansfield, Conn.	Feb. 14, 1858
Andrew J. Wales of Union, Conn., and Mrs. Roxana Sheldon of Brimfield	Mar. 3, 1858
Dwight Lumbard and Emmeline M. Carleton of Brimfield	Jan. 20, 1858
William W. Howlett of Holland and Miss Laura A. Graves of North Foster, R. I.	July 2, 1858
Elijah Allen of Brimfield and Ursula McFarland of Holland	July 18, 1858

Cyrus Truesdale of Monson and Mary C. Webber of Holland — Aug. 10, 1858
George Walch and Sarah J. Chickering of Sturbridge — Oct. 24, 1858
Henry C. Frizell and Mary E. Morse of Sturbridge — Sept. 28, 1859
Chas. R. Ward and Julia A. Rud, both of Warren — Oct. 4, 1859
John Whittemore of Sturbridge and Mary C. Russell of Brimfield — Oct. 26, 1859
B. F. Barnes and Lucy M. Mason, both of Holland — Nov. 12, 1859
Reuben P. Whitney and Mary L. Wallis, both of Sturbridge — June 10, 1860
William S. Fuller and Julia Childs, both of Sturbridge — Oct. 18, 1860
Seth Walker of Ashford, Conn., and Mary A. Howlett of Holland — Nov. 8, 1860
Franklin B. Pond and Myra Ann Cram, both of Warren — July 7, 1861

RECORD OF BIRTHS FROM BOOK NO. 9 TOWN RECORDS.

Allen, Abel and Jerusha Tarbell

Children.

1. Abel, b. March 30, 1767.
2. Alfred, b. Apr. 24, 1768.
3. Ezra, b. Sept. 6, 1773.
4. Jerusha, b. Sept. 11, 1775.
5. Esther, b. Oct. 2, 1784.

Allen, Ezra and Marcy Needham; (2) Lucena Fuller.

Children.

1. Mary Calista, Nov. 11, 1804.
2. Harrison, Apr. 18, 1814; m. Harriet A. Partridge, 1840.
3. Joseph Lothrop, Sept. 24, 1811.

Anderson, David and (1) Irene, (2) Elfleda Belknap.

Children.

Lyman, Apr. 21, 1789. Almanda, Sept. 17, 1799 by (2).

Anderson, William and Sarah Webber.

Children.

Prudence, Oct. 7, 1813.

Anderson, Timothy and Lurana Partridge.

Children.

Baystic } Mar. 18, 1797.
Melina }
Louisa, Dec. 30, 1899.
Timothy, Sept. 22, 1801.
Laura, Feb. 20, 1805.

Anderson, John and Mary Wight.

Children.

Lucy, Oct. 13, 1801.
Hiram, Mar. 8, 1803.
Susannah P, May 15, 1804.
Shepherd, Oct. 27, 1809.

See Anderson Genealogy.

Notes from Northampton Probate Court.

John Belknap.

Jeremiah Sherman appointed administrator to estate of John Belknap, which was distributed to children.

1. John.
2. Joseph.
3. Thomas.
4. Elijah.
5. Eunice m. (Sherman) Jeremiah.
6. Abigail, m. (Janes) Wm.
7. Prudence.
8. Betsy m. Burnett, Daniel.

Dated Feb. 13, 1812.

Ballard, Jonathan and Sarah Browning.

Children.

Horace, Aug. 26, 1791.
Winthrop, Feb. 20, 1797.
Luke, Mar. 6, 1799.
Jonathan, Jan. 20, 1801.

Ballard, Joshua and Parthenia.

Children.

Lovina, Nov. 6, 1798.

Barnes, Silas and Mehitable.

Children.

Achsah, Oct. 4, 1785.

Belknap, Elijah and Thankful Lake.

Children.

Minerva, Apr. 27, 1795.

Belknap, John and Levine.

Children.

John, Apr. 12, 1784. Caphire, Aug. 12, 1788.
Levine, Apr. 5, 1786. Forris, Aug. 12, 1788.

Blodgett, Edward and Rebecca Moffatt.

Children.

Roswell, June 13, 1797.

Bliss, Henry and Prudence.

Children.

Plancey, Mar. 23, 1784.

Bruce, Antipas and Hannah.

Children.

Lectia, Sept. 16, 1783. Roxia, Sept. 1, 1788.
Lyman, Mar. 16, 1785. Dexter, Aug. 10, 1790.
Sybil, Nov. 30, 1786. Antipas, June 27, 1792.

Barrett, Joshua and Sarah Wallis.

Children.

Hiram, June 29, 1801.

Brown, John and Lovina.

Children.

Oril, Oct. 3, 1784. Statira, Mar. 12, 1789
Loring, Oct. 17, 1786. Almira, Jan. 3, 1792.

Bugbee, David and Hannah.

Children.

Hannah, June 18, 1777. Lora, July 19, 1783.
Lucy, Dec. 14, 1779. Lucretia, Jan. 10, 1787.
Charles, June 26, 1782.

Burnett, Daniel and Elizabeth Belknap.

Children.

Erasmus, Sept. 13, 1791.

Brigham, James and Marcy,

Children.

Lucia Experience, Feb. 14, 1811.

Chapin, Rufus and Elizabeth Wallis (*See Int.* 1796.)

Children.

Erasmus, Feb. 13, 1797.

Church, Isaac and Eunice Sherman.

Children.

Elizabeth, Jan. 23, 1812.

Dana, Asa and Eunice Town, June 9, 1777.

Children.

Hannah, Apr. 14, 1785.	Sardis, Sept. 24, 1791.
Erastus, June 23, 1787.	Achsah, July 5, 1794.
Federal, Sept. 15, 1789.	Lorenzo Nov. 18, 1797.

The greatest loss that Holland experienced in her early history is the removal of this man and his family from town. Whither he went, we have not discovered a trace. He was a school teacher, and if his work in that line was as good as his work in the office of town clerk, which he held for the years 1794-5-6-7, he was a capable instructor. He lived on the Kimball Hill road, we judge, by the wording in the description of that road when laid out, 1796, and he bore an honorable part in the life and activities of the town and church, as is proved by his name being frequently met in connection with both. He removed 1797 out of the state. Perhaps he went to New York State, where many did go about this time.

By the Sturbridge records we find that he had lived there and that the following children, were born there:—

Hannah, 1778.

Elijah, 1779.

Jacob Adams, 1783.

Fay, David and Mary Perrin.

Children.

Luseba, Mar. 9, 1792.	Dosha, June 13, 1800.
Perrin, Feb. 2, 1795.	David, July 1, 1803.
Alvan, Sept. 19, 1797.	

Fuller, Elbridge G. and Nancy Perry.

Children.

Mary Matilda, Mar. 6, 1814.
Fuller, James and Mary May.

Children.

Mary, Feb. 21, 1795.
Graham, Archibald and Mary.

Children.

David, Oct. 29, 1779. Louis, June 25, 1784.
Ruhamah June 3, 1782.
Graham, Moses and Calista Belknap.

Children.

Anson, Apr. 9, 1797. Electa, Feb. 19, 1799.
Goodell, Ichabod and Martha Webber.

Children.

Huldah, Oct. 3, 1771. Jabez, Nov. 27, 1776.
Mary, Aug. 5, 1774. Persis, Aug. 3, 1780.
Glazier, Calvin and Lydia ————

Children.

Shepherd, Sept. 9, 1793. Alice, Oct. 8, 1795.
Glazier, Sewall and Rinday M. Fuller.

Children.

Edmond, Nov. 13, 1809. George Merrick, Aug. 27, 1811.
Howard, Moses and Betsy ————

Children.

William Kendrick, Oct. 7, 1803.
Hartshorne, Ebenezer and Lydia.

Children.

Rachel, Apr. 26, 1786. Lucy, July 17, 1788.
Hinds, Darius and Marcy.

Children.

Lemuel, Apr. 29, 1791.

Janes, Almarin and Mary Fay.

Children.

Alfieda, Oct. 25, 1804.

Elijah Janes and wife Lucy.

Lucy Janes appointed guardian to children.

Abel. Liberty.
Mary. Property.
Elisha.

Timothy Janes and wife Mary.

Children.

Abel.
Sarah. Jonathan Janes and William
Louisa. Janes, Executors of will.
(Not sure Jonathan and William were sons of Timothy.)

Janes, Walter and Cynthia.

Children.

Theresa, June 3, 1803. Alphonso, Dec. 31, 1804.

Johnson, Timothy and Fanny ————

Children.

Grosvenor, Aug. 19, 1792.

Kimball, Asa and Hepzibah ————

Children.

Washington Smith, Jan. 24, 1804

Lyon, Ebenezer Jr. and Rebecca Upham.

Children.

Leonard, Nov. 18, 1811. Calvin Upham, Jan. 25, 1816.
Willard, Dec. 18, 1813.

Lyon, Stephen and Sarah Stevens.

Children.

Fanny, Mar. 3, 1812.

Lynn, James A. and Jerusha Allen.

Children.

Esther Louisa, Nov. 13, 1805. James Freeland, July 23, 1810.
William Allen, June 15, 1808. Haschal Merrick, Feb. 24, 1813.

Ethelbert Child Lyon and wife Mary.

Children.

Mary (12 yrs.), 1776.
Aaron (9 yrs.), 1779.
Nellie (6 yrs.), 1782.
Alfred (4 yrs.), 1784.
Ethelbert (11 mos.), 1787.

Through a guardianship recorded in the probate court at Northampton we are able to give the foregoing list of children of Ethelbert Child Lyon, who was a Revolutionary soldier. We cannot declare that the list is complete, but they are all those mentioned in the guardianship. He died probably early in 1788, for the document was dated Oct. 7, 1788, and the guardianship speaks of these children as the children of Ethelbert Child Lyon, late of Holland, deceased. From the ages of the children stated in the document we deduce the year in which each was born, the age stated in the certificate of Guardianship being in parentheses.

Col. Alfred Lyon was born March 4, 1753; d. Dec. 5, 1813; m. Lydia Ballard, Jan. 23, 1777; she was b. Nov. 18, 1756; d. Dec. 29, 1822.

Children.

Elvira, b. Oct. 21, 1777; m. Pliny Polly, Int. July 24, 1796.
Orril, b. May 19, 1779; m. Calvin Brown, Sept. 1, 1802.
Eudocia, b. Aug. 19, 1781; m. Elias Carter, May 25, 1807.
Roxey, b. Dec. 7, 1783; m. Charles Chamberlain, Jan. 20, 1805.
Sophia, b. July 9, 1785; m. Marquis Converse, Apr. 27, 1808.
Prudence, b. Oct. 21, 1787; m. Abel Burt, March 17, 1811.
Lt. Washington, b. Jan. 1, 1790; d. Aug. 29, 1824; m. Elvira Warren, July 12, 1812.
Horatio, b. July 15, 1792; d. May 15, 1799.
Lydia, b. May 22, 1794; m. John Wyles, Mar. 19, 1816; d. May 8, 1861. He was b. July 31, 1792; d. Oct. 19, 1875.
Alfred, b. Dec. 12, 1796.
Horatio, b. July 31, 1801.

The Lyon family moved from Holland to Brimfield about 1800.

Col. Washington, son of Alfred, b. Jan. 1, 1790; d. Aug. 29, 1824; m. Elvira Warren, July 12, 1812.

Children.

Charles Warren, d. March 1, 1813.
Julia Ann, b. Feb. 2, 1815; m. Horatio L. Carter.
Harriet Morgan, b. July 15, 1818; d. Oct. 11, 1818.
Maria Wyles, b. about 1820; m. Mr. Cleveland.
Harriet, b. 1823; d. June 21, 1825.

(*By Ella J. Webber.*)

May, Nehemiah and Hannah Lyon.

Children.

William, died young.
Zuriel, m. Hannah Stacey.
Chester, m. Lucy Wales.
Rufus, m. Eunice Wales.
Nehemiah Jr., m. Martha Strong.
Olive, m. Ezra Horton.
Hannah, m. Abijah Sessions.
Mary, m. James Fuller.
Lorinda, m. Ebenezer Morris.
Ezra, m. ———— Lyon.

May, Zuriel and Hannah Stacey.

Children.

Lathrop, Nov. 17, 1802.
Grosvenor.
Hannah

May, Rufus and Eunice Wales.

Children.

Lida, Oct. 12, 1782.
Lucy, Apr. 7, 1785.
Linas, Aug. 26, 1786.
Esther, July 18, 1788.
Anna, Jan. 2, 1793.
Roxy, Sept. 29, 1794.
Rufus, Feb. 2, 1800.
Eunice, Sept. 9, 1802.

Marcy, James and Mary Shaw; (2) Sarah Flint.

Children.

James, Aug. 24, 1800.
Loring, Nov. 7, 1805
Sarah, Apr. 22, 1810
Mary, by Sarah, Sept. 15, 1804.
} by Sarah.

McIntire, Abram and Lydia.

Children.

Lod, Jan. 11, 1808.

Munger, Simeon and Eunice Needham.

Children.

Susannah, Aug. 3, 1790.
Lancey, Aug. 7, 1792.
Salla, Jan. 6, 1795.
Austin, May 23, 1796.
Irene, Dec. 2, 1797.
Sybil, Jan. 2, 1801.
Elmira, Dec. 12, 1802.
John, Aug. 30, 1804.
Anthony, Apr. 8, 1807.
Semantha, Feb. 15, 1809.

Morris, Ebenezer and Lorinda May.

Children.

Leonard May, Jan. 10, 1790.
Anna, Oct. 14, 1795.
Laura, Feb. 5, 1798.

Morris, Leonard May and Nancy Paddock.

Children.

Lindorf, Sept. 17, 1813.
Walstein Fits Alvin, Nov. 1, 1816.
Savater, May 21, 1818.
Walstein Fits Alvin, Oct. 13, 1819.

Perrin, Benjamin and wife Mary ———

Children.

John, m. Mary Goodell (?).
Marcy, m. Nathan Fay.
Mary, m. David Fay.
Hallowell, m. Sybil Bruce.
Amasa.
Sarel, m. Huldah Goodell.

Partridge, Isaac and Celia Groves; Int. Apr. 26, 1795.

Children.

Mary, May 1, 1796.
Miranda, Oct. 29, 1797.
Semantha, Mar. 9, 1799.
Martha, July 26, 1800.
Propperty, Nov. 25, 1803.
Hallowell, Sept. 19, 1804.
Seth, Aug. 12, 1806.
Truman, Sept. 29, 1808.
Celia, Oct. 9, 1810.

Partridge, Asa and Mary Bates, m. Mar. 21, 1793.

Children.

Eli, Jan. 2, 1794
Parmela, Jan. 12, 1796

Putnam, William and Mary ———

Children.

Harriet Wordsworth, Feb. 5, 1810.
William Hutchinson, Feb. 2, 1812.

Pierce, Levy and Persis.

Children.

Levy, Oct. 14, 1794.

Perrin, Asarael and Huldah Goodell.

Children.

Phila, Mar. 11, 1793.
Martin, Sept. 4, 1795.
Milicent, Mar. 14, 1797.
Horatio, Feb. 14, 1799.
Elmira, Oct. 10, 1800.
Wm. Jabez Goodell, Apr. 26, 1813.
Fatima, July 10, 1802.
Saphira, July 8, 1804.
John G., Oct. 28, 1806.
Eliza, Oct. 30, 1808.
Mary Huldah, May 11, 1811

Perrin, Hallowell and Sybil Bruce.

Children.

Lucy, Sept. 17, 1786.
Joseph, June 20, 1788.
Ambrose, June 20, 1789.
Sybil, Feb. 22, 1791.
Amasa, Dec. 10, 1794.
Millicent, June 27, 1797.
Diana, Sept. 20, 1799.

Rosebrooks, Gershom and Jenny ———

Children.

Prudence, Apr. 20, 1769.
Walter, June 25, 1771.
Polly, Nov. 2, 1773.
Lucena, Mar. 10, 1776.
Willard, June 11, 1778,
Eunice, July 9, 1781.

Rosebrooks, Walter and Mary.

Children.

Clementine, Dec. 14, 1803.
Walter Lyman, Feb. 5, 1807.
Mary, Dec. 5, 1809.

Stevens, Reuben and Nabby.

Children.

Emmeline Nabby, June 24, 1809.
Reuben Merrick, Aug. 24, 1811.
Eliza Ann, Feb. 10, 1815.
Fitz Henry Richardson, July 22, 1817.

Steward, James and (1) ——— Adams; (2) Abigail Harrington.

Children.

James.
Paul.
Lucretia.
Lois.
Silas.
Levi.
Benjamin.
Abigail (by wife No. 2).

For further genealogy of Stewarts, see A Gardner's book, on the history of Wales in hands of town clerk.

Stone, Moses and Elizabeth.

Children.

Moses, Oct. 4, 1795.
Chester, Oct. 1, 1797.

Smalledge, John and Mary Goodhue. (*See Hist. of Union.*)

Children.

John, Feb. 18, 1791.

Towne, Merritt A., m. Abigail A. Pratt.

Children.

Austin Pratt Towne, b. Mar. 14, 1869.

Thompson, Daniel and Anna.

Children.

Mary, July 5, 1778.
Luke, Feb. 3, 1781.
Daniel, Jan. 12, 1784.
Anna, Jan. 12, 1784.

Taylor, John and Elizabeth.

Children.

Thomas Jefferson, Aug. 10, 1804.

Thompson, Jacob and Hadassa Stone.

Children.

Vernon, Dec. 9, 1801.
Caroline, Jan. 30, 1804.
Addison, Oct. 26, 1806.

Tiffany, James and Mary.

Bela, Oct. 7, 1785.
Ruby, Dec. 6, 1791.

Upham, Jonathan and Sarah.

Children.

Sarah, Jan. 18, 1794. Alvin, Aug. 1, 1799.
Erastus, Sept. 1, 1796. Diantha, May 4, 1802.

Wallis, David, b. Sept. 13, 1758, and Persis Rosebrook, b. Sept. 10, 1760.

Children.

Melinda, Nov. 28, 1783. Otis, Mar. 31, 1794.
Freeland, Dec. 5, 1785. Horace, Apr. 14, 1796.
Sarah, July 15, 1788. Persa, Mar. 4, 1800.
John, Aug. 11, 1789. Mandana, May, 21, 1802.
David, Feb. 3, 1792. Mary, Apr. 11, 1805.

Wallis, Freeland and Esther Allen.

Children.

Warren Allen, Mar. 5, 1812. Freeland Orlando, Mar. 14, 1818.
Caroline Augusta, Mar. 29, 1814. Esther L.

Wallis, William, of Columbia, N. H., and Melinda Wallis of Holland.

Children.

Carlos, Apr. 1, 1807. William, Apr. 24, 1813.
Philinda, Feb. 5, 1811.

Wallis, P. Thomas and (1) Sophia Haynes, Oct. 25, 1804; (2) Keziah Hammond, Int. Feb., 1807.

Children.

Sophia Haynes, Jan. 5, 1806. Austin, Feb. 23, 1794.

Wallis, Alfred and Zeporah Cady.

Children.

Chancey, June 26, 1792.

Willard, Samuel and (1) Prudence; (2) Polly Willis, 1789.

Children.

George Ransom, Jan. 14, 1787.

White, David and Mary.

Children.

Galen, Apr. 13, 1808. Mandana, Dec. 3, 1809.

Weatherbee, Ebenezer and Chloe Fay.

Children.

Elvira, Feb. 16, 1796.
William, Oct. 15, 1797.
Matilda, Oct. 6, 1800.
Elmira, Jan. 4, 1810.
Ozra, Dec. 10, 1811.

Webber, Andrew and Ruth; (2) Sarah.

Children.

Amasa, Sept. 17, 1767.
Perley, July 2, 1774.
Abigail, Sept. 27, 1778.
Joel, Oct. 2, 1780.
Louisa, Sept. 22, 1783.
Clement, Apr. 27, 1786.
Annis, Jan. 5, 1790.
Sarah, July, 10, 1792.
The last two by Sarah.

Webber, Reuben and Sarah; (2) Jerusha, wd. John Blodgett, m. 1795.

Children.

Sarah, Nov. 3, 1778.
Francis, Aug. 28, 1780.
Abner, June 3, 1782.
Adolphus, June 2, 1784.
Eli, Jan. 26, 1786.
Asaph, Feb. 6, 1788.
Erastus, Jan. 15, 1790.
Lurana, Mar. 3, 1792.
Prudence, June 2, 1794.
Reuben, Jan. 16, 1797.
Harvey, Oct. 5, 1799.
The last two by Jerusha.

Webber, Samuel and Mehetable Frisbie or Frizell (?).

Children.

Ezra, Nov. 7, 1772.
John, Mar. 23, 1779.

Webber, Rinaldo and Elizabeth Belknap.

Children.

Anna, Oct. 6, 1784.
Arsenal, Mar. 25, 1789.
Julius, May 19, 1791.

Webber, Suel and Hannah McNeel.

Children.

Lyman, Dec. 14, 1789.
Anna, Jan. 19, 1794.
Charles, Nov. 25, 1799.

Webber, Adolphus and Sarah Needham; (2) Annis Webber; (3) Nancy Belcher.

Children.

Mary Allen, Feb. 19, 1812.
Lorinda Adalaide, Jan 26, 1815.
Wm. Ainsworth, June 24, 1818, by Annis.
Geo. Livingstone, Nov. 8, 1821.

Webber, Samuel Jr. and Sarah Kimball.

Children.

Eliphas, Nov. 24, 1781.
Kimball, Nov. 7, 1782.
Eleazer, Aug. 23, 1785.
Lucy, Dec. 1, 1787.
William, July 23, 1790.
Loring, Feb. 16, 1791.

Webber, John and Betsy Parker of Partridgefield.

Children.

Semantha, Sept. 12, 1803.
Parker, June 23, 1805.
Delosia, Nov. 19, 1806.
Grafton, Aug. 19, 1808.
Caroline, Mar. 26, 1810.
Lutima Keziah.
Hosea.

Webber, Eliphas and Susannah Kendrick, Nov. 18, 1804.

Children.

Thomas Kendrick, Feb. 9, 1809.

BAPTISMS.

We give a record of baptisms by Rev. Ezra Reeve taken from his records beginning with the year 1781.

John Perrin and Persis Rosebrook	Oct. 29, 1781
Joseph Aug. 8, Elizabeth Nov. 12, children of Hannah Bruce	Oct. 29, 1781
Charles, John, Sarah, Uriah, Jonathan, Irena and Hannah, Children of Lt. Rosebrock	Dec. 26, 1781
Mary, John, Moses and Aaron, children of Mr. Weatherbee	Jan. 23, 1782
Nellie, child of Mary Lyon	Feb. 24, 1782
Ezra, child of Israel Janes	Apr. 14, 1782
Hannah, wife of Daniel Thompson	May 4, 1782
Mehetable, Hannah and Samuel, children of Jas. Frizell	May 10, 1782
Joseph, child of Jonathan Wallis	May 26, 1782
Mary, child of John Perrin	Aug. 18, 1782
Polly, Kate, Olive, Lois, children of Jonathan	

Belknap	Sept. 8, 1782
Edward, child of Lt. Webber	Sept. 29, 1782
Nathan, child of Jonathan Blanchard	Nov. 10, 1782
James, Dolly and William, children of Lydia Rosebrook	Dec. 8, 1782
Mehetable, Sarah, Elizabeth, Ezra, Mara, Elisha and John, children of Mrs. Webber	June 27, 1782
Charles, child of David Bugbee	June 30, 1782
Lucy, child of John Wallis	July 7, 1782
Mary, child of Solomon Hovey	July 7, 1782
Almarin, child of William Wallis	July 21, 1782
Jonathan Belknap	Aug. 4, 1782
Dexter and Lyman, children of Mary Tiffney	Aug. 1783
Electa, child of Hannah Bruce	Sept. 12, 1783
Zida, child of Rufus May	Nov. 23, 1783
Roxanna, child of Capt. Lyon	Dec. 14, 1783
Alfred, child of Mary Lyon	Apr. 11, 1784
Cynthia, child of Dr. Wallis	May 31, 1784
Lucy, child of David Bugbee	July 25, 1784
Bradford, child of Eliphalet Janes	Aug. 22, 1784
Lydia, child of Benjamin Ward	Sept. 11, 1784
Dexter, child of Mrs. Nutting	Sept. 11, 1784
Sybil, child of John Perrin	Nov. 7, 1784
Lyman Bruce	Apr. 24, 1785
Lucy, child of Rufus May, Bap. by Mr. Paine	June 5, 1785
Sophia, child of Alfred Lyon	July 17, 1785
Sarah, child of Elizabeth Sherman	Aug. 14, 1785.
Sarah, child of Lydia Rosebrook	Aug. 21, 1785
Irenia, child of Nathan Session	Oct. 9, 1785
Freeland, child of David Wallis	Dec. 11, 1785
Achsah, child of Silas Barnes	Dec. 18, 1785
Barsha, child of Edward Webber	Apr. 30, 1786
Clemence, child of Andrew Webber	Apr. 30, 1786
Dolly, child of Jonathan Wallis	May 14, 1786
Lynus, child of Rufus May	Sept. 10, 1786
Lucy, child of Sybil Perrin	Oct. 29, 1786
Erastus, child of Prudence Coats	Dec. 31, 1786
Lucretia, child of David Bugbee	Feb. 11, 1787
Sophia, child of Dr. Wallis	Feb. 25, 1787

Sybil, child of Hannah Bruce	Mar. 11, 1787
Orace, child of Wm. Wallis	April 1, 1787
Bathsheba, child of Israel Janes	June 10, 1787
Nabby, child of Silas Barnes	June 24, 1787
Phineas, child of Lydia Rosebrook	July 15, 1787
Pruda, child of Capt. Lyon	Dec. 30, 1787
Erastus, child of Ezra Horton (Union)	Dec. 30, 1787
Sally, child of Dea. David Wallis	July 27, 1788
Ambrose, child of Sybil Perrin	Aug. 9, 1789
John, child of Deacon Wallis	Sept. 13, 1789
Ethelbert, child of Widow Mary Lyon	Sept. 21, 1788
Roxy, child of Hannah Bruce	Oct. 12, 1788
Grosvenor, child of Dr. Wallis	May 24, 1789
Lyman, child of David Anderson	May 24, 1789
Philena, child of Ezra Horton	July 26, 1789
Sally, child of Eliphalet Janes	Aug. 9, 1789
Sylvester child of Lt. Webber	Dec. 20, 1789
Washington, child of Capt. Alfred Lyon	Jan. 3, 1790
Dexter, child of Hannah Bruce	Aug. 29, 1790
Federal, child of Asa Dana	Sept. 5, 1790
Pliny and David, children of Mrs. Thomas	Dec. 12, 1790
Sybil, child of Sybil Perrin	May 1, 1791
David, child of Dea. David Wallis	Apr. 1, 1792
Almira, child of John Brown	May 6, 1792
Horatio, child of Capt. Lyon	Sept. 30, 1792
Hannah, child of Prudence Webber	Sept. 30, 1792
Roxy, child of Calvin Glazier	Dec. 9, 1792
Antipas, child of Hannah Bruce	Jan. 9, 1793
Samuel Webber Jr.	Jan. 20, 1793
Eliphas, Kimball, Eleazer, Lucy William and Loring, children of Samuel Webber Jr.	Jan. 20, 1793
Austin, child of Dr. Wallis	Feb. 23, 1794
Shepherd, child of Calvin Glazier	Nov. 1794
Otis, child of Dea. Wallis	May 18, 1794
Horace and Harvey, children of Lucy Pierce	May 18, 1794
Lydia, child of Col. Lyon	June 22, 1794
Achsah, child of Asa Dana	Aug. 17, 1794
Vialy, child of Capt. John Brown	Aug. 31, 1794
Sally, Abner, Francis, Eli, Asaph, Erastus,	

Lucena and Prudence, children of Reuben Webber	Jan. 15, 1795
Amasa, child of Sybil Perrin	Apr. 5, 1795
Ezra, child of Dea. Webber	Sept. 27, 1795
Alice, child of Mrs. Glazier	Nov. 15, 1795
Horace, child of Dea. Wallis	June 12, 1796
Miranda, child of Capt. John Brown	Nov. 20, 1796
Alfred, child of Col. Alfred Lyon	May 14, 1797
Eben and Davis, children of Prudence Coats	Sept. 17, 1797
Polley, and Diedamias, children of James Wheeler	Oct. 1, 1797
Millicent, Child of Sybil Perrin	Oct. 15, 1797
Lorenzo, child of Asa Dana	Mar. 5, 1798
Erastus, child of Mrs. Upham	Mar. 5, 1798
Loranda, child of Mrs. Glazier	June 9, 1799
Diana, child of Sybil Perrin	Nov. 17, 1799
Persa, child of Dea. David Wallis	May 4, 1800
Samuel, child of Mrs. Robertson	May 4, 1800
Elven, child of Mrs. Upham	Oct. 26, 1800
Amasa, child of Mr. A. Deaolph	Mar. 1, 1801
Almira, child of E. Horton of Union	Sept. 6, 1801
Horatio, child of Col. Lyon	Oct. 11, 1801
Mandana, child of Dea. D. Wallis	June 27, 1802
Amherst, child of Mrs. Robertson	June 27, 1802
Lendel, Semantha and Laury, children of Mrs. Lucy Wallis	Sept. 5, 1802
Diantha, child of Mrs. Upham	Nov. 21, 1802
Lucena Rosebrook	Mar. 10, 1803
Semantha, child of Betsy Webber	Oct. 23, 1803
Mary, child of Dea. D. Wallis	June 16, 1805
Olive, child of E. Horton	July 7, 1805
Parker, child of Betsy Webber	Aug. 18, 1805
George, child of Amasa Deaolph	Oct. 13, 1803
Horace, child of Mrs. Upham	Oct. 19, 1806
Jabez Goodell	Nov. 30, 1806
Delosha, child of Betsy Webber	Apr. 26, 1807
Grafton, child of Betsy Webber	Dec. 14, 1808
Polly, wife of David White and Mandana, her child	Apr. 8, 1810

Hiram, Dulcenia, Galen, children of David White	Apr. 20, 1810
Caroline, child of Betsy Webber	July 1, 1810
Lutina Keziah, child of Betsy Webber	Apr. 17, 1814
Diantha, child of Mrs. Haynes	May 27, 1814
Esther, William, James, and Pascal, children of James and Jerusha Lynn, Bap. by Rev. Vail	July 1, 1817
Elizabeth Brown	Oct. 26, 1817
Edward Blodgett, Schuyler Howard, Lucretia Clark, Bap. by Rev. Jas. Vail	Nov. 8, 1818
Mary Calista, Joanna Lorin, Roxana, Adelpha, Bap. by Rev. Alfred Ely of Monson	
Harrison, Joseph Lathrop, children of Col. Ezra Allen	Dec. 9, 1818
Comfort, Miranda, Martha, Maria, Elizabeth Miller, Bap. by Mr. Ely of Monson, children of Abijah Pierce	Dec. 9, 1818
Sarah, Prudence, Bap. by Mr. Ely, children of William Anderson	Dec. 9, 1818
Norman, child of William Webber	Dec. 9, 1818
Parley Lyon, Sally Webber, Persa Goodale, Polly Rosebrooks, Eunice Rosebrooks, Bap. by Rev. Mr. Knight of West Stafford	Dec. 20, 1818
Hannah May, Grosvenor May, Diantha Reeve, Bap. by Rev. Mr. Dickerson	Apr. 18, 1819
Sophrona, child of William Webber, Bap. by Mr. Burt	July 23, 1819
Mary Allen, Lorinda Adalaide, Wm. Ainsworth, children of Adolphus Webber, Bap. by Rev. Mr. Ely	Aug. 13, 1820
Joseph Trenance, Marcus Waldo, children of Erastus and Mary Webber, Bap. by Rev. Ely,	Aug. 13, 1820
Eliza, child of Lucretia Clark, Bap. by Rev. Mr. Burt	Aug. 20, 1820
Chloe Phidelia, Jonathan Parker, Edwin Ballard, children of Eleazer and Marsilvia Webber, Bap. by Mr. Burt	Aug. 20, 1820
Warren Allen, Caroline Augusta, Freeland Orlando, children of Freeland and Esther Wallis Bap. by Mr. Burt	Aug. 20, 1820

Warren White, William Spooner, children of Perley and Phoebe Lyon, Bap. by Mr. Burt	Sept. 3, 1820
Leonard, Nancy, children of Capt. Leonard Morris. Covenant read by Mr. Burt	Sept. 10, 1820
Mary Dearing, Sophia Ann, children of Harding and Almira Clark	1821-1822
Charles Searles, child of Erastus and Mary Webber	Aug. 25, 1822
Rachel Ann Pierce, by Rev. Jas. Vail	Sept. 7, 1823
Miranda Delia, child of Miranda Blodgett	Sept. 7, 1823
Edward Pierce, child of Miranda Blodgett, and George Clinton, child of Marsilvia Webber, Bap. by Mr. Lane	Oct. 3, 1824
Sally Clark, Bap. Mr. Lane	Nov. 21, 1824
Benj. Haynes, Bap. by Mr. Lane	Jan. 7, 1825
Caroline, child of Moses Harding and Almira Clark, Bap. by Mr. Lane	June 26, 1825
Marcus Waldo, child of Erastus and Mary Webber, by Rev. Otis Lane	June 26, 1825
Sarah, child of William and Bathsheba Webber, by Rev. Otis Lane	July 10, 1825
Eurilla, wife of Grovenor May	Jan. 17, 1830
Lucy Wallis, Calista Wallis, Mary Howlett, Elvira Caroline Webber, Bap. by Rev. Jas. Sandford	Jan. 22, 1832
Nancy Webber, wife of Adolphus Webber	Mar. 25, 1832

DEATHS

Prudence Belknap, wife of Joseph Belknap	Jan. 7, 1780
Joseph Belknap	July 20, 1788
Molly Fuller, wife of James Fuller	Nov. 3, 1812
Benjamin Webber	June 29, 1812
Molly Webber	Dec. 21, 1812
James Frizell, 82	Jan. 24, 1813
Mrs. Anna May	Mar. 23, 1813
Trenance Webber	Dec. 21, 1813
Mrs. Reuben Stevens, 37	July 31, 1817
Mrs. Ezra Allen, 30	Feb. 8, 1812
Mrs. Adolphus Webber, 28	Feb. 12, 1819
William Frizell, 54	May 4, 1815

Mary Frizell, 87	Mar. 4, 1824
Oliver How	Sept. 23, 1783
Levine Polley, daughter to John	Jan. 7, 1787
Mrs. Samuel Willard	Feb. 6, 1787
Sally Wallis, daughter to David	Aug. 11, 1788
Austin Munger, son to Simeon	May 14, 1788
Sybil Munger, daughter to Simeon	Apr. 27, 1802
Elmina Munger, daughter to Simeon	Jan. 2, 1803
Propperty Partridge, son to Isaac	Apr. 5, 1804
Sophia Wallis, wife to Thos. P. Wallis	Jan. 19, 1806
Dea. Samuel Webber	1825
Gershom Rosebrooks	1825
Ebenezer Lyon	1825
Lyman Wallis	1826
Ichabod Goodell	1826
Persis Goodell, aet 45	1826
Ruth Swinnerton	1828
Jerusha Allen, aet 88	1828
Judah Back, aet 88	1828
Nehemiah May, Jr.	1828
John Polly, aet 87	1828
Thomas Gould	1829
Willard Rosebrooks	1831
Jane Rosebrooks	1831
Bradley Webber, aet 72	1833
Elizabeth Church, aet 70	1834
Benjamin Church, aet 78	1833
Benjamin Reeve, aet 74	1838
Cyprian Stevens, aet 91	1839
Dea. Jas. A. Lynn, aet 65	1839
Zuriel May, aet 68	1840
John Anderson	1841
Lydia Howlett	1841
Hannah May, wife of Zuriel May	1841
Lyman Gould, aet 54	1841
Anna May, aet 69	1841
Dea. David Wallis, Esq. aet 84	1843
Rebecca (Moffitt) Blodgett aet 74	1845
Dea. Samuel Frizell, aet 70	1845
Nicholas Aldrich, aet 76	1848

CHAPTER XIII.

HOLLAND'S MILITARY HISTORY

WAR

War
I abhor
And yet how sweet
The sound along the marching street,
Of drum and fife, and I forget
Broken old mothers, and the whole
Dark butchery without a soul.

Without a soul—save this bright drink
Of heady music, sweet as hell;
And even my peace-abiding feet
Go marching with the marching feet.
For yonder, yonder, goes the fife,
And what care I for human life!

The tears fill my astonished eyes
And my full heart is like to break;
And yet 'tis all embannered lies—
A dream those drummers make

Oh, it is wickedness to clothe,
Yon hideous grinning thing that stalks
Hidden in music, like a queen.
That in a garden of glory walks,
Till good men love the thing they loathe!

But not an infamy like this,
Art, thou hast many infamies,
Oh, snap the fife and still the drum,
And show the monster as she is.

Richard le Gallienne.

Some nations have their rise from the debris of decayed or destroyed empires. Out of the mulch there springs a more vigorous, virtuous people or one that fulfills the purposes of

God better. The new nation absorbs the valuable, the worthwhile material of the old and grows to prominence and power, only to run its course and suffer a like fate. Fragments, fragments, is the final issue, and it will ever be thus until the preservative be applied not as a beautifying veneer but as a leavening, vitalizing force. That preservative is the teaching of the Prince of Peace, transformed into life and action, individual and national.

When the white man came to America, conquest was the only way by which it could ever be a home to them. Two peoples so diverse in life and ideals would inevitably clash, with the result that the stronger would build upon the ruins of the weaker. The aborigine taught the white man how to cope with the rigors of life here. He found it a howling wilderness full of wild beasts whose dangerous and destructive habits demanded their extermination. It soon resounded with the war cry of the savage more cunning and cruel than wild beasts. Subjugation could be complete only with extermination.

The struggle for existence here was severe but it produced a people inured to hardship and danger. In addition it taught them self-reliance. The free life here so far from the home government together with their ultra protestant faith gave them a new vision of freedom, and the legislation of the mother country grew irksome, and when it was found that that legislation was dictated not by love, but by greed and love of power, the time was drawing near for the "birth of a new nation conceived in liberty and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal," and fusion of the colonies into a national unit had been rendered possible by common hardships and common dangers, as well as common ideals.

To demonstrate what one little town has done to transform a howling wilderness into a howling success, the abode of peace and plenty, the Good Samaritan of the world, the ideal

of its hopes, is a part of our duty. It required a brave, energetic and law-abiding people. None other could have done it. To maintain our heritage is a God-given duty, which the present condition of Europe is bringing home to us with emphasis. Shall "fragments, fragments," be the issue with us? Assuredly not if our forefathers' vision of God and regard for man and ideals of personal duty be maintained.

The French were settling the region about the St. Lawrence river while the English were settling the Atlantic coast region to the south. The French made little effort to raise their food supply from the soil owing to the climate, and to the fact that their efforts were directed toward securing vast regions to France by means of erecting forts for garrisons and establishing trading posts with the Indians, as the region abounded with furbearing animals. Their purpose was to keep the English settlements east of the Appalachian Mountains while they established forts from the Great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico. But forts provisioned with food brought from the home country, three thousand miles across the sea, and garrisoned with soldiers thus provisioned are not as strong a means of defence as a sturdy yeomanry fighting for their homes and drawing supplies from their home farms.

The English had been a race of home builders, settling and raising their own supplies, they were taking possession but little faster than they could occupy.

The various petty colonial wars were indications of the struggle that would eventually come. With the breaking out of hostilities in 1754 that struggle began. Brimfield had not been lacking in duty in those earlier colonial wars. Ample proof of this is found in the state archives. The pioneer families of Brimfield were fine material from which to levy soldiers. As men from that part of Brimfield which was later incorporated into the district called Holland, formed a considerable fraction of Brimfield's quota, we have deemed it a matter of

interest to our purpose to get a list of Brimfield's soldiers in this war from the Mass. Archives so as to trace the more accurately the family names of Holland when it *was* incorporated and also in its later history. The labor has been very considerable, and we hope the reader will find the following list a matter of deep interest and study. We give the year of service, the rank and the captain of the company.

P.—private; Cent.—centinel or sentinel. The other abbreviations of rank are well known.

The captains under which Brimfield's soldiers served are given and the towns from which they came. Of the twenty-five captains only five are Brimfield men. Capt. Joseph Blodgett lived in the part that became Holland. Captains Davis and Moulton, being men who resided in the part that became Wales, Capt. Moulton having served as pastor of the Baptist Church there. His son, Freeborn Moulton, was a captain in the Revolution. Many of the soldiers enrolled in this war are also found enrolled in the American Revolution.

CAPTAINS IN FRENCH AND INDIAN WAR AND TOWNS FROM WHENCE THEY CAME.

Daniel Burt, Brimfield
Joseph Blodgett, Brimfield
Jonathan Ball, Springfield
Luke Bliss, Springfield
John Bancroft, Springfield
John Burk, Bernardstown
Edmund Bemis, Spencer.
William Bemis, Spencer
Jonathan Carver, Montague
Trustrum Davis, Brimfield
Benjamin Day, Springfield
Robert Field, Needham
John Fox, Springfield
James Gray, Stockbridge
Timothy Hamant, Medway
Moses Hart, Lynn
John Johnson, Boston
John Lane, Biddeford
Eleazer Melven, Concord
James Mirick, Brimfield
Ebenezer Moulton, Brimfield
Samuel Robinson, Hardwick
William Shepard, Westfield
Jas. Thompson, New Braintree
Aaron Willard, Lancaster

	Year	Rank	Captains
Abbott Nathaniel	1758	P.	Trustrum Davis
Ainsworth Jacob	1759	P.	

	Year	Rank	Captains
Allen Abel*	1759	P.	Timothy Hamant
Allen Daniel	1756	P.	Trustrum Davis
Allen Samuel	1756	P.	Trustrum Davis
Ames Ebenezer	1756	Drum.	
Anderson James	1756	P.	
Anderson John	1759	Corp.	Trustrum Davis
Anderson Thomas	1760	P.	Trustrum Davis
Alpin Isaac	1756	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Babcock Jonathan	1761	Cent.	Trustrum Davis
Bates Asa	1761	P.	Robert Field
Belknap Asa	1756	P.	Trustrum Davis
Belknap John	1756	P.	James Mirick
Belknap Joseph	1756	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Belknap William	1756	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Bishop Asa			
Bishop Ebenezer	1757	P.	Trustrum Davis
Bishop John	1756	P.	Joseph Blodgett
Bishop John Jr.	1756	Cent.	Daniel Burt
Bishop Richard	1758	P.	Daniel Burt
Bishop William	1760	P.	John Bancroft
Bliss Ebenezer	1759	P.	John Bancroft
Bliss Isil	1762	P.	
Bliss Isaac	1758	P.	Daniel Burt
Bliss Jedediah	1756	Lt.	James Mirick
Bliss Peletiah	1757	P.	
Bliss Samuel		P.	
Bliss Thomas	1762	P.	Moses Hart
Blodgett Abner	1755	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Blodgett Archippus	1755	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Blodgett Benjamin	1758	P.	Daniel Burt
Blodgett Joseph	1758		
Blodgett Samuel	1760	Drum.	Trustrum Davis
Blodgett Thomas	1756	P.	Trustrum Davis
Blashfield John	1756	P.	Joseph Blodgett
Brightman John	1756	P.	Joseph Blodgett

*Inserted here owing to his long residence in Holland and prominence there as also his posterity. He enlisted from Sturbridge.

	Year	Rank	Captains
Brightwell John	1755	P.	Daniel Burt
Brown Jonathan	1755	Sergt.	Daniel Burt
Brown Robert	1759	P.	John Bancroft
Browning John	1756	P.	Joseph Blodgett
Bullen John	1759	P.	John Bancroft
Bullen Samuel	1759	P.	John Bancroft
Burt Daniel	1755	Capt.	Col. Williams
Burt David	1758	P.	Benj. Day
Burt Henry	1756	P.	James Mirick
Burt John	1755	Cent.	Daniel Burt
Burk Simeon	1756	Cent.	Joseph Blodgett
Carpenter Benjamin	1758	P.	Daniel Burt
Carpenter Deliverance	1757	P.	Daniel Burt
Chandler Samuel	1755	Lt.	Daniel Burt
Cheedle John	1755	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Charles John	1759	P.	John Bancroft
Clark Reuben	1756	P.	Wm. Bemis
Clark Stephen	1756	P.	Wm. Bemis
Cobb Edward	1756	P.	Trustrum Davis
Cody Jabez	1756	P.	Benj. Day
Collins Daniel	1759	P.	John Bancroft
Collins Nathaniel	1758	P.	James Mirick
Cooley Adonijah	1760	Cent.	Trustrum Davis
Cooley Azariah	1754	Cent.	John Fox
Cooley David	1756	P.	James Mirick
Cooley Ebenezer	1756	P.	Sam. Robinson
Cooley Gideon	1756	Sergt.	Sam Robinson
Cooley Nathaniel	1756	Cent.	Sam Robinson
Crafts Joseph	1758	Cent.	James Mirick
Crafts Joseph	1758	Clerk	Ebenezer Moulton
Cram Humphrey	1755	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Converse Josiah	1765	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Cross John	1756	P.	Trustrum Davis
Crossman Simon	1757	P.	Trustrum Davis
Crosby Samson	1756	Cent.	Eleazer Melven
Crafford Joseph	1754	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Colton Timothy	1755	P.	William Shepard
Dady William	1762	P.	Ebenezer Moulton

	Year	Rank	Captains
Danielson John Jr.	1756	Corp.	James Mirick
Danielson Nathaniel	1756	P.	William Shepard
Davis Benjamin	1759	P.	Joseph Blodgett
Davis John	1756	P.	Timothy Hamant
Davis Joseph	1759	Ensign	Daniel Burt
Davis Trustrum	1756	P.	Trustrum Davis
Davis Trustrum Jr.	1761	P.	Trustrum Davis
Darbe Benjamin	1756	P.	Joseph Blodgett
Deering Samuel	1756	Corp.	Timothy Hamant
Dimick Gideon	1759	Sergt.	Daniel Burt
Dingy Phineas	1759	P.	John Bancroft
Dunkley Robert Jr.	1759		
Dunham Thomas			
Durkee Phineas	1756	Lt.	Ebenezer Moulton
Fenton William	1756	P.	James Mirick
Fleming William	1756	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Foot Joseph	1756	Drum.	James Mirick
Frizell Samuel	1780	Cent.	Trustrum Davis
Frost Aaron	1759	P.	John Bancroft
Frost Ebenezer	1755	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Frost Jonathan	1755	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Frost Noah	1758	P.	Daniel Burt
Frost Samuel	1755	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Fuller Abraham	1760	P	Robert Field
Fuller Peter	1756	P.	James Mirick
Gary William	1756	P.	Trustrum Davis
Gardner William	1755	P.	Ebenezer Moulton
Graves Aaron	1755	Corp.	Ebenezer Moulton
Graves Daniel	1759	P.	John Burk
Graves Moses	1759	P.	John Bancroft
Graves Phineas	1758	P.	Daniel Burt
Graham Archibald	1758	P.	Daniel Burt
Groves Joseph	1756	P.	James Mirick
Groves Peter	1758	P.	Daniel Burt
Harkness John	1755	Sergt.	Daniel Burt
Haeck Benjamin	1758	P.	Mirick
Hatch Stephen	1758	P.	Burt
Harris John	1758	P.	Burt

	Year	Rank	Captains
Hartman Matthias	1758	P.	Burt
Haynes Benjamin	1758	P.	Mirick
Haynes David	1754	Sergt.	Fox
Healey Abijah	1755	P.	Moulton
Hill John	1755	P.	Moulton
Hinds John	1751	Cent.	Davis
Hinds Lemuel	1760	P.	Davis
Hitchcock David	1760	P.	Field
Hitchcock Joseph	1760	Cent.	Davis
Hitchcock Moses	1758	P.	Bliss
Hitchcock Paul	1758	P.	Burt
Hitchcock Peletiah	1757	P.	Burt
Holbrook Asa	1758	P.	Burt
Holbrook Josiah	1758	P.	Burt
Holbrook John	1758	P.	Bliss
Hoar Edmund	1756	P.	Mirick
Hoar Leonard	1760	P.	Davis
Hoar Reuben	1756	P.	Mirick
Hubbard Simeon	1756	P.	
Hubbard Thomas	1758	P.	Burt
Hutchinson Benjamin	1758	P.	Bancroft
Janes David	1756	P.	Mirick
Janes Israel	1758	P.	Burt
Janes William	1756	P.	Burt
Jordan Richard	1756	P.	Moulton
Jennings Stephen	1760	P.	Davis
Keene Simeon	1758	P.	Burt
Keep Caleb	1760	P.	Field
Keep Jabez	1756	Corp.	Burt
Keep Josiah	1756	Corp.	Mirick
Keep Simeon	1758	P.	Burt
Kilborn Jonathan	1756	P.	Mirick
Kilborn Samuel	1756	Corp.	Mirick
King Benjamin	1756	P.	Thompson
King Jonathan	1755	P.	Moulton
King Jotham	1756	P.	Davis
Lamberton John	1756	P.	Moulton
Larkin George	1756	P.	Davis

	Year	Rank	Captains
Lee Samuel	1756	P.	Davis
Lilley Reuben	1760	Cent.	Davis
Livermore Samuel	1756	P.	Blodgett
Loomis Caleb	1760	Cent.	Davis
Lumbard David	1756	P.	Mirick
Lumbard Stephen	1756	P.	Blodgett
Lumbard Thomas	1756	P.	Mirick
Lyon Henry	1755	P.	Moulton
Mace John	1760	Corp.	Field
Marsh Perez Jr.	1756	Cent.	Burt
Martin Abraham	1756	P.	Mirick
Marshall John	1760	P.	
Meacham Ichabod	1756	Cent.	
Merrill Asa	1756	P.	Blodgett
McClellen Samuel	1755	P.	Moulton
McConnel James	1760	P.	Field
McDaniel Edward	1756	P.	Davis
McMasters Robert	1756	P.	Moulton
Mighill Aaron	1760	Cent.	Davis
MighillAsa	1759	P.	Davis
Mighill Elijah	1756	Corp.	Davis
Mighill James	1761	P.	Hart
Mighill John	1756	Sergt.	Davis
Mighill Nathaniel	1758	P.	Burt
Mighill Samuel	1760	Sergt.	Davis
Mighill Thomas	1761	P.	Shepard
Mighill William	1760	P.	Field
Miles Elijah	1756	P.	Davis
Miles John	1756	P.	Davis
Mirick Aaron	1758	P.	Burt
Mirick Gideon	1756	Lt.	Moulton
Mirick James	1756	Capt. Mirick, Col.	Williams
Mirick Phineas	1755	Sergt.	Moulton
Moffatt Aquila	1761	P.	Gray
Moffatt Daniel	1759	P.	Willard
Moffatt Jonathan	1761	P.	Hart
Morgan Benjamin	1756	P.	Mirick
Morgan John	1758	P.	Burt

	Year	Rank	Captains
Morgan Jehiel	1760	Sent.	Davis
Morgan Joseph	1758	P.	Burt
Morgan Reuben	1755	P.	Moulton
Moss John	1756	P.	Mirick
Moulton Ebenezer	1756	Capt.	
Moulton Freeborn	1756	P.	Moulton
Moulton Jonathan	1756	P.	Burt
Moulton Joseph	1758	P.	Davis
Munger Elnathan	1756	P.	Burt
Munger Ichabod	1758	P.	Burt
Munger Jehiel	1756	P.	Blodgett
Munger Joseph	1756	Sergt.	Moulton
Munger Nathaniel	1755	P.	Mirick
Munger Samuel	1756	P.	Mirick
Munn Benjamin	1756	P.	Mirick
Mund Isaac	1757	Drum.	Burt
Mund Isaiah	1758	P.	Mirick
Mund Nathaniel	1757	P.	Mirick
Murray Ezekiel	1760	P.	Davis
Needham Anthony	1760	Lt.	Field
Needham Daniel	1760	P.	Field
Needham Humphrey	1758	P.	Bliss
Needham Jasper	1758	Drum.	Burt
Needham Nehemiah	1755	P.	Moulton
Bristo (Negro)	1757	P.	Mirick
Nelson Aaron	1758	P.	Burt
Nelson Benjamin	1758	Cent.	Burt
Nelson James	1760	P.	Gray
Nelson Robert	1759	P.	Willard
Nelson Samuel	1759	P.	Hamant
Nelson William	1758	P.	Burt
Nichols Jabez	1760	P.	Field
Nichols Samuel	1756	P.	Mirick
Norris Jonathan	1760	Cent.	Davis
Parker Jabez	1760	P.	Field
Parker Thomas	1759	P.	Mirick
Parsons Noah	1759	P.	Bancroft
Patterson Joseph	1756	P.	Blodgett

	Year	Rank	Captains
Pease Stephen	1756	P.	Davis
Pike Samuel	1759	P.	Bancroft
Post John	1756	P.	Davis
Randall Caleb	1756	P.	Davis
Rice Benajah	1760	P.	Davis
Rice James	1756	P.	Mirick
Ridley Thomas	1756	P.	Moulton
Roach Edward	1756	P.	Mirick
Rosebrooks John	1758	P.	Burt
Runnels James	1756	P.	Moulton
Russell Adonijah	1756	P.	Moulton
Russell Joseph	1756	P.	Blodgett
Russell Joshua	1756	Corp.	Burt
Scott Ebenezer	1756	P.	Robinson
Scott Isaac	1758	P.	Burk
Shaw George	1756	P.	Mirick
Shaw John	1758	P.	Bliss
Shaw Joshua	1757	P.	Mirick
Sherman Beriah	1758	P.	Burt
Sherman Daniel	1751	Sergt.	Hart
Sherman James	1759	P.	Willard
Shields John	1758	P.	Day
Smith David	1757	P.	Davis
Smith Josiah	1756	P.	Davis
Smith Nathaniel	1756	P.	Davis
Smith Samuel	1756	P.	Davis
Stebbins Benjamin	1756	P.	Moulton
Stebbins Ebenezer	1758	P.	Burt
Stockwell Stephen	1756	P.	Davis
Tackles Hugh	1756	Sergt.	Moulton
Thomson Daniel	1759	Corp.	Hamant
Thomson John	1756	P.	Blodgett
Thomson Jonathan	1760	Ensign	Field
Thomson Joseph	1760	Lt.	Hart
Torrey David	1760	Cent.	Davis
Torrey Jonathan	1760	Cent.	Davis
Townsley Reuben	1756	P.	Davis
Trask Benjamin	1759	P.	Willard

	Year	Rank	Captains
Turner James	1755	Cent.	Burt
Tyler Moses	1756	P.	Mirick
Walbridge William	1760	P.	Field
Walker Israel	1758	P.	Burt
Walker Timothy	1756	P.	Moulton
Wallis David	1755	Ensign	Moulton
Wallis Isaac	1756	P.	Davis
Wallis Jonathan	1756	P.	Blodgett
Wallis John	1760	Cent.	Davis
Wallis William	1759	P.	Ball
Walton Andrew	1756	P.	Davis
Walton Thomas	1762	P.	Carver
Warriner Hezekiah	1756	P.	Day
Warriner John	1761	P.	Field
Warriner William	1758	P.	Bliss
Webber Benjamin	1758	P.	Burt
Webber Francis	1754	Cent.	Fox
Webber Henry	1756	P.	Moulton
Webber Jacob	1756	P.	Davis
Webber John	1754	Cent.	Johnson
Webber Samuel	1758	P.	Burt
Wedge Dennis	1756	P.	Blodgett
Weeks Samuel	1756	P.	Mirick
Wells John	1758	P.	Ball
White Ephraim	1756	Cent.	Burt
Wolcott Benjamin			
Worthington Samuel	1757	P.	Mirick

It should be borne in mind that many of the men enlisted several times in the years while the war lasted, and may be found serving under two or more different captains in the period, 1754-1763. For example, David Wallis is ensign in Capt. Ebenezer Moulton's Company in 1755. We also find him an ensign in Capt. Joseph Blodgett's Company in 1756.

We give below Joseph Blodgett's roll for 1756, of which he was captain.

John Browning
John Burt Jr.
Richard Bishop
Stephen Lambert
Edward Roach
John Anderson
David Wallis (Ensign)
Joseph Belknap
William Belknap
Asa Belknap
John Danielson Jr.
Abner Blodgett
Adonijah Russell
James Thompson
Humphrey Cram
Henry Webber
Jonathan Wallis
Samuel Deering (negro)
Deliverance Carpenter
Joseph Patterson
Abner Blodgett
Francis Webber
Trustrum Davis (Ensign)
William Dady
Joseph Russell
William Gordon
Jonathan Brown
William Janes
Daniel Moffatt
Simeon Burk
Elijah Mighill
John Brightman
John Mighill
Dennis Wedge
Samuel Livermore
John Thompson
John Bishop
John Hollowell
Ebenezer Scott
Thomas Blodgett
Joseph Davis
Jehiel Munger
Thomas Walton
Asa Merritt
Robert Dunkley 45 men

The muster roll gives many names of men, residents of the part of Brimfield that became Holland. Nearly half of them are men from that region, showing how loyal they were to the English crown, which emphasizes the folly of George the third and his advisers twenty-five years later.

The total number that Brimfield sent into the war was 291, five of whom were captains, Burt, Blodgett, Davis, Mirick, and Moulton.

We leave our readers to make the selection of the men, whose homes were in the part of Brimfield that became Holland. It should be borne in mind that Brimfield then included what is now Holland, Wales, Monson, part of Palmer and Warren. But even then it is a fine showing.

The splendid record of Brimfield in the French and In-

dian War should prove that her sons were loyal subjects of the English crown. The men of her colonies had proved themselves efficient soldiers in all the colonial wars before 1754. But with the outbreak of hostilities that year it was well understood that it would be a struggle to decide whether America should be French or English so far as its northern continent was concerned. Consequently the colonial soldiers on the English side were anxious for success, for defeat would have made the colonies dependencies of the French crown. England's colonies here did *more* than their part toward the success of English arms in that contest. The repeated slights and open insults of the English army and its commanders, supported by the home government, irritated the American contingent and left a feeling in the American heart that could ill bear the burden of an unlawful and unjust tax, about which they could have nothing to say, either in method or amount. And when they found their protests and expostulations treated with the same spirit of contempt and open insult which had been manifest twenty years before, there is little wonder, being English, that they should seek redress in revolution.

Holland during this period, 1762-1783, was a part of South Brimfield. If it had not been for the stress of this period Holland would have become a corporate municipality sooner. Scarcely was the war over and before the terms of peace were definitely settled, Holland was incorporated. Nobly had the men citizens of her territory contributed their service to the grand result. We give the list of men from South Brimfield who were soldiers in the Revolution, as also the list believed to be exclusively Holland men.

The list invites much study and reflection on the part of the reader. Many of the men who served their country in the Revolution had fought in the French and Indian war. Their patriotism passed through the fiery trial and baptism of blood twice. Men of this stamp value highly the prize, liberty under

law, for which they hazarded their lives. Here is ample proof that the inhabitants were a sturdy people, loyal and true; just the material out of which to build a nation whose corner stone should be the self-evident truth that, "All men are created equal." Abel Allen and Benjamin Church are included for reasons well known. The record is highly creditable to the town in that many family names are represented by several members, as notice:—Ames, 3; Belknap, 3; Bishop, 5; Blodgett, 14, with possibly two more; Davis, 3; Jackson, 3; Janes, 4; Moulton, 5; Munger, 12; Needham, 5; Rogers, 6; Thompson, 3; Webber, 6.

Warren's Address at Bunker Hill

The Spirit of the Revolutionary War.

Stand! the ground's your own, my braves
Will ye give it up to slaves?
Will ye look for greener graves?
Hope ye mercy still.
What's the mercy despots feel?
Hear it in that battle peal!
Read it on you bristling steel!
Ask it—ye who will.

Fear ye foes who kill for hire?
Will ye to your HOMES retire?
Look behind you! they're a-fire
And before you, see
Who have done it!—From the vale
On they come!—and will ye quail?
Leaden rain and iron hail
Let their welcome be!

In the God of battles trust!
Die we may and die we must:
But, O, where can dust to dust
Be consigned so well,

As where heaven its dews shall shed
On the martyred patriots's bed,
And the rocks shall raise their head,
Of his deeds to tell?

—John Pierpont.

Captains in the Revolutionary War, whose companies contained South Brimfield men:

Names	Town	Colonel
Loammi Baldwin	Woburn	
Jos. Browning	Hamp. Co.	John Bliss
Aaron Charles	Brimfield	Tim. Robinson
Charles Colton	Springfield	Woodbridge
Abner Cranston	Hamp. Co.	Whitcomb
Caleb Gibbs	Newport, R. I.	John Glover
Elisha Gilbert	Stockbridge	Vose
Caleb Keep	Monson	Danielson
Nehemiah May	So. Brimfield	Leonard
Jonathan Maynard	Framingham	Brooks
John Mills	Boston	Vose
Freeborn Moulton	Monson	Danielson
Reuben Munn	Monson	Dike
Anthony Needham	So. Brimfield	Robinson
William Park	Watertown	Nixon
Isaac Pope	Rochester	Shepard
William Pritchard	Marblehead	Glover
John Santford	unplaced	Malcom
John Sherman	Springfield (?)	Burt
John Thompson	Springfield	Burt
William Toogood	Westfield	Nixon
Amos Walbridge	Stafford (?)	Brewer
William Warner	Leominster	Marshall
George Webb	Holden	Paterson
Daniel Winchester	unplaced	Bliss

The following list is compiled from the muster rolls, pay rolls, etc., of Massachusetts soldiers of the Revolutionary War and published by the state, copies of which are in the Holland Library:

Rank	Name	Captain	Colonel	Town	Vol.
Lt.	Abel Allen	Moulton	Danielson	Monson	I
Corp.	Samuel Allen	Needham		So. Brimfield	I
	Benjamin Ames			" "	I
P.	James Ames	May	Leonard	" "	I
	Zenas Ames	Park	Nixon	" "	I
P.	Ludin Andrews	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	I
Ens.	Robert Andrews	Colton	Brewer	" "	I
P.	Gideon Badger	Pope	Shepard	" "	I
	Josiah Badger			" "	I
	John Baker	Winchester	Bliss	" "	I
	Joseph Baker	May	Leonard	" "	I
	John Ballard	Webb			
	Sherebiah Ballard, Jr.	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	I
P.	Daniel Belknap	Moulton	Danielson	" "	I
P.	John Belknap, Jr.	Moulton	Danielson	" "	I
P.	John Belknap	May	Leonard	" "	I
	Hooper Bishop	Webb	Paterson	" "	II
P	Isaac Bishop	Charles	Robinson	" "	II
P.	Solomon Bishop	Munn	Porter	" "	II
	Sylvanus Bishop			" "	II
Lt.	Wm. Bishop	Needham	Brewer	" "	II
P.	Abner Blodgett	Moulton	Danielson	" "	II
Sergt.	Admatha Blodgett	Toogood	Nixon	" "	II
P.	Benj. Blodgett	Needham	Danielson	" "	II
P	David Blodgett	Thompson	Leonard	" "	II
P.	Ephraim Blodgett	Sherman	Burt	" "	II
F.	Henry Blodgett	May	Leonard	" "	II
Fifer	James Blodgett	May	Leonard	" "	II
F.	John Blodgett	Sherman	Burt	" "	II
Corp.	Jonas Blodgett	Munn	Porter	" "	II
P.	Joseph Blodgett	Moulton	Danielson	" "	II
	Ludim Blodgett	May	Bliss	" "	II
P.	Nathan Blodgett	Gilbert	Cushing	" "	II
P	Rufus Blodgett	Browning	Bliss	" "	II
Lt.	Samuel Blodgett	Cranston	Whitcomb	" "	II
P.	Solomon Blodgett	Toogood	Nixon	" "	II
Sergt.	Thomas Blodgett	Munn	Leonard	" "	II
P.	Adamatha, Solomon, and Rufus Blodgett were taken prisoners. They all made their escape. (*See Vol. II.*)				
P.	Robert Brown	Moulton	Danielson	So. Brimfield	II

*It was since this list was made up that the history of Benjamin Church has come to the author's knowledge. It is not as the soldier that Holland primarily can lay claim to Benjamin Church, but as citizen for 27 years, his marrying a Holland lady for his second wife, and the fact that both are now at rest in Holland cemetery. His service is worthy of a monument erected by the state or nation. (*See the "Commander-in-Chief's Guard," by C. S. Godfrey, in the State Library, Statehouse, Boston, Massachusetts.*

Rank	Name	Captain	Colonel	Town	Vol.
	Samuel Brown	Gilbert			
Corp.	Ebenezer Bugbee	May	Leonard	So. Brimfield	II
	Samuel Bullen	Gilbert		" "	II
P.	Timothy Cauliss	Keep	Shepard	" "	II
P.	Lemuel Chapman	Browning	Murray	" "	II
	Thomas Chapman	Winchester	Bliss	" "	III
	*Benj. Church	Gibbs	Com-in-chief Guard	" "	III
				" "	III
P.	Reuben Clark	May	Leonard	" "	III
P.	Isaac Coady	Keep	Shepard	" "	III
P.	Samuel Coady	Keep	Shepard	" "	III
P.	John Collis	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	III
P.	David Craft	Warner	Marshall	" "	IV
	Benj. Davis	Winchester	Bliss	" "	IV
	David Davis	Winchester	Bliss	" "	IV
	Samuel Davis	Keep	Shepard	" "	IV
P.	Sam. Deering, negro with David Wallis			" "	IV
P.	Nathan Durkee	Mills	Brooks	" "	V
P.	Jordan Fanning	Winchester	Bliss	" "	V
P.	Hezekiah Fisk	Colton	Brewer	" "	V
P.	Isaac Fuller	Keep	Shepard	" "	VI
P.	Charles Gardner	Needham		" "	VI
P.	Joseph Gardner	Keep	Shepard	" "	VI
P.	Daniel Giles	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	VI
P.	Henry Graham	Thompson	Danielson	" "	VI
	Beriah Grandy	May	Bliss	" "	VI
P.	Aaron Green	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	VI
P.	Amos Green	Munn	Dike	" "	VI
Corp.	John Harris	Thompson	Danielson	" "	VII
	James Hovey	Winchester	Bliss	" "	VIII
P.	Oliver How	Munn	Dike	" "	VIII
P.	Jeremiah Jackson	May	Bliss	" "	VIII
P.	John Jackson	Charles	Robinson	" "	VIII
P.	Matthew Jackson	May	Bliss	" "	VIII
P.	Champ Janes (†)	May	Leonard	" "	VIII
	Elijah Janes, Jr.	May	Bliss	" "	VIII
Cornet	Elijah Janes	May	Bliss	" "	VIII
	Eliphalet Janes	Sherman	Pynchon	" "	VIII
P.	James Laflin	Munn	Porter	" "	IX
P.	Aaron Lumbard	May	Leonard	" "	IX
P.	Absalom Lumbard	May	Leonard	" "	IX
P.	Ethelbert C. Lyon	May	Leonard	" "	IX
	Ezra May	Woodbridge	Tyler	" "	IX
P.	Chester May	May	Leonard	" "	IX
Capt.	Nehemiah May	May	Leonard	" "	IX
Sergt.	Thomas McClure	May	Leonard	" "	IX
	Joel Mofatt	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	IX
	Judah Mofatt	May	Leonard	" "	IX
P	Solomon Molton	Keep	Shepard	" "	IX
P.	Benj. Moulton	Needham		" "	IX
P.	Ebenezer Moulton	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	IX
Corp.	John B. Moulton	Moulton	Danielson	" "	IX
P.	Jonathan Moulton	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	XI
Lt.	Jehiel Munger	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	XI
Sergt.	Joseph Munger	Winchester	Bliss	" "	XI
P.	Aaron Munger	Winchester	Bliss	" "	XI
P.	Billie Munger	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	XI
P.	Daniel Munger	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	XI

Rank	Name	Captain	Colonel	Town	Vol.
P.	Elnathan Munger	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	XI
P.	Ichabod Munger	Keep	Shepard	" "	XI
Sergt.	Jonathan Munger	Needham	Woodbridge	" "	XI
Sergt.	Joseph Munger	Needham	Bliss	" "	XI
P.	Jos. Munger	Winchester	Leonard	" "	XI
P.	Nathan Munger	May	Leonard	" "	XI
	Nathaniel Munger	Gilbert	Paterson	" "	XI
P	Samuel Munger	Needham	Robinson	" "	XI
P.	Abner Needham	Moulton	Danielson	So. Brimfield	XI
Capt.	Anthony Needham	Needham		" "	XI
Sergt.	Anthony Needham	Needham	Robinson	" "	XI
Lt.	Jasper Needham	Needham		" "	XI
	Jonat'n Needham	Gilbert	Glover	" "	XI
P.	James Nelson	May	Leonard	" "	XI
P.	Oliver Parks	Needham	Brewer	" "	XI
P.	Robert Parks	Needham	Brewer	" "	XI
Sergt.	Reuben Perry	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	XII
	Ezra Preston	Santford	Malcom	" "	XII
P.	Joel Rogers	Munn	Dike	" "	XIII
P.	Ptolemy Rogers	Webb	Shepard	" "	XIII
P.	Ishmael Rogers	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	XIII
P.	Nehemiah Rogers	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	XIII
P.	Robert Rogers	Pritchard	Glover	" "	XIII
P.	Stephen Rogers	Maynard	Brooks	" "	XIII
P.	John Rosebrooks	Moulton	Danielson	" "	XIII
P.	Thomas Sebbliss	Keep	Shepard	" "	XIII
	Thomas Sibbles	May	Bliss	" "	XIV
P.	Thomas Sibbles	Webb	Glover	" "	XIV
	Joseph Smalladge		Putnam	" "	XIV
P.	Benj. Smith	Munn	Dike	" "	XIV
	John Sutton	Winchester	Bliss	" "	XV
P.	Daniel Thompson	May	Leonard	" "	XV
P.	Alphaeus Thomson	May	Leonard	" "	XV
	Asa Thomson	Munn	Bliss	" "	XV
P.	Walter Wakefield	Colton	Brewer	" "	XVI
P.	Eleazer Wales	Keep	Shepard	" "	XVI
P.	David Wallis	May	Leonard	" "	XVI
Corp.	Benj. Webber	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	XVI
P.	Bradley Webber	May	Leonard	" "	XVI
1 Lt.	Edward Webber	May	Pynchon	" "	XVI
P.	John Webber	May	Shepard	" "	XVI
P.	Rinaldo Webber	Keep	Chapin	" "	XVI
P	Suel Webber	May	Leonard	" "	XVI
	Moses Winchester	Gilbert	Glover	" "	XVII
	Samuel Willard			" "	XVII
P.	Zebedee Young	Walbridge	Brewer	" "	XVII

Capt. Nehemiah May had 31 of the above list in his company.

The following is a list of men which Wales concedes belonged to Holland. This gives Holland 83 without Benjamin Church who came to Holland about 1807.

HOLLAND'S REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS.

Abel Allen	Jordon Fanning
Samuel Allen	Joseph Gardner
Benj. Ames	Daniel Giles

James Ames
Zenas Ames
Gideon Badger
Josiah Badger
John Ballard
Sherebiah Ballard 1779 (?)
Sherebiah Ballard Jr.
Daniel Belknap
John Belknap Jr.
John Belknap
Hooper Bishop
Isaac Bishop
Solomon Bishop
Sylvanus Bishop
William Bishop
Abner Blodgett
Admatha Blodgett
Benj. Blodgett
David Blodgett
Ephraim Blodgett (?)
Henry Blodgett (?)
James Blodgett
John Blodgett
Jonas Blodgett
Joseph Blodgett
Ludim Blodgett
Nathan Blodgett
Rufus Blodgett
Samuel Blodgett
Solomon Blodgett
Thomas Blodgett
Ebenezer Bugbee
Benjamin Church
Reuben Clark
Isaac Cody
Samuel Cody
John Collis
David Craft
David Davis
Nathan Durkee
Henry Graham
John Harris
Oliver How
Jeremiah Jackson
John Jackson
Matthew Jackson
Champ Janes
Elijah Janes
Elijah Janes Jr.
Eliphalet Janes
James Laflin
Aaron Lumbard
Absalom Lumbard
Ethelbert Child Lyon
Ezra May
Chester May
Capt. Nehemiah May
Sergt. Thomas McClure
Aaron Munger
Oliver Parks
Robert Parks
Ezra Preston
John Rosebrook
Joseph Smalledge
Benj. Smith
John Sutton
Daniel Thompson
Alphaeus Thompson
Asa Thompson
Walter Wakefield
David Wallis
Benj. Webber
Bradley Webber
Edward Webber
John Webber
Rinaldo Webber
Sewall Webber
Samuel Willard
Zebedee Young
Holland 84. Wales 51.

South Brimfield sent into the Revolution, 134 men. Benjamin Church enlisted at Cambridge and was born at Freetown, now Fall River, Mass. He came to Holland buying the Alfred Lyon place in 1806, and making his home there till 1833 when he died. Counting Benj. Church, he makes Holland number 84.

Admatha, Rufus and Solomon Blodgett were taken prisoners and we judge escaped and rejoined their companies. Of these, Admatha was a son to Joseph Blodgett, Sr., the other two were grandsons. Also of the Blodgetts on this list, six were sons and six were grandsons with two doubtful.

From Mass. Archives

List of men in Capt. Nehemiah May's Co., Col. David Leonard's Regiment, copied from the original pay roll, sworn to and signed by Capt. Nehemiah May, So. Brimfield, May 6, 1777.

Nehemiah May, Capt.
Jonah Brown, Lt.
Jonathan Coy, Lt.
Abner Needham, Sergt.
John Harris, Sergt.
Thomas McClure, Sergt.
Daniel Livermore, Corp.
Joel Green, Corp.
Nathan Cook, Corp.
Ebenezer Bugbee, Corp.
James Blodgett Fifer
James Ames, P.
John Belknap, P
Robert Brown, P.
Henry Blodgett
Joseph Baker
Charles Colton
Abner Cooley
Benj. Crouch
Reuben Clark
Timothy Danielson
Calvin Danielson
Luther Danielson
Noah Frost
Abel Gennins (Jennings)
Samuel Haynes
Chauncy Janes
Champ Janes
Joseph Knight
Absalom Lumbard
Aaron Lumbard
Ethelburt Lyon
Richard Lull
Ezra May
Judah Moffet
Elijah Molton
Joel Moffet
Joseph Mixter

Nathan Munger
Samuel Munger
Joseph Munger
Chester May
James Nelson
Ebenezer Rogers
Abner Stebbins
Benj. Stebbins
Jothem Stebbins
Bethuel Stebbins
Daniel Thompson
Alpheus Thompson
Jacob Towsley
Icanor Towsley
Shubael Wales
David Wallis
Suel Webber
Bradley Webber
Nathan Warner

WAR OF 1812.

New England had thrown herself heart and soul into the revolution, men from this section of our country formed a large part, at times of Washington's Army. But England, although defeated then and yielding us our independence, hoped that opportunity would come when she could retrieve what she had lost, through another war. When she was at war with Napoleon, her own needs and our weakness seemed a favorable opportunity. Her need of seamen and insolent impressment of men for that purpose, taking them from our ships on the high seas, until the press of Great Britain insultingly declared that the Americans "could not be kicked into a war," made war inevitable. But war was not then popular in New England for the redress of grievances. Hence the town warrant for a meeting July 11, 1812, which has the following article, is not the sentiment of Holland only, but was the sentiment of a strong party here in New England, mistaken however, in its conception, and harmful in its results. There was nothing rebellious or treasonable in the movement but it was unfortunate for it encouraged our enemy. The article reads as follows:

2. To take the minds of the district respecting an alliance with France, or to act anything they think proper respecting said business when met.

3. To choose a delegate or delegates to meet in county convention to be holden at Northampton on Tuesday the fourteenth day of July inst. at two o'clock in the afternoon to petition the President and Congress that war may be averted and peace restored to our country.

At this meeting they voted, Capt. Benjamin Church, Jacob Thompson, Esq., and James A. Lynn, a committee to draft resolutions. They also chose John Polley, Esq., as delegate to attend the Northampton convention. What resolutions were drafted by the committee can only be conjectured and the same is true concerning Mr. Polley's vote and voice in the convention.

But New England was represented in that war by her sons. If reluctant to engage in war, she was loyal to her country and its flag, when she found war inevitable, only her support was not so hearty and generous as in the revolution, giving of her sons according to her belief and understanding of the need. The articles above are in the nature of a referendum so much discussed now.

THE SPIRIT OF THE MEN OF WAR OF 1812

NAVY

Isaac did so maul and rake her
That the decks of Captain Dacre
Were in such a woful pickle
As if death, with scythe and sickle,
With his sling or with his shaft,
Had cut his harvest fore and aft.
Thus in thirty minutes ended
Mischief that could not be mended;
Masts and yards and ship descended
All to David Jones' locker—
Such a ship in such a pucker!

Anon.

ARMY

Better not invade; recollect the spirit
Which our dads displayed and their sons inherit.
If you still advance, friendly caution slighting,
You may get, by chance, a belly-full of fighting.
Pick-axe, shovel, spade, crowbar, hoe and barrow,—
Better not invade; Yankees have the marrow.

Woodworth.

The public records (original) of the Massachusetts militia for the war of 1812, have been placed in the hands of the War Department at Washington. Only copies are available now at the State House in Boston. Mr. Baker has written up the matter in a book entitled, "Records of Massachusetts Militia in the War of 1812-1814." From his work we glean the following names as soldiers which from the names would indicate that they came from Holland. They all enlisted in the Ware militia company under command of Capt. Ephraim Scott, Lieut. Colonel Enos Foot's Regiment, Brigadier General Bliss' brigade. This Ware company was raised at Ware and vicinity. The names will be noticed as names found in the records of Holland:—Time of service, Sept. 10—Nov. 7, 1814, and place of service was Boston and vicinity.

The following is a list of those who served in the war of 1812, believed to be from Holland:—

Abel Damon (?)	Asa Kimball
Perley Glazier	Asa Thompson
William Graham (?)	Kimball Webber
Sylvester Howlett	

Those with (?) are not fully proved to be Holland men but the names are those of well-known Holland families, and it is very probable that they belonged in Holland's quota.

War of 1812

Muster roll of Capt. Ephraim Scott's Company, Lt. Col. Enos Foot's Regiment. Time of service, from Sept. 10, to Nov.

7, 1814. Raised at Ware and vicinity. Said regiment belonged to Brigadier Gen. Bliss' brigade.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY

Ephraim Scott, Capt.
Joseph Shaw, Lt.
Ezekiel Boyden, Ensign
Allender Brackenridge, Sergt.
Heron Wright, Corp.
Phineas Converse, Musician
John Grant, Musician
Jonathan Coolidge Jr., Sergt.
Evander Darby, Sergt.
Foster Marsh, Sergt.
Calvin Murray, Corp.
Officers, 11.

PRIVATES

Adolphus Abbey
Waters Allen
King Baldwin
Josiah Barton
Ozel Boyden
Samuel Carrier
Benjamin Cleveland
Sylvanus Collins
Eber Cutter
Cyprain Cutting
Abel Damon
Samuel Demon, Jr.
Darius Eaton
Daniel Eddy
Ira Eddy
John Eddy
Asa Fisk
Perley Glazier
William Graham
Elijah Harvey, Jr.
Andrew Harwood, Jr.
Stotham Hinckley
Sylvester Howlett
Asa Kimball
Philip D. Lake
James F. Lamberton
Reuben Lamberton
Reuben Lazell
Charles Levins
Benjamin Lewis
Abial Lumbard
David Lumbard
William Mason
Saul May
Jonathan Maynard
John McIntosh
Isaac Merritt
Perley Moulton
Abner Needham
Jonathan Needham
Reuben Nourse
Isaac Osborn
Levi Osborn
Ebenezer Pratt
Jonathan Pratt
Pliny Richardson
Rufus Richardson
Daniel Ryder
Earl Sherman
Joseph Simmons
William Spear
Jesse Squire
Emory Stricklin
Lyman Thayer

Asa Thompson
Kimball Webber
Lyman Woolcot
Joel Wright
Privates 58

E. G. Fuller was drafted for this war but furnished a substitute, writes his grandson, E. G. Drake.

Since no militia list is available during the War of 1812-15, a tax list for 1812 is not without interest, not only for showing who the residents of the town were, but for tracing the enlistments from the town for this war. It should be borne in mind, however, that the enlistments would be mostly from the young men as yet without estate. The tax list is as follows:—

Abel Allen, Lt.
Ezra Allen, Lt.
David Anderson
John Anderson
Smith Adams
Walter Ainsworth
Joshua Barrett, Capt.
Edward Blodgett
Judah Buck
Loring Baker
Shubaal Baker
Lemuel Colburn
Moses Clark
William Chapin
Benjamin Church, Capt.
Samuel Church
Isaac Church
Amasa Deoulph
James Frizell
William Frizell
Ichabod Goodell
Sewell Glazier
Shepard Glazier
Joseph Glazier
Ebenezer Lyon
Ebenezer Lyon, Jr.
Stephen Lyon
Walter Lyon
James Lyon
James A. Lynn
James Marcy
Uriah Marcy
Elisha Marcy
David Marcy
Calvin Marcy
Nehemiah May, Jr.
Zuriel May
Ebenezer Morris
Leonard Morris
Abram McIntire
Elijah Munger
Ebenezer Harwood
Eleazer Howard
Ichabod Hyde, Dr.
David B. Dean, Dr.
Asa Kimball
Wm. Putnam
John Polley, Esq.
Lyman Polley
Calvin Polley
Hollwill Perrin, Capt.
Ambrose Perrin

John Rosebrooks
Stephen Rogers, Capt.
Augustus L. Fuller
Jeremiah Sherman
Benjamin Smith
Cyprian Stevens
Reuben Stevens
Samuel Shumway
Jacob Thompson, Esq.
Dea. David Wallis
Rinaldo Wallis
John Weaver, Lt.
Freeland Wallis
Willard Wood
Ebenezer Weatherbee
Elisha Willis
Andrew Webber
Dea. Samuel Webber
William Webber
Capt. Ezra Webber
Bradley Webber
Reuben Webber
Trenance Webber
Eleazer Webber
Francis Webber
Abner Webber
Cyril Perrin
Isaac Partridge
Samuel Patten
Abijah Pierce
Willard Pike
Ebenezer Pike
Gershom Rosebrooks
Willard Rosebrooks
Adolphus Webber
Eli Webber
Erastus Webber
Willard Weld
Elijah Spencer
John Wallis
Gordon Taylor
Molly Fuller

NON-RESIDENT TAXPAYERS

Aaron Allen
Joseph Browning, Esq.
Asher Badger
Noah Butterworth
Wm. Lumbard
Lt. John Holbrook
Dea. John Munger
Humphrey Needham
John Perry
Micah Perry
Nathaniel Rockwell
Abijah Shumway (heirs)
David McFarlin
John Tarbell
Moses Wallis (heirs)
David Brown
Joseph Bruce
James Fuller
Mary Rosebrooks
Othiel Brown
Cyrus Janes
Darius Munger Esq.
Jabez Chapin
Dated May 29, 1812

The above list is a fine source of history.

This tax list is given as a means of computing the highway tax the above year. The total tax was $250.18. The highway surveyors were: Dea. Samuel Webber, $63,17; Reuben Stevens, $75.96; Trenance Webber, $59.27; Uriah Marcy, $51.78. Total $250.18.

MILITARY DRILL.

England has been a nation of fighters. Her situation compelled her to be, as well as virile blood and love of freedom, all impelled her to value military training. Her military leaders have been trained soldiers, and the man in the ranks was trained to obey and to act in unison with his comrades to add to the efficiency of the whole. We inherited the customs, laws, and ideals of the English. Military drill was made compulsory with us after the Revolution, because it was believed to be necessary, and it undoubtedly was. But after the war of 1812, the danger of external attack decreased and finally led to the abandonment of compulsory military drill due in part also to its irksomeness. But while they lasted they were gala days, for the militia of a region were called out in uniform and with arms and were put through the evolutions.

We have noted how parson Reeve was chaplain of a Brimfield company, and Col. Lyon doubtless gave the present common that he might have a better training field upon which to drill the men from Holland. The men were reluctant to take the drill, so to stimulate interest in the drill, the town in 1808 voted forty dollars to her soldiers who attended the muster at Hadley. It was a dangerous precedent however. A move to give them their poll tax in 1831 was defeated. These training days were times when the young men were full of jokes and pranks especially when off duty. Boxing matches, wrestling matches, various feats of strength were in order, to say nothing of feats of the mind in quick wit and ready repartee.

Tradition has it that on one of these training days one of the men of a neighboring town came up to a Holland recruit who was a natural wag as well as rhymester and said, "You have the reputation of making rhymes offhand upon any subject given you. Now my name is Right. I challenge you

to do it with my name." The Holland recruit straightened up and instantly replied:—

Right, it is a very good name
Saints and angels bear the same.
But 'tis as wrong to call YOU Right
As 'tis to call a black hog white."

He received no more challenges.

The militia list for the year 1840 is the first given in the town records. It will be of interest to many families for various reasons, chiefly as a source of history from which a little study and reflection will yield much.

MILITIA LIST FOR 1840

Lyman Adams
Wm. Anderson
Harrison Allen
Roswell Blodgett
Lucius Back
Albert Butterworth
Elwell D. Burley
John Butterworth
Dwight Burley
Winthrop B. Blodgett
Crawford Brackett
Alden W. Blodgett
Edward Blodgett
Rodney A. Bennett
Orrin W. Brown
Sherman Church
Zebinah Fletcher
Calvin W. Frizell
Wm. Frizell
Jno. Gould
John Glazier
George Haradon
Stephen Jackson
Andrew B. Thorington
John W. Kidder
John Lilley
Uriah P. Marcy
Albert Marcy
Elisha W. Marcy
David Needham
Loring Parks
Willard Parks, Jr.
Charles Polley
Reuben Patrick
Riley Parsons
Stephen Williams
Jonathan Williams
Wm. A. Webber
Geo. L. Webber
James Webber
Freeland O. Wallis
Warren A. Wallis
Stephen Weld
Charles Webber
Isaac U. Wood
Walter M. Blodgett
Gardner Walis

47 Men

John Wallis, town clerk

THE WAR WITH MEXICO.

This war had its origin in the desire and determination on the part of the slave-holding states to extend the slave-holding territory of our country. That war was not a popular one in New England. Opposition to slavery was increasing year by year, from the social, economic and moral standpoints. It was regarded as harmful alike to master and slave, and destructive to the best interests of the country. Holland sympathized with the sentiment of New England in this matter and therefore no soldier of Holland is on the records of that war.

We give a list of the names of those liable to military duty for the year 1846, of whom, some, doubtless would have been enrolled, had duty and necessity called. If towns had been required to make and keep a roll of those liable to military duty it would be a simpler matter to trace the men enlisted from a given town. But 1840 is the first year, in which we find such a list.

MILITIA LIST OF HOLLAND FOR 1846

Harrison Allen
Seymour S. Allen
Alanson C. Allen
Lyman Adams
Rodney A. Bennett
Orrin W. Brown
Dwight Butterworth
Roswell A. Blodgett
Albert S. Butterworth
Ransom Badger
Loring Badger
Lucius Back
Amasa Coy
Henry S. Dean
Andrew Darling, Jr.
Ebenezer Darling

Horatio N. Drake
Wm. Frizell
John B. Gould
Perley G. Green
Nathan Green
John Hall
Lewis Howlett
Horace Haynes
Harvey Johnson
Cheney Janes
Elisha Kinney
James F. Lynn
Jared S. Lamb
Wm. A. Lynn

(given for historical reasons)

Paschal M. Lynn
Uriah P. Marcy
Loring Marcy
John C. Miller
Eleazer Moore
Joshua Corbin
Edmund Niles
Wm. Orcutt
John C. Polley
Wm. Pratt
Hamilton Reeve
Charles Sands
Jonathan Sikes
Elias Smith
Lewis Upham
Nehemiah Underwood
Henry Robinson
Jefferson F. Webber
Warren A. Wallis
Isaac U. Wood
Wm. A. Webber
Geo. L. Webber
Jas. A. Webber
Stephen Williams
Jonathan Williams
Hiram Wallis
Ruel Williams
Emerson Webber
Horace Wallis
Edwin Damon

CIVIL WAR.

The firing upon Fort Sumpter in April, 1861, united northern opinion and gave life and motive to northern sentiment. Discussion of states' rights and human rights soon passed into the question of national unity and how it should be preserved. The dictum, "The Union must and shall be preserved," was the only solution of the situation. President Lincoln's statement, "that the Union could not exist half slave and half free," was coming to be a manifest truth. Peace with disunion was likewise impossible. Fugitive slaves would be the constant bone of contention in disunion. A civil war to settle the question and restore the Union was the only alternative.

To enlist in this war many circumstances urged the young men, viz.—the brutal assault made upon a Massachusetts senator (Chas. Sumner) in the discharge of his duty and the lionizing by the slave-holders and their sympathizers of his cowardly assailant; the taunts of cravenheartedness on the part of northern young men as against the valor of southern young men; also the eternal principle of human brotherhood which

poets and moralists of the day were constantly presenting to an awakened public conscience. All these, and many more, could not but bring the thoughtful and patriotic northern young men to a sense of the duty he owed his country and his God. Under a sense of that duty the young men of Holland, with thousands of others, placed their lives upon the altar of sacrifice, and went forth to vindicate the spirit and philanthropy of our country's founders, a heritage more precious with the flight of years, to which recent events in Europe add worth and glory.

THE SPIRIT OF THE BOYS OF 1861

We owe allegiance to the state, but
deeper, truer, more,
To the sympathies that God hath set
within our spirit's core;
Our country claims our fealty; we grant
it so, but then
Before Man made us citizens, great
Nature made us men.

He's true to God who's true to men;
Wherever wrong is done
To the humblest and the weakest, 'neath
the all beholding sun,
That wrong is also done to us; and they
are slaves most base,
Whose love of right is for themselves,
and not for all their race.

God works for all. Ye cannot hem the
hope of being free
With parallels of latitude with mountain
range or sea.
Put golden padlocks on Truths lips, be
callous as ye will,
From soul to soul, o'er all the world,
leaps one electric thrill.

Jas. Russell Lowell.

Is true Freedom but to break
Fetters for our own dear sake,
And with leathern hearts forget
That we owe mankind a debt?
No! true freedom is to share
All the chains our brothers wear,
And, with heart and hand to be
Earnest to make others free!
They are slaves who fear to speak
For the fallen and the weak;
They are slaves who will not choose
Hatred, scoffing and abuse,
Rather than in silence shrink
From the truth they needs must think;
They are slaves who dare not be
In the right with two or three.

—Jas. R. Lowell.

It was in attempting to make slave-catchers of the people of the North that the power of slavery received its first serious check. No Congress, no Supreme Court, no President, nor all combined could suppress in the hearts of the men of the North the instincts of manhood and the natural feelings of humanity. Against these the power of slavery dashed and broke in vain, as vainly as the ocean billows dash and break against the rugged cliffs of a rockbound coast.

—Daniel F. Howe.

MILITIA LIST FOR HOLLAND FOR YEAR 1861.

Lyman Adams
Edward P. Blodgett
Freeman B. Blodgett
Roswell A. Blodgett
Chas. B. Blodgett
T. D. Butterworth
George Barnes
Merrick Brackett
Henry Bennett
Henry Burnett
Wm. E. Cook
Albert Webber
Dwight E. Webber
Henry W. Webber
Edwin P. Damon
Wm. E. Fenner
James Frizell
George Ballard
Herbert A. McFarland
John B. Gould

James Groves
Wm. Groves
Wm. Harris
Henry Haradon
George A. Haradon
Hollowell P. Marcy
Oscar C. Marcy
Oscar Lynn
Albert Mason
Loring B. Morse
Ashable C. Meacham
C. W. Parsons
Chas. Sands
Henry J. Switzer
Wm. S. Wallis
Harris C. Wallis
Horace Wallis, Jr.
Wm. A. Webber
James A. Webber
Ruel A. Williams
John Williams
Wyles Williams

TRIBUTES TO THE LEADING SOLDIER, ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Shrewd, hallowed, harassed, and among
The mysteries that are untold,
The face we see was never young
Nor could it ever have been old.

—ANON.

Simple and strong and large, type of the plan
Great Nature offers when God builds a Man!
Great frame, great aim, great soul, great heart were thine,
A chosen vessel for a task divine.

—Henry C. McCook.

The following is the military record of the boys from Holland, being born here, or in whom for some reason Holland had a deep interest. Some of them were men whose parents had lived in Holland but had recently moved away. We had the assistance of two veterans of the civil war, James H. Walker and J. Brainerd Hall, working independently of each other. Sometimes one is more complete in his report and sometimes the other. What each furnished in the following record is indicated by their respective initials. The order is alphabetical:—

John Anderson, Co. E. 1st Michigan Sharpshooters, Mustered Jan. 5, 1863, for 3 years, age 22. 2nd Lieut. 57th Mass. Infantry mustered February 4, 1864, and for 3 years, age

MAJ. JOHN ANDERSON, U. S. A.

23. Gunshot left arm and shoulder July 30, 1864, at the Crater, front of Petersburg, Va. 1st Lieut. March 13, 1865, and Captain by Brevet. March 25, 1865, and Lieut. 20th Veteran Reserve Corps. Entered Regular Establishment as 2nd Lieut. 25th United States Infantry August 10, 1867; 1st Lieut. 18th U. S. Infantry October 17, 1878; Captain June 21, 1890; U. S. Army, retired, June 6, 1894. Present rank, Major, U. S. Army, Retired. Residence, Belchertown, Mass.

J. B. H.

BELCHERTOWN—Retired Army Officer Dies.—Maj. John Anderson, United States Army, passes away at "The Bivouac."

Maj. John Anderson, United States army, retired, died at his home, "The Bivouac," yesterday morning at 4 o'clock after a long and painful illness. Maj. Anderson was born in Monson and entering the army in January, 1863, served as a private 11 months in the 1st Michigan sharpshooters. In 1864 he received a commission as 2d lieutenant in the 57th Massachusetts volunteers and served with that regiment in its many battles through Virginia. He was brevetted for brave conduct and meritorious service in the battles before Petersburg, Va.

He was wounded at the battle of the Crater, July 30, 1864. At the close of the war he entered the regular army as 2d lieutenant and served through the different grades, holding various staff offices to the rank of major. He was in the campaign in Montana against the Sioux Indians under their chief, Sitting Bull, in 1881.

Maj. Anderson retired from active service in 1894, owing to ill health incidental to the service, making his summer home at Belchertown. He leaves a widow and daughter, the wife of Maj. F. D. Evans, adjutant to Gen. Funston at Mexico; a niece, Miss Annie D. Ward, who has been a member of his family from early childhood; and a sister in Springfield. The most of his service was in the 18th infantry, regular army. Maj. Anderson was 50 years in the United States army.

Aside from the distinguished military career of Maj. Anderson was the social character of the man. Genial, with an ever-ready courtesy, quick sympathy and an intense love for humanity, Maj. Anderson has left a wide circle of friends. Children appealed to him and each Memorial day until his illness, he was always in earnest in addressing the schools and his coming was largely anticipated.

Funeral services will be held at the home to-morrow at 1.30 p. m. The burial will be in Arlington cemetery, Washington, D. C. (*Springfield Republican*, Aug. 28, 1914).

Albert Back, Enlister at Worcester Sept. 8, 1862 in Co. F 51st Mass. Reg't. Discharged July 28, 1863, at Worcester, at the expiration of service. His father was Lucius Back and his mother's name was ——— Hatch. He was born in Holland in 1838 but credited to Sturbridge.

J. H. W.

George Barnes,—age 44 years—Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, and served in Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged July 29, 1863.—Expiration of service. Died in Scituate, R. I. in 1887. He was born in Sturbridge, Mass.

J. H. W.

Baxter C. Bennett, age 18 years. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862. Served in Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged May 30, 1863, on account of disability. Son of Rodney A. Bennett and Emily (Webber) Bennett.

J. H. W.

Henry H. Bennett, age 21 yrs. Enlisted Aug. 26, 1862, and was assigned to Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged June 17, 1863, on account of disability incurred at the battle of Goldsboro, N. C. Died at Warren, Mass., July 1, 1899. Born in Holland in 1840.

J. H. W.

Orderly Sergt. Charles D. Cutler—age 30 yrs. Enlisted at Buckland, Mass., June 21, 1861, into Co. H, 10th Reg't Mass. Infantry and was killed at the battle of Fair Oaks, Va., May 31, 1862.

J. H. W.

Corp. Clement F. Drake, age 20 yrs. Enlisted June 21, 1861. Assigned to Co. H, 10th Reg't. Mass. Infantry. Discharged Feb. 21, 1864, to re-enlist. Re-enlisted Feb. 21, 1864. Transferred June 19, 1864, to Co. B, 37th Reg't.. Mass. Infantry. Transferred June 21, 1865, to Co. C, 20th Mass. Infantry. Discharged July 26, 1865, by order of War Department.

J. H. W.

Gunshot wound of left hip in battle of Wilderness. Residence, Weisner, Idaho. Late Commander of Department of Idaho, G. A. R.

J. B. H.

John Franklin, age 22. Enlisted July 12, 1864, but never joined for service.

J. H. W.

James L. Groves, age 29 yrs. Enlisted Aug. 19, 1861, and was assigned to Co. I, 21st Mass. Infantry. Discharged Jan. 14, 1862, on account of disability. Enlisted Aug. 31, 1864, and was assigned to Co. D, 2nd Mass. Heavy Artillery. Discharged June 26, 1865. Expiration of service. Was then in Co. H, same reg't. Died in Brimfield Sept. 24, 1886. He was carried on the records as James L. Graves. He was born in Millbury, Mass., Aug. 13, 1832.

J. H. W.

Also counted in the quota of Sturbridge.

J. B. H.

Josiah Brainerd Hall, 1st Conn. Infantry. Enlisted April, 1861, for 3 months, not mustered. Declined Commission October, 1862, in 22nd Mass. Infantry. Enlisted December 30, 1863, Co. B, 57th Mass. Infantry. Mustered January 4, 1864, for 3 years. Age 21. Gunshot wound of abdomen May 6, 1864, Wilderness, Va. Transferred September, 1864, Co. A, 14th Reg't. Veteran Reserve Corps. By reason of wound on January, 1865, declined Commission of President Lincoln U. S. Colored Troops, and an appointment as Surgeons' Steward U. S. Navy. Residence, 26 McKinley Road, Worcester, Mass.

J. B. H.

Josiah Brainerd Hall, oldest son of Rev. Ogden and Harriet Walker Hall, became of age while his father was a resident of Holland and served in the civil war as a part of the quota of the town. Immediately after his discharge from the army he was appointed clerk in the Claim Agency Department at Boston, of the New England Branch of the United States Sanitary Commission. In the summer of 1873 he joined the Editorial staff of the Worcester Evening Gazette; for some 12 years or more he was its Court reporter and Editor of the weekly edition, and was City Editor when in July, 1889, his wounds received at the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, 1864, forced his resignation. March 1, 1890, he resumed active practice in the Departments at Washington and has since 1893 been the senior member of J. Brainerd Hall & Son, Pension Solicitors and Claim Agents, with the main office at Worcester.

In 1895-6 he was Adjutant General of the Massachusetts Department of the Union Veterans' Union, and in 1902 was elected Colonel of Gen. William S. Lincoln Command No. 18, U. V. U. of Worcester, Mass. He is also a member of the Sons of the American Revolution. The Society of the Army of the Potomac. The New England Association of Survivors of Southern Prisons and The Massachusetts Association of Prisoners of the War.

Geo. A. Haradon, born in Holland, 1834. Age 28 yrs. Enlisted at Brookfield, Mass., July 31st, 1862, and was assigned to Co. A, 34th Mass. Infantry. Discharged Oct. 10, 1862, for disability. Dead.

J. H. W.

John Harding, age 21 yrs. Enlisted July 10, 1864. Served in Co. H. 1st Mass Cavalry. Discharged June 26, 1865. Expiration of service, as absent from company sick in hospital.

J. H. W.

John B. Blodgett, born in Holland in 1840, enlisted from Sturbridge, son of Winthrop and Elizabeth (Brackett) Blod-

gett. He enlisted Jan. 5, 1864, for three years and was mustered into service of United States on the day of his enlistment. He died of disease Feb. 25, 1865, at New Berne, North Carolina. His occupation is given as a farmer. He served in Co. B, 17th Reg't. Mass. Volunteer Infantry.

E. J. (B.) W.

Henry B. Blodgett of Dudley, aged 21, a shoemaker, born in Holland, enlisted 26th May, 1862, in Co. D, 25th Reg't Mass. Volunteer Infantry for three years, and was mustered into service of the United States May 26, 1862. He was discharged on the 18th day of March, 1863, for disability. Henry B. Blodgett of Southbridge, age 22, telegrapher, enlisted and mustered Aug. 22, 1864, for one year in Co. D, 4th Reg't. Mass. Vol. Heavy Artillery. Mustered out June 17th, 1865.

Adjutant General.

Isaac L. Burley, aged 20 yrs., enlisted at Cherry Creek, N. Y., into a reg't. belonging to that state and killed at the battle of Chancellorsville, Va., May 3, 1863. A headstone bearing his name and date of death has been erected in Holland cemetery. He was born in Holland in 1843. His father moved to Carry, Pa., in 1857 or 1858. His parents were Perry and Charlotte (Partridge) Burley.

J. H. W.

Sergt. John C. Burley, aged 25 yrs. Enlisted at Worcester, Mass., Sept. 8, 1862, and served in Co. F, 51st Mass. Infantry. Discharged July 27, 1863. Expiration of service. Died at Wales, Feb. 14, 1905. Born in Wales, Aug. 17, 1839. Father was Ferdinand L. Burley. Mother was Louisa (Colburn) Burley.

J. H. W.

Orson L. Burley, aged 28 years. Enlisted at Worcester, Mass., Sept. 8, 1862, and was assigned to Co. F, 57th Mass. Infantry. Discharged July 27, 1863. Expiration of service. Enlisted at Auburn, Mass., Aug. 15, 1864, into Co. F, 4th Mass. Heavy Artillery. Discharged June 17, 1865. Expiration of service. Died in Wales July 12, 1904.

J. H. W.

Charles J. Clapp, age 18 yrs. Enlisted Sept. 28, 1861, and served in Co. K 23d Mass. Infantry. Discharged Dec. 2, 1863 to re-enlist. Re-enlisted as from Mansfield, Mass., Dec. 3d, 1863, in the same company and reg't. Discharged June 25, 1865. Expiration of service.

J. H. W.

David Clapp, Jr., age 26 yrs. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, and served in Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged July 29, 1863, at Springfield, Mass. Expiration of service.

J. H. W.

Capt. George Harison Howe, born in Wales. Age 22. Enlisted at Monson, Mass. Aug. 26, 1862, served as first lieutenant of Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged July 29, 1863. Expiration of service. Enlisted Nov. 2, 1863, and was commissioned first lieutenant of Co. —, 57th Mass. Infantry. Commissioned Capt. of Co. —, in same reg't. Jan. 25, 1864. Killed July 30, 1864, in an assault on Petersburg, Va.

J. H. W.

Sergt. Jason Lewis, age 21. Enlisted at Springfield, Aug. 15, 1862. Mustered in Sept. 25, 1862. Service Co. A, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged at Springfield, July 29, 1863, at expiration of service.

J. H. W.

William Lilley, age 27, enlisted at Medway, Mass., Aug. 23, 1864, into Co. B, 4th Mass. Heavy Artillery. Discharged June 17, 1865, expiration of service. He was born in Union, Conn., 1837. Father, John Lilley; Mother, Hannah (Covey) Lilley. His paternal grandfather was a Revolutionary soldier. He died Oct. 6, 1914, aged 80, and was buried in Holland.

J. H. W.

John Lowns, age 34, enlisted Nov. 1, 1862, and was assigned to Co. B, 42d Mass. Infantry. Discharged Aug. 20, 1863. Expiration of service. Of him it is written that he served to the credit of Holland in the 42d Mass.

J. H. W.

Burnett E. Miller, age 21. Enlisted at Springfield, Mass., Oct. 15, 1862, and served in Co. A, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged July 29, 1863. Expiration of service, at Springfield, Mass.

J. H. W.

Henry M. Moore, age 22, enlisted Aug. 28, 1862, and served in Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged May 28, 1863, on account of disability. Born in 1840.

J. H. W.

Julius Warren Rice, born Oct. 14, 1830, son to Warren and Eliza Rice. Co. K, 1st Reg't. Conn. Heavy Artillery. Enlisted at Brookfield, Mass., May 23, 1861, and mustered in same day as corporal. Promoted to Sergt. Jan. 11, 1863. Re-enlisted as veteran Nov. 26, 1863. Mustered out Sept. 25, 1865.

Charles F. Roper, Co. G, 46th Mass. V. M. Mustered Oct. 15, 1862, for 9 mos. Age. 18. Re-enlisted Co. A, 2nd Mass. Heavy Artilery. Mustered July 28, 1863, for 3 yrs. Age 19. Residence, Lake Pleasant, Mass.

J. B. H.

Salem T. Weld, Leader of Band, 22nd Mass. Infantry. Age 31. Born in Holland, but enlisted at Westboro.

Merritt A. Towne, age 23. Enlisted at Worcester, Mass., Feb-24, 1862, and was assigned to Co. F, 15th Mass. Transferred July, 1863, to 14th Veteran Reserve Corps. Discharged Feb. 24, 1865, expiration of service. He was born in Union, Conn., in 1839. Father was Hiram Towne, mother Betsy (Wales) Towne.

J. H. W.

Corp. Albertus H. Walker, age 17. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, and served in Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged May 29, 1863, to re-enlist. Re-enlisted May 29, 1863, and was assigned to Co. D, 2nd Mass. Heavy Artillery. Discharged by reason of muster out of service, by virtue of special Order No. 154, Part 3. Headquarters Dept. of North Carolina Army of the Ohio, Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 16,

1865, at Smithville, N. C., Sept. 3, 1865. Corp. A. H. Walker was born in Union, Conn., Aug. 30, 1845, of James M. Walker and Mary Hiscock Walker.

J. H. W.

Corp. James H. Walker, aged 20. Enlisted Aug. 28, 1862 and served in Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged May 29, 1863 to re-enlist. Re-enlisted May 29, 1863, and was assigned to Co. D, 2nd Mass. Heavy Artillery. Discharged at Smithville, N. C., Sept. 3,1865, mustered out by virtue of Special Order No. 154, Part 3. Headquarters Dept. of N. C. Army of the Ohio, Raleigh, N. C., Aug 16, 1865.

J. H. W.

Corp. Newton E. Wallace, age 20. Enlisted Oct. 15, 1861, and was assigned to Co. I, 27th Mass. Infantry. Discharged Oct. 29, 1864. Expiration of service. Corp. Newton E. Wallace was born in Holland in 1841.

J. H. W.

Harris C. Wallis, age 44. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862, and served in Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged July 29, 1863. Expiration of service. Died in the west. Born in Holland in 1818.

J. H. W.

Corp. Henry W. Webber, age 20. Enlisted Aug. 27, 1862 and served in Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry. Discharged July 29, 1863. Expiration of service at Springfield, Mass. Corp. Henry W. Webber was born in Holland in 1842. Father, James Webber; Mother, Delphia Parsons Webber. Resides in Worcester, Mass.

J. H. W.

Edward F. Carpenter, Co. G, 42nd Mass. V. M. Mustered July 21, 1864, for 100 days. Age 19. Residence, Falmouth Heights, Mass.

J. B. H.

Joel Henry, Co. H, 1st Mass. Heavy Artillery. Mustered August 18, 1864, for 3 years. Age 35.

J. B. H.

William C. Lynn, Co. B, 2nd Mass. Heavy Artillery. Mustered September 3, 1864 for 3 years. Age 20. Transferred January 17, 1865, to Co. E, 17th Mass. Infantry.

J. B. H.

The Holland Chapter, Vol. 2, Evert's History of Connecticut Valley, gives a list of a part of the names of Holland soldiers who, we know, were in Massachusetts Regiments. Its list includes the names of

Anson Williams, native of Union, Conn., Co. F, 4th Mass. Heavy Artillery. Age 34, quota of Brookfield. He died in Wales, Mass.

J. B. H.

Unknown — Carpenter, Aug. 20, 1864. Discharged June 17, 1865.

George W. Bagley, Musician Co. H, 9th Vermont Infantry, quota of Craftsbury, Vermont, July 7, 1862. Mustered out June 13, 1865.

J. B. H.

Nathaniel Alexander, Co. C, 15th Mass. Infantry. Age 40, quota of Lancaster, Mass. Died April 4, 1891. Enlisted Dec. 17, 1861. Discharged Oct. 15, 1862, for disability.

Salem T. Weld, Leader of Band, 22nd Mass. Infantry. Age 31, quota of Westboro, Mass.

J. B. H.

John E. Grout, Co. H, 57th Mass. Infantry. Age 33. From Spencer Dec. 19, 1863. Discharged July 1, 1864.

Alexander B. Murdock, Co. I, 27th Mass. Infantry. Mustered Sept. 20, 1861, quota of Ware, Mass., for 3 years. Age 35. Died, Andersonville, Ga., Feb. 8, 1865.

J. B. H.

In the town records bearing date May 1, 1863, we find the following note:—"A list of those that are now or have been in the service of the United States:—

John Anderson
Henry Bennett
Baxter Bennett
Albert Back
George Barnes
David Clapp, Jr.
Charles Clapp
Clement B. Drake
James Groves
George A. Haradon
Henry Moore
Julius Rice
Charles F. Roper
Merritt A. Towne
Newton Wallis
Harris C. Wallis
James Henry Walker
Albertus Walker
Henry W. Webber

Here are nineteen of the names to be found in the foregoing list and the war only about half over.

THE CIVIL WAR OF 1861-1865.

How the Town of HOLLAND Responded.

Address by J. BRAINERD HALL.

Survivor of Co. B, 57th Massachusetts Infantry.
Member of George H. Ward Post 10, Grand Army of the Republic, Worcester, Mass.
The Society of the Army of the Potomac.
New England Society, Survivors of Southern Military Prisons.
Late Colonel Gen. William S. Lincoln, Command 18, and
Adjutant General Massachusetts Department, union Veterans Union.

Memorial Sunday, May 25, 1913.

Fellow Citizens of Holland:

You have gathered here this morning, because it is the Lord's Day and His house; also, in accord with the time honored custom, for the people of this nation, to meet to prepare the way—as it were—for the approaching Memorial Day. The soldier's Sabbath Day, a day when a grateful people of a

redeemed union of states, assemble in large numbers to pay Honor to those who fought and those who died during the Civil War of 1861-1865, or since, for One Country, One Constitution, One Flag, also to

"Thank God for deeds of valor done!
Thank God for victories won!
That such as you need never know,
The anguish of those days of woe:
For time and peace, old wounds have healed,
And flowers now strew the battlefield."

It is not my purpose at this time to discuss or consider the causes which led up to the Civil War; a war so different from any of the greater wars in the world's history; a war that called out and developed a depth of patriotism, a devotion to principle and a sense of duty, never before witnessed; a war that called millions into service.

Think, realize if you can, the magnitude of that struggle; the loyalty and courage of those millions, as they unhesitatingly marched to the outer ridge of the battlefield and into the jaws of death, and for what? That this nation should not be dissolved; that the union of state should be preserved.

My desire this morning is to give you as complete a pen picture, as far as it is possible at this remote period from that war to draw, of the part Holland had, when they heard the agonizing cry of the nation, and its response,

"We are coming, Father Abraham."

then, if time will permit, to draw a few object lessons of the war and Memorial day.

The United States census of 1860 tells one that the population of Holland that year was 419; by the records at the State House, Boston, we learn that there were in the town in 1861, 100 male persons who were 21 years old or more, while the number who were of the military age was much less.

We find that many, very many of those who were prominently identified with the Town during those stirring times of

1861-65, are no more. This makes the task of securing anywhere near a complete roster of Holland's sons in the war, a difficult one, yet there are some who still recall, that

"Long ago, on a summer's day,
Over the hills they marched away—
Kinfolks, friends, and the boys we knew
In childhood's blossoms and fields of dew,
Changed in that hour to full-grown men,
When the song of the bugle rang down the Glen
With its wild appeal and its throb and thrall,
And they answered 'yes' to their country's call.

"We watched them go, with their guns agleam,
Down past the Mill and the winding stream,
Across the meadows with clover deep,
By the old stone wall where the roses creep.
We watched them go until they climbed the hill
And they faced about, as the drums grew still,
And they waved their caps to the vale below
With its beating hearts that loved them so."

Those who thus marched away enrolled as of Holland, together with sons of the town, counted on the quota of other places, in alphabetical order, are:—

1. John Anderson
2. Nathaniel Alexander
3. Alber Back
4. George F. Bagley
5. George Barnes
6. Baxter C. Bennett
7. Henry H. Bennett
8. Isaac L. Burley
9. John C. Burley
10. Orson L. Burley
11. Edward F. Carpenter
12. Charles J. Clapp
13. David Clapp
14. Charles D. Cutler
15. Clement F. Drake
16. John Franklin
17. James L. Groves
18. Josiah E. Grout
19. Josiah B. Hall
20. George A. Haradon
21. John Harding
22. Joel Henry
23. George H. Howe
24. Jason Lewis
25. William Lilley
26. John Lowns
27. William O. Lynn
28. Burnett E. Miller

29. Henry M. Moore
30. Julius Warren Rice
31. Charles F. Roper
32. Merritt A. Towne
33. Albertus H. Walker
34. James H. Walker
35. Newton E. Wallace
36. Harris C. Wallis
37. Henry W. Webber
38. Salem T. Weld
39. Anson Williams

Not all these men were born in Holland; but the majority of them were. And those who were not born in Holland were those in whom Holland had a deep interest for one reason or another, which entitled them to a place on the roll.

By the Town records it appears that John Wesley Williams was drafted in 1863; Albert William Webber, Rev. John Carpenter and James Madison Frizell were drafted in 1864, and paid the Commutation fixed by the government in lieu of personal service. Charles Ballard was also drafted in 1864 and procured a substitute who served in the Navy.

A present resident of Holland is Wm. Lilly, veteran of Co. B, 4th Mass. Heavy Artillery. At the age of 27, he was mustered for one year, quota of Medway, Mass.

Prompted by many predictions that by reason of life in the army, the survivors had become unfitted for a return to civil life, Gen. Schouler, Adjutant General of Massachusetts, in December, 1865, sent a letter of inquiry to the Mayor of each city and the Selectmen of each town, for their opinion of the returned men who had been the life blood of the nation when it most needed a friend. A fair sample of a majority of the answers follows:

> "The habits of the returned soldiers are as good and even better than when they entered the army."—(Signed) William A. Webber, Chairman Selectmen of Holland.

On March 8, 1881, Hon. John D. Long, Governor, approved an act of the Massachusetts Legislature, by which in this Commonwealth, the 30th day of May each recurring year, was made a legal and public holiday. On May 30th that year, Gov. Long said to the Boston Posts of the Grand Army, that Massachusetts by recent enactment "has made the day you celebrate to be ONE OF HER HOLY DAYS, a day sacred to the memory of her patriot dead, and to the inspiration of patriotism to

her living; henceforth she emblazons it upon her calendar of the year, with the consecrated days that have come down from the Pilgrim and Puritan, with Christmas day and the birthdays of Washington and American Independence."

Friday of this week is the next recurring May 30th. On that day at Lima, Peru; Montreal, Dominion of Canada, and at Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, where are Posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, as well as all over this broad union of states, the solemn roll of the muffled drum, and the re-echoing silvery notes of the bugle will be calling all who believe in American Freedom, to pause in their daily labor and reverently visit and decorate the graves of those men; who, I do not think it is unreasonable to believe, have, for what they did and for what they dared in that war, been promoted to some one of God's many mansions.

My Friends: On Friday

"In reverence tread near the spot where they lie
And deck them with garlands the fairest;
Let tears like the dews that are wept from on high
Refreshing its verdure, the rarest;
For nearest to heaven of all earth is the sod
Where dust of our brave boys reposes,
And nearest their souls to the great throne of God
When death their proud history closes."

"So true was their worth and their deeds so sublime
Their fame brighter grows in the fiction of time,
And shows in its glow that shall ever increase
A nation united in sweetness of peace."

These two annual recurring memorial days are great days of remembrances. Did you ever stop on Memorial Sunday or Memorial Day and look backward down the vista of years gone by and recall those trying times of 1861-65? It is hard to realize that it is more than 52 years ago that the tocsin of war rang out from the battered walls of Sumter; that nearly as long ago, in the blush of his lusty young manhood, Clem. F. Drake was the first of the sons of Holland to leave the quietude of the home circle to actually battle for the life of this nation.

It is more than 48 years ago since the red curtain of war was rung down at Appomattox; quickly followed by the order to about face, and the homeward march for some of us from the ensanguined front became a reality.

By the solemn services of these two May days of each recurrng year, the people all over this land are in no uncertain manner reminded that whatever stability of government we have; whatever protection to our lives, property and homes, we today enjoy; whatever blessings of education and the comforts of the Christian religion we have, is by reason of this being a nation redeemed by those who fought and those who fell in the civil war.

The monument of Liberty and Protection began in the war of the Revolution; was nearly completed in the civil war; the war with Spain added the capstone, and from it floats "Old Glory" forcing all nations to acknowledge that we are the most wonderful as well as powerful of them all.

It was four long years of war, and why? Those who went forward in that war, from the South as well as the North, were the flower of the youth of this nation, and it was American manhood, American courage, American endurance, American skill, continually pitted against American manhood, courage, endurance and skill.

"Go, tell the Spartans, thou that passest by,
That here, obedient to their laws, we lie."
—Simonedes, translated by Sterling.

are the words upon the monument at Thermopylae, where 300 were slain as they guarded the pass, while the bulk of the army retreated to safety.

Each monument upon the battlefields of this great republic is entitled to have emblazoned upon it a greater, grander eulogy, to-wit:

"Traveler; tell to the world that we fell not in obedience to law, but to the promptings of Patriotism, Loyalty and Love of Country."

Could those you today, and on Friday next will honor, speak to you, one feels sure they would ask you to rejoice that they were considered worthy for the sacrifice they made. But for the death of those men, the flag of our country would today be a despised emblem of the past; now, the sun never sets on the stars and stripes while carrying liberty and protection to the whole world.

"There are flags of many lands
There are flags of many hues;
But there is no flag quite so grand
As our own Red, White and Blue."

As you on Friday stand by those passionless mounds, pause for a moment and think of

" * * the graves of which no man knows!*
Uncounted braves, which never can be found;
Graves of the precious 'missing' where no sound
Of tender weeping will —be heard, where goes
No living step of kindred.

But nature knows her wilderness;
There are no missing in her numbered ways;
In her great heart is no forgetfulness,
Each grave she keeps, she will adore, caress,
We cannot lay such wreaths as summer lays,
And all her days are Decoration days."

United States Senator Bradley, on a recent Memorial day at Arlington National Cemetery, described a scene he witnessed on a Memorial day in his native state, and as follows:

"In a secluded spot in a Kentucky Cemetery, was noticed a grave on the headstone of which was rudely carved the words 'A FEDERAL SOLDIER.' An aged lady kneeling by it, seemingly in silent prayer; as she arose she placed a wreath of flowers upon the grave.

"Is that the grave of your son?" a gentleman asked. With tears coursing down her withered cheeks, she said,

"No! My boy was a Confederate soldier and died in a Northern Prison. I was unable to bring his remains home; he sleeps among strangers.

On every Decoration day, a sainted northern mother, who has a soldier son sleeping somewhere in an unknown grave in southern soil,

'Places flowers on the grave of my boy.'

It may be her boy is buried here, and as long as God gives me strength I shall come every Decoration day and place flowers on that grave.

In the 83 National Cemeteries there are 152,103 just such unknown "FEDERAL SOLDIERS" graves. To their memory; to the memory of the "precious missing" who sleep somewhere in the star lit abby, pause on Friday next and stand uncovered a moment in silence to their memory.

Remember they were mostly boys of 1861-65, and when I say boys, I speak advisedly. Comparatively few today realize that it was not the Regular army and the men of the loyal north that fought that war to a finish.

Five of the Holland volunteers were but 18 years old. Five were 19; Four were 20, and six were 21 years old when mustered into the military service of the United States.

In the entire State of Massachusetts, of those mustered into the United States service as Massachusetts volunteers, three were 12 years old; 7 were 13; 49 were 14; 92 were 16; 253 were 16; 548 were 17; 13,633 were 18; 10,001 were 19; 8,964 were 20; and 14,290 were 21; a total of 47,840 not over 21 years of age.

The records of the War Department show that in the entire Federal Army, 25 were but 10 years old when they were mustered in, and that 1,387,267 were not over 18 years when they entered the service and only 634,583 of the 2,778,304 mustered into service were over 21 years old when mustered.

Thus, my friends, you will see, as I have already said, it was the flower of the youth of those days who bared their breasts to the storm of shot and shell and the cruel saber cut. It was the boys of 1861-65 that fought the good fight that kept the faith, that added to liberty; that increased opportunity; that advanced justice; that served mankind in the greatest war that ever shook a continent. It was the greatest not only in numbers, but also in the good it accomplished for all mankind.

Thus far, the pages of history have failed to tell the full meaning of that war and its results. Except on occasions like

this, the present generation seldom stop to think what that war accomplished; what it made possible.

That war demonstrated that for all time the American citizen soldier is always ready when duty calls; that he is the bulwark of the Union of States; its means of protection; its safety in time of need.

That war settled great questions when Presidents as well as Congress had failed, and it settled them right. If the settlement had not been then, think you it would have been ratified as it has been by our common country?

That war made each one of you a living legatee of every Union soldier, their wills were written with the blood of not far from 364,116 who fell in defense of this Union, and was probated in the Court of War. In that war they saved the land for which they died; saved it for you and your children's children; saved it for the millions yet to come.

By reason of that war we are today a united country, and seditional discord of half a century ago has passed and gone, never to return; already since the surrender at Appomattox, since brother was slain by brother, has the call to Patriots gone forth. The south as well as the north, the east and the west, responded as one man, and those who once wore the gray, as well as their sons, have given undisputed proof that they are full fledged Americans, and Old Glory is theirs forever more. Yes! we heard the death knell of sectionalism from the Heights of San Juan Hill, when neither the foe or the burninng July sun of a tropical day, could wither the love for one Flag, one Country, one Constitution.

As the crimson tide of battle rolled back, there in the embrace of death lay sons of those who once wore the blue as well as the gray. Soon after, in one of the Southern states, one of the dead of that battlefield is taken to his last resting place; just look where they are about to lay him; read the inscription upon a rude stone nearby; it tells where sleeps a Confederate soldier wrapped in his confederate gray, and, about him, the flag for which he fought.

By the open grave stands the once young wife, now an aged mother; twice life has been darkened to her by its sad pilgrimage to this hallowed spot. Now it is the son, who, on

her last visit was a babe at her breast. As the casket is opened, that all that is earthly may receive a mother's kiss, her tears bedewing, not the grave, but the stars and stripes. By the ashes of a confederate father, they lay away all that is mortal of a Union Soldier. Side by side we leave them, the blue and the gray, father and son, bathed with a devoted wife's and mother's tears, they will sleep till summoned to answer the final call.

"There we leave them, Father and Son,
Quietly asleep in the city of the dead.
Under the one the Blue—under the other the Gray,
Under the Laurel the Blue—under the Willow the Gray.
Under the Roses the Blue—under the Lillies the Gray.
Under the sod and the dew
Wet with the rain the Gray—wet with the rain the Blue.

With a touch impartially tender
Sadly and yet without upbraiding
The generous deed was done
And banished forever was our anger
When they laureled the graves of our dead.

So under the sod and the dew we leave them
Waiting the Judgment Day.
Love and tears for the Blue.
Tears and love for the Gray."

These two annually recurring May days are brimful of great, grand and sad remembrances. I have already described an unknown grave in Kentucky. Another incident in a nearby city comes to my mind. Being a newspaper man, I was watching my Comrades, loaded with the choicest flowers of springtime. They were on their way to the Cities of the Dead. The street was deeply lined with women and children, many of them widows and orphans of my fallen comrades.

"Daughter! look at the man in command of the next company; he was with your father at Andersonville when he died." I heard a woman remark to the young lady by her side. What an object lesson that was to her. What an object lesson to all who look at that moving column of battle-scarred veterans. How grandly, at the tap of the drum, my comrades touched

elbows that day; the veteran sway was just as in 1861-1865, except for a waver all along the line; it was not the outcome of old age as much as the consequential results of the strenuous service they had rendered for you and yours. It was because those men by reason of service rendered their country.

We're nearing, truly nearing
Their eternal camping ground.
It was because their lamp of life
Was lowly burning as they
Wait for taps to sound their last roll-call.

Deaths messenger is very busy in the ranks of the Union defenders. It is hard, now, to find a survivor who is not aged beyond his years, and where the absence of indications of activity and muscular powers are not very marked. The eye once lit up with patriotism and loyalty, is growing dim. The pulse which once beat so rapidly to the battle cry of freedom, is fast growing weaker. For the last three fiscal years of the Pension Bureau, once in a few seconds less than 12 minutes, a Union Volunteer has reported to the Creator, the Commander-in-chief of us all, for final muster.

Like clouds that rake the mountain summit,
As waves that know no guiding hand,
So swiftly is Comrade following Comrade
From sunshine to the sunless land.

that soon there will be no living memorial of the civil war; soon there will only be records and memories of those whose life's blood has cemented this nation into an indissolvable

ONE COUNTRY ONE FLAG

While I do not think one can say too much commendatory to my comrades and the service they rendered, yet am often asking myself, as I now ask you, Is there not, in addition to the fallen soldier and sailor, another whose memory a nation of chivalrous and gallant men, should not suffer to wane and die?

Think of the suffering of that great army of noble women as they daily and almost hourly looked to the God of Battles asking to be given strength to bow in meek and humble obedience, as the loved ones responded to duties call.

THE MOTHER:

Who tries to conceal her grief as to her breast her first-born she presses, as she breathes a few brave words, then kissing the patriot's brow as she bids him good-bye with none but her God to know the grief that weighs upon her.

THE WIFE:

As she girds her husband's sword, and though her heart be rent asunder, she too bravely tries to speak a cheering word as she says good-bye to the father of her little ones who are looking on and weeping and wondering.

THE SWEETHEART:

Beneath her drooping lash a starry tear drop hangs and trembles, as with a forced smile, that in part her pain dissembles, she binds her warrior's sash, then loaning on her young lover's breast she receives one kiss; tis the last ere his soul is at rest.

THE GIRLS OF 1861-65:

God bless those girls: memories of them, Mother, Wife, Sweetheart, are rising up all around us and like Holy Incense are filling the recollections of war, with a rich and rare perfume which Whittier writes:

When the grass is green above us,
And they who know us now and love us,
Are sleeping at our side,
Will it avail us aught that men
Tell the world with lips and pen,
That we have lived and died?

My Friends: Now is the time to tell the story of those girls; tell it while they are still with us; tell it while my comrades are still living witnesses of their worth. Let them know that the sacrifices they made were appreciated and are still remembered.

I feel confident that I only voice the sentiment of every American Patriot when I express the hope that some son of genius will yet arise whose divinely gifted soul, kindled at the

alters of patriotism and poetry, shall inspire the noblest epic of the age, which shall carry on wings of immortal song and to endless generations, the story of the services and sacrifices of our women of the war.

Oh! brave women heroes, your faith and your pride,
Have urged to the conquest, have cheered those who died;
Your prayers have lit the rough paths of defeat,
Till glory blazed over the lines of retreat.

YOUNG MEN OF HOLLAND:

The time will come, and speedily, when the last survivor of that Grand Army of the Civil War will shoulder his crutch or cane no more. When he will lie down to rest for the last time with no comrade left to shed a tear or place a flower on his grave.

Already those men are moving slowly, with a weary and heavy tread; they are all, over the crest, and well down the western slope of life's journey; the bright sunset is in their faces; soon they will reach the valley through the very middle flows, we are often told, a roaring torrent, wide, which must be crossed. But I have faith to believe that there is a pontoon down there that will reach to the other shore, where is a glorious camping ground, where my comrades will stack their guns for the last time.

Soon to your keeping, young men, will be left the flag of the richest, the greatest, the grandest and the most powerful nation on God's footstool. A flag that has never been lowered in defeat or humiliated at the termination of any war. A flag that has done more for mankind; for liberty and humanity, than all other flags that wave between the earth and the sky above it. A flag which triumphantly floats over a nation knitted together by oceans of blood of its boys, and rivers of tears of the girls of 1861-65. A nation, which since March 4, 1861 has increased in wealth from 16 to 150 billions of dollars, and in population from 30 million to nearly 100 million.

To you will be left an untarnished flag, with its colors borrowed from the heavens; a flag that tells to the world of the red blood of American Patriots and their deeds of valor from Bunker Hill to Manila Bay. From Lake Erie to the plains of

Mexico, Santiago Harbor and San Juan Hill. The flag of those who are to follow you until the Ruler of the Universe

Who layeth the beams of His chambers in the waters
and who rideth on the wings of the wind

shall sound the last note of time.

The one flag, the great flag,
The flag for me and you,
The Red, The White, The Blue.

Young men, Old Glory will be left to you fully believing that you will defend it whenever and wherever duty calls. That you will never disgrace or desert it.

That you will swear by it. Pray for it. Live for it.

DIE FOR IT.

WAR WITH SPAIN

The war with Spain in 1898 was of such short duration and minor importance that no soldier of Holland so far as known was enrolled. Not lack of patriotism, but lack of need was the reason.

CHAPTER XIV.

Town Officers

Representatives during the period 1762 to 1783, while Holland was part of South Brimfield.

1762
1763
1764
1765
1766
1767-8 Hon. Timothy Danielson
1769-70 Hon. Timothy Danielson
1770-71 Hon. Timothy Danielson
1771-72 Hon. Timothy Danielson
1772-73 James Bridgham Esq.
1773-74 Timothy Danielson
May 25, 1774 to June 1774 Timothy Danielson
1775 Anthony Needham
1776
1777 Timothy Danielson
1778
1779-80 Delegate in Constitution Convention Nat'l Wm. Carpenter
1780 Mr. D. Butler of So. Brimfield
1781
1782
1783 Capt. Nehemiah May
1788 Capt. Asa Fisk was delegate of So. Brimfield and Holland in the state Constitutional convention.

1. Delegate to county convention at Hatfield, Abel Allen, 1786. Delegate to county convention at Hadley, Jos. Bruce, 1786.
2. Delegate to county convention held at Belchertown, 1811, over division of Hampshire County, William Putnam.
3. Delegate to county convention held at Northampton, over war of 1812 John Polley
4. Delegates to convention held at Brookfield 1792, Wm. Belknap, Major Alfred Lyon, John Brown.

REPRESENTATIVES TO GENERAL COURT FROM HOLLAND

Capt. Nehemiah May	1783	Elected by South Brimfield
John Polley	1798	Elected by South Brimfield and Holland.
Rinaldo Webber	1803	
*Dea. David Wallis	1806	
Jacob Thompson	1809	
Wm. Putnam	1812	
John Weaver	1814, '17	
Dea. Samuel Webber	1821	
Leonard M. Morris	1826	
John Wallis	1829	
Elbridge G. Fuller	1832, '34, '47	
Lyman Gould	1837	
Dea. Horace Wallis	1841	Elected by Holland alone.
Willard Weld	1842	
Harris Cutler	1853	
Dea. Wm. A. Webber	1854	
Wm. A. Robbins	1862	Elected by First Hampden District
Dea. Geo. L. Webber	1871	
Wm. L. Webber	1882	
Horace E. Wallis	1895	

Delegate from Holland who sat in constitutional convention (State) 1853, Capt. Freeland Wallis.

Towns frequently neglected to elect a representative to General Court in order to avoid the expense. They could do it for the representative drew his pay from the town treasury by which he was sent. The trouble grew until a heavy fine was imposed upon towns which neglected to elect and send a representative, and the law was changed making his salary a charge upon the state treasury. Even then, many towns were fined. Of the above list of representatives, five were deacons in the congregational church.

SELECTMEN OF HOLLAND

1783 Nehemiah May, Jonas Blodgett and Alfred Lyon.
1784 Wm. Belknap, Daniel Burnett, Jonathan Cram.

*For biographical sketch of the deacons see Chapter X.

1785 Jonas Blodgett, Daniel Burnett, Nehemiah May.
1786 Joseph Bruce, Daniel Burnett, Wm. Belknap
1787 Jonas Blodgett, Asa Dana, Wm. Belknap.
1788 David Wallis, Asa Dana, Wm. Belknap.
1789 David Wallis, Asa Dana, John Polley.
1790 Wm. Belknap, Alfred Lyon, John Brown.
1791-3 Wm. Belknap, Asa Dana, David Wallis.
1794 Alfred Lyon, Ichabod Goodell, David Wallis.
1795 Alfred Lyon, Wm. Belknap, David Wallis.
1796 Joseph Bruce, John Polley, Hallowell Perrin.
1797-8 David Wallis, John Polley, Wm. Belknap.
1799 David Wallis, Gershom Rosebrooks, Rinaldo Webber.
1800 Wm. Belknap, Ichabod Goodell, Rinaldo Webber.
1801 David Wallis, Ichabod Goodell, Jonathan Ballard.
1802 David Fay, Ichabod Goodell, Ebenezer Morris.
1803 Jacob Thompson, Ichabod Goodell, Ebenezer Morris.
1804 Jacob Thompson, Ichabod Goodell, Rinaldo Webber.
1805 Jacob Thompson, John Polley, David Wallis.
1806-7 Zuriel May, John Polley, David Wallis.
1808 Ebenezer Morris, Ezra Allen, Ezra Webber.
1809 Ebenezer Morris, Jacob Thompson, Samuel Webber.
1810 David Wallis, John Weaver, Ezra Webber.
1811 Edward Blodgett, Jas. A. Lynn, Wm. Putnam.
1812 Edward Blodgett, Jas. A. Lynn, Reuben Stevens.
1813 Edward Blodgett, Ezra Webber, Leonard Morris.
1814 Sarel Perrin, Jas. A. Lynn, Edward Blodgett
1815 John Weaver, David Wallis, Ezra Allen.
1816 John Weaver, Edward Blodgett, Ezra Webber.
1817 Benj. Church, Freeland Wallis, John Wallis.
1818 Samuel Webber, Freeland Wallis, Reuben Stevens.
1819-20 Samuel Webber, Elbridge G. Fuller, David B. Dean.
1821 Samuel Webber, Freeland Wallis, David B. Dean.
1822 Benj. Church, Freeland Wallis, David B. Dean.
1823 Isaac Partridge, Freeland Wallis, John Wallis.
1824-5 David B. Dean, Freeland Wallis, Benj. Church.
1826 Adolphus Webber, Freeland Wallis, Loring Webber.
1827 Reuben Stevens, David B. Dean, Loring Webber
1828 Leonard M. Morris, John Wallis, Baxter Wood.
1829-31 Freeland Wallis, David B. Dean, Willard Weld.
1832 Adolphus Webber, Loring Webber, Willard Weld.

1833 Willard Weld, Adolphus Webber, Elbridge G. Fuller.
1834 Freeland Wallis, Adolphus Webber, Lyman Gould.
1835 Freeland Wallis, Willard Weld, David B. Dean.
1836 Freeland Wallis, Lyman Gould, Gilbert Rosebrooks.
1837 Willard Weld, Horace Wallis, Isaac W. Wood.
1838 Willard Weld, Horace Wallis, Freeland Wallis.
1839 Willard Weld, Levans McFarlin, Freeland Wallis.
1840 Adolphus Webber, Horace Wallis, Grosvenor May.
1841 Adolphus Webber, David B. Dean, Warren A. Wallis.
1842 Freeland Wallis, David B. Dean, Harrison Allen.
1843 Adolphus Webber, Willard Weld, Uriah P. Marcey.
1844 David B. Dean, Adolphus Webber, Harrison Allen.
1845 Freeland Wallis, Nehemiah Underwood, Harrison Allen.
1846 Wm. A. Webber, Nehemiah Underwood, Harrison Allen.
1847 John Wallis, Stephen C. Weld, John B. Gould.
1848-9 Wm. A. Webber, Warren A. Wallis, Wm. Frizell.
1850 Nehemiah Underwood, Uriah P. Marcy, John B. Gould
1851 Benj. F. Wilson, Alvin Goodell, John Wallis.
1852 Eleazer Moore, Warren A. Wallis, John Wallis.
1853 Wm. A. Webber, Nehemiah Underwood, Roswell A. Blodgett.
1854 Wm. A. Webber, Nehemiah Underwood, Uriah P. Marcey.
1855 Alvin Goodell, Eleazer Moore, Geo. L. Webber.
1856-7 Wm. A. Webber, Warren A. Wallace, Clement B. Drake.
1858 Wm. A. Webber, Harrison Allen, Wm. H. Harris.
1859 Warren A. Wallis, Geo. L. Webber, Eleazer Moore.
1860 Ferdinand L. Burley, Clement B. Drake, Wm. H. Harris.
1861 Ferdinand L. Burley, Wm. A. Webber, Warren A. Wallis.
1862 Ferdinand L. Burley, Geo. L. Webber, Warren A. Wallis
1863 Wm. A. Webber, Horace Wallis, Roswell A. Blodgett.
1864 Ferdinand L. Burley, Uriah P. Marcey, John Ballard.
1865 Wm. A. Webber, C. B. Drake, J. A. Webber.
1866-70 Wm. A. Webber, C. B. Drake, U. P. Marcey.
1871-2 F. B. Blodgett, Harrison Allen, U. P. Marcey.
1873 C. B. Drake, F. B. Drake, Wm. S. Wallis.
1874 Wm. A. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, R. A. Blodgett.
1875 Wm. A. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, Wm. S. Wallis.
1876 Uriah P. Marcy, F. B. Blodgett, Frank Wight.
1877 Wm. A. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, Henry Vinton

1878 Wm. A. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, Henry Vinton
1879 Wm. A. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, Henry Vinton
1880 Geo. L. Webber, Frank Wight, A. L. Roper.
1881 Geo. L. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, A. L. Roper.
1882 Frank Wight, F. B. Blodgett, A. L. Roper.
1883 Frank Wight, Wm. L. Webber, R. A. Blodgett.
1884 Frank Wight, R. A. Blodgett, A. L. Roper.
1885 Frank Wight, R. A. Blodgett, A. L. Roper.
1886 R. A. Blodgett, A. L. Roper, G. L. Webber.
1887 G. L. Webber, Wm. L. Wallis, F. B. Blodgett.
1888 G. L. Webber, Wm. L. Wallis, F. B. Blodgett.
1889 G. L. Webber, Wm. L. Wallis, F. B. Blodgett.
1890 F. Wight, R. A. Blodgett, Wm. S. Wallis.
1891 F. Wight, Wm. S. Wallis, F. B. Blodgett.
1892 F. Wight, Wm. S. Wallis, F. B. Blodgett
1893 G. L. Webber, J. S. Glazier, H. E. Wallis.
1894 G. L. Webber, H. E. Wallis, Frank Wight.
1895 F. B. Blodgett, Frank Wight, Wm. S. Wallis.
1896 F. B. Blodgett, Wm. A. Webber, B. C. Bennett.
1897 F. B. Blodgett, D. E. Butterworth, B. C. Bennett.
1898 F. B. Blodgett, A. F. Blodgett, D. E. Butterworth.
1899 F. B. Blodgett, Lewis M. Howlett, H. E. Vinton.
1900 A. F. Blodgett, Lewis M. Howlett, C. A. Webber
1901 L. M. Howlett, Francis Wight, C. A. Webber.
1902 Wm. L. Webber, Francis Wight, A. J. Bagley.
1903 Wm. L. Webber, C. A. Webber, D. E. Butterworth.
1904 Wm. L. Webber, D. E. Butterworth, Carl F. Howlett.
1905 Wm. L. Webber, D. E. Butterworth, C. A. Webber.
1906 C. A. Webber, Loring C. Howlett, H. E. Vinton.
1907 C. A. Webber, Loring C. Howlett H. E. Vinton.
1908 Lewis M. Howlett, A. J. Bagley, L. C. Howlett.
1909 Lewis M. Howlett, A. J. Bagley, L. C. Howlett.
1910 Oliver L. Howlett, Wm. F. Horton, Arthur E. Morse.
1911 Arthur E. Morse, O. L. Howlett, Wm. F. Horton.
1912 Wm. F. Horton, John F. Hebard, O. L. Howlett.
1913 John F. Hebard, Wm. F. Horton. O. L. Howlett.

For convenience in copying the original order of names has not always been observed.

Assessors.

Selectmen Served as Assessors from 1783-1826

1826 Leonard M. Morris, Lyman Gould, Baxter Wood.
1827 E. G. Fuller, Freeland Wallis, Baxter Wood.
1828 Freeland Wallis, Adolphus Webber, Calvin Polley.
1829 Adolphus Webber, Calvin Polley, John Wallis.
1830 E. G. Fuller, Baxter Wood, Leonard M. Morris.
1831 E. G. Fuller, Calvin Polley, Baxter Wood.
1832 Freeland Wallis, David B. Dean, Zebina Fletcher.
1833 Freeland Wallis, David B. Dean, Zebina Fletcher.
1834 Calvin Polley, Baxter Wood, Zebina Fletcher.
1835 Adolphus Webber, David B. Dean, John Dixon.
1836 Adolphus Webber, David Marcy, Horace Wallis.
1837 John Dixon, Adolphus Webber, David B. Dean.
1838 Adolphus Webber, David B. Dean, Zebina Fletcher.
1839 Adolphus Webber, Zebina Fletcher, Horace Wallis.
1840 Samuel Frizell, Nehemiah Underwood, Otis Wallis.
1841 Freeland Wallis, Lyman Gould, Calvin Polley.
1842 Adolphus Webber, John Wallis, Freeland Wallis.
1843 David B. Dean, W. A. Wallis, Elisha Kinney.
1844 Horace Wallis, Stephen C. Weld, Nehemiah Underwood.
1845 Freeland Wallis, Nehemiah Underwood, Eleazer Moore.
1846 Horace Wallis, A. S. Butterworth, E. G. Fuller.
1847 E. G. Fuller, Horace Wallis, A. S. Butterworth.
1848 E. G. Fuller, Horace Wallis, A. S. Butterworth.
1849 Freeland Wallis, Calvin Polley, Uriah P. Marcy.
1850 Nehemiah Underwood, Uriah P. Marcy, John B. Gould.
1851 Horace Wallis, Harrison Allen, W. A. Wallis.
1852 Nehemiah Underwood, Elisha Kinney, Wm. A. Webber.
1853 John Wallis, Eleazer Moore, Geo. L. Webber
1854 David B. Dean, Alvin Goodell, Freeland Wallis.
1855 Nehemiah Underwood, Eleazer Moore, Geo. L. Webber.
1856 John Wallis, E. G. Fuller, James A. Webber.
1857 Warren A. Wallis, Eleazer Moore, Geo. L. Webber.
1858 John B. Gould, Horace Wallis, Jr., C. B. Drake.
1859 John B. Gould, Uriah P. Marcy, Lyman Adams.
1860 E. G. Fuller, Horace Wallis Jr., Wm. Frizell.
1861 Nehemiah Underwood, U. P. Marcy, Jas. A. Webber.
1862 Nehemiah Underwood, Jas. A. Webber, Eleazer Moore.
1863 John Wallis, Alvin Goodell, Geo. L. Webber.

1864 John Wallis, Jas. A. Webber, R. A. Blodgett.
1865 Geo. L. Webber, Wm. S. Wallis, Eleazer Moore.
1866 Geo. L. Webber, Alvin Goodell, Eleazer Moore.
1867 Geo. L. Webber, Jas. A. Webber, Warren A. Wallis.
1868 W. A. Wallis, F. B. Blodgett, Lyman Adams.
1869 W. A. Wallis, Jas. A. Webber, Horace Wallis, Jr.
1870 Geo. L. Webber, Jas. A. Webber, R. A. Blodgett.
1871 C. B. Drake, Eleazer Moore, W. A. Webber.
1872 Jas. A. Webber, Horace Wallis, Jr., Olney W. Brown.
1873 Jas. A. Webber, Horace Wallis, Jr., R. A. Blodgett.
1874 Uriah P. Marcy, Geo. L. Webber, R. A. Blodgett.
1875 Geo. L. Webber, Horace Wallis, Jr., Henry Vinton.
1876 Horace Wallis, Jr., W. L. Webber, Henry Vinton.
1877 Horace Wallis, Jr., W. L. Webber, R. A. Blodgett.
1878 Horace Wallis, Jr., W. L. Webber, R. A. Blodgett.
1879 W. L. Webber, R. A. Blodgett, F. B. Blodgett.
1880 W. L. Webber, R. A. Blodgett, Wm. S. Wallis.
1881 R. A. Blodgett, W. L. Webber, Wm. S. Wallis.
1882 R. A. Blodgett, O. W. Brown, Henry Vinton.
1883 Geo. L. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, Henry Vinton.
1884 W. L. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, Henry Vinton.
1885 W. L. Webber, O. W Brown, Wm. S. Wallis.
1886 W. L. Webber, Wm. S. Wallis, H. E. Wallis.
1887 W. L. Webber, R. A. Blodgett, Henry Vinton.
1888 W. L. Webber, R. A. Blodgett, Henry Vinton.
1889 W. L. Webber, H. E. Wallis, Albert Back.
1890 H. E. Wallis, Geo. L. Webber, H. J. Switzer.
1891 R. A. Blodgett, Henry Vinton, F. B. Blodgett.
1892 W. L. Webber, Henry Vinton, F. B. Blodgett.
1893 W. L. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, W. A. Webber.
1894 W. L. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, W. S. Wallis.
1895 W. L. Webber, W. A. Webber, A. F. Blodgett.
1896 W. L. Webber, W. A. Webber, C. A. Webber.
1897 W. L. Webber, A. F. Blodgett, D. E. Butterworth.
1898 W. L. Webber, C. A. Webber, A. F. Blodgett.
1899 W. L. Webber, C. A. Webber, A. F. Blodgett.
1900 W. L. Webber, C. A. Webber, Joseph Fales.
1901 F. B. Blodgett, C. A. Webber, H. E. Vinton.
1902 Wm. L. Webber, F. B. Blodgett, Joseph Fales.
1903 Wm. L. Webber, Joseph Fales, F. B. Blodgett.

1904 Wm. L. Webber, Henry E. Vinton, Oliver L. Howlett.
1905 Wm. L. Webber, Henry E. Vinton, Oliver L. Howlett.
1906 H. E. Vinton, Loring C. Howlett, Oliver L. Howlett.
1907 Loring C. Howlett, O. L. Howlett, A. F. Blodgett.
1908 A. F. Blodgett (3 years) O. L. Howlett, Francis Wight.
1909 Arthur E. Morse.
1910 Oliver L. Howlett.
1911 A. F. Blodgett.
1912 Arthur E. Morse.
1913 O. L. Howlett.

TOWN TREASURERS

1783	Jonathan Wallis	1810	Dea. Samuel Webber
1784	Alfred Lyon	1811	Willard Wood
1785	Alfred Lyon	1812	Willard Pike
1786	Alfred Lyon	1813	James A. Lynn
1787	Alfred Lyon	1814	Reuben Stevens
1788	Alfred Lyon	1815	Freeland Wallis
1789	Alfred Lyon	1816	Freeland Wallis
1790	Alfred Lyon	1817	Willard Pike
1791	Alfred Lyon	1818	Willard Pike
1792	Alfred Lyon	1819	David B. Dean
1793	Alfred Lyon	1820	David B. Dean
1794	John Brown	1821	David B. Dean
1795	Malachi Partridge	1822	David B. Dean
1796	Rufus May	1823	Luther Brown
1797	Ephraim Bond	1824	Loring Webber
1798	Ephraim Bond	1825	Loring Webber
1799	William Belknap	1826	Samuel Frizell
1800	David Fay	1827	Samuel Frizell
1801	David Fay	1828	Samuel Frizell
1802	Ezra Allen	1829	Baxter Wood
1803	Dea. Samuel Webber	1830	Baxter Wood
1804	Dea. Samuel Webber	1831	Sewall Glazier
1805	Dea. Samuel Webber	1832	Sewall Glazier
1806	Dea. Samuel Webber	1833	Sewall Glazier
1807	Joseph Baker	1834	Sewall Glazier
1808	Hollowel Perrin	1835	Sewall Glazier
1809	Hollowel Perrin	1836	Sewall Glazier

1837	Sewall Glazier
1838	Sewall Glazier
1839	Sewall Glazier
1840	John Wallis
1841	John Wallis
1842	Willard Weld
1843	Alvin Goodell
1844	Wm. A. Webber
1845	Wm. A. Webber
1846	Warren A. Wallis
1847	Alvin Goodell
1848	Alvin Goodell
1849	John Ballard
1850	Alvin Goodell
1851	Wm. A. Webber
1852	Alvin Goodell
1853	Warren A. Wallis
1854	Warren A. Wallis
1855	John Ballard
1856	F. B. Blodgett
1857	F. B. Blodgett
1858	F. B. Blodgett
1859	F. B. Blodgett
1860	F. B. Blodgett
1861	F. B. Blodgett
1862	F. Wight
1863	F. Wight
1864	F. Wight
1865	F. Wight
1866	F. Wight
1867	F. Wight
1868	F. Wight
1869	F. Wight
1870	F. Wight
1871	F. Wight
1872	F. Wight
1873	F. Wight
1874	F. Wight
1875	F. E. Kinney
1876	F. E. Kinney
1877	F. E. Kinney
1878	F. E. Kinney
1879	F. E. Kinney
1880	F. E. Kinney
1881	F. E. Kinney
1882	F. E. Kinney
1883	F. E. Kinney
1884	F. E. Kinney
1885	F. E. Kinney
1886	F. Wight
1887	Wm. L. Webber
1888	Wm. L. Webber
1889	Wm. L. Webber
1890	Wm. L. Webber
1891	Wm. L. Webber
1892	Wm. L. Webber
1893	Wm. L. Webber
1894	Wm. L. Webber
1895	Wm. L. Webber
1896	Wm. L. Webber
1897	Wm. L. Webber
1898	Wm. L. Webber
1899	Wm. L. Webber
1900	Wm. L. Webber
1901	A. F. Blodgett
1902	A. F. Blodgett
1903	A. F. Blodgett
1904	A. F. Blodgett
1905	A. F. Blodgett
1906	A. F. Blodgett
1907	A. F. Blodgett
1908	A. F. Blodgett
1909	A. F. Blodgett
1910	A. F. Blodgett
1911	A. F. Blodgett
1912	A. F. Blodgett
1913	A. F. Blodgett

Moderators. Annual Meeting

1783	Joseph Bruce	1821	Benjamin Church
1784	Jonas Blodgett	1822	Benjamin Church
1785	Jonas Blodgett	1823	Leonard M. Morris
1786	Nehemiah May	1824	Freeland Wallis
1787	Joseph Bruce	1825	Freeland Wallis
1788	Jonas Blodgett	1826	Leonard M. Morris
1789	Eliphalet Janes	1827	Freeland Wallis
1790	Asa Dana	1828	Leonard M. Morris
1791	Asa Dana	1829	John Wallis
1792	Asa Dana	1830	Freeland Wallis
1793	Asa Dana	1831	Freeland Wallis
1794	Asa Dana	1832	Freeland Wallis
1795	David Wallis	1833	Freeland Wallis
1796	Joseph Bruce	1834	Willard Weld
1797	Asa Dana	1835	Willard Weld
1798	Ichabod Goodell	1836	Adolphus Webber
1799	Ichabod Goodell	1837	John Wallis
1800	John Polley	1838	Freeland Wallis
1801	David Wallis	1839	David B. Dean
1802	David Wallis	1840	David B. Dean
1803	Jacob Thompson	1841	Willard Weld
1804	Jacob Thompson	1842	Freeland Wallis
1805	Jacob Thompson	1843	Clement B. Drake
1806	John Polley	1844	Freeland Wallis
1807	David Wallis	1845	C. B. Drake
1808	David Wallis	1846	Willard Weld
1809	Jacob Thompson	1847	Freeland Wallis
1810	David Wallis	1848	C. B. Drake
1811	David Wallis	1849	Stephen C. Weld
1812	Benjamin Church	1850	C. B. Drake
1813	Edward Blodgett	1851	B. F. Wilson
1814	Benjamin Church	1852	C. B. Drake
1815	David Wallis	1853	Alvin Goodell
1816	James A. Lynn	1854	Alvin Goodell
1817	James A. Lynn	1855	C. B. Drake
1818	Benjamin Church	1856	C. B. Drake
1819	Benjamin Church	1857	C. B. Drake
1820	Benjamin Church	1858	C. B. Drake

1859	Amos Monroe
1860	Wm. A. Robbins
1861	Alvin Goodell
1862	Alvin Goodell
1863	C. B. Drake
1864	Alvin Goodell
1865	F. L. Burley
1866	C. B. Drake
1867	C. B. Drake
1868	Wm. S. Wallis
1869	C. B. Drake
1870	Wm. S. Wallis
1871	Wm. S. Wallis
1872	Wm. S. Wallis
1873	Wm. S. Wallis
1874	C. B. Drake
1875	Wm. S. Wallis
1876	H. Wallis, Jr.
1877	Wm. S. Wallis
1878	Wm. S. Wallis
1879	Wm. S. Wallis
1880	Wm. S. Wallis
1881	Wm. S. Wallis
1882	Wm. S. Wallis
1883	Wm. S. Wallis
1884	Wm. S. Wallis
1885	Wm. S. Wallis
1886	Wm. S. Wallis
1887	F. B. Blodgett
1888	Wm. S. Wallis
1889	H. E. Wallis
1890	H. E. Wallis
1891	Wm. S. Wallis
1892	Wm. S. Wallis
1893	H. E. Wallis
1894	F. B. Blodgett
1895	F. B. Blodgett
1896	F. B. Blodgett
1897	F. B. Blodgett
1898	F. B. Blodgett
1899	F. B. Blodgett
1900	A. F. Blodgett
1901	F. B. Blodgett
1902	Wm. L. Webber
1903	Wm. L. Webber
1904	Francis Wight
1905	Lewis M. Howlett
1906	Lewis M. Howlett
1907	Lewis M. Howlett
1908	F. B. Blodgett
1909	Lewis M. Howlett
1910	Lewis M. Howlett
1911	Lewis M. Howlett
1912	John F. Hebard
1913	John F. Hebard

MODERATORS OF SPECIAL MEETINGS.

1783	Jonas Blodgett
1784	Jonas Blodgett
1784	Jonas Blodgett
1784	Nehamiah May
1784	Daniel Burnett
1784	Alfred Lyon
1785	Jonas Blodgett
1785	Jonas Blodgett
1786	Jonas Blodgett
1786	Nehemiah May
1786	Joseph Bruce
1786	Joseph Bruce
1786	Joseph Bruce
1786	Joseph Bruce
1786	Joseph Bruce
1787	Jonas Blodgett
1787	Jonas Blodgett
1788	Jonas Blodgett
1788	David Wallis
1788	David Wallis

1789 Asa Dana
1789 Asa Dana
1789 Asa Dana
1791 Asa Dana
1791 Asa Dana
1792 Asa Dana
1792 Asa Dana
1792 Asa Dana
1792 Asa Dana
1793 Asa Dana
1793 Asa Dana
1793 Asa Dana
1793 Asa Dana
1794 Asa Dana
1794 David Wallis
1794 David Wallis
1794 Wm. L. Belknap
1794 Abel Allen
1795 David Wallis
1795 Joseph Bruce
1796 Alfred Lyon
1796 Joseph Bruce
1796 John Polley
1796 John Polley
1797 Asa Dana
1797 David Wallis
1798 John Polley
1798 Hollowell Perrin
1798 Wm. Belknap
1799 David Wallis
1799 David Wallis
1799 David Wallis
1800 James Fuller
1800 Ichabod Goodell
1800 John Polley
1800 David Wallis
1800 John Polley
1800 Abel Allen
1801 David Wallis
1801 Ichabod Goodell
1801 Ichabod Goodell
1801 Ichabod Goodell
1801 David Wallis
1801 David Wallis
1802 Jacob Thompson
1802 Ichabod Goodell
1802 Calvin Glazier
1802 Ichabod Goodell
1803 Jonathan Ballard
1803 Ichabod Goodell
1803 Jacob Thompson
1804 Zuriel May
1804 David Wallis
1804 Jacob Thompson
1804 Robert Henry
1804 Jacob Thompson
1805 Jacob Thompson
1805 David Wallis
1805 David Wallis
1805 David Wallis
1806 Jacob Thompson
1806 John Polley
1806 Ezra Allen
1807 David Wallis
1807 John Polley
1807 John Polley
1808 Jacob Thompson
1808 David Wallis
1808 Ebenezer Morris
1808 Jacob Thompson
1809 Jacob Thompson
1809 Ebenezer Morris
1810 Jacob Thompson
1810 Jacob Thompson
1810 David Wallis
1811 Ezra Webber
1811 David Wallis
1812 Reuben Stevens

1812	John Polley
1812	Rueben Stevens
1812	Ichabod Goodell
1813	Ezra Allen
1813	Ezra Webber
1813	Ezra Webber
1814	James A. Lynn
1814	James A. Lynn
1815	Ezra Allen
1815	David Wallis
1816	Ezra Allen
1816	David Wallis
1816	David Wallis
1817	Ezra Allen
1817	Benjamin Church
1817	Ebenezer Morris
1817	Isaac Partridge
1817	John Weaver
1818	David B. Dean
1818	David Wallis
1818	Rueben Stevens
1818	Nehemiah May, Jr.
1818	Benjamin Church
1818	Reuben Stevens
1819	Isaac Partridge
1819	Benjamin Church
1820	Isaac Partridge
1820	Elbridge G. Fuller
1820	Freeland Wallis
1821	Reuben Stevens
1821	David Wallis
1822	Freeland Wallis
1822	Isaac Partridge
1822	Freeland Wallis
1822	Freeland Wallis
1823	James A. Lynn
1823	John Wallis
1823	James A. Lynn
1824	Freeland Wallis
1824	Rueben Stevens
1824	Freeland Wallis
1825	Reuben Stevens
1826	Leonard M. Morris
1827	Freeland Wallis
1828	Leonard M. Morris
1828	Leonard M. Morris
1828	Leonard M. Morris
1829	Elbridge G. Fuller
1830	Freeland Wallis
1830	Willard Weld
1831	Leonard M. Morris
1831	James A. Lynn
1831	Leonard M. Morris
1832	Freeland Wallis
1833	Elbridge G. Fuller
1833	John Wallis
1834	Willard Weld
1834	John Wallis
1834	Willard Weld
1835	Willard Weld
1835	Willard Weld
1836	Freeland Wallis
1836	Freeland Wallis
1837	Isaac Partridge
1837	Elbridge G. Fuller
1838	Freeland Wallis
1838	Clement B. Drake
1838	Freeland Wallis
1838	Freeland Wallis
1839	David B. Dean
1839	David B. Dean
1839	Zebina Fletcher
1840	John Dixon
1840	Freeland Wallis
1840	Elbridge G. Fuller
1841	Adolphus Webber
1841	Freeland Wallis
1842	Freeland Wallis

1843 John Wallis
1843 John Wallis
1844 C. B. Drake
1845 David B. Dean
1846 David B. Dean
1846 David B. Dean
1847 Warren A. Wallis
1847 David B. Dean
1847 Willard Weld
1848 Freeland Wallis
1848 Alvin Goodell
1848 Alvin Goodell
1848 Jonathan Sikes
1849 John Wallis
1849 C. B. Drake
1850 C. B. Drake
1850 Freeland Wallis
1850 Benjamin F. Wilson
1850 Benjamin F. Wilson
1852 B. F. Wilson
1853 Alvin Goodell
1853 Alvin Goodell
1853 Alvin Goodell
1854 Alvin Goodell
1854 Alvin Goodell
1856 E. C. Fuller
1856 Wm. A. Robbins
1857 Alvin Goodell
1858 Amos Munroe
1858 Alvin Goodell
1858 Amos Munroe
1860 Amos Munroe
1860 Warren A. Wallis
1860 Wm. A. Webber
1860 Alvin Goodell
1861 Alvin Goodell
1862 Wm. A. Webber
1862 Wm. A. Webber
1862 Wm. A. Webber
1863 Wm. A. Webber
1863 John Wallis
1864 Wm. A. Webber
1864 F. J. Ballard
1865 Wm. A. Webber
1865 C. B. Drake
1866 Wm. A. Webber
1866 Wm. A. Webber
1866 C. B. Drake
1866 Alvin Goodell
1867 C. B. Drake
1868 C. B. Drake
1868 Wm. A. Webber
1869 C. B. Drake
1869 Wm. S. Wallis
1870 Wm. S. Wallis
1870 C. B. Drake
1871 Alvin Goodell
1872 Wm. S. Wallis
1873 C. B. Drake
1874 Wm. A. Webber
1875 Wm. S. Wallis
1875 Wm. A. Webber
1877 Wm. A. Wallis
1881 Alvin Goolell
1882 Wm. S. Wallis
1882 Wm. S. Wallis
1882 F. B. Blodgett
1884 F. Wight
1885 Wm. S. Wallis
1886 F. Wight
1891 F. Wight
1892 Wm. S. Wallis
1893 G. L. Webber
1894 F. B. Blodgett
1894 G. L. Webber
1895 Wm. S. Wallis
1895 F. B. Blodgett
1896 F. B. Blodgett
1897 F. B. Blodgett

TOWN CLERKS.

1783	Eliphalet Janes	1820	David B. Dean
1784	Eliphalet Janes	1821	David B. Dean
1785	Eliphalet Janes	1822	David B. Dean
1786	Eliphalet Janes	1823	Luther Brown
1786	Wm. Belknap	1824	David B. Dean.
1787	Wm. Belknap	1825	David B. Dean
1788	Wm. Belknap	1826	John Wallis
1789	David Wallis	1827	John Wallis
1790	Wm. Belknap	1828	John Wallis
1791	Wm. Belknap	1829	Samuel Frizell
1792	Wm. Belknap	1830	Samuel Frizell
1793	Wm. Belknap	1831	Samuel Frizell
1794.	Asa Dana	1832	Samuel Frizell
1795	Asa Dana	1833	Freeland Wallis
1796	Asa Dana	1834	Freeland Wallis
1797	Asa Dana	1835	Freeland Wallis
1798	Jonathan Ballard	1836	E. G. Fuller
1799	Jonathan Ballard	1837	John Dixon
1800	Jonathan Ballard	1838	John Wallis
1801	Jonathan Ballard	1839	John Wallis
1802	Jonathan Ballard	1840	John Wallis
1803	David Wallis	1841	John Dixon
1804	Ezra Webber	1842	John Dixon
1805	Ezra Webber	1843	Wm. A. Webber
1806	Ezra Webber	1844	Wm. A. Webber
1807	Ezra Webber	1845	Wm. A. Webber
1808	Ezra Webber	1846	Warren A. Wallis
1809	James A. Lynn	1847	Wm. A. Robbins
1810	Ezra Webber	1848	Wm. A. Robbins
1811	James A. Lynn	1849	Wm. A. Robbins
1812	James A. Lynn	1850	Wm. A. Robbins
1813	James A. Lynn	1851	Wm. A. Robbins
1814	Reuben Stevens	1852	Wm. A. Robbins
1815	Freeland Wallis	1853	Warren A. Wallis
1816	Freeland Wallis	1854	Warren A. Wallis
1817	Freeland Wallis	1855	F. B. Blodgett
1818	Freeland Wallis	1856	F. B. Blodgett
1819	David B. Dean	1857	F. B. Blodgett

1858	F. B. Blodgett	1881	F. E. Kinney
1859	F. B. Blodgett	1882	F. E. Kinney
1860	F. B. Blodgett	1883	F. E. Kinney
1861	F. B. Blodgett	1884	F. E. Kinney
1862	F. Wight	1884	F. E. Kinney
1863	F. Wight	1885	F. E. Kinney
1864	F. Wight	1886	F. E. Kinney
1865	F. E. Kinney	1887	F. E. Kinney
1866	F. E. Kinney	1888	F. E. Kinney
1867	F. E. Kinney	1889	F. E. Kinney
1868	F. E. Kinney	1890	Wm. L. Webber
1869	F. E. Kinney	1891	Wm. L. Webber
1870	F. E. Kinney	1892	Wm. L. Webber
1871	F. E. Kinney	1893	Wm. L. Webber
1872	F. B. Blodgett	1894	Wm. L. Webber
1873	F. B. Blodgett	1895	Wm. L. Webber
1874	F. E. Kinney	1896	Wm. L. Webber
1875	F. E. Kinney	1897	Wm. L. Webber
1876	F. E. Kinney	1898	Wm. L. Webber
1877	F. E. Kinney	1899	Wm. L. Webber
1878	F. E. Kinney	1900	Wm. L. Webber
1879	F. E. Kinney	1901-14	A. F. Blodgett
1880	F. E. Kinney		

SCHOOL COMMITTEES

1783 See other notes.

1784 Dr. Thomas Wallis, Wm. Belknap. Lt. Jonas Blodgett.

1786 John Perrin, Lt. Daniel Burnett, Asa Dana, 17 Apr. 1786, "to see if the district will appoint a man in each school district to take care and see that school money is 'schooled out'"

1787

1788

1789

1790

1791

1792 Alfred Lyon, Ichabod Goodell, Ephraim Bond, Asa Partridge. Committee to supply wood.

1793 Alfred Lyon, Hollowill Perrin, Ebenezer Morse, Asa Partridge.

1794 Alfred Lyon, N. E., Hollowill Perrin, S. E., Ephraim Bond, S. W., John Polley, N. W.

1795 Ebenezer Morse, Jos. Bruce, Dea. D. Wallis, Alfred Lyon, Eph. Bond.

1796

1797

1798

1799 David Wallis, Gershom Rosebrook, A. Lyon, John Polley, Rineldo Webber, Ebenezer Morse, Hollowell Perrin. To district the town.

1800

1801 Col. Lyon, Hollowill Perrin, David Fay, Robt. Henry, Abel Allen, Timothy Anderson, G. Rosebrook. To district the town.

1802

1803

1804

1805 Voted a committee of 2 to assist Mr. Reeve to inspect (examine) schoolmasters. David Wallis and Dea. Samuel Webber.

1806 Perez Bradford, Ebenezer Morris, Robt. Henry, Timothy Anderson.

1807

1808 Voted not to choose a school committee. Apr. 4, the vote was rescinded and Jonathan Lyon, S. E., Samuel Webber, N. E., Edward Blodgett, S. W., Jacob Thompson, N. W.

1809 Voted to choose a school committee. Benj. Church, Jonathan Lyon, Lemuel Chandler, Jacob Thompson. School finance com., Ezra Allen, Zuriel May and Robert Henry.

1810 Benj. Church, Reuben Stevens, Robt. Henry, John Polley, (finances Jas. A. Lynn, Ebenezer Morris, Abraham McIntire, David Wallis.

1811 John Polley, Edwin Blodgett, Wm. Putnam, Jas. A. Lynn.

1812 Dea. D. Wallis N. W., Benj. Church N. E., Wm. Putnam S. E., Lemuel Colburn S. W. Voted to choose a committee to assist Mr. Reeve in inspecting school-

masters and mistresses. Dea. David Wallis, Freeland Wallis, Leonard Morris, E. G. Fuller.

1813 Jas. A. Lynn, Ebenezer Morris, Bradley Webber, Dea. David Wallis.

1814 Ebenezer Morris, Eleazer Howard, Willard Wood, Ezra Allen, Leonard Morris, E. G. Fuller, David Wallis, Freeland Wallis (to aid Mr. Reeve.)

1815 Freeland Wallis, Leonard Morris, Ebenezer Pike, David Wallis, (to aid Mr. Reeve). John Weaver, Isaac Partridge, Benj. Church, Elisha Marcy.

1816 E. G. Fuller, Ebenezer Pike, Leonard Morris, John Wallis (exam. com.) J. A. Lynn, Jno. Weaver, Lemuel Coburn, Leonard Morris, prudential committee.

1817 Freeland Wallis, John Wallis, David B. Dean, Leonard Morris, Samuel Webber, John Weaver, Isaac Partridge. (P. Com.)

1818 Willard Rosebrook, David B. Dean, John Anderson, E. G. Fuller, (P. Com.) E. G. Fuller, Leonard Morris, David B. Dean, Jno. Wallis, (examining committee.)

1819 Willard Rosebrook, Edward Blodgett, Freeland Wallis, Allen Tiffany (P. Com.) Ebenezer Pike, Leonard Morris, Baxter Wood, Freeland Wallis.

1820 Voted to have one committee hire and examine teachers and visit schools. Leonard Morris, Freeland Wallis, Ebenezer Pike, John Wallis, committee.

1821 Reuben Stevens, Elisha Marcy, Levi Janes, Luther Brown.

1822 Reuben Stevens S. E., Jno. Anderson, N. W., E. G. Fuller, N. E., Amos Fletcher S. W.

1823 Leonard Morris, Freeland Wallis, Calvin Polley, Smith Adams.

1824 Reuben Stevens, S. E., Sam. Frizell, N. E., John Anderson, N. W., Baxter Wood, S. W.

1825 Reuben Stevens, Lyman Gould, Calvin Polley, Elisha Marcy.

1826 Jas. A. Lynn, Freeland Wallis, Zebina Fletcher, Adolphus Webber.

1827 No record.

1828 Same as 1826.

1829 Willard Weld, John Wallis, David B. Dean, Isaac Partridge.

1830 Lyman Gould, Leonard H. Morris, Amos Fletcher, Horace Wallis.
1831 E. G. Fuller, D. B. Dean, Leonard Morris, Zebina Fletcher, Baxter Wood.
1832 Freeland Wallis, D. B. Dean, Leonard Morris, Zebina Fletcher, John Wallis.
1833 Jas. Sandford, Washington Munger, Baxter Wood, Zebina Fletcher, Freeland Wallis, John Wallis.
1834 E. G. Fuller, Gilbert Rosebrook, Ephraim Colburn, Levi Janes, Jas. Sandford, W. Munger, Baxter Wood, F. Wallis, D. B. Dean, exam.
1835 Jas. Sandford, W. Munger, John Dixon, John Wallis, Baxter Wood.
1836 Ezra Allen, Gilbert Rosebrook, Loring Marcy, Adolphus Webber.
1837 W. Munger, Jas. Sandford, D. B. Dean, F. Wallis, John Dixon, Exam.
1838 John Wallis, Zebina Fletcher, D. B. Dean. 3 by vote of town.
1839 Jas. Sandford, Zebina Fletcher, D. B. Dean.
1840 John Wallis, E. G. Fuller, Wm. A. Webber.
1841 Waren A. Wallis, Stephen C. Weld, Wm. A. Webber.
1842 Warren A. Wallis, Willard B. Parks, Wm. A. Webber.
1843 Geo. L. Webber, Jas. A. Webber, Wm. A. Webber.
1844 W. A. Wallis, Stephen C. Weld, Wm. A. Webber.
1845 Jas. Sandford, Amos Babcock, W. A. Robbins.
1846 John Wallis, Henry S. Dean, W. A. Robbins.
1847 Wm. A. Webber, Stephen C. Weld, Freeland Wallis.
1848 Benj. Ober, Chas. P. W. Fuller, Henry S. Dean.
1849 Amos Babcock, Chas. P. W. Fuller, Jas. A. Webber.
1850 W. A. Robbins, W. A. Webber, Jas. A. Webber.
1851 John R. Wallis, W. A. Webber, D. B. Dean.
1852 A. C. Page, W. A. Robbins, Jas. A. Webber.
1853 Alvah C. Page, F. B. Blodgett, Jas. A. Webber.
1854 W. A. Robbins, F. B. Blodgett, W. A. Webber.
1855 Wm. H. Harris, F. B. Blodgett, W. A. Robbins.
1856 John Wallis, Horace Wallis, Jr., W. A. Robbins.
1857 Francis Wood, Francis Wight, Geo. L. Webber.
1858 Francis Wood, F. B. Blodgett, F. L. Burley.

1859 Rev. F. Wood, J. B. Gould, Geo. L. Webber, Wm. E. Cook, A. Butterworth.
1860 W. A. Robbins, F. B. Blodgett, Francis Wood (excused later).
1861 W. A. Robbins, E. P. Blodgett, U. P. Marcy, Richmond Young.
1862 Wm. A. Lynn, Wm. S. Wallis, S. D. Butterworth, Hiram Wallis.
1863 F. L. Burley, S. J. Ballard, Horace Wallis, Jr., E. W. Marcy, Richmond Young.
1864 F. D. Blodgett, Alvin Goodell, U. P. Marcy, R. A. Blodgett.
1865 W. A. Wallis, E. P. Blodgett, S. D. Butterworth, R. Young.
1866 F. B. Blodgett, C. B. Drake, A. W. Webber, O. W. Brown, R. A. Blodgett.
1867 Rev. A. Southworth, C. Roper, W. S. Wallis, J. F. Lynn, L. C. Howlett.
1868 C. B. Drake, W. A. Webber, O. W. Brown, R. A. Williams.
1869 Rev. D. J. Bliss.
1870 F. B. Blodgett.
1871 Wm. H. Harris, C. B. Drake, H. Vinton, E. W. Marcy, E. P. Blodgett.
1872 A. W. Robbins.
1873 F. B. Blodgett, Wm. L. Webber.
1874 J. A. Webber, R. A. Blodgett, T. D. Butterworth, Wm. Harris.
1875 J. A. Webber.
1876 F. B. Blodgett.
1877 George L. Webber
1878 Solomon Bixby
1879 Wm. H. Harris.
1880 F. B. Blodgett.
1881 Mrs. F. E. Kinney (3 yrs.)
1882 Albert Back.
1883 F. B. Blodgett.
1884 H. E. Wallis.
1885 Mrs. F. E. Kinney.

1886 L. H. Howlett.
1887 F. B. Blodgett.
1888 Frank Wight.
1889 Wm. S. Wallis.
1890 Albert Back.
1891 F. B. Blodgett.
1892 Lyman H. Howlett.
1893 Willie A. Webber.
1894 Mrs. Wm. L. Webber (1 yr.), Rev. Oscar Bissell (2 yrs.)
1895 F. B. Blodgett (1 yr.), Ella J. Webber (3 yrs.)
1896 C. A. Webber.
1897 F. Wight.
1898 A. F. Blodgett.
1899 C. A. Webber.
1900 Francis Wight.
1901 A. F. Blodgett.
1902 Ella J. Webber.
1903 Francis Wight.
1904 Otis W. Williams.
1905 C. A. Webber.
1906 Francis Wight.
1907 A. F. Blodgett, Chas. Lawrence.
1908 Wallace P. Moore.
1909 Wm. F. Horton.
1910 Carlos F. Howlett.
1911 A. F. Blodgett.
1912 Wm. F. Horton.
1913 O. L. Howlett.

CONSTABLES.

1783	Abner Morgan	1788	Alfred Lyon
1783	Daniel Thomson	1788	Abel Allen
1784	Daniel Thomson	1789	Abel Allen
1784	Asa Partridge	1789	Ichabod Goodell
1785	Asa Partridge	1789	Thomas Wallis
1785	Ezra May	1790	Thomas Wallis
1786	Ezra May	1790	Alfred Lyon
1786	Thomas Wallis	1791	Asa Partridge
1787	Thomas Wallis	1791	Alfred Lyon
1787	Alfred Lyon	1792	Ichabod Goodell

1792	Jasper Marsh
1793	Ichabod Goodell
1793	Hallowell Perrin
1794	Hallowell Perrin
1794	Ichabod Goodell
1795	Sarel Perrin
1796	Sarel Perrin
1796	Asa Dana
1797	Asa Dana
1798	Jas. Fuller
1798	Levi Beal
1799	Ichabod Goodell
1800	Reuben Webber
1801	Reuben Webber
1802	Reuben Webber
1803	Reuben Webber
1804	Reuben Webber
1804	Isaac Partridge
1805	Isaac Partridge
1806	Isaac Partridge
1807	Nehemiah May
1808	Nehemiah May
1809	Isaac Partridge
1810	Isaac Partridge
1811	Isaac Partridge
1812	Sarel Perrin
1813	Isaac Partridge
1814	Isaac Partridge
1815	Isaac Partridge
1816	Isaac Partridge
1817	Isaac Partridge
1818	Isaac Partridge
1819	Isaac Partridge
1820	Isaac Partridge
1821	Isaac Partridge
1822	Isaac Partridge
1823	David B. Dean
1824	Isaac Partridge
1825	John Wallis
1826	John Wallis
1827	John Wallis
1828	Grosvenor May
1829	Leonard M. Morris
1830	Leonard M. Morris
1831	Leonard M. Morris
1832	Leonard M. Morris
1833	Isaac Partridge
1834	Isaac Partridge
1835	E. G. Fuller
1836	Isaac Partridge
1837	Nelson Works
1838	Nelson Works
1839	Levans McFarland
1840	E. G. Fuller
1841	E. G. Fuller
1842	Adolphus Webber
1843	Adolphus Webber
1844	U. P. Marcy
1845	U. P. Marcy
1846	Jas. A. Webber
1847	Jas. A. Webber
1848	E. G. Fuller
1849	Horace Wallis
1850	Horace Wallis
1851	Wm. S. Wallis
1852	Wm. S. Wallis
1853	Wm. S. Wallis
1854	Grosvenor May
1855	Squire J. Ballard
1856	Squire J. Ballard
1857	Edward P. Blodgett
1858	Horace Wallis, Jr.
1859	Horace Wallis, Jr.
1860	Wm. E. Cook
1861	Wm. E. Cook
1862	S. J. Ballard
1863	Chas. Roper
1864	S. J. Ballard

1865	Charles Roper
1866	S. J. Ballard
1867	Wm. S. Wallis
1868	Wm. S. Wallis
1869	Wm. S. Wallis
1870	W. S. Wallis
1871	Wm. S. Wallis
1872	Wm. S. Wallis
1873	Wm. S. Wallis
1874	Edward P. Blodgett
1875	Wm. S. Wallis
1876	Wm. S. Wallis
1877	A. L. Roper
1878	A. L. Roper
1879	A. L. Roper
1880	A. L. Roper
1881	A. L. Roper
1882	Wm. S. Wallis
1883	L. H. Howlett
1884	L. H. Howlett
1885	Wm. S. Wallis
1886	Wm. S. Morris
1887	Wm. S. Morris
1888	Wm. S. Morris
1889	L. H. Howlett
1890	L. H. Howlett
1891	Wm. S. Wallis
1892	Lambert E. Ferry
1893	B. C. Bennett
1894	Wm. S. Wallis
1895	B. C. Bennett
1896	B. C. Bennett
1897	A. F. Blodgett
1898	Richmond Young
1898	D. E. Butterworth
1899	O. L. Howlett,
	A. F. Blodgett
1900	O. L. Howlett,
	A. F. Blodgett
1901	O. L. Howlett,
	A. F. Blodgett
1902	Edward M. Hall,
	D. E. Butterworth
1903	A. F. Blodgett,
	O. L. Howlett
1904	A. F. Blodgett,
	O. L. Howlett
1905	A. F. Blodgett,
	O. L. Howlett
1906	A. F. Blodgett,
	O. L. Howlett
1907	A. F. Blodgett,
	O. L. Howlett
1908	A. F. Blodgett,
	O. L. Howlett
1909	A. F. Blodgett,
	O. L. Howlett
1910	Arthur G. Child,
	Edwin M. Hall
1911	Arthur G. Child,
	Wm. A. Morse
1912	John F. Hebard,
	A. G. Childs
1913	O. L. Howlett,
	A. F. Blodgett

Justices of the Peace with date of appointment, beginning with year 1775, when So. Brimfield became a town.

(*From State Records.*)

Timothy Danielson	Aug. 20, 1775.
Abner Morgan	Sept. 20, 1781.

Timothy Danielson	Mar. 26, 1788.	
Jacob Thompson	Feb. 9, 1811.	Holland's first justice
Ezra Webber	Feb. 22, 1820.	
Luther Brown	Feb. 8, 1821.	
Elbridge G. Fuller	Feb. 22, 1825.	
Ezra Webber	Jan. 11, 1827.	
Luther Brown	Jan. 26, 1828.	
John Wallis	Feb. 11, 1830.	
David Wallis	Apr. 24, 1832.	
John Wallis	Feb. 4, 1837.	
David B. Dean	Mar. 4, 1840.	
John Wallis	Feb. 3, 1844.	
John Wallis	Apr. 16, 1851.	
John C. Polley	Sept. 21, 1854.	
Wm. A. Webber	Feb. 28, 1855.	
John Wallis	Apr. 2, 1858.	
Ferdinand L. Burley	Apr. 30, 1860.	
David B. Dean	Jan. 23, 1861.	
Wm. A. Webber	Mar. 5, 1862.	
John Wallis	Apr. 4, 1865.	
David B. Dean	Jan. 23, 1868.	
Wm. A. Webber	Mar. 17, 1869.	
Wm. A. Webber	Mar. 22, 1876.	
Wm. A. Webber	May 11, 1881.	
Wm. L. Webber	May 2, 1888.	
Wm. L. Webber	May 9, 1895.	

CHAPTER XV.

HOLLAND'S RESIDENT PHYSICIANS AND OTHERS MENTIONED IN TOWN RECORDS.

1.	Dr. Nathan Burnap.	1780-1786	
2.	Dr. Thomas Wallis	1789	Holland
3.	Dr. Seth Smith	1800	Holland
4.	Dr. Joseph Grout	1800	Holland
5.	Dr. Gideon Kibbe	1809	Wilbraham
6.	Dr. Ichabod Hyde	1812	———
7.	Dr. Joshua Richardson	1812	———
8.	Dr. David B. Dean	1814	Holland
9.	Dr. Chileab B. Merrick	1819	Wilbraham
10.	Dr. Josiah Converse	1824	Holland
11.	Dr. Abial Bottom (He came from Thompson, Connecticut.)	1823	Holland
12.	Dr. E. C. Babock		Holland
13.	Dr. Daniel Mason		Holland
14.	Dr. Josiah G. Willis*	1896-1905	Holland

1786. DR. NATHAN BURNAP is spoken of as a physician of Holland. By record of a deed we find that John Nelson sold his farm to Nathan Burnap, a physician, in 1779. Also that Dr. Nathan Burnap sold his farm to James Marcy, Oct. 23, 1780. Dr. Burnap is spoken of as of Hopkinton, Middlesex Co., Mass. Price was one hundred thirty pounds. This must have been the second James Marcy, who lived on the farm now owned by Carl Howlett. In 1782 Dr. Nathan Burnap is mentioned in a deed as being of Greenwich Hampshire Co., Mass. We judge that he was the first (?) resident physician Holland ever had.

DR. THOMAS WALLIS was the second (?) resident physician that Holland had. Son to first David Wallis, he was uncle to Dea. David Wallis. What means he had of acquiring

*See list of pastors.

knowledge of medicine we have no means of knowing. He was a man of progressive ideas and probably had read something of Dr. Jenner's discoveries in vaccination for smallpox, for Dr. Jenner was treating this disease by inoculation with cow pox, thereby intentionally giving to the patient a mild type of the malady known as varioloid which acts as a prophylatic against the genuine smallpox. Dr. Wallis was evidently experimenting along this line. His critics say that he used virus taken from genuine smallpox patients. We have no means of judging from facts. If so, there is little wonder if his townsmen became alarmed. For this malady was the terror and the scourge of the military camp and sometimes a household would fall victims to it. On one occasion, a family in Holland was attacked with this pestilence, and entirely wiped out. A member of the afflicted family went near enough to a neighbor's house to call, and told them of the calamity that had overtaken the household, saying "that some of them were already dead, others were sick, and that it would be only a few days before all would be dead. They requested that food be left for the living at a specified place, and that someone who had survived an attack of it be procured to render assistance and bury their dead." Food was left at the place named, but when assistance of one who had had the malady was obtained, the family were all dead. The putrefying bodies were buried in the garden near the house and the buildings destroyed with fire. Tradition has it that another family met a similar fate, but not at the same time. Can there be any doubt as to value of vaccination as at present practiced? The first family is said to have lived on the cellar hole marked No. 72 on the map, and that the family who lived there was named Smith. Many families of that name lived in Holland in this period. The other family so afflicted, lived on site No. 122, so tradition states.

Dr. Thomas Wallis doubtless was anxious to advance in his profession and gain power to save human life. We find an interesting vote recorded at town meeting Nov. 5, 1792. "Voted to see if the town will provide a place wherein to have the smallpox by way of inoculation or otherwise." At the meeting the town, (2) "Voted not to receive the smallpox by way of inoculation, or any other way, if it can be avoided." (3) "Voted that Dr. Thomas Wallis should not receive or suffer any person or persons to come into his house to have the smallpox under any pretense whatever, as the selectmen had forbid his taking or harboring any person or persons to have the smallpox before this meeting."

This evidently terminated Dr. Wallis' efforts with the selectmen. We presume that *he* is back of the special meeting called for Dec. 27, 1792. The town Warrant reads, Article 2, as follows:—

"To see if the district will vote to appoint a pest house and set up inoculation of the smallpox in some convenient place that the district shall agree upon when met." How the doctor thought that he could overcome the sentiment of the district expressed in the preceding vote is not easy of conjecture. It seems manifest that he intended to make explanation and appeal to the town for the establishment of a pesthouse. But we further read as follows:

(3) "Then to act or order anything in regard to the smallpox that the district thinks best when met." It would be very interesting reading if we could know just what the doctor said in explanation and as reasons why a pesthouse should be established in the district. To article 2, we find the following vote: (2) "Voted not to set up 'anoculation' of the smallpox or suffer it to be set up anywhere within the district."

(3) "Voted and ordered that the selectmen prosecute all breaches of the law in regard to the smallpox within this district on the cost of said district."

(4) "Voted and ordered that the selectmen immediately

limit (quarantine) those at Dr. Thomas Wallis'; that no persons be exposed by them."

This was a direct defeat to Dr. Wallis. One cannot help but feel a sympathy for his efforts and daring in conquering the dreadful scourge. If his efforts were with the virus from the disease direct, we cannot wonder that the people voted it down. The doctor lived on site No. 105 on the map. Later he lived at No. 6. We judge that he died in Holland. We think it was his son, Thomas P. Wallis who lived and practiced medicine in Sturbridge, and who did not forget Holland's needs later, for his name is among the subscribers of Sturbridge to the fund that enabled Holland church later to have a plot of land and erect a parsonage, 1822. In regard to the elder doctor's efforts to establish a pesthouse in Holland, we find that Wales at a meeting Dec. 3, 1792, voted to provide a place to have the smallpox in, and that those taking the infection repair within the lines. We find also that Brimfield was agitated over the same question in 1793.

It is probable that an epidemic of that malady was raging all over the state and that the people were alarmed in the three towns. Old people declare that there *was* such an epidemic. Dr. Thomas P. Wallis practiced for a while in Holland. But losing his wife, by death, he married a Sturbridge lady, 1807, and we find record of his family in the records of that town. He was undoubtedly a brother of Rinaldo Wallis and others in the south part of the town and left Holland for larger practice and so as to live in the home town of his second wife.

1814. DR. DAVID B. DEAN (see marriage intention) was a prominent character in Holland's history. He is first mentioned in the town records in 1814. Dr. Dean's marriage intention was Aug. 28, 1814. His marriage was Sept. 11, 1814. His bride was Avilda Pike. Both of Holland. He lived on the place formerly the Bugbee Tavern, now owned by William

Lilley. Tradition says that the doctor was postmaster too. If so, it was voluntary. He was regarded as a skillful physician. Where he got his medical knowledge, we do not know. He was unique in character, genial and sympathetic in nature. He made many friends and held about all the offices the town had to bestow except that of representative, holding them repeatedly thereby showing that he held the confidence of his fellow townsmen. Holding office and serving on many important committees he proves himself to have been a trusted and a very useful citizen. His son, Henry S. Dean, became a physician also, and practiced in Coventry. (See genealogy.)

1800. DR. SETH SMITH is mentioned in the town records in 1800. He lived nearly opposite the Partridge house. Where he got his medical knowledge is not known, nor scarcely anything of his practice. He may have been a relative of other families of that name in Holland.

1800. (?) DR. GROUT is mentioned as attending John Webber about the same year, but what his qualifications were for such work nothing is known. He lived in east part of Monson.

1812. DR. JOSHUA RICHARDSON is also mentioned in 1812, but facts about him are not obtainable. We judge that Dr. Thomas P. Wallis' departure from town left an opening which several doctors sought to fill.

1819. DR. CHILEAB B. MERRICK is mentioned in 1819, but nothing about him is known. He lived in Wilbraham and practiced in Holland only by special call.

1824. DR. JOSIAH CONVERSE is mentioned in 1824, but of him nothing is known. He also kept store in the Glazier house for a time.

1809. DR. GIDEON KIBBE. Among the records of marriage intentions we find the following bearing date May 21,

1809:—Dr. Gideon Kibbe of Holland and Fidelia Munn of Monson. He probably made his home in Wilbraham.

A doctor who is mentioned in the annals of Holland is Dr. Abial Bottom. In 1823 he married Diana Perrin, daughter of Hollowill Perrin. Mrs. Kinney, aunt to his wife, considered him a fine man and physician. After his marriage, not having sufficient practice in Holland he moved to So. Wilbraham, now Hampden. Some of his descendents still live there.

DR. DANIEL MASON lived on the place later occupied by Henry Vinton. He is spoken of as a good, kind-hearted man and physician; but of his fitness for such work we have no data. His father, Joshua Mason, came from Sturbridge to Holland.

1896-1905. DR. JOSIAH G. WILLIS was a man who had the right to preach and the power to practice, being a minister and physician both. As pastor of the church he did faithful work and as a practicing physician, he was efficient, being well informed and thoroughly prepared for practice in a rural community. Advanced years and afflicton of the eyes hindered his work in Holland. He is now (1914) living at North Wilbraham, Massachusetts.

CHAPTER XVI.

Biographical.

The Allen Families.

Of all the families of Holland, prominent and influential in town affairs as the records abundantly prove, none held office so little as did the Allen family. But the town annals emphatically prove that the judgment and discretion of the father, ABEL ALLEN, was prized by his townsmen in the stormy period of the towns early history. When Shay's insurrection was a menace to the peace of New England, he was sent as delegate to the county convention held at Hatfield, 1786, to discuss and devise measures that would afford financial relief as the people were in great distress. What part Abel Allen bore in that convention we do not know, but the patriot of two wars in behalf of his country would not be likely to advocate or vote for measures that would distress the country he had served. His influence would be on the side of law and order. His country, now free, held out to him too glorious hopes willingly to see it rent by faction. Abundant evidence is found of the power of his influence in town and church affairs, but in both it was the power not due to office, but the power of sound judgment and personal worth. This is proved by his frequent appointment on important committees. (*See the Allen Genealogy.*)

COL. EZRA ALLEN, his son, was very much like his father. The list of town officers contains his name but few times, yet his name is frequently met on committees where sound judgment was needed, both in church and town business. He was a warm friend of the church and it was due to his efforts and help that the church was kept open so constantly. He is remembered still with much affection, as he sat in his

pew with quiet dignity. His reverent attention with his years and the colonial style of dress and method of hair dressing gave him added dignity and charm that had power with young and old. He left a memory respected and loved for its genuine worth. Tradition says that a part or all the land now owned by the church was his gift.

JOSEPH LATHROP ALLEN, son of Col. Ezra Allen, became famous as the inventor and manufacturer of musical instruments for brass bands. Before his day, instruments of that kind were almost all of German make. He so improved the quality of tone that his instruments soon displaced those of foreign make. He was also successful in other fields of invention. Living to be over ninety, he proved himself a worthy scion of a well-known and much respected family of Holland.

MEMOIRS OF THE ALLEN FAMILY HOMESTEAD.

By Miss Mary L. Charles

The beautiful farmstead in Holland, Mass., where my grandfather, Ezra Allen, was born and lived and died, was made up of four buildings; the dwelling, a big, rambling structure; the barn, also big and partly built of oak, having long and roomy ells running out at either end, enclosing the barn yard; the carriage house on the upper floor of which corn was stored, and the shop. My great grandfather was a carpenter and grandfather's tools and bench were there in my girlhood. It was as large as a small stable and by a ladder which always stood ready one climbed to the loft. We youngsters were forbidden to go up, lest, when up, we fall between the boards loosely laid on the beams.

The shop had two windows, not large, but sufficient to light the interior. To this shop, about 1768 or 69, came my great grandfather, Abel Allen, born 1736, his wife, Jerusha Allen, born a Tarbell—John Tarbell lived in Sturbridge and is buried there. He married Sarah Grosvenor of Pomfret, Conn. Grosvenor is the family name of the Duke of Westminster. The Grosvenors stood up with the Cromwell during the Civil War

in England. One lies under a gray stone in Euster St. Burying Ground, Boston. On that stone is cut his Coat of Arms—*See History of Brimfield.* The family were, besides the parents, the two little boys, Abel and Alfred, and Towser, the big wolf-dog.

Wolf-dog is the name given to sheep-dogs in the Pyrenees, where wolves to this day live and breed. The name was also given to the big wolfish animals kept by the early New England colonists. These animals had the small, pointed ears of wolves. They were courageous and excellent watchdogs, never affectionate nor safe to be cared for by women and children.

The family had been living on the "Curtis Place" on the road from Fiskdale to Brookfield, then South Brookfield. Great-grandfather had spent the two summers, preceding their moving on the land which we had taken up, building the shop, which was his house, and the carriage house, which was the small barn for his live stock. They moved in the spring. Great-grandpa's bench and tools were in the shop. There must have been a fire-place, a bed, a table and some other housekeeping articles. I know there was a cradle and in one corner a bag of shavings for Towser. Where all these were placed is beyond my imagination. My uncle once told me that the Great-grandpa and Great-grandma slept in the loft, going up the ladder. They must have spread their bed on the loose boards.

The two children slept in the bed below, tied in no doubt, and Towser was outside or inside according to the weather. Any unusual noise would summon the parents quickly. Still, my Uncle was a merry man and I then distrusted his twinkling eyes and do now.

All the drinking water was brought by Great-grandpa from a spring at quite a distance. He had a "yoke" which fitted his shoulders and from either end of the yoke could be suspended a bucket. He carried the corn by means of this yoke over to East Corner, now East Brimfield, a distance of, say, a mile, to be ground into meal, a bag being suspended to either end of the yoke. The way led through the woods and, though not unsafe, was dark and uneven. A thunder storm came up one afternoon while he was away on this errand and he did not return when expected. Great-grandma supposed the storm

delayed him. As time wore on and the delay continued and the shower had settled into a continuous rain-fall and darkness came on, she became anxious. So she opened the door and taking Towser, reposing on his bed of shavings, by the collar, ordered him to "Go, quest." Now Towser was a wolf-dog of courage. My mother always insisted that there were wolves then about Allen Hill. There were, I know, wild cats and bears and other creatures of doubtful friendliness. Towser did not hesitate to chase and to drive, to a distance, these intruders. Once a wild cat dropped on the back of a cow and began some serious clawing. Towser leaped up too, in some way he got his sharp nose under the savage beast's body, got hold of its throat and held on till Great-grandpa got out his gun and shot it. Towser had to have a slit in his shoulder plastered up, yet he never hesitated to stop at a tree on which was one of the spitting fierce animals and bark till he was hoarse and if the cat had dropped on him she would have been punished.

However, like all dogs, Towser dreaded a noise which had no body, no throat which he could seize nor any flanks into which he might sink his long, white fangs. He still reposed, when called, on the shavings where he had lain during the electric discharges. He had no intention of "questing." Great-grandma took him by the collar and tried to pull him on to his feet. He growled and drew back his thick black lips, and showed his white teeth. Great-grandma sat on him, beat him about his head and ears and on his sensitive nose with her fists. No doubt she did the beating thoroughly. She was a woman of great resolution and had a fine temper of her own as befitted one whose forbears had stood up with Cromwell. My mother was not affectionate to Great-grandma. From all I have heard of the latter, she inspired a respectful fear in her family. She had her good qualities and was stubborn in carrying out her plans. She was fond of Aunt Roxanna, left motherless when almost a baby and a delicate child. The four girls braided straw for which they got money to buy, in part, their clothes. Great-grandma used to do Roxanna's braiding for her sometimes. This naturally did not win the love of the other girls, as the favor was limited to Roxanna.

Great-grandma had to subdue Towser, who was terrified by the shower which added to his terror, Her quickness of

attack, I do not doubt, together with her fierce blows, confused him, at first, and then rendered him submissive. Towser, after a while, recognized her authority, whined, got up and shook from his rough coat the loose shavings. Then she got him something to eat and left him for a period of reflections. She tied into the wooden cradle the "tew little boys," lighted two candles and set them in the window, for night was come, put over her head and shoulders a little wool blanket which she pinned with a thorn—I know for my mother some years after pinned the little shawl which she wore to school with a thorn—took the big bell and the horn and opened the door, calling Towser. The food and his sore nose had their effect and he followed reluctantly. When she had carefully shut and hasped the door and Towser had looked around and not seen the creature which had made the terrific noise, his courage rose and he "quested" in an earnest and diligent fashion, running out into paths which lead into dark places and barking with might and main.

She ran along the main path, now tooting the horn, now ringing the bell. I can imagine her. She was a little woman, small hands and feet. She did not run as we do, feet close to the ground. Her heavy nailed shoes showed beneath her woolen skirt; the blanket over her head and shoulders waved as she raced up and down the path, keeping as near Towser as she could, tooting and ringing. Presently the tone of Towser's bark showed discovery and soon Great-grandpa's voice was heard. Coming home, a tree, blown down by the storm, had fallen on him and pinned him to the ground. Encumbered by his yoke and his bags he could not extricate himself. Great-grandma went back to the house, got a crowbar and by means of it lifted the heavy branches and Great-grandpa wormed his way out, not sacrificing the valuable bags of corn meal. The yoke was left till the next day.

They walked to the house, Towser, barking and running off to "quest" whenever he saw any movement in the woods. Undoubtedly he believed *he* was the rescuing party and the terrific noise was a "figment of the imagination."

JOHN COX BUTTERWORTH was the first of the Butterworth family to come to Holland, coming from Sturbridge in

1824 and buying about eleven acres of Zuriel May "with right to build a dam 16 feet high, but not to interefere with Ebenezer Morris' shop and rights." He sold this property to Abijah Pierce, 1825. He is described as a millwright and evidently had the spirit of enterprise for we find him in many business ventures. He was a young man in the prime of life. He also bought land south of Ezra Allen's homestead and the description makes it extend to an island in the mill pond, which was where Mr. Alexander now owns. Mr. Butterworth while not the first mill-owner that Holland had, for the Belknap mill and the Munger mill antedate Mr. Butterworth's time by about fifty years, yet for persistence of effort and variety of business, he did more to develop the waterpower of Holland than any other man. It is a pity his labors did not produce a plant that would be a worthy monument to his efforts. Time may yet see the fruition of his hopes, the fulfilment of his fondest dreams. (*See Butterworth Genealogy.*)

JOSEPH BLODGETT, SR., is believed to be the first white man to live in that part of Brimfield which later became Holland. He bought land in Brimfield in 1729. Born in 1696, and married in 1719, the lure of the west invited him to come and occupy it with his young wife who was Sarah Stone of Concord, Massachusetts. The family genealogist makes him come to Brimfield, 1735, but we differ, for Jason Morse's Annals of Brimfield give him and his wife, Sarah, as admitted to church by letter, 1724. There are reasons for believing that he made his home in Brimfield soon after his marriage. The records show that he owned land there before 1730. Where he lived it is impossible to say. If he did not make his home in Brimfield till 1735, why was he and his wife admitted to church privileges there 1724? He drew Lot 14 northwest of Blodgett Mountain, named after him, and made his home there. He entered into all the hopes and interests of the town, taking up land in various parts of the town. He was a man

of good ability. He became surveyor to the proprietors of Brimfield and their Book records his land purchases. His abilities won him recognition and we find him serving as assessor, 1731, '33, '35, '36, '38, '41, '42, '43, '44, '47, '48, '50, '52. Moderator of annual town meetings, Brimfield, 1746, '47, '53, '55, '57, '58, '59. He was town clerk, 1761, '62. Selectman, 1735, '38, '42, '44, '48, '50, '53, '54, '55, '56, '57, '58, '59, '60, '62, which was the year So. Brimfield was incorporated. As a citizen of So. Brimfield he held the following offices:—Selectman, 1766, '67, '69, '70. Joseph Blodgett presented Brimfield's protests to General Court against the division of Brimfield's territory and population in the formation of the district Monson. In this he was defeated, Monson was incorporated, 1760. He was fine material out of which to form a town. He had a family of seventeen children and the service of his family in the French and Indian and the Revolutionary wars would make it famous. See Blodgett record in those wars. Five sons in the F. and I. war; and six sons and six grandsons in the Revolution. One son, Admatha, and two grandsons, Rufus and Solomon were taken prisoners of war by the British, but made their escape. He must have felt disappointed in the outcome of the dispute over the church site in 1764. He had hoped that his property being near the centre of the town of So. Brimfield, the church to be established for the newly incorporated town would be somewhere on South Meadow road. The division of So. Brimfield into two parishes with Joseph Jr's., home site and his own in the West parish did not help the matter. It rendered inevitable another division when the two parishes would be separate towns. Division did not take place during the life of Jos. Blodgett, Sr., for he died in spring of 1783, and Holland was incorporated July 5, 1783.

WILL OF JOSEPH BLODGETT, SR.

In the name of God, amen. The fourth day of February Anno Domini 1780. I, Joseph Blodgett, of South Brimfield in the County of Hampshire and State of Massachusetts Bay in New England, yeoman being of perfect mind and memory, thanks be given to God therefor, calling to mind the mortality of my body and knowing that it is appointed for all men to die, do make and ordain this my last will and testament, that is to say, principally and first of all I give and recommend my soul into the hands of God that gave it and my body to the dust to be buried in a decent and christian manner at the discretion of my executors, nothing doubting but that at the general resurrection I shall receive the same again by the mighty power of God. And as touching such worldly estate as it hath pleased God to bless me with in this life, I give demise and dispose of the same in the following manner and form:—

Imprimis: I will and give to my son, Joseph Blodgett's heirs out of my estate the sum of forty shillings to each of them an equal share thereof.

Item, I give and will to my son, Benjamin Blodgett, the sum of forty shillings.

Item, I will and give to my son, Abner Blodgett's heirs the sum of forty shillings to each of them an equal share thereof.

Item, I give and will to my son, Thomas Blodgett the sum of forty shillings and after my debts and funeral charges are paid, my will is, that all the rest of my estate both real and personal shall be equally divided amongst the rest of my children, viz. To my sons, Samuel Blodgett, Jonas Blodgett, Caleb Blodgett, Elijah Blodgett, Nathan Blodgett and Admatha Blodgett, and to my daughters, Viz. Sarah Blodgett alias Sarah Williams, wife to John Williams, to Anna Blodgett alias Anna Sherman, wife to Thomas Sherman, to Abigail Blodgett alias Abigail Gates, wife of Samuel Gates; to Ruth Blodgett, alias Ruth Danielson, wife to John Danielson; to Lydia Blodgett alias Lydia Hubbard, wife to Simeon Hubbard; to Achsah Blodgett alias Winslow, wife to Ashbell Winslow; to each and every one of them last mentioned six sons and six daughters, my will is that "them" twelve shall each and every one of them have an equal share of my estate besides what is willed before. To

the four first mentioned I do constitute make ordain and appoint my sons Samuel Blodgett and Jonas Blodgett to be executors to this my last will and testament. And I do hereby utterly disallow, revoke and disannul all and every other testaments, wills or legacies by me in any wise made, ratifying and confirming this to be my last will and testament.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal the day and year above written.

Joseph Blodgett

Signed, sealed, published, pronounced, and declared by the said Joseph Blodgett as his last will and testament.

In presence of

Benjamin Tiffany
Benjamin Tiffany, Jr.
Jacob Tiffany.

Jonas Blodgett presented the will for probate. It was admitted and ratified by Eleazer Porter.

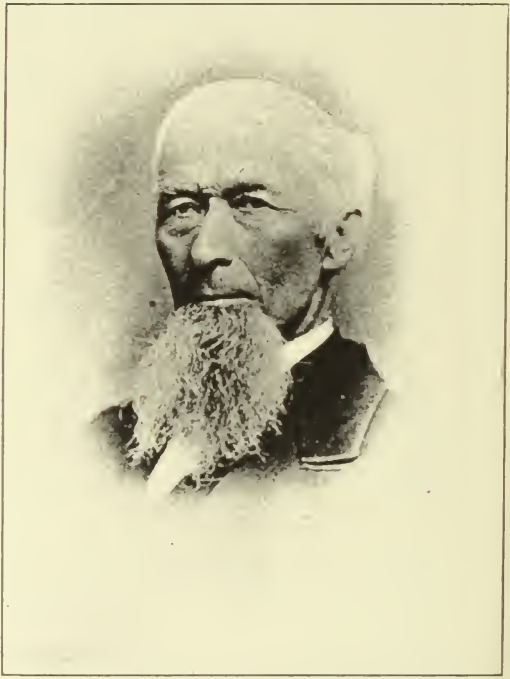
Judge of Probate.

Entered Oct. 1, 1783.

Joseph Blodgett, Sr., died Jan. 16, 1783.

It will be noticed that all his children are mentioned in above will except Marsena. He had probably died. Evidence in favor of this conclusion is found in the fact that Caleb Blodgett names one of his sons Marsena after his uncle probably. It should be noted that the heirs of Abner Blodgett are mentioned. Who were they?

JOSEPH BLODGETT, JR., was born in 1721 and undoubtedly received the greater part of his preparation for the work of life from his parents. He was acquainted with surveying and became surveyor to the proprietors of Brimfield for a while after his father gave it up. He made his home south of his father where Mr. Gaudette now lives. For proof, see act dividing So. Brimfield into two parishes, 1766. He held the following offices in Brimfield. He was assessor, 1758, '59, '60. Of So. Brimfield he was town clerk, 1762, '63, '66, '67, '69, '70. Selectman, 1771. His service as town officer was undoubtedly



ROSWELL ABNER BLODGETT

hill above David Bugbee's tavern. (Dr. Dean's.) He had undoubted ability, but lacked the tact to deal with men. He had served his country well in the French and Indian War, becoming captain in campaign of 1756. When Holland was incorporated, 1783, South Meadow road was made the boundary line and the house sites of Jos. Blodgett, Sr., and Jr., being on the east side of said road they became a part of Holland. The division of Holland into school districts, 1783, reveals three Blodgett patrons in the northwest district. In 1793, the tax list gives John Blodgett as the only Blodgett, a taxpayer in the district. Caleb had died, Jonas had moved to Brimfield, Solomon had gone too.

ROSWELL ABNER BLODGETT, son of Roswell and Charity (Fletcher) Blodgett, was born in Holland, Massachusetts, April 7, 1825; died, June 29, 1891. His ancestor, Joseph Blodgett, born 1696, was one of the original proprietors of Brimfield, drawing Lot No. 67 in what was afterward named Holland.

Mr. Blodgett, the subject of this sketch, was born on the parental homestead where Loring Howlett now resides. His grandfather, Edward, built the house in 1814. The site of the first meeting house in Holland is very near. Here his boyhood was passed, like the typical boy of his generation, working on his father's farm and, during the short winter terms, attending the district school. At one time he had as a tutor the Rev. Washington Munger, installed pastor of the Baptist Church. Later, his father purchased the Partridge farm, south of the center, bordering on the Quinnebaug river and on the highway leading to Union, Connecticut.

As a boy Mr. Blodgett was early trained to habits of industry, frugality and preseverance, (traits which were the strongest characteristics of the sturdy people of that day. Upon becoming of age he purchased his father's farm and, by

careful and judicious management, was able to reap good returns.

When the Hamilton reservoir was to be built, about 1865, he sold it and purchased another large farm one-half mile north of the church. He was an energetic and prosperous farmer, and, by active and systematic labor, made this farm one of the best in town.

He held various town offices as prudential committee of schools, commissioner of highways, and for many years selectman and overseer of the poor.

In politics he was a Republican and took an active interest in all the moral reforms of his day.

He was a consistent member of the Congregational Church from early manhood and contributed freely of his time, strength and means to its support.

The following tribute to his memory came from one who knew him all his life in his home and in his dealings with his neighbors and towns-people:—

Mr. Blodgett was one of Holland's best men, modest and unpretending in his manners, always exemplary in his conduct and strictly honest in his dealings. Thereby he secured, in a high degree, the love and respect of his fellow men. To those who sought his advice he gave it with a clearness and sound judgment which was convincing and satisfactory.

He never did anything for the town that was not done to its credit as well as his own. He held official positions in the town without austerity.

He left, as the richest legacy within the power of man to leave, the influence and memory of a life nobly lived.

Mr. Blodgett married Mary J. Robbins, daughter of William A. and Mary (Wallis) Robbins, November 27, 1855.

Their children were Ella J., born April 16, 1857, Fred Abner, born Oct. 13, 1859, Mary Ada, born Nov. 19, 1863 and Harriet Rebecca born June 13, 1868.

(*See Blodgett Genealogy.*)

THE CHURCH FAMILY

RICHARD CHURCH, the first one of that name to come to America, came over in the Mayflower. He evidently was splendid material for pioneer work and life, with a wife equally hardy and courageous. He married Elizabeth Warren before emigrating to America. By her he had fifteen children. Benjamin Church, the soldier, the Indian fighter, and leader of King Philips War was the third child. We find that Nathaniel, the fifth child was the next in line as the progenitor of the Benjamin Church who lived in Holland, buying the Alfred Lyon homestead near the Reservoir dam in 1806. The generations from Richard Church to Benjamin Church of Holland are as follows:—

Benjamin (5), Charles (4), Charles (3), Nathaniel (2), Richard (1). Beginning with Charles (4) Church family, father of Benjamin, we give the following genealogy:—

Charles (4) Church m. Frances Turner.

Children.

1. Charles.
2. Joseph.
3. Mary.
4. Hannah.
5. Seth.
6. Benjamin m. Mehitable Triby. He was born at Freetown, Mass.
7. Susannah.
8. John.

Of these eight children our interest is in the sixth child born Nov. 27, 1756.

The following letter explains why Benjamin Church should be prominent in the History of Holland.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 10, 1901.

Mr. Salem T. Weld, Brimfield, Mass.
Dear Sir,

I have been informed that you are a descendant of Benjamin Church, a Revolutionary soldier and a pensioner, who was residing at Holland, Massachusetts, as late as Oct. 4, 1832, and who was born at Freetown, now Fall River, Massachusetts. If I am correctly informed, I would advise you that Benjamin Church enlisted Jan. 1, 1776, a private in Colonel Moses Little's Regiment, from which he was transferred to the Commander-in-chief's Guard, sometimes known as Washington's Life Guard, Revolutionary War. For several years I have given much time in gathering and preparing a history of the Commander-in-Chief's Guard which will be published next February, and to follow out a principle of the work, I write to inquire if you will inform me when and where Benjamin Church was born and died; when, where and to whom he was married, when and where the wife was born and died; the names of their immediate issue, when and where they were born and died, and when, where and to whom they were married. I desire to incorporate the desired data with the military record of the soldier in the Commander-in-chief's Guard, which will not only serve as an identification but a tribute to the soldier, which also may be of much use to present or future generations. If I can have you insert the data called for in the form I herewith enclose and return to me by an early date, I shall be much gratified, as my manuscript is very nearly ready for the publishers.

If you will, I would also be pleased to have you inform me the name and address of some of the living descendants of the soldier, so the publishers may give them notice of the appearance of the work in the event they should desire a copy, as it will be sold only upon subscription.

Trusting I may hear from you by an early mail, I am

Very respectfully,

C. E. GODFREY,
728 Fourth St., S. E.
Washington, D. C.

BENJAMIN CHURCH enlisted Jan. 1, 1776, Cambridge, Mass., for one year as a private Twelfth Reg't., Continental Infantry, commanded by Col. Moses Little and transferred to Major General Charles Lee's Guard, commanded by Ensign Benjamin Gould; transferred to Major General Artemas Ward's Guard, March 7, 1776; transferred, Fort Washington, N. Y., August, 1776, to Captan Edward Burbeck's Co., Colonel Henry Knox's Reg't., Continental Artillery; at Battle of White Plains N. Y., Oct. 28, 1776; transferred, White Plains, N. Y., Oct. 30, 1776 to the Commander-in-Chief's Guard, commanded by Captain Caleb Gibbs; at battle of Trenton, N. J., Dec. 26, 1776; battle of Princeton, N. J., January 3, 1777; discharged Morristown, N. J., Feb. 10, 1777. Born at Freetown, now Fall River, Mass., Nov. 27, 1756; residing at Holland, Mass., Oct. 4, 1832.
From the "Commander-in-Chief's Guard," Revolutionary War.

By C. E. Godfrey.

A private in Commander-in-Chief's Guard drew six and two-thirds dollars per month in 1778.

The last member of the guard died at New Windsor, N. Y., July 10, 1856.

Here is General Washington's order for the formation of the Commander-in-Chief's Guard, quoted from the above work by C. E. Godfrey:—

Headquarters, Cambridge, March 11, 1776.

The General is desirous of selecting a particular number of men as a guard for himself and baggage. The colonel or commanding officer of each of the established regiments, the artillery and riflemen excepted, will furnish him with four, that the number wanted may be chosen out of them. His Excellency depends upon the colonels for good men, such as they can recommend for their sobriety, honesty, and good behavior. He wishes them to be from five feet eight inches to five feet ten inches, handsomely and well made, and as there is nothing in his estimation more desirable than cleanliness in a soldier, he desires that particular attention may be made in the choice of such men as are clean and spruce. They are all to be at headquarters tomorrow

precisely at 12 o'clock at noon, the number wanted will be fixed upon. The General neither wants them with uniforms nor arms, nor does he want any man to be sent to him that is not perfectly willing or desirous of being of this Guard. They should be drilled men.

This guard as originally selected was composed of fifty men. To be of this guard was regarded as an honor, and a sloop taken from a Tory was named "the Life Guard," which furnished the name. Caleb Gibbs was made Captain, and George Lewis was made Lieut. Officers of this guard had special distinction as shown by the following order.—

Headquarters, New York, May 16, 1776.

Any orders delivered by Caleb Gibbs and George Lewis Esquires,—officers of the General's Guard, are to be attended to in the same manner as if sent by an aid-de-camp. This order raises them to that rank.

In order to stimulate courage and fidelity to duty, there were two badges adopted: (1) The Badge of Merit; and (2) the Purple Heart.

Benjamin Church was transferred to the Commander-in-Chief's Guard Oct. 30, 1776. He had only about two months to serve before his enlistment would expire. About Jan. 1, 1777, some of the men were discharged. But about thirty of the Guard at General Washington's request remained for an extra six weeks of service, as he wanted their aid for a special effort which he was planning. It was no less than the sudden attack at Princeton Jan. 3, 1777, for which Washington was asking their aid, and our hero was there as given in his military record. On Feb. 10, 1777, he was discharged at Morristown, N. J.; probably all of the Guard whose time had expired.

He had experienced a service such as few could boast. It was the year of greatest discouragement and depression for the army and its commander. Plots were many to capture Washington and turn him over to the British or to destroy him by poison. The Life Guard was no exception. One Thomas

Hickey, a member of the Life Guard was hung by Court Martial June 28, 1776, General Washington approving the sentence. He conspired to poison his Commander by a plate of green peas. The housekeeper was his confidant and she warned the General. Here is the warrant directed to the Provost Marshal for his execution.

By his Excellency, George Washington, Esquire, General and Commander-in-Chief of the army of the United American Colonies.

Whereas, Thomas Hickey, a soldier enlisted in the service of the said united colonies, has been duly convicted by a general court martial of mutiny and sedition, and also of holding a treacherous correspondence with the enemies of said colonies, contrary to the rules and regulations established for the government of said troops; and the said Thomas Hickey, being so convicted has been sentenced to death, by being hanged by the neck till he shall be dead; which sentence, by the unanimous advice of the general officers of said army, I have thought proper to confirm.

These are, therefore, to will and require you to execute said sentence upon the said Thomas Hickey, this day at eleven o'clock in the forenoon on the ground between the encampments of the brigades of Brigadier Generals Spencer and Lord Stirling; and for so doing this shall be your sufficient warrant.

Given under my hand this twenty-eighth day of June in the year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six.

George Washington.

Headquarters New York, June 28, 1776."

It is needless to say that he was executed at the time and place above specified. He maintained a defiant manner to the end and declared that General Greene would meet that fate if he did not beware. Others were found implicated in the plot for which Hickey died and evidence points to a similar fate for them. The following order found in General Washington's own orderly book is worthy of note.

Headquarters, New York, June 28, 1776.

The unhappy fate of Thomas Hickey executed this day for mutiny, sedition and treachery, the General hopes will be a warning to every soldier in the army to avoid these crimes, and all others so disgraceful to the character of a soldier and pernicious to his country, whose pay he receives and bread he eats. And in order to avoid those crimes the most certain method is to keep out of the temptation of them and particularly to avoid lewd women, who, by the dying confession of this poor criminal, first led him into practices which ended in an untimely and ignominious death.

This event shows that even the Life Guard was not exempt from the taint of treasonable influences and in a subsequent order, instructed that only native born men be chosen.

Not long after Benjamin Church's discharge, the Life Guard was re-organized (April 30, 1777).

The uniform of a life guardsman is interesting for it will give us an idea of how our townsman looked in uniform as a private. "He wore a dark blue coat, collared, faced, cuffed, and lined with buff; the bottom cut square and full behind, with a fold on each back skirt; pocket flap on either side of the waist line; ten large gilt buttons on each lapel, four on each cuff, and four below each pocket flap, to button or hook as low as the fourth button on the breast, and to be flaunted at the bottom.

Vest; red, high cut, single-breasted, with twelve small gilt buttons and pocket flaps with four similar buttons below each.

Buckskin breeches fitting to the shape with five small gilt buttons at the ankle and strapped under black shoes. White bayonet and body belts; black stock and tie for the hair and black hat bound with white tape.

This was the uniform, says Mr. Godfrey, from the earliest period. The officers had a uniform of similar material but of more tasty and showy design. General Washington declares that the uniform is modelled after his own.

General Washington believed in rewards of merit. He established the Badge of the Purple Heart. Badge for non-commissioned officers three years or more of service. A narrow piece of white cloth fixed to left arm of uniform coat.

Non-commissioned officers, service more than six years, two strips. Severe penalties were laid down for those who should assume these badges without warrant.

Major Caleb Gibbs who had commanded the "Commander-in-Chief's Guard" since it was organized, was transferred Jan. 1, 1781 to 2nd Massachusetts Regiment, and Lieutenant William Colfay became senior officer in command. (*See work by C. S. Godfrey, State Library.*)

The history of "the Commander-in-chief's Guard is intensely interesting to Holland people not only from the fact that Benjamin Church was a member of it but from its general makeup. Formed at Cambridge, Massachusetts, March 12, 1776, it was mustered out on Constitution Island, opposite West Point, N. Y., December 20, 1783. Of the 339 Officers and Men in the Guard during its existence, 81 were from Massachusetts, 49 from New Hampshire, 8 from Rhode Island, 31 from Connecticut, 9 from New York, 41 from Pennsylvania, 18 from New Jersey, 7 from Maryland, 67 from Virginia, 11 from North Carolina, and 17 unknown. This emphasizes the loyality of the state Massachusetts to Gen. Washington, the devotion of her men to the patriot cause, and their value as soldiers.

The preceding pages give the biography of Benjamin Church before he became a resident of Holland. Why he bought and made his home in Holland is a question hard to answer. Doubtless the homestead that he purchased had attractions for him, to say nothing of the desire to get away from Newport, the scenes and associations of his double bereavement, the loss of a son and wife so near together. It is believed by some that he had met in Newport, after his wife's

death, at the house of a friend, Elizabeth Phillips, who later became his wife, and that she was the attraction that brought him to Holland. Be that as it may Holland was fortunate in having so worthy a man choose and make his home there. Buying in the Autumn of 1806, some of his family were young men and women when he came.

The papers were passed from James Perry to Benjamin Church, a merchant of Newport, Rhode Island, Nov. 4, 1806.

The deed was recorded June 12, 1807, and conveyed 372 A, 51 rods of land, also a pew in Holland Church and horse-shed near the same. The price was $7,000. As a member of the Commander-in-Chief's Guard he had to take his turn as sentry and guard his commander's life. In battle, on the field, in camp, in his tent, night and day, his General must be guarded, against poison in his food or drink, against capture by the enemy, or assassination especially while sleeping, against the loss or inspection of his commander's private papers by any unauthorized person, that might reveal what his plans were, thereby giving the enemy an advantage. Benjamin Church had a position of no little responsibility and from the character of the man we may well believe that he did it well. In fact, by special request of General Washington, the Commander-in-Chief's Guard was requested to remain in service a few weeks after their term of service had expired, as he had formed plans which he wished to carry out. Benjamin Church had enlisted for one year. He should have been discharged Jan. 1, 1777. He was not discharged until Feb. 10, of that year. Meanwhile the battle of Princeton, N. J., was fought. That he was a good soldier and a patriot, needs no proof other than his military record. His position in that guard, won as it was by service, although a private in it, would probably entitle him to the rank of captain, and by that title he was known in Holland.

He was no less useful as a citizen than he was as a soldier. We soon find his name in the official list of Holland. Many, however, surpass him in the number of offices and persistency of holding them. He was on the school committee, 1809, '10, '12, '15. Moderator of special town meeting, 1818, '19, and selectman, 1817, '24, '25. His work on committees for special town business is noteworthy. He was member of the committee to draft a petition to the president about the embargo act, appointed Sept. 9, 1808. He was one of a committee to hire a minister as a substitute when pastor Reeve was ill, 1812. We give the names of that committee:—Jacob Thompson. Dea. David Wallis, Lt. Ichabod Goodell, Lt. William Putnam, Capt. Benjamin Church, Lt. Ezra Allen, Willard Pike, Edward Blodgett, Nehemiah May (Jr.), Ebenezer Howard, John Polley, Dea. Samuel Webber. Whom they hired to serve the church as minister during Mr. Reeve's illness we do not know, but the committee was a thoroughly representative one.

Benjamin Church was also appointed on the committee to arrange with Mr. Reeve an allowance from his salary when he was taken with his last illness, 1817. That committee was made up as follows:—Dea. David Wallis, Dea. Samuel Webber, Capt. Ezra Allen, Capt. Hallowell Perrin, Lt. John Weaver, Capt. Benjamin Church, Capt. Ezra Webber. We are inclined to believe that this committee radically disagreed over the course to be pursued. It was voted "that the committee lay out such a part of Mr. Reeve's salary as he shall relinquish." Their old and faithful pastor was soon to relinquish the whole of it. The records do not show the action of this committee, but we find the committee reorganized with only three members:—Dea. David Wallis, Ebenezer Morris, and John Weaver. Soon there is a call for a town meeting with an article asking for an allotment of sabbaths in the use of the meeting house proportionate to the ministers tax paid by the Baptists. It

was defeated, as also a similar article in other town meetings following. But in 1818, it was voted to divide the use of the meeting house, evenly until March 1, 1819, first one society three sabbaths and then the other three sabbaths.

Just what part Benjamin Church had in these proceedings we cannot say, but the records show that the first meeting held to organize a Baptist society was held at his house. It is also claimed by some and it is generally conceded, that Benjamin Church gave the site on which the Baptist meeting house was built and that most of the lumber, if not all of it used in its contruction was his gift. He was like his forefathers. They were men of pronounced opinion and conviction. We admire such when their opinions and convictions are rooted in the truth. Of course the old church was much weakened by the loss of about half its members, and half its revenue. It was a sad experience to them no doubt; but they recovered from it in due time, while the Baptist church organization set in action forces that still bless the town, for it owns its town hall as a gift from that body, and is, in a sense, a monument to Benjamin Church the citizen and the christian. But the man who rendered such distinguished service to his country, and especially the year of its greatest trial when the patriot cause was weakest, and most dubious as to the outcome, is worthy of another monument, more lasting than wood, that shall commemorate his service as a soldier and patriot, viz.; a monument of stone with bronze tablet suitably inscribed, said tablet the gift of the Sons of the American Revolution. This we hope will soon eventuate.

HARRIS CUTLER was elected by Holland as its representative in the state legislature for 1853. He lived on the place now owned by William Morse. He was much loved and respected. He does not seem to have held any other town office. He and Mrs. Cutler are still remembered with much affection. It

was a great compliment to him, that, although he had held no other important town office, he should yet be the town's choice for this one, the most important of any that a town can bestow, while the living still bear testimony to the fact that he was worthy of the trust.

ELBRIDGE GERRY FULLER was the son of James and Mary (May) Fuller. He was born July 9, 1789. His father owned half interest in the mill on what later became the Parsons' place, buying the interest that Esquire Weld of Charlton bought in 1805. He was a carpenter and builder for he built the new school houses for the northeast and southeast school districts in 1803. Probably it was from his father that Elbridge G. acquired his experience in building, and ability to turn his hands in various callings. At one time he owned and ran Holland Inn, 1824-28 and seems to have been postmaster durng that time. It was while he was landlord of Holland Inn that General Lafayette stopped on his way to Boston and took lunch, 1824. People came from all the surrounding country to see him on horseback and greet him because of his aid in the Revolution. In 1827 he bought the Wm. Belknap homestead, and built the present Drake house on the new road disposing of the old house which stood on the old road, back and a little south of the present site. We think there was a saw mill there then and the dam possibly increased in height was used to form the reservoir for his brick cotton mill which grew to be quite important. It was as owner of this mill that Esq. Fuller, as he was called, wielded his greatest influence in town. Around that mill there was built a number of tenements for the mill hands.

He was an attendant at the Baptist church, and wielded an influence that enabled him to be elected to represent Holland and Wales at General Court 1832 and 1834 and Holland alone, 1847, Holland having become a town in 1836, and by the

method then in force entitled to a representative of its own. This gives him the distinction of being three times representative, while John Weaver held that honor twice. E. G. Fuller was postmaster from 1836-1849, but where the post office was we cannot say unless somewhere in Fuller's village. He held town office being selectman in 1819, '20, '33. Assessor, 1827, '30, '31, '47, '48, '56, '60. Town clerk, 1836, and other minor offices as well as receiving appointment as Justice of Peace, 1825. Opposition to him was very decided, based upon political and personal grounds, and although his cotton factory was running in the heyday period of that industry in New England, yet a mass of ruin is all that remains. Railroads were being built, giving the mills upon their lines a decided advantage against which no amount of care and economy on the part of the owner of a mill situated as Mr. Fuller's was, could make it profitable. The house and land south of the river was sold, and the cottage and land north of the river, where Arthur Childs lived, recently purchased by Thomas Kelly, became his home, and where his last days were spent.

(*See manufacturers of Holland and the Fuller Genealogy.*)

LT. ICHABOD GOODELL'S name is frequently met in Holland annals. We believe that he came from Woodstock to Holland although the vital records of that town fail to place him. He married Martha Webber (about 1770), daughter of Trenance Webber, and an old deed indicates that he owned land in Holland about 1780, the Eleazer Moore place. He is a taxpayer of So. Brimfield in 1782, and by a division of Holland into school districts in 1783, he is placed in the northeast district. He was a man whose judgment was held in high esteem for he held office repeatedly—constable five years, moderator of annual town meetings; also special meetings; and selectman for six years, 1794, 1800, '01, '02, '03, '04. He sold his home above mentioned and bought the place on the hill in the southeast

district, later known as the Badger place, where we find him by the assessment roll of 1798. His eldest child, a daughter, born 1771, married Asarael Perrin, son of Benjamin Perrin and had a large family, while another daughter, Mary, married John Perrin, brother to Asarael, and had thirteen children, but most of them were born in Monson. Ichabod Goodell died in 1826 and his daughter Persis did also, who was never married. Her age is given as fifty-five years.

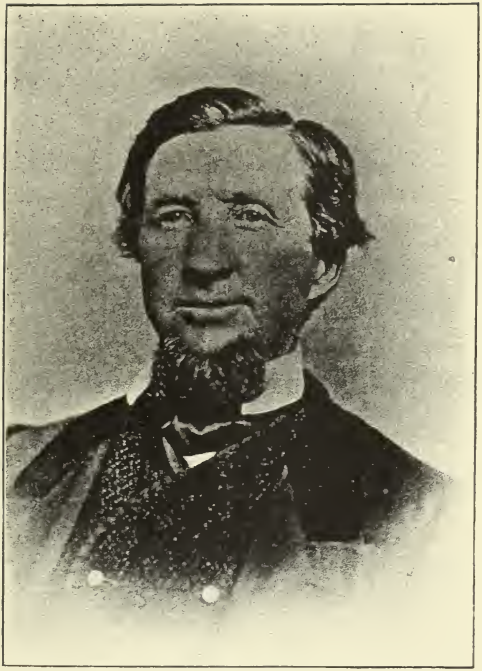
JABEZ GOODELL, only son of Ichabod Goodell, went to New York state and became a school teacher. He invested his savings in a farm the land of which was where now the city of Buffalo now stands. The date of his going to Buffalo we do not know but probably when a young man. He married Diadamia Day but had no children. He adopted his wife's niece, Diadamia Culley, and this lady married and left issue. A street was built through Mr. Goodell's farm and the name "Goodell Street," was given to it in his honor. He kept a Tavern on the corner of Main and Goodell Streets for years. When the British took Buffalo in 1812 they burned the town, and the home of Jabez Goodell was burned also. He built again at the corner of Goodell and Oak Sts. In his later years, he gave ten acres of land to the Buffalo Female Academy, taking ten thousand dollars stock in the institution. He died September 26, 1851, aged 75 yrs. In his will five hundred dollars was given to the Buffalo Female Academy. From this bequest and from his stock the Academy realized $10,500. When the trustees of the Academy erected a building for the institution, they named it "Goodell Hall" in memory of Jabez Goodell whose bequests to it, after sale of scrip, etc., came to the total of $15,500, the building cost about $18,000, and still stands, although put to other uses, the school having removed to more modern quarters some years ago. His property at the time of his death was valued at $400,000. He made many public bequests and at the

time of his death was the largest public benefactor who had lived in Buffalo. He left $500 to Holland, Massachusetts, the town where he was born, the income of which is used for the perpetual care of the cemetery. Local tradition would imply that he had other benevolences in mind for Holland, but did not carry them out. Mrs. Goodell died March 10, 1854, aged 63. Jabez Goodell was prominent in the affairs of his home city, Buffalo, and was an attendant and generous supporter of the First Presbyterian Church there, and was made an elder. See Goodell and Perrin Genealogies.

By Frank H. Severance, Secretary,
Buffalo Historical Society,
Buffalo, N. Y.

LYMAN GOULD was elected as representative to General Court for 1837 for Holland and Wales being the last man to be elected by the old method. He lived on the farm north of the Bagley homestead on the road to East Brimfield. We find his name on the list of selectmen for 1834, '36. Assessor, 1826, '41. School committee 1825, '30. He does not leave a record for an extended sketch, but his record is such that we may declare that he made a good citizen and town officer. From the records we infer that he met bitter opposition in his election as representative, but succeeded, and no doubt made a good one. His homestead was considered one of the best farms in Holland in his day, the soil being easily worked and fruitful.

LEWIS C. HOWLETT was born in Sturbridge, Massachusetts, Oct. 6, 1820, the son of Sylvester and Mary (Abbe) Howlett. He was educated in the schools of his native town. At seventeen years of age he was driving a four horse team between Sturbridge and Worcester. At twenty-one he was partner in the trucking firm of Scott, Flagg and Howlett.



LEWIS C. HOWLETT

Some of the work done then will stand many years, as for example the stone pillars to the Court House.

September 4, 1848, he married Lorinda Chapin of Sturbridge. He bought the farm, now owned by his son, Lewis M. Howlett, in 1846, and lived in Holland until his death May 19, 1888. He served the town in various offices notably as road-commissioners and was a pioneer in the good-roads movement. He was one of the committee to secure the gift of the present town hall and school building from the Baptist Society. He was a public-spirited citizen interested in all that concerned the welfare of the town. He reared a family of eleven children. (*See the Howlett Genealogy.*)

Lewis M. Howlett, son of the foregoing, has been almost a lifelong resident of Holland and a much valued citizen. As town officer he has stood for the higher ideals of town life, and his sons now prominent in town affairs are doing the same.

FRANCIS E. KINNEY, was born Feb. 14, 1841, son to Elisha and Mary Ann (Marcy) Kinney, who for years were proprietors of Holland Inn, and who made that country hotel famous in the state and out of it. The son received the rudiments of his education in the public schools of his native town as the school registers of the town bear ample proof. He also attended Brimfield Academy.

That his school days were well spent and that he was faithful to his school duties, is manifest by the clear and efficient manner in which he executed the duties of the offices with which the town honored him. He does not appear in many offices. He was town clerk continuously from 1874-1889 inclusive; and town treasurer from 1875-1885 inclusive. His clear, bold penmanship as town clerk is a striking contrast to some of the early records and closely resembles copper plate for beauty of finish, and clearness of expression. The testi-

mony of his fellow townsmen is that he made a splendid and efficient town officer, and undoubtedly would have received in due time any honor that the town could bestow. Mr. Kinney married Olivia M. Parker, representative of a well-known and respected family in Brimfield. They were the proprietors of Holland Inn, since his parents were fallen asleep, and surrounded by hosts of friends, with a goodly family growing up, with a good business and ample means with enlarging usefulness in view, he could meet the flight of years with hope and courage. He had evenything to live for; wife, home, family, friends. But man cannot count any years his. Man's days are subject to the will of his Creator.

The winter of 1890 was an open winter. Little or no ice had been secured and Mr. Kinney was anxious to secure a supply for his business, and for family use. On March 10, 1890, he was engaged in cutting ice when one of his sons, a lad who was around with the men, broke through, but was rescued immediately by the men placing a support to keep him out of the water. Mr. Kinney observing his son's predicament rushed to the rescue, and against the protests of all the men, and the warning cry of his son declaring that he was in no danger, he rushed to his son's side broke through and was up to his neck in ice water. He could touch bottom, and spoke encouragingly to those standing by. But before he could be rescued he was overcome by the ice water and when finally taken out, life was extinct. His sad and untimely death cast gloom over the whole town, and all hearts went out in sympathy with the afflicted family. But sympathy avails not to restore the loved one departed. In due time it was deemed expedient to dispose of the hotel property, and a sale being effected, the hotel passed into the hands of others. Mr. William A. Hopkins is the present owner. But the memory of years gone by, and of the warmhearted and business-

like family who lived there, still clusters about the place, and is treasured by the townspeople as a hallowed memory.

CAPT. NEHEMIAH MAY'S name is often found in the records of Holland. He came from Woodstock, Connecticut, and bought the west half of William Lyon's farm in Brimfield, March 12, 1752. The homestead was the one Judah Back bought in 1811, situated in the south part of the town. We find that Nehemiah May was living there in 1759, when the road was laid out from the brook near his house, called "Great Brook" (later "May Brook"). He is a signer to the petition to get South Brimfield incorporated into a district (1762), and is a member of the first board of selectmen elected by said district. He is a signer to the petition (1764) praying that the church be located east of the mountains. He is also a member of the "Court of Justice and Honor" for So. Brimfield in 1774. In the twenty one-years that Holland formed a part of So. Brimfield (1762-1783) he was seven times selectman. When Holland was incorporated a district (1783) Capt. Nehemiah May was elected first selectman of the board of selectmen for that year. We also find that he was representative to General Court for South Brimfield for 1783. While he favored placing the church east of the mountains (1764) he yet, for some reason, declared himself a Baptist in 1778. See declaration signed by Elijah Coddington.

When Holland was incorporated the east side of South Meadow road was made the west line of Holland and Capt. May was held responsible for the injustice of putting *all* of that road within South Brimfield's limits. It seems scarcely possible that Capt. May did not realize the injustice it would be to the people west of the line. South Brimfield took care that no other Holland man was representative until that wrong was righted, which was accomplished in 1796. But Capt. May had died in 1793.

We judge that his part in the road matter was why he did not hold office in Holland more. He was a Revolutionary patriot, the father of a large family, and his influence in town was good. He led a company into the Revolutionary War, a list of which we submit to our readers. His headstone in Holland cemetery informs us that he was born in Woodstock, Jan. 31, 1730. Died Dec. 27, 1793. His first child, William, was born in Woodstock.

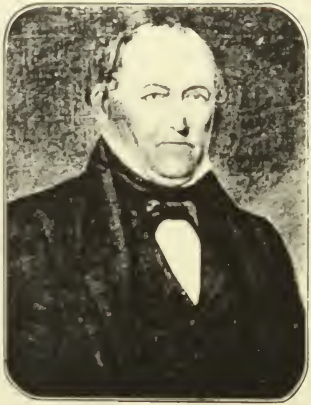
HIS EPITAPH.

Behold my friend as passing by
This stone informs you where I lie
Remember then that soon you'll have
Like me a mansion in the grave.

His widow died March 24, 1818. She was Anna Lyon of a well known Woodstock family.

LEONARD MAY MORRIS born Jan. 10, 1790, was son of Ebenezer and Lorinda (May) Morris and grandson of Capt. Nehemiah May. He married Nancy Paddock of Holland, Dec. 2, 1812. He held many town offices. Constable 1829, '30, '31, '32; school committee 1815, '16, '17, '18, '19, '20, '23, '30, '31, '32. Moderator (annual) 1823, '26, '28. Moderator special town meetings 1826, '28, '31. Assessor 1826, '30. Selectman 1813. '28. Representative 1826. His many and repeated offices are an indication of efficient service, while election to represent Holland and South Brimfield at General Court would mark him as a much respected man where he was known.

BENJAMIN PERRIN was an early settler in the region that became Holland, coming from Woodstock. He bought his farm of Rev. Ebenezer Moulton situated south of Mud Pond. The deed bears date Nov. 2nd, 1752 and the price paid was £66-13s., the farm containing 133A. The Rev. Ebenezer



GRANDPA PERRIN

GRANDMA PERRIN

Moulton was first pastor of the Baptist church in Wales. Benjamin Perrin was one of several that had declared themselves Baptists prior to the incorporation of South Brimfield and by that act had disqualified himself from voting on the questions of a church of the "standing order" east or west of the mountains. It was his vote, with others, that made the meeting illegal (see chapter II), and Rev. Jason Morse's Annals of Brimfield church. He is a signer of the petition to have South Brimfield incorporated, and although he is a signer of the petition presented to the General Court by the East faction yet we judge that later he became a supporter of the west faction. He doubtless was a conscientious man and one that had convictions. Woodstock vital records do not inform us whom he married, but he, we believe, had not been long married when he bought the farm 1752. He had several children and the home near the southeast schoolhouse was a center of influence for good. Benjamin Perrin died in Woodstock, Conn. in 1807, and the homestead became property of his son Asarael Perrin. (*See Perrin Genealogy*).

Will of Benj. Perrin.

Wife Mary is given	$20
John Perrin is given	$100
Mary Perrin wife of Nathan Fay	$100
Marcy Perrin, wife of David Fay	$100
Hallowell Perrin, m. Sybil Bruce	$160
Amasa Perrin	$100
Sarel Perrin, m. Huldah Goodell	$20

Dated July 1807.

ASARAEL PERRIN married Huldah Goodell July 25, 1793, making his home on the farm formerly owned by his father. His name is frequently met in the town records of his time, not so much in holding prominent office, but in ways that show he wielded an influence for good. He reared a large family, eleven children, and we have recently learned that the

Hon. Marcus Perrin Knowlton, for the past twenty years Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, is a grandson of Asarael Perrin and Huldah Goodell. This is a fact, of which, Holland people may well feel proud. Hollanders, hats off to the noted grandson of a Holland sire!

His brother, Hollowell Perrin, married Sybil Bruce Dec. 1, 1785, and became prominent in town affairs, holding the office of constable, school committee, moderator of town meetings, town treasurer and selectman. As a citizen he was much liked. He had a family of seven children. His daughter Diana, married Dr. Abiel Bottom, who practiced his profession in South Wilbraham, now Hampden, and their descendants now live there.

JOHN POLLEY is first mentioned in the annals of Holland in 1786. But the registry of deeds reveals the fact that he came from Monson and bought the homestead later known as the Eleazer Moore place in 1784, buying of Eliphalet Janes, Holland's first town clerk. He is a taxpayer of Holland by the list of 1793. He must have lived on the place about eleven years for he did not buy the Joseph Blodgett Sr. farm till 1795, buying of one John Brown credited as being the first grocer that Holland ever had. It is with the Blodgett homestead that the Polley family is identified. He was interested in the church and its work, and was appointed a committee to repair the church 1787. We find that the town elected him selectman 1789, and 1796, '97, '98, 1805, '06, '07. Moderator of the annual town meeting 1806; of special town meetings, 1796, '98. As a member of committee for doing town business, his judgment was prized and he was the first man elected to represent South Brimfield and Holland at General Court after the latter was incorporated a district, serving in that office 1798. He was sent as a delegate to Northampton July 14, 1812, to deliberate over plans, prospects, etc. of war with Great Britain.

The Polley family was long and favorably known in Holland, but none of that name is now there. The sons, Calvin and Lyman, were Baptists.

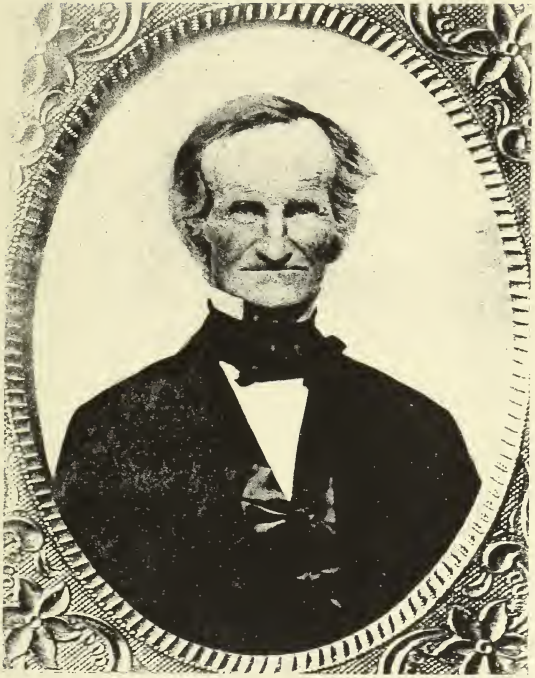
WILLIAM PUTNAM was prominent in Holland for a short time. He served on the school board and was selectman in 1811. The same year the question of dividing Hampshire County was agitating the people and he was elected delegate to a county convention to discuss the matter and he was instructed to oppose it. The county was divided however, said division going into effect 1812, and Springfield became the county seat for Holland.

He was elected to represent So. Brimfield and Holland in the Mass. legislature in 1812. He was also chosen one of a committee to hire a minister to serve during Mr. Reeve's illness in 1812, whereby we infer that he was interested in the work of the church. His name soon drops out of the list of Holland's officers from which we conclude that he soon left town. When in town he lived in the southeast district, but which was the homestead he occupied, we have not ascertained.

JOHN WALLIS, or as he was familiarly called Esquire John Wallis, was a son of Dea. David Wallis, born 1789. He held in his career about all the offices that the town could bestow. So varied and persistent are they, that they prove the esteem in which he was held, and we refer our readers to the chapter on that subject. He began as school committee and his last was that of moderator of a special town meeting held 1863. He received appointment as Justice of Peace six times, whereby he won his title. He was representative for Holland and South Brimfield in 1829. His work as town officer was always well-done and he is mentioned, by those who remember him, with affection. His last appointment as Justice was in 1865. He died in 1870.

FREELAND WALLIS, son of Dea. David Wallis, was born Dec. 5, 1785. He married Esther Allen, daughter of Abel Allen, one of Holland's early settlers, April 22, 1812. He lived on a farm about one and half miles east of the church on the Sturbridge road leading to the lead mines. He was chosen 1812 one of a committee to aid pastor Reeve in "inspecting" (examining) school masters and mistresses. His name is repeatedly mentioned in connection with this department of public service showing that his efforts were appreciated. He was town clerk 1815, '16, '17, '18, '33, '34, '35. Moderator of special town meetings for 1822, '24, '27, '30, '32, '36, '38, '40, '41, '42, '48, '50. Moderator of annual town meetings 1824, '25, '27, '30, '31, '32, 33, '38, '42, '44, '47. Town treasurer 1815, '16. Assessor 1827, '28, '32, '33, '41, '42, '45, '49, '54. Selectman 1817, '18, '21, '22, '23, '24, '25, '26, '29, '30, '31, '34, '35, '36, '38, '39, '42, '45. Here is a statement of public service that reflects great credit upon him as a public servant. His frequent appointment to work on special committees for town service shows how much his judgment was prized. He bears a unique honor, for he is the only resident of Holland who ever sat as a delegate in a constitutional convention called to amend the state constitution. Capt. Freeland Wallis sat as delegate from Holland in the constitutional convention 1853. He surely was a worthy son of a worthy sire. He was identified with the Baptist church.

HORACE E. WALLIS, born Nov. 3, 1862, was the sixth generation from the David Wallis who was one of the first settlers of the region that became Holland, and, therefore a member of the family that has left such a splendid record in Holland's social, religious and political life. When elected to represent Holland, he was living on the farm now owned by Mr. Arthur Morse, which was the home of Dea. David Wallis. Horace E. Wallis married Ada E. Webber, daughter of Geo.



CAPTAIN FREELAND WALLIS

WILLIAM LAFAYETTE WEBBER

L. Webber March 22, 1888. He served his native town as selectman, assessor, moderator of town meetings, school committee, postmaster, etc. He served as representative for the First Hampden District at General Court for 1895. That he served his district well needs no proof. In 1896 he sold the homestead that had been owned continuously by representatives of the family for one hundred and forty years. He removed to Waltham with his family and engaged in mercantile business. When he went, the last of this family so long identified with the social, political, and religious life of the town disappeared from the records and from the native heath. He is the last man *from Holland* to serve First Hampden District, and the only one still living, he being the fourth of that family name to win that honor in less than ninety years.

JOHN WEAVER, came to Holland from Hampton, Conn., buying (1806) the homestead of Timothy Anderson which lay west of the Geo. L. Webber place. He evidently was a man of good judgment and soon had the confidence of the town. We find his name on the list of selectmen for 1810, also 1815, '16. He represented Holland and Wales at General Court 1814 and again in 1817, which proves the confidence which his townsmen reposed in him. Not long after his second term of office he must have sold out and returned to Hampton, Conn., for by a deed to Asaph and Eli Webber dated 1824 he is again described as of Hampton, Conn. This also shows that he bought, while in Holland, the Geo. L. Webber place. He left a good record as citizen and town officer.

WILLIAM LAFAYETTE WEBBER, son of Dea. William A. and Sarah (Damon) Webber, was born in Holland, Mass., June 16, 1845; d Sept. 1, 1905. He received his early education in the public schools and afterward attended Brimfield Academy. He added to his academical knowledge a liberal

store of general information from personal reading and observation.

In his early life he assisted his father on the large farm, and at the death of his father in 1882 he purchased the homestead of about 200 acres where he afterward lived.

Mr. Webber was held in high esteem by his townsmen and had confided to him honorable and responsible positions of trust. He frequently acted as executor of wills and administrator of estates. He was deeply interested in the welfare and advancement of the community and always took an active part in the administration of town affairs, holding many offices. He was chairman of the board of assessors twenty-five years, town clerk and treasurer 15 years, selectman and overseer of the poor, school committee, cemetery committee, and moderator of the town meetings for many years. He was a bank trustee, justice of the peace and was appointed postmaster of Holland in 1890 which position he held at the time of his death.

Mr. Webber was a Republican in politics and well informed regarding current events. He represented his district in the Mass. legislature in 1881-'82, serving with credit to himself and to the town.

He was simple in his tastes, scrupulously honest, unsuspicious and open hearted, sincere in action and expression.

Mr. Webber was a member of the Congregational society and was an attendant and liberal supporter of the church.

His religion was a real living fact of every day life and experience, and the golden rule was his infallible guide in all dealings with his fellow men.

He married Ella J. Blodgett, daughter of Roswell and Mary J. (Robbins) Blodgett May 14, 1884. She was a graduate of Brimfield Academy and taught twelve years in the public schools.

RINALDO WEBBER, is a man found among those who represented Holland at General Court. The year of such service being 1803. Mr. Webber was a scion of one of Holland's earliest settlers. He had served his country in the Revolutionary War and came of a family whose record for military service is splendid. The Webber family had six representatives in the French and Indian War, proving a loyalty to the land of their birth as well as to the English Crown. When the great struggle between England and her colonies came to an end, we find six names bearing the name of Webber whom we can easily identify as from families of that part of South Brimfield that became Holland, four of them rendering service under Capt. May. For such service it was natural that Holland with South Brimfield should elect to the highest municipal office which they could bestow, a representative of that family. It was not the only office that he held. He was on the school board of Holland for 1799, and was selectman for 1799, 1800, 1804. He married Elizabeth Belknap, daughter of William Belknap and lived north of the river on the homestead later owned by James A. Lynn. His house probably stood on the ledge east of the house recently burned where Mr. Arthur Childs lived, the road at that time passed his house, and the Belknap house, which stood near the well back of the E. G. Fuller house, which is of later construction. The probability is that Rinaldo Webber died or moved away soon after 1804, for he does not appear as holding town office after that date and his homestead was purchased by Jas. A. Lynn, the deed bearing date April 13, 1803. He may have moved to South Brimfield (Wales) whither his wife's father lived for a period. (*See Gardner's "Annals of Wales."*) Tradition has it that the house that stood on the ledge aforesaid was moved on to the ledge where now the Lynn house stands.

WILLARD WELD was son of Caleb Weld, Esq., who came to Holland from Charlton and bought a half interest in the Simeon Munger mill on what was later known as the Parsons place, shown by deed bearing date 1805. Willard, his oldest child, was born April 15, 1789 and therefore was about sixteen years old when his father came to Holland. We do not think that Esq. Weld remained long in Holland. He sold his half interest in saw mill to James Fuller. Willard Weld the subject of this sketch was a taxpayer in Holland as per list 1812. He married his wife, Oct. 18, 1812, and both are given as of Holland. She was a daughter of Benjamin Church. We infer that, after his marriage, he made his home with his wife's people most of the time for we find a deed conveying to Willard Weld a tract of land on the east side of the Quinnebaug river "on which said Weld had recently built a house." The deed bears date June 19, 1833, and is signed by Benjamin Church, Book 90 page 108. By a will probated 1834, Benjamin Church gives Willard Weld the land he owns west of the river with all its appurtenances. He was an extensive dealer in real estate as indicated by the number of his deeds on record. He bought out Sewell Glazier's grocery store 1839. He owned land in what became Fuller's village. In 1847, Willard Weld was keeping store at Fullers village, under the firm title of "Weld & Son," the son being Stephen C. Weld. His business and qualifications for it, gave him influence and office in town. He was a member of the school committee 1829. Also selectman 1829, '30, '31, '32, '33, '35, '37, '38, '39, '43. Moderator of annual town meeting 1834, '35, '41, '46. Special town meetings 1830, '34, '35, '47. Town treasurer 1842, and also representative to General Court. He was an attendant at the Baptist Church. The record of his work for the town would place him in the list of her best citizens. His work whether as town official or committee for special business was always

good and is proof of the esteem in which he was held. (*See Weld Family Genealogy.*)

FRANK WIGHT is a man worthy of special mention because of the service he rendered the town in the recent years of its history. His marriage with Miss Mary Ann E. Kinney, daughter of Elisha and Mary Ann (Marcy) Kinney led him to make his home in Holland. He came from Sturbridge. He bought the home now owned by Louisa M. Howlett. His first town office in which we notice him as serving the community, was as school committee, in 1857, and holding it for six years but not consecutively. He was town clerk three years consecutively. Moderator of town meeting four times; town treasurer fourteen years, thirteen years consecutively; and selectman 1876, '80, '82, '90, '94, '95, 1901, '02. He is mentioned with great respect and affection by those who remember him.

CHAPTER XVII.

Genealogies.

The author presents the following genealogies of families that at some time resided in Holland. Many of them have been prepared by others, either relatives, or persons who knew the families. Others have been prepared from the town records and from the Vital Records of other towns where data could be obtained that would add facts to make the genealogies as complete as the facts available would permit. We have not been able to trace *all* the families, for sufficient data was not at hand, but we have endeavored to give *something* about those families who were prominent in the social, political, and religious life of the town. It is not to be expected that they are complete and that no errors will be found. It is a work of great labor, involving much research and extensive correspondence with delays frequent; and some facts were lost to family tradition even which needed original and careful research to bring the genealogies to the condition in which they are offered. The author wishes to thank all those who have submitted genealogies for publication, and, while he has carefully read them all, so as to correct statements that were impossibilities, he feels that responsibility for error must rest with the family genealogist who had the original data in hand.

No particular system of presenting the genealogies has been adopted. In a few cases the genealogy has been re-written and brought into the conventional form, but the greater part are in the form presented. In some cases facts known to the author, and manifestly unknown to the family genealogist have been inserted without comment.

THE AINSWORTH FAMILY.

By E. M. Webber.

1. Daniel[1] Ainsworth and wife Alice, natives of England, Settled in Roxbury, Mass., where she d. in 1685, childless. He sent to England for his nephew, Edward, and made him his heir.

2. Edward[2] Ainsworth appears to have been a sea-faring man. He m. Joanna Hemmingway, Jan. 11, 1687-8.

Children by Joanna (Hemmingway) Ainsworth.

3. I. Joshua[3], b. Jan. 22, 1688-9; lived three days.
4. II. Hannah[3], b. Jan. 21, 1690, m. John Green of Brookfield, Massachusetts.
5. III. Edward[3], b. Aug. 18, 1693; m. Joanna Davis of Roxbury, Massachusetts.
6. IV. Elizabeth[3], b. Nov. 18, 1695, m. John Johnson of Brookfield, Massachusetts.
7. V. Daniel[3], b. Oct. 7, 1697.
8. VI. Joanna[3], b. 1699.
9. VII. Joanna[3], b. Oct. 5, 1700.
10. VIII. Judith[3] Hemmingway, b. Jan. 25, 1702, m. James Marcy.
11. IX. Smith[3], b. March 25, 1712, unm.

5. Edward[3] Ainsworth, Jr. (Edward), m. Joanna Davis.

Children.

12. I. Abigail[4].
13. II. Daniel[4].
14. III. Alice[4].
15. IV. Edward[4], b. 1728, m. Sybil Child.
16. V. William[4], Ainsworth, b. 1729, m. Mary, dau. of Benjamin and Mary (Corbin) Marcy, he d. Nov. 14, 1805 at Wales, Massachusetts.

16. William[4] Ainsworth (Edward[3], Edward[2]), of Woodstock, Ct.

Children of Mary (Marcy) Ainsworth.

17 I. Laban[5], b. July 19, 1757, m. Mary Minot; d. Mar. 17, 1858.
18. II. Marsylvia[5], b. Aug. 1759, m. David Needham of Wales, Massachusetts; she d. May 20, 1853.

19. III. Louisa[5], m. ——— Paul, of Newport, New Hampshire.
20. IV. Andrew[5], b. Mar. 17, 1766, unm; d. July, 1796.
21. V. Oliver[5].
22. VI. Luke[5]; d. young.

17. Laban[5] Ainsworth (William[4], Edward[3], Edward[2]), m. Dec. 4, 1787, Mary Minot, dau. of Jonas Minot, of Concord, Mass. She d. Feb. 3, 1845. He studied under Nathaniel Tisdale, of Lebanon, Ct., and entered Dartmouth College as Sophomore in 1775; graduated in 1778; studied Theology with Rev. Stephen West of Stockbridge. Preached for two years at Spencertown, on the Hudson; was for some months chaplain in Major McKinstry's Corps. Ordained pastor of the church in Jaffrey, N. H., Dec. 11, 1782; and continued the service for nearly fifty years.

Children.

23. I. Sarah[6], b. Mar. 23, 1789; m. Isaac Parker; she d. May 29, 1857.
24. II. William[6], b. Aug. 24, 1792, m. Mary Morse Stearns; d. June 14, 1842; he graduated from Dartmouth College in 1811; studied law; was representative in N. H. Legislature three years; was cashier of Manufacturers' Bank in New Ipswich till his death. Mr. Ainsworth was a man whom the people delighted to honor. He loved his fellow citizens; and in the practice of his profession he did all in his power to prevent litigation; modest and unpretending in his manners; strictly honest in his dealings. He lived beloved and died lamented, and will be remembered with love and gratitude by the inhabitants of his native town.

Children of William Ainsworth and Mary Morse (Stearns) Ainsworth:

25. I. Frederick[7] Smith, b. Apr. 11, 1820, m. Mary Harris.
26. II. Mary[7] Minot, b. Feb. 26, 1822, m. Theodore P. Green, U. S. Navy.
27. III. William[7] Parker, b. Dec. 22, 1825; killed in battle at Port Royal, Va., 1862.
28. IV. Josiah[7], b. Aug. 14, 1832; d. Oct. 23, 1833.

25. Frederick S. Ainsworth, son of Wm. and Mary M. (Stearns) Ainsworth, graduated at Dartmouth College in 1840; studied medicine at Harvard Medical school. Graduated M.D. in 1844; was two years in Paris, France, pursuing the same studies; began practice in Boston, and was there in 1873; was for a time Professor of Physiology and Pathology in Berkshire Medical school at Pittsfield, Mass., and a surgeon in the U. S. service in the War of the Rebellion.

18. Marsylvia[5] Ainsworth (William[4], Edward[3], Edward[2]), b. Aug. 1759; m. David Needham of Wales, Mass., he being sixth son of Anthony and Rebecca (Munger) Needham. He was b. Apr. 22, 1755, at Stafford, Ct.

Children.

26. I. Luke[6], b. May 27, 1780.
27. II. Polly[6] b. Apr. 12, 1782, m. Ezra Allen of Holland Nov. 13, 1803.

Their Children.

I. Mary[7], m. Truman Charles.
II. Roxanna[7], m. Joseph Stone.

28. III. Alfred[6], b. Feb. 15, 1784, m. Sally Pratt.
29. IV. Anthony[6], b. Feb. 24, 1786; d. Apr. 17, 1819.
30. V. Oliver[6], b. Mar 8, 1788.
31. VI. Sally[6], b. June 4, 1790, m. Adolphus Webber, Apr. 7, 1811.

Children.

I. Mary[7] Allen, b. Feb. 19, 1812.
II. Lorinda[7] Adelade, b. Jan. 26, 1815.
III. William[7] Ainsworth, b. June 24, 1818.

32. VII. William[6], b. Mar. 18, 1792; died early.
33. VIII. Rebecca[6], b. May 20, 1794, m. Silas Perry, Apr. 1819.

Children.

I. Oliver[7] A., b. Sept. 17, 1820.
II. Winthrop[7] b. Aug. 17, 1826.
III. Marsylvia[7], b. Mar. 31, 1828, m. William S. Wallis of Holland, Mass.

34. IX. William[6] A. Needham, b. May 5, 1796, m. Orinda Nelson.

Child.

I. Wm. Minot Needham, b. Feb. 27, 1820.

35. X. Lorinda[6] Needham, b. Nov. 9, 1798, m. Daniel Moore.

36. XI. Andrew[6] A. Needham, b. Sept. 1, 1800, m. (1) Derdamia Walbridge, (2) Nancy Ann Belcher.

Children.

I. Chloe[7] M., b. Feb. 2, 1830.
II. David[7] A., b. Jan. 14, 1836. Taught school in Holland.

(*See Webber Genealogy.*)

THE ALLEN FAMILY.

By Mrs. Chase.

Abel[4] Allen (Nehemiah[3], Joseph[2], James[1] b. in Eng.), b. Mch. 3, 1736; d. 1820; m. May 9, 1765, Jerusha Tarbell, dau. of John Tarbell, who d. Nov. 27, 1804, in his 95th year (death recorded in Sturbridge). Abel Allen went to Holland from Sturbridge in 1770.

Children: first two b. in Sturbridge, last three in Holland.

1. I. Abel[5], Mch. 30, 1766.
2. II. Alfred[5], Apr. 24, 1768.
3. III. Ezra[5], Sept. 6, 1773.
   IV. Jerusha[5], Sept. 12, 1775; d. 1865; m. Apr. 7, 1803, James Lynn, b. 1773.* (*See Lynn Genealogy.*)
   V. Esther[5], Oct. 2, 1784, m. Capt. Freeland Wallis. (*See Wallis Genealogy.*)

FIFTH GENERATION.

1. Abel[5] Allen (Abel[4], Nehemiah[3], Joseph[2], James[1]), b. Mch. 30, 1766; d. July 6, 1827; m. 1792, Experience Parker. She d. Mch. 22, 1836, age 68 years.

Children.

I. Harmony[6], Dec. 26, 1793; d. June 13, 1844.
II. Horace[6], May 2, 1796; d. 1852; m. Oct. 23, 1830, Maria Upham, she d. 1834.
   Child.
   I. Wm. Horace[7], b. May 23, 1832; d. Mch. 1833.
III. Adeline Augusta[6], June 20, 1801; m. Horace Hayward.
IV. Betsey[6], Jan. 19, 1804, m. May 10, 1843, Phineas E. Gregory.
V. Hariot[6] Oct. 6, 1806, m. Sept. 5, 1835, Jesse B. Adams.
4 VI. Charles Grosvenor[6], May 21, 1809; d. 1891.

2. Alfred[5] Allen (Abel[4], Nehemiah[3], Joseph[2], James[1]), b. Apr. 24, 1768; d. Sept. 22, 1854; m. 1791, Lucebia Ballard of Holland, dau. of Sherebiah Ballard; she d. Sept. 9, 1863, age 92 yrs.

Children.

I. Augusta[6], Feb. 24, 1793; m. N. C. Martin of Milton.
II. Orestes[6], Nov. 27, 1795; m. Lovinia Lily of Homer, N. Y.
III. Pliney[6], Feb. 18, 1799; m. Alvira Norcross.
5. IV. Parsons[6], Feb. 16, 1802.
V. Cheney Ballard[6], Sept. 3, 1805; d. Apr. 23, 1886; m. A. A. Winship. He was a merchant in Boston.
VI. Esther Lucebia[6], Sept. 9, 1810; m. 1835, Jonathan P. Curtiss, b. July 2, 1807.
VII. Norman Waldo[6], Oct. 9, 1812; d. 1816.

3. Ezra[5] Allen (Abel[4] Nehemiah[3], Joseph[2], James[1]) b. Sept. 6, 1773; d. Oct. 30, 1866; m. (1) 1802, Mary Marcy Needham, b. June 4, 1790, d. Feb. 8, 1811; (2) abt. 1813. Mrs Lucena; (Loring) Fuller, d. June 9, 1873, age 90 years.

Children.

6. I. Mary C.[6], Nov. 12, 1804.
II. Roxanna[6], Aug. 24, 1809; d. Feb. 12, 1868; m. May 19, 1838, Joseph Stone of Brookfield.
Child.
I. Harlan P.[7] Stone, b. Dec. 1, 1840.
III. Harrison[6], Apr. 18, 1814; d. Feb. 25, 1892; m. int. Feb. 9, 1840; m. Mch. 12, 1840, Harriet A. Partridge, b. 1815; d. Dec. 5, 1873, age 58 years.
IV. Joseph Lathrop[6], Sept. 24, 1815; m. 1839, Phebe S. Partridge.

Mrs. Lucena (Loring) Fuller previous to her marriage with Ezra Allen had two daughters.

I. Joanna Fuller, Feb. 11, 1807; m. Capt. Wm. Sherman.
II. Adelpha Fuller; m. ———James of New Haven. Conn.

4. Charles Grosvenor[6] Allen (Abel[5], Abel[4], Nehemiah[3], Joseph[2], James[1]), b. May 21, 1819; d. 1891; m. Nov. 26, 1834, Mary Dunton, b. Mch. 12, 1810, d. 1880, age 70 yrs.

Children.

I. Charles Hamant[7], Sept. 21, 1837; d. 1895; m. Marietta Brown of Holland.

II. Julia Dunton[7], Dec. 7, 1840; d. 1900; m. 1865, Daniel Webster Wight, b. Feb. 14, 1836; d. 1903. Served in the Civil War.

Child.

I. Charles W.[8] Wight, b. Oct. 24, 1868; m. 1896, Agnes Kerr.

Children.

(a) Everett Allen[9] Wight, b. Mch. 11, 1897.

(b) Elinor Adeline[9] Wight, b. Apr. 5, 1903; d. 1907.

(c) Esther Agnes[9] Wight, b. Dec. 1, 1908.

(d) Marion Kerr[9] Wight, b. Oct. 13, 1910.

II. Alpheus E.[8] Wight, b. June 10, 1871; m. 1898, Edna Merrill.

Child.

Elizabeth L. Wight, b. Sept. 24, 1900.

III. Mary A.[7] Allen, b. Nov. 26, 1846; m. 1869, Levens Wight, b. Nov. 24, 1842; d. 1870. Served in the Civil War.

SIXTH GENERATION.

5. Parsons[6] Allen (Alfred[5], Abel[4], Nehemiah[3], Joseph[2], James[1]), b. Feb. 16, 1802; d. Sept. 10, 1878, age 76 yrs. 6 m. 24 days; m. Nov. 18, 1829, Lucy Brown, b. Jan. 8, 1800, d. July 6, 1871, dau. of Col. Issacher and Gratis (Bishop) Brown. (*See Bishop Genealogy.*)

Children.

I. Edwin B.[7], June 29, 1831; d. Aug. 28, 1858; m. 1856, Salina Fuller, she d. Oct. 6, 1861.

Child.

Harlan Preston[8], b. Nov. 11, 1855; was a dentist and m. and d. in Ohio.

II. Dwight Parsons[7], Apr. 22, 1832; drowned Dec. 30, 1884; m. (1) Nov. 29, 1860, Mrs. Salina (Fuller) Allen, she d. Oct. 6, 1861. (2) Nov. 23, 1864, Josephine L. Shaw.

Children.

1. Waldo Ballard[8], b. Jan. 12, 1866; d. 1889.
2. Edwin B.[8], b. July 18, 1876; m.

III. George Gilman[7], Jan. 18, 1840.

6. Mary C.[6] Allen (Ezra[5], Abel[4], Nehemiah[3], Joseph[2], James[1]), b. Nov. 12, 1804; d. May 3rd, 1899, aet. 94 yrs., 7 mos.; m. Oct. 27, 1830, Truman Charles of Brimfield, b. Mch. 29, 1804, d. May 6, 1880, aet. 77 yrs.

Children.

I. Jane E.[7] Charles, b. Dec. 10, 1832; d. 1914; m. Oct. 24, 1855, William H. Skerry of Brookfield.

Children.

1. Alice W.[8] Skerry, b. Apr. 5, 1862.
2. Charles Henry[8] Skerry, b. July 14, 1865.

II. Mary L.[7] Charles, Sept. 17, 1839; unm.
III. Sarah F.[7] Charles, Apr. 28, 1841; m.
IV. Dwight A.[7] Charles, May 10, 1843; d. y.
V. Edward O.[7], July 3, 1849; d. y.

*THE ANDERSON FAMILY IN HOLLAND.

By Maj. John Anderson.

John Anderson and his wife, Mary, came to South Brimfield, now Holland, about the year 1728, coming originally from Scotland, and settled on the farm now owned by Edwin Hall in the northwest part of the town. The land was purchased from Eleazer Foot. There were no buildings on the land at that time. The deed, dated November 6th, 1732, called for 120 acres. This property was never owned outside the family until after the death of Hiram Anderson, great grandson of John Anderson, in Nov., 1864. John Anderson erected buildings on this land immediately after the purchase. The first house was built by him near the west brook which was later replaced by another near where the present house stands, this in turn was taken down and some of the timber used in the construction of the house now standing which was erected in 1802, and in which Hiram Anderson was born (1803) and in which he died (1864). The house has been considerably changed of late years.

The children of John and Mary Anderson were Margaret, John, Elizabeth, James, Thomas and David. Their father died in 1745 leaving all the children under legal age, hence the mother was appointed guardian by John Stoddard, Esq., who was judge in the Province of Massachusetts Bay. The above named David Anderson remained on the old place and was commissioned by the Honorable Harrison Gray, then Treasurer and Receiver General of his Majesty's Province of Massachusetts Bay and in the name of George the Third of Great Britain, Constable and Collector of South Brimfield and directed to collect the sum of twenty-three pounds, sixteen shillings and four pence from the said South Brimfield "and hereof you are not to fail upon the penalties and pains as may in such cases by law be inflicted on you." It further adds, "You are strictly ordered to bring in the money by the time set and it will be

*The author has reviewed Major Anderson's family records comparing his work with the town records and bringing the vital statistics into the conventional form. The following is the result. We give his work also for its historical value, and deeply regret his decease ere this history could be published.

out of my power to show that lenity which I have heretofore done."

As the collection of taxes in the colonies for the King of Great Britain in those days was not very popular it would appear that David Anderson had a rather difficult and undesirable task to perform. The records do not show how he succeeded. This commission is dated December 31, 1772, the original is in possession of his great grandson, Major John Anderson.

David Anderson, son of John, was born in Holland, February 24, 1744, and died March 5, 1817. His whole life was spent in Holland. He married Irene Janes November 27, 1766; she died June 28, 1819; she was born August 10th, 1745, the daughter of Jonathan and Irene Bradford Janes and great great granddaughter of Governor William Bradford of Plymouth. No records of the other children of John and Mary Anderson extant.

Children of David and Irene Janes Anderson.

Tirzah, born in Holland, Oct. 25, 1767; died Oct. 25, 1822.
Elizabeth, born in Holland Mch. 28, 1769; date of death unknown.
Irene, born in Holland Oct. 10, 1771; date of death unknown.
Lucy, born in Holland Mch. 2, 1774; died Nov. 23, 1840.
John, born in Holland, June 4, 1779; died Feb. 14, 1841.
Lyman, born in Holland Apr. 2, 1789; died Apr. 8, 1853.

Of the above named children of David and Irene Janes Anderson:—

Tirzah married David Lombard of Brimfield. She was the mother of twelve children.

Elizabeth married Trenance Webber, 1st husband; a Mr. Searle of Southampton, 2d husband.

Irene married a Childs of Monson.

Lucy married Artemas Lane of Monson.

John married Polly Wight of Wales, first wife, and Mary Wicker of Leicester, second wife.

The grandfather of Polly Wight was Peter Wight, who was a soldier in the Revolutionary War, a member of Captain Josiah Fuller's Company, in Colonel Wheelock's Regiment

which marched from Medway to Providence, R. I. on the Alarm December 8, 1776.

Lyman married Betsy Adams.

None of the above named daughters had children.

John and Polly Wight Anderson had four children, named below:—

Lucy, born October 18th, 1801, in Holland; she married William A. Haynes.

Hiram, born in Holland Mch. 8, 1803; died in Holland Nov. 17, 1864.

Shepherd, born in Holland Oct. 27, 1809; died unmarried, Dec. 12, 1881.

Mary Ann, daughter of John and Mary Wicker Anderson, was born in Holland December 26th, 1820, married John Hall of Stafford, Conn., and died Mch. 23, 1846, leaving no children. Of the children of John Anderson, Lucy (Haynes) had two children, Artemas Lane and Irene. Artemas Lane was born in Monson, Jan. 8, 1825, died Jan. 22, 1889. He married Sarah L. Miner of Manchester, Conn. She died ——.

Children of Artemas L. and Sarah M. Haynes.

William Miner Haynes, born Apr. 2, 1856; died ——
Charles Porter Haynes, born Aug. 12, 1865.
Melville Northrop Haynes, born Sept. 8, 1863; died ——

Irene, daughter of William and Lucy Anderson Haynes, was born in Holland in 1822 and died in Monson in 1845. She married George Howe. They had two children, George Harrison and Larene. George Harrison was born in 1839 and educated at the Wilbraham Academy. Early in the Civil War, he volunteered in the service of his country and was appointed first lieutenant of Co. G, 46th Mass. Infantry, commanded by Capt. Lincoln of Brimfield. This company was raised in Brimfield, Wales and Holland. At the expiration of his term of service, young Howe again volunteered in the service of his country, raising a company in Palmer, Monson, Brimfield and Holland, which became Company E of the 57th Mass. Veteran Volunteers, of which he was appointed captain. The regiment was assigned to the army of the Potomac and Howe was appointed Inspector

General of the 1st Brigade, 1st Division of the 9th Army Corps, and was killed in the battle of the Crater before Petersburg, Va., July 30, 1864, while gallantly leading a charge of the brigade, and thus, with his young life, sealed his devotion to the cause of his country. From Holland ancestry Holland may well be proud of such names as George Harrison Howe, although his birthplace was Monson.

Larene, daughter of George and Irene (Haynes) Howe, was born Aug. 21, 1844, married Timothy D. Potter of Wilbraham and died leaving no children.

Hiram Anderson, son of John, married Clarinda Blodgett of Palmer, who died in Stafford, Conn., 1845. He married again, Clarissa Eaton of Tolland, Conn. No children by second wife. Hiram and Clarinda had the following named children, Harriet, Amelia, John and Senaca. The latter died at the age of about one year.

Harriet, born July 25, 1838, now living at No. 986 State Street, Springfield. Her early life was spent in Holland, where she taught school for several terms. As a girl she attended school at the little red school house on the hill in the northwest district of Holland, and at the Monson Academy. She married James B. Burlingame of Palmer Nov. 25, 1862. He died Dec. 12, 1870; she died Oct. 2, 1914. She married again to William Talmadge, of Palmer, who died July 19, 1903; there were no children by her second marriage. She had two children by her marriage to James B. Burlingame, viz: Angie Almira, born April 14, 1865, married March 12, 1887, to Milton H. Grant of Springfield both living and reside at 986 State St., Springfield, Mass. James Anson Burlingame, son of Harriet and James, born Feb. 15, 1869, married Avis Cordelia Stickney, June 1, 1892, both living in West Springfield and have no children.

Earle Alexander Grant, son of Milton and Angie, born June 30, 1890, married Maude E. Harris of Springfield, both now living in Springfield, Mass. They have no children.

John Anderson, the third one of that name from Holland, son of Hiram and Clarinda, was born Jan. 9, 1841; he was married April 3, 1867, to Ella C. Denny of Worcester, Mass. As a boy he attended school in the old northwest district of Holland and the Brimfield Academy. Early in the Civil War he enlisted

in Company E of the 1st Regiment of Michigan Sharp Shooters, in which organization he served over a year, when he was honorably discharged in order to accept a commission in a Massachusetts Regiment, having been appointed by Governor Andrew, a lieutenant in the 57th Mass., counting on the quota required from Holland. As a lieutenant he commanded Company E of that regiment in the wilderness campaign of the Army of the Potomac, spring and summer of 1864, and was in all the battles from the Wilderness, May 6, 1864, down to the battle of Petersburg, Va., known as the battle of the Crater, July 30, 1864, in which he was wounded and sent to hospital in Washington. He received the appointment of Captain by brevet, signed by the President of the United States, for "Gallant and Meritorious Service" in this battle. He was honorably discharged from the army January 21, 1865, on account of disability arising from his wound, but soon after re-entered the service for the third time, having been appointed a lieutenant in the Veteran Reserve Corps U. S. Volunteers and assigned to the 20th Regiment, in which capacity he served until after the close of the Civil War, when he was honorably mustered out of the volunteer service and appointed second lieutenant in the regular army, assigned to the 25th Infantry and later transferred to the 18th Infantry in which latter organization he served over twenty-five years, receiving promotion to the grade of first lieutenant and captain, retiring from active service on account of physical disability contracted in the line of duty, June 1894, but a few years later he returned again to active duty and was detailed Professor of Military Science and Tactics at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst, Mass., upon which duty he remained six years, when he was transferred to recruiting duty in New Haven, Conn. His total active service in the army having been nearly forty years. By act of Congress dated April 23, 1904, he was promoted to the grade of Major on the retired list of the U. S. Army. John and Ella D. Anderson have one child, Winona Denny, born in Humboldt, Tenn., June 3, 1868, married June 7, 1893, to Lieutenant Frederic Dahl Evans, U. S. Army. He graduated from the West Point Military Academy July 1, 1887, served as adjutant of the 18th U. S. Infantry during the Spanish War, was in the assault and capture of the city of

Manila, P. I.; at present, 1913, adjutant general U. S. Army, with the rank of Major.

Susannah Paine Anderson, daughter of the second John Anderson, was born in Holland, May 14th, 1804, married David Shaw of Monson, first husband; after his death she married Artemas Lane of Monson; after his death she married Hardin Clark. She died July 21, 1870. By her first husband, David Shaw, she had one child, Mary Eliza, born February 10, 1828, died September 18, 1902. She married Andrew Jackson Northrop of Vermont, who died July 31, 1899.

Children of Andrew Jackson and Mary Eliza Northrop.

Herbert Andrew, born in Monson July 20, 1851.

Olin, born in Monson Dec. 20, 1854; died, unmarried, Sept 5, 1878.

Delbert Willis, born Aug. 12, 1860.

Herbert Andrew Northrop, married Josephine Mariah Keith, Jan. 15, 1874, at Palmer, Mass. She was born in Palmer May 6, 1851. Children: Ola Mae Northrop, born in Palmer, Dec. 26, 1878. She married Clarence Morton Wing of Palmer, Sept. 19, 1899. Children: Josephine Abigal Wing, born at Palmer, June 6, 1903.

Delbert Willis Northrop married Miss Lillian Wing of Jefferson, Maine. They have the following named children:

Gladys, born in Boston, Nov. 21, 1892.

Donald Wesley, born in Brookline Nov. 23, 1894.

Children of Lyman and Betsy Anderson.

Charles, born in Wales Sept. 4, 1812, married Sophia M. Mixter.

David Janes, born in Monson July 13, 1814, married Henrietta Orcutt.

Harriet Fuller, born in Monson July 18, 1816, married Raymond Toplift.

Eliza Searle, born in Monson, Oct. 27, 1818, married Augustus Lovett.

Adaline Lane, born in Monson, Feb. 25, 1822, married Rev. Levi Warriner.

Almas, born in Monson Apr. 11, 1824, married Sarah Root.

David Janes Anderson died in Monson, leaving no children. Charles Anderson had the following named children:

Adaline E. and Eliza M.

Adaline married Jason Palmer and died leaving no children.

Eliza M. married Alonzo Moore, first husband; they had two children, Charlotte C., born March 31, 1862, never married, and Nettie H., born Dec. 1, 1864. After the death of Alonzo Moore, Eliza married Frank Orcutt. By her second husband, Orcutt, Eliza had one child, Charles A., who married and has three children. Nettie Moore married Charles P. Haynes, son of Artemas Haynes and great grandson of John Anderson of Holland. Eliza Anderson (Orcutt) died Dec. 10, 1897. Almas Anderson died Nov. 24, 1910. His wife, Sarah Root, died Oct. 11, 1896.

Children of Almas and Sarah Root Anderson.

Charles Lyman, born in Monson, Nov. 11, 1849; died Sept. 25, 1851.

May Etta, born in Monson March 16, 1855.

Sarah Jane, born in Monson May 18, 1857; died Sept. 11, 1873.

Elizabeth Maria, born in Monson June 8, 1863.

Mary Etta Anderson married Horatio L. Converse of Brimfield, April 14, 1874. They have the following named children:

Florence Wyles, born in Monson, Oct. 3, 1875; died Sept. 11, 1877.

Harry Raymond, born in Monson March 6, 1878.

Frank Anderson, born in Monson Jan. 31, 1880.

Sophy Converse, born in Monson Sept. 16, 1882.

Horatio Lyon, born in Brimfield Oct. 10, 1884.

Harry R. Converse, married at Holyoke, Dec. 4, 1901, to Ione L. Warner; they have the following named children:

Arminia E. born April 17, 1903.

Marjorie M., born Nov. 8, 1908.

Harriett W.

Louella E., born May 31, 1910.

Frank Anderson Converse married in New York, June 20, 1911 to Quunie Maxon of Fresno, California. They have one child, Beatrice M., born in Springfield, April 27, 1912.

Horatio Lyon Converse married Marian L. Davis of Springfield, April 27, 1912.

Among the Andersons who were identified with the early history of Holland are found the names of Timothy and William, who were grandsons of the first John Anderson. They were born in Holland but there are no records extant to show whose sons they were, only they were not the sons of David, neither is there anything to show what became of them except a family tradition that some of the descendants of the first John Anderson migrated to the great west and settled in what was then a wilderness. It is quite probable that Timothy and William were among the number, and as means of communication were, in the early days, both meager and difficult, it is not strange that in course of time all trace of them should be lost. There are many Andersons now living in the west who were early pioneers to that section and who trace their ancestry back to Massachusetts where, in most cases, it becomes indefinite. Wherever found in the west the Andersons have shown that spirit of energy and enterprise in the progress and welfare of the country which is typical of early life in New England.

There are many incidents of early life in Holland that have come down from generation to generation; among others it is related that Mary, wife of the first John Anderson, went to the pasture one day for the cows when she discovered a large bear quietly sleeping in a fence corner not far from her. It is unnecessary to say that Mary retreated rapidly without disturbing the peaceful slumbers of Sir Bruin, but what became of him after that the incident does not seem to relate. None of his descendants appear to be living in Holland at the present day.

Church going was considered a Christian duty and a religious obligation. John and Mary Anderson attended church service in Monson, going on horse back, and were very regular in attendance. With all the plain living and hard struggles of those ancient days, the early settlers of Holland found time to build churches, schools, highways, and even the old stone walls that are now giving way to the ugly looking wire fences. They were a sturdy, law-abiding people prosperous and happy on their farms, devoted to their church and loyal to their country. Railroads, steamboats and automobiles had not come to disturb their quiet lives or to lure them from the old homestead. Al-

though those times seem long, long ago when we look back from our present journey of life, yet we have an abiding love stretching all the way back to the scenes which have been portrayed to us in story as we gathered around the hearthstone of the old home and have never been forgotten. We still treasure those memories as a sacred tie connecting the present with the past. The sons and daughters who have gone out from the dear old town cling fondly to this home love that neither time nor distance can efface and which grows stronger and dearer with the passing years. We look upon the same old hills and vales where our ancestors lived and died, and we bow with reverence over the grassy mounds underneath which they peacefully sleep in the old cemetery, hallowed ground, from which our thoughts turn sadly back, across the "bridge of yesterday," to the old homestead and to the life that once was there.

"Blest be the tie that binds."

THE ANDERSON FAMILY

By Lovering

John[1] Anderson m. Mary; died 1745. His wife Mary was made guardian of the children.

Children.

Margaret[2]
John[2]
Elizabeth[2]
James[2]
Thomas[2].
David[2], b. Feb. 24, 1744; d. March 5, 1817.

David[2] Anderson m. (1) Irene Janes, Nov. 27, 1766; (2) Elfreda Belknap.

Children.

Tirzah[3], b. Oct. 25, 1767; d. Oct. 25, 1822.
Elizabeth[3], b. Mar. 28, 1769; m. Trenance Webber; (2) Mr. Searle; d. ——.
Irene[3], b. Oct. 10, 1771; m. Mr. Childs of Monson; d. ——.
Lucy[3], b. Mar. 2, 1774; d. Nov. 23, 1840; m. Artemus Lane of Monson.
John[3], b. June 4, 1779; d. Feb. 14, 1840; m. Mary Wight.

Children, 2nd Wife.

Lyman[3], b. Apr. 2, 1789; m. Betsy Adams; d. Apr. 8, 1853.
Almanda[3], b. Sept. 17, 1799; d. ——.

*Timothy[3] Anderson, m 1793. Luraua Partridge.

Children.

Baystic[4] and Melina[4], Mar. 18, 1797.
Louisa[4], Dec. 30, 1799.
Timothy[4], Sept. 22, 1801.
Laura[4], Feb. 20, 1805.

By administration of the estate of John Anderson Jr. we learn that he had the following sons:—

John Anderson, m. Margaret.

Children.

Timothy, m. Lurana Partridge.
David.
Amasa, m. Lucena Belknap.
William, m. Sarah Webber.

*He was son of John[2].

The administration paper was dated July 2, 1792.

Jonas Blodgett of Brimfield, David Wallis, William Belknap of Holland, Admr's. probate records.

Amasa Anderson m. 1798, Lucena Belknap.

Children.

Lurvey.
Melzo.

Amasa Anderson died, and wife Lucena was made guardian of the children.—*Probate records.*

Tirzah Anderson m. (1788) David Lumbard. For children see History of Brimfield.

Amasa Anderson m. (1798) Lucena Belknap.

Children.

Lurvey.
Melzo.

Lucy[3] Anderson m. (1798) Artemus Lane; d. 1889; moved to Monson.

John[3] Anderson m. 1800, (1) Mary Wight. (2) Mary Wicker.

Children.

Lucy[4], b. Oct. 13, 1801.
Hiram[4], b. Mar. 8, 1803; d. 1864.
Susannah[4] P., b. May 15, 1804; m. (1) David Shaw of Monson; m. (2) Artemus Lane; m. (3) Hardin Clark.
Shepard[4] b. Oct. 27, 1809; d. 1881, Dec. 12.
Mary Ann[4], b. Dec. 26, 1820. By wife No. 2.

William[3] Anderson m. (1800) Sarah Webber. See note about Timothy Anderson, baptized 1818.

Children.

Prudence[4], Oct. 7, 1813.
Sarah[4].

Lucy Anderson[4] m. (1821) Wm. A. Haynes.

Children.

Artemus L.[5], b. Jan 8, 1825; d. Jan. 22, 1889.
Irene[5], b. 1822; d. ——— 1845.

Artemus[5] L. Haynes m. Sarah L. Miner.

Children.

William Miner, b. Apr. 2, 1856; died.
Melville Northrop, b. Sept. 18, 1863; died.
Charles Porter, b. Aug. 12, 1865.

Irene[5] Haynes m. George Howe.

Children.

George Harrison[6], b. 1839; d. July 30, 1864. Killed in battle.
Larene[6], b. Aug. 21, 1844; m. Tim. D. Potter. No children.

Hiram[4] Anderson m. (1) Clarinda Blodgett. (2) Clarissa Eaton.

Children. All by first wife.

Harriet[5], b. July 25, 1838.
Amelia[5].
John[5], b. Jan. 9, 1841.
Seneca[5], died young.

Harriet[5] Anderson m. (1) James B. Burlingame; m. (2) Wm. Talmadge.

Children.

Angie Almira[6], b. Apr. 14, 1865.
James Anson[6], b. Feb. 15, 1869.

Angie Almira[6] Burlingame m. (1887) Milton H. Grant.

Children.

Earle Alexander Grant, b. June 30, 1890; m. Maude E. Harris.
James Anson Burlingame m. (1892) Avis Cordelia Stickney. No children.
John[6] Anderson, b. Jan. 9, 1841; m. Ella C. Denny, Apr. 3, 1867; d. —— 1914.

Child.

Winona Denny, b. June 3th 1868; m. Lt. Frederic D. Evans, U. S. A.

Susannah[4] Paine Anderson m. (1) David Shaw; (2) Artemus Lane; (3) Hardin Clark.

Child.

Mary Eliza[5] Shaw, b. Feb. 10, 1828; d. Sept. 18, 1902.

Mary Eliza[5] Shaw m. Andrew Jackson Northrop.

Children.

Herbert Andrew[6], b. July 20, 1851.

Olin[6], b. Dec. 20, 1854; d. Sept. 5, 1878.
Delbert Willis[6], b. Aug. 12, 1860.

Herbert Andrew[6] Northrop, m. (1874) Josephine Mariah Keith.

Child.

Ola Mae[7], b. Dec. 26, 1878.

Delbert Willis[6] Northrop, m. Lillian Wing.

Children.

Gladys[7], b. Nov. 21, 1892.
Donald Wesley[7], b. Nov. 23, 1894.

Ola Mae[7] Northrop, m. (1899) Clarence Morton Wing.

Child.

Josephine Abigail[8], b. June 6, 1903.

Lyman[3] Anderson m. Betsy Adams.

Children.

Charles[4], b. Sept. 4, 1812; m. Sophia M. Mixter.
David Janes[4], b. July 13, 1814; m. Henrietta Orcutt.
Harriet Fuller[4], b. July 18, 1816; m. Raymond Toplift.
Eliza Searle[4], b. Oct. 27, 1818; m. Augustus Lovett.
Adaline Lane[4], b. Feb. 25, 1822; m. Rev. Levi Warriner.
Almas[4], b. Apr. 11, 1824; m. Sarah Root.

Charles[4] Anderson m. Sophia M. Mixter.

Children.

Adaline[5] E. ——— m. Jason Palmer. No children.
Eliza[5] M. ——— m. (1) Alonzo Moore; (2) Frank Orcutt.

Children.

Charlotte C.[6], b. Mar. 31, 1862. Never married.
Nettie H.[6], b. Dec. 1, 1864.
Charles[6] A. (Orcutt). He married and has three children.

Nettie[6] H. Moore m. Charles P. Haynes.

Almas[4] Anderson m Sarah Root. He d. 1910. She d. 1896.

Children.

Charles Lyman[5], b. Nov. 11, 1849.
May Etta[5], b. Mar. 16, 1855.
Sarah Jane[5], b. May 18, 1857.
Elizabeth Maria[5] b. June 8, 1863.

May Etta[5] Anderson m. (1874) Horatio L. Converse of Brimfield.

Children.

Florence Wyles[6], b. Oct. 3, 1875; d. Sept. 11, 1877, in Monson.
Harry Raymond[6], b. Mar. 6, 1878 in Monson.
Frank Anderson[6], b. Jan. 31, 1880 in Monson.
Sophy Converse[6], b. Sept. 16, 1882 in Monson.
Horatio Lyon[6], b. Oct. 10, 1884 in Brimfield.

Harry R.[6] Converse m. (1901) Ione L. Warner at Holyoke.

Children.

Arminia E.[7], b. Apr. 17, 1903.
Marjorie M.[7], b. Nov. 8, 1908.
Harriett W.[7], b. ——.
Louella E.[7], b. May 31, 1910.

Frank Anderson[6] Converse m. (1911) Queenie Maxon of Fresno, Cal.

Child.

Beatrice M., b. Apr. 27, 1912.

Horatio Lyon Converse m. Marion L. Davis, Apr. 27, 1912.

THE BACK[1] FAMILY

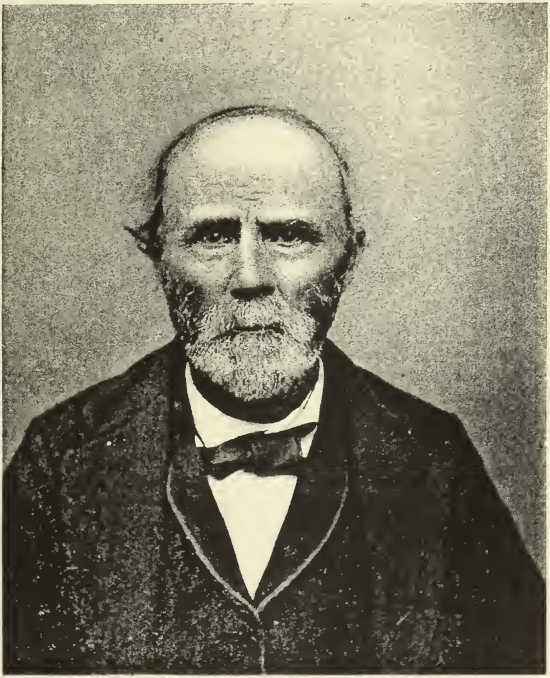
By Harry E. Back

The first records of the Back family in this country are found in the vicinity of Preston, Connecticut. George, Daniel, Elijah and Judah Back, perhaps all brothers, served in the French and Indian wars from this locality. George and Judah Back were of the same company, Judah serving from May 17 to November 20, 1758, under Colonel Samuel Coit, of Preston, in the Second Regiment; George from April 2 to October 15 of the same year (see Vol. II. French and Indian War Rolls, Conn. Hist. Society.) Daniel Back served in 1755 in Stonington, Preston and vicinity. Elisha and Simeon Back were soldiers in the Revolution. Evidently Judah was the only one to remain in Connecticut, and for a time all of the family lived in Connecticut except the family of his son Judah.

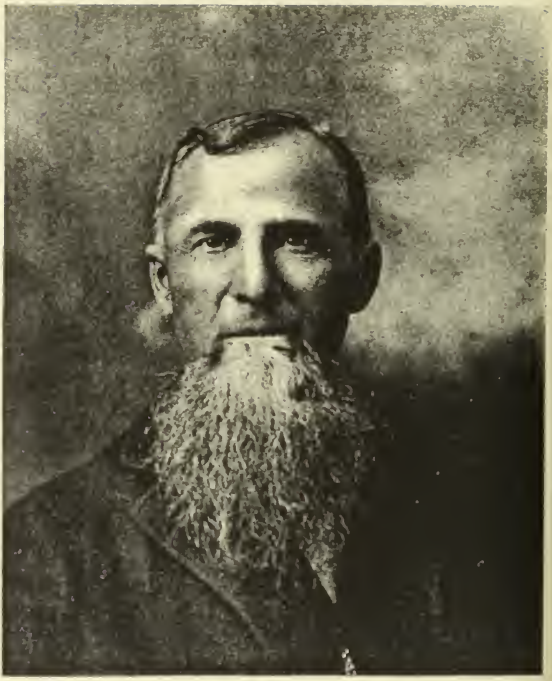
(I). Lieutenant Judah Back, the first of this family, was a soldier in the French and Indian war in 1758, and was born in 1737. He settled at Hampton, Connecticut, and died there. He married Priscilla Gates, December 30, 1761, at Hampton, and she also died in that town. She was born in 1740.

(II.) Judah (2), son of Lieutenant Judah (1) Back, was born August 26, 1768, in that portion of Hampton, Connecticut, that is now the town of Chaplin. He was a farmer. He settled at length in Holland, Massachusetts, and became the owner of considerable land there. In stature he was small, but very energetic and successful. He married, November 22, 1801, at Hampton, Elizabeth Abbee or Abbey, of an old Windham County family. She died at Holland when over 90 years old.

(III.) Lucius, son of Judah (2) Back, was born at Hampton, Connecticut, May 26, 1803, died at Holland, Massachusetts, September 18, 1879. He came to Holland with his parents when only four years old. He was a very extensive farmer for his time, was industrious and energetic, blessed with good health, and attained success. In politics he was a Democrat, but never an office-seeker. He was grand juror for his town several times.



LUCIUS BACK



ROSCIUS BACK

His probity and good judgment were so universally recognized that he was frequently called upon to settle estates. He lived in Holland, just across the line from Union, Connecticut. He married (first) January 27, 1835, Sophia, born December 12, 1802, died July 15, 1852, daughter of Samuel Moore (see Moore III). He married (second) September 3, 1855, Sarah daughter of Levi Richardson of Willington, born March 31, 1821, died October 2, 1879. His death occurred in Holland as the result of a runaway accident, in which he was thrown from a wagon and so injured that he lived but four days. Children of first wife. (1.) Martin Van Buren, born November 13, 1835, Holland; now living in Webster, Massachusetts; has been active in local politics; married (first) November 6, 1860, Mary Elizabeth Upham, of Sturbridge; (second) March, 1870, Jane Bruce, of Sturbridge. (2 and 3) Rosetta (twin), February 4, 1837; Roscius (twin), mentioned below; Rosetta married (first) June 10, 1862, Nathaniel W. Plimpton; (second) April 19, 1889, William H. Harris, a farmer in Holland, Massachusetts. (4.) Albert, March 6, 1839, Holland; married November 2, 1865, Julia Butterworth, now of Southbridge, Massachusetts. (5). Elizabeth, June 6, 1841; died July 11, 1842. (6.) Adna, March 26, 1844; married, March 10, 1869, Mary E. Young of Mansfield, Connecticut; died December 20, 1887; an overseer in the Florence (Massachusetts) Silk Mill for a number of years. (7.) Charles, October 12, 1845; married (first) August 7, 1876, Sibyl Zulette Marcy, of Holland; (second) Sept. 14, 1910, Lizzie M. McEverly; he is now living in Killingly, Connecticut, a mechanic and farmer. (8.) Marietta, August 10, 1847; married December 26, 1871, Freeman A. Brown, formerly of Storm Lake, Iowa, where he was wholesale and retail grocer and editor of the Storm Lake Gazette; next of Wall Lake, Iowa, editor of the Wall Lake News; now of Ashland, Oregon. Children of second wife: (9) Ellsworth, September 17, 1858; married December 16, 1884, Ellen F. Vinton of Holland; a farmer, died in Woodstock, Connecticut, April 16, 1900. (10) Grant, August 9, 1863; married, February 26, 1885, Mary Moriarty, of Woodstock, a farmer.

(IV.) Roscius, son of Lucius Back, was born February 4, 1837. He was educated in Holland and the Mashapaug Dis-

trict, in Union. He remained at school until he was twenty-one years of age, and after that assisted his father in his agricultural and lumbering interests. For a time he worked at Colt's Armory at Hartford. March 27, 1862, he went to Mashapaug, a village and school district in the town of Union, and purchased an interest in the mattress factory and grist mill in association with Albert E. Weld. The firm name was Weld & Back, Mr. Weld having previously been the proprietor of the business. This business was the manufacturing of excelsior mattresses and running of a grist mill. It continued in a flourishing condition until destroyed by fire, October, 1864, which brought great loss to the owners and to the industrial interests in the community.

After his retirement from the mill, Mr. Back, until 1908, was actively engaged in farming and the management of this lumber business. He was one of the leaders in this line in the town, which is a pine lumber section. He owned hundreds of acres of timber both in Connecticut and Massachusetts, and occupied himself with his lumbering during the winter and his farming and dairying interests in the summer. He had about seventy-five acres under cultivation and in pasture. In 1865 he built his Union residence and lived there until 1908, when he built a house in Southbridge and removed to the latter town. Since 1908 he has disposed of his large holdings of real estate in Union, Holland and Sturbridge. In politics Mr. Back has for many years been a prominent Republican. In the term of 1891-92 he represented his town in the legislature and served through the noted dead-lock session. He was a member of the agricultural committee, was constant in his attendance, and stood faithfully by his party during the continual contests of that exciting two years' session. In 1907 he again represented the town and served on the roads and bridges committee. He has also been assessor, constable, tax collector and upon the board of relief. From 1890 to 1906 he served as clerk and treasurer of the Union Congregational Church, of which he is a consistent member. He was a member of Mashapaug Grange, No. 101. He has always shown a public-spirited interest in all matters pertaining to the progress and advancement of his section.

He married, August 31, 1863, in the village of Thorndike, town of Palmer, Massachusetts, Harriet Cutler, daughter of

MRS. ROSCIUS (ROBBINS) BACK

William A. and Mary (Wallace) Robbins, of Holland, Massachusetts, born June 2, 1840. Mrs. Back was for forty years a leader in the social, religious and musical life of the town of Union. She was organist of the Congregational church there for nearly forty years. Before her marriage she taught school for many years in Holland, with marked success, her work being specially complimented in the reports of the town school committee. Children, born in Union: Roscius Harlow, May 28, 1865; Harry Eugene, July 8, 1869.

(V.) Roscius Harlow, son of Roscius Back, was born May 28, 1865, in Union, and was educated in the district schools of Mashapaug, the Hitchcock Free High School, of Brimfield, Massachusetts, from which he graduated in 1885, with a post-graduate course there the following year, and the Boston University Law School, from which he graduted in June, 1889, with the degree of LL. B. After that he opened a law office at No. 24 Congress St., and still later at 40 Water St., Boston, where he practiced for eight years. He was then obliged to leave the city on account of ill health. He was attorney for the executor in the famous litigation over the will of the late Elvin Dean Hall, once treasurer of the Standard Sugar Refining Company. For nearly a year he lived in Stafford Springs, Connecticut, and when his health was restored, opened an office at Athol Massachusetts, 1898, and carried on a large practice there until 1903. He was considered one of the reputable, reliable and leading lawyers of northwestern Worcester county. November, 1903, he went to the Pacific coast and has spent most of time since at Vancouver, Washington, where he has made for himself a position of eminence as an advocate, attorney and counsellor. In 1908 he was elected city attorney. In 1912, he was elected judge of the Superior Court for Clarke County, Washington, for a term of four years. While a student at the Boston University Law School he was for two years one of the school's librarians. He was a charter member of and one of the first presidents of The Park Street Club, connected with the Park Street Church, in Boston. As a young man he had served as school visitor in Union, and in Boston had been one of the active forces in Republican politics in Ward 10. In Boston and Athol he directed his political efforts to placing others in office, rather than seeking

office for himself. He married (first) December 1, 1888, Katherine Elizabeth Hart, born May 3, 1865, in Manchester, England. He married (second) October 2, 1906, Ann Phillips. Children of first wife: Roscius Harlow, Jr., March 17, 1894; Helen Robbins, July 30, 1896; children of second wife: Harriet Elizabeth, July 29, 1907; Ann Bruce, March 18th, 1914. Roscius Harlow Back, Jr., is now in the Washington State University at Pullman, Wash., in the class of 1918.

(VI.) Harry Eugene, son of Roscius Back, was born July 8, 1869, in Union. His early education was received in the common schools of his native town, and he prepared for college at the Hitchcock Free High School, Brimfield, from which he graduated in 1888. He then went to the College of Liberal Arts of Boston University, from which he graduated in 1892 with the degree of B.A. During his college life he took a leading position among his fellow students. In his freshman year he was secretary of his class and was elected associate editor from Upsilon Chapter of Boston University of the national catalogue of the Beta Theta Pi fraternity. From his sophomore year on through the remainder of his college course, he was the Boston University reporter upon the Boston Globe. As a sophomore he was toastmaster at the sophomore-senior banquet; a director of the Boston University Athletic Association; business manager of the University Beacon, the college paper, and a director of the University Beacon Association. When a junior he was business manager of the college annual; treasurer of the University Beacon Association; President of the University Debating Club; local editor of the University Beacon; secretary and later vice-president of the Upsilon Chapter of the Beta Theta Pi, and delegate to the national convention of the latter fraternity at Chautauqua, New York. When a senior he was made editor-in-chief of the University Beacon; president of Upsilon Chapter, and a member of the Monday Club of Boston University, an honorary literary society of the college. After graduation he was made alumni director of the Boston University Athletic Association. After graduating from college he became a newspaper man, and served as reporter on the Boston Globe, city editor of the New Hampshire Republican (Nashua), telegraph editor of the same paper, and managing editor of the Worcester

Evening Post. In the fall of 1893 he entered the Boston University Law School, took a three years' course in two years and worked at the same time on the Boston Globe to pay his School expenses. In the fall of 1895 he returned to newspaper work as night editor of the Lowell, Massachusetts, Mail, where he remained until July, 1896, when he returned to Union. In the fall of 1896 he was elected to the Connecticut legislature from the town of Union, and during the session of 1897 made the acquaintance of people who induced him to go to Danielson in the town of Killingly to open a law office. May 1, 1897, he was appointed prosecuting attorney for Killingly and held that office by reappointment until May 6, 1901. August 5, 1897, he was appointed prosecuting agent for Windham county for a term of two years. April, 1899, he was appointed by Governor Lounsbury commissioner of the bureau of labor statistics of Connecticut for a term of four years. By the legislature of 1901 he was appointed judge of the town court of Killingly for two years, an appointment which took effect May 6 of that year. By the succeeding legislatures he has been reappointed and still holds the office. During his term in the legislature he originated, drew, introduced, and took the lead in securing the passage of the bill creating the office of attorney-general. He has been also a member of the Republican state central committee from the Twenty-eighth senatorial district. Since settling in Danielson he has had an extensive corporation practice, especially railway law. Upon November 3, 1914, he was elected to the Connecticut General Assembly of 1915 by the Town of Killingly. He is a member of the law firm of Back & Chase, with offices at the Connecticut Mutual Life Building, Hartford, engaged in a general practice of the law. He has served as a director in the People's Tramway Company, the Danielson & Norwich Street Railway Company, the Webster & Dudley Street Railway Company. He was one of the organizers and original directors of the Thompson Tramway Company, the name of which was later changed to the Worcester & Connecticut Eastern Railway Company, and later still to the Consolidated Railway Company. He is active in all efforts for civic betterment in his community and has been a director in the Danielson Young Men's Christian Association and the Danielson Free Public

Library, and a burgess of the Borough of Danielson. From 1904 to 1909 he was a private in Company M, Third Regiment, Connecticut National Guard. He is a member of the local Grange, order of Masons, Blue Lodge, Chapter, Council and Commandery; Order of Odd Fellows; Knights of Pythias; Order of Elks, and the Bohemian Club. He is a member of the Congregational church; he was appointed by Governor Holcomb upon May 13, 1915; a member of the commission to revise the statutes of the State of Connecticut.

He married January 8, 1902, Ella Davenport, daughter of the late Dr. Samuel Hutchins, who was one of the most skillful surgeons of his day in the state. Children: Samuel Hutchins, born January 9, 1903; Harry Eugene, Jr., August 3, 1904.

THE MOORE LINE.

(I.) James Moore, immigrant ancestor, was born in the north of Ireland and came to this country with the early Scotch-Irish pioneers in 1717-18. He died in the eighty-third year of his age, during the revolution. He settled at Union, Connecticut. He married in Ireland and his widow died at Union, January 22, 1785, ninety-eight years.

(II.) John, son of James Moore, was born "on the passage to America," 1717-18, died at Union, Connecticut, May 22, 1787. He married Sarah Bliss, whose ancestors were early settlers of Springfield, Massachusetts. She was born in 1734, died at Union, August 12, 1818.

(III.) Samuel, son of John Moore, was born at Union, baptized there July 14, 1771, and died there. He married January 30, 1798, Amy Whiton, a native of Ashford, Connecticut. She died at Union. Their daughter Sophia married Lucius Back. (*See Back III.*)

GENEALOGY OF THE BACK FAMILY IN HOLLAND, MASS.

Lieut. Judah Back, born 1737; died Feb. 12, 1821.
Priscilla Gates, born 1740; died Feb. 17, 1829.
Married Dec. 30, 1761
One of their several children was
Judah Back, born Aug. 26, 1768; died Sept. 21, 1828.
Elizabeth Abbey
Married Nov. 22, 1801
Two of their children were
Lucius Back, born May 26, 1803; died Sept. 18, 1879.
Harding Gates Back, born Oct. 6, 1816; died ———

* * * * * * * * *

Lucius Back, born May 26, 1803; died Sept. 18, 1879.
Sophia Moore, born Dec. 12, 1802; died July 15, 1852.
Married Jan. 27, 1835.
Martin Van Buren Back, born Nov. 13, 1835.
Rosetta Back, born Feb. 2, 1837.
Roscius Back, born Feb. 4, 1837.
Albert Back, born March 6, 1839.
Elizabeth Back, born June 6, 1841; died July 11, 1842.
Adna Back, Born March 26, 1844; died Dec. 20, 1887.
Charles Back, born Oct. 12, 1845.
Marietta Back, born Aug. 10, 1847.
Lucius Back,
Sarah Richardson, born March 31, 1821; died Oct. 2, 1879.
Married Sept. 3, 1855.
Ellsworth Back, born Sept. 17, 1858; died April 16, 1900.
Grant Back, born Aug. 19, 1863.

M. V. B. Back, born Nov. 13, 1835.
Mary Elizabeth Upham, born Feb. 25, 1844; died Oct. 27. 1867.
Married Nov. 6, 1860.
Ida E. Back, born Oct. 30, 1861; died Nov. 4, 1897.
Ellen E. Back, born April 24, 1864.
M. V. B. Back,
Jane M. Bruce,
Married March , 1870

William D. Hayer, born July 25, 1856.
Ida E. Back, born Oct. 30, 1861; died Nov. 4, 1897.
Married May 14, 1884
Emma Ethel Hayer, born Sept. 26, 1889.
Gladys Lucy Hayer, born June 3, 1891.

Albert Edgar Howlett, Jr., born August 9, 1886.
Gladys Lucy Hayer, born June 3, 1891.
Married Nov. 27, 1913

Rosetta Back, born Feb. 2, 1837.
Nathaniel W. Plimpton, born Jan. 18, 1833; died June 29, 1869.
Married June 10, 1862.
Rosetta B. Plimpton.
William H. Harris, born Mar. 1, 1822; died April 24, 1904.
Married April 19, 1889.
Roscius Back, born Feb. 4, 1837.
Harriet C. Robbins, born June 2, 1840,
Married Aug. 31, 1863.
Roscius Harlow Back, born May 28, 1865.
Harry E. Back, born July 8, 1869.

R. H. Back, born May 28, 1865.
Katherine E. Hart, born May 3, 1865.
Married Dec. 1, 1888, Divorced 1905
Roscius Harlow Back, Jr., born Mar. 17, 1894.
Helen Robbins Back, born July 30, 1896.
R. H. Back,
Ann Phillips
Married Oct. 2, 1906.
Harriet Elizabeth Back, born July 29, 1907.
Ann Bruce Back, born March 18, 1914.
Harry Eugene Back, born July 8, 1869.
Ella Davenport Hutchins, born Aug. 1, 1869.
Married Jan. 8, 1902.
Samuel Hutchins Back, born Jan. 9, 1903.
Harry Eugene Back, Jr., born Aug. 3, 1904.

Albert Back, born Mar. 6, 1839.
Julia Butterworth, born Oct. 17, 1845.
Married Nov. 2, 1865
Adna Back, born March 26, 1844; died Dec. 20, 1887.
Mary E. Young, born Dec. 8, 1843; died June 30, 1889.
Married March 10, 1869
Mary Adella Back, born June 17, 1871
Lucius Back, born Aug. 18, 1874; died Nov. 17, 1878.
Ernest Adna Back, born Oct. 7, 1880.
Vera Ethel Back, born Feb. 24, 1882.

Frank Manley Readio, born Nov. 20, 1860.
Mary Adella Back, born June 17, 1871.
Married Oct. 24, 1893
Dorothy Readio, born Oct. 26, 1894.

Roger Frank Readio, born Sept. 17, 1896.
Philip Adna Readio, born Dec. 18, 1897.
Marian Adella Readio, born Dec. 19, 1901.

Charles Back, born Oct. 12, 1845.
Sibyl Zulette Marcy, born July 10, 1851; died Dec. 16, 1906.
Married Aug. 7, 1876
Lena Sibyl Back, born July 1, 1879; died Oct. 20; 1895.
Lucius Uriah Back, born Jan. 2, 1881.
Erwin Grover Back, born Nov. 6, 1882; died April 30, 1909.
Myra Etta Back, born Feb. 8, 1887; died Feb. 15, 1910.
Charles Back,
Lizzie M. McEverly,
Married Sept. 14, 1910; divorced Sept. 18, 1914.

Lucius Uriah Back, born Jan. 2, 1881.
Annie May Day, born July 1, 1886.
Married June 29, 1912

Marietta Back, born Aug. 10, 1847.
Freeman A. Brown, born Feb. 10, 1846.
Married Dec. 26, 1871
Arthur A. Brown, born Feb. 24, 1880.
Orange L. Brown, born Feb. 23, 1883; died Feb. 7, 1887.
Silvia Brown, born Jan. 8, 1888.

Arthur A. Brown, born Feb. 24, 1880.
Eunice Waters, born March, 1884.
Married Sept. 21, 1909.
Eunice Kathryn Brown, born Sept. 21, 1909.
Arthur Freeman Brown, born Nov. 20, 1913.

Ellsworth Back, born Sept. 17, 1858; died April 16, 1900.
Ellen F. Vinton, born Dec. 3, 1856.
Married Dec. 16, 1884
Ellsworth Back, Jr., born Feb. 7, 1887.
Ellsmere Ellery Back, born April 17, 1889.

Grant Back, born Aug. 19, 1863.
Mary Morarty, born March 8, 1868.
Married Feb. 26, 1885
Lucius Grant Back, born Oct. 1, 1890; died Oct. 1, 1890.
Sarah Elizabeth Back, born May 19, 1893.
Harding Lucius Back, born Nov. 9, 1897.
Mary Mariva Back, born Mar. 6, 1901
Judah Albert Back, born Aug. 8, 1909.
Lincoln Grant Back, born Sept. 12, 1911.

Harding Gates Back, born Oct. 6, 1816, died
Elizabeth Colburn, born Nov. 10, 1824, died
Married May 15, 1842
Sarah E. Back, born Aug. 28, 1844; died Nov. 11, 1885.
George H. Back, born Nov. 12, 1846; died Sept. 7, 1880.
Orin Colburn Back, born Sept. 18, 1855; died July 25, 1867.

Sarah Emeline Back, born Aug. 28, 1844; died Nov. 11, 1885.
George Lanphear, born March 24, 1840; died.
Married May 10, 1866
Emma Elizabeth Lanphear, born March 25, 1867.
Orin Elliott Lanphear, born Jan. 8, 1868; died Apr. 8, 1870
Edna Sarah Lanphear, born May 8, 1869.
Mansir George Lanphear, born June 8, 1876.

Emma Elizabeth Lanphear, born March 25, 1867.
Charles S. Holt.
Married

George H. Back, born Nov. 12, 1846; died Sept. 7, 1880.
Susie A. Perry, born Feb. 21, 1858.
Married Nov. 17, 1875
Bertha E. Back, born Aug. 10, 1875; died.

THE ROBBINS FAMILY

By Harry E. Back

The earliest mention of the Robbins' family in America is of Robert Robbins, who arrived about 1650. He had served as Lieutenant in the army of King Charles I, in Scotland, retaining his rank until Charles was beheaded (1648), when he crossed the seas, settled in Roxbury, Mass. and married Mary Maxwell. His son Nathaniel moved to Killingly, Conn., and married Miss ——— Levins. Nathaniel afterward removed to Hampton, Conn. His son John (of Hampton) married Rebecca Farnham of Andover, Mass. They had thirteen children, of whom Ebenezer, the patriot, was the sixth.

The children of John and Rebecca Farnham Robbins were: Mary, Alice, Patience, John, Solomon, Ebenezer, Hannah, Nathaniel, Abigail, Jeremiah, Rebecca, Olive, Rufus.

Ebenezer Robbins was born at Hampton, Windham County, Conn., February 24, 1758, and died at Ashford, Conn., October 6, 1849. He married first Esther Alworth; second, Zeruah Carpenter of Willington, Conn. Of the eight children born to Ebenezer Robbins, five were living in 1889, at the time of the D. A. R. organization. Two, Esther, the sixth child, and Mary J. Robbins, the seventh, became honorary members of Connecticut chapters, D. A. R.

Ebenezer Robbins responded to the Lexington Alarm, under Col. Knowlton, as Sergeant from Ashford, serving twenty-three days. In the list of Ashford men who served in the Lexington Alarm, the first name of a man named Robbins is not given. Tradition affirms that Ebenezer Robbins served in this company, hence the belief that the name ——— Robbins in this list is his. He re-enlisted July 19, 1775, in the Eight Regiment under

Colonel Jedediah Huntington (Norwich)

Captain Daniel Lyon (Woodstock), Seventh Company, which served on Long Island Sound and in Boston camps, and was discharged in December (1775). This regiment was reorganized in 1776. Ebenezer Robbins served also in the Militia Regiment commanded by

Colonel Samuel McLellan (Woodstock)

Captain Abner Robinson.

raised for one year's service from March, 1778, "till Mar. ye 1, 1779."

"This regiment appears to have served in Brigadier-General Tyler's Brigade, under Sullivan in Rhode Island" (August-September, 1778).

The list of Knowlton's Rangers in the Records is incomplete, but there is no doubt that Ebenezer Robbins was one of them, although his name does not appear. His late daughter Mary J. Robbins' testimony goes to prove this. She often heard him speak of being near Colonel Knowlton,—of hearing his order to the men to lie flat upon the slope of the hill as the enemy advanced upon the opposite slope before the skirmish, and of seeing him carried from the field mortally wounded at Harlem Heights. Knowlton's Rangers consisted of picked men, and Ebenezer Robbin's service in this company is pretty sure evidence of his youthful courage, endurance, and trustworthiness.

In 1778 he was in Rhode Island, having enlisted for one year's service. He was also at Princeton, Trenton, and in the retreat through New Jersey. At the Crossing of the Delaware he served his country in a unique manner—probably amusing to all but himself. As the skiffs were loading he made a flying leap for one near by. His gun landed in the boat, he landed in the icy waters, and was clutching desperately at the rail, when he felt a foot upon his shoulder and instantly a soldier tumbled over his head into the boat. Others followed with such regularity that this bewildered human bridge could but submit until his services were no longer needed, when he was hauled into the boat by his grateful and dry-shod comrades. On another occasion he and six others on furlough were passing through Jersey; a horseman without uniform, of whom they asked the way to Morristown, directed them to follow certain blazed trees to which he pointed. They soon halted at a farmhouse, where they learned that Morristown lay in quite another direction, and that the trail which they were following would lead them into a British encampment at Brunswick, whose officers came daily to the farm. The rider proved to be a Tory of the locality. These "rebel" soldiers therefore faced about and soon left the author of this treachery far in the rear.

Ebenezer Robbins served probably during the war. Tradition affirms that he responded to the Lexington Alarm, and he was also with the army when it disbanded. His name is on the Pension Lists, also on the War Records, and his daughter remembers hearing him say more than fifty years after the war that he could at any time obtain more evidence of service, if it were necessary.

His brother Rufus served as a private in the Connecticut Light Infantry. His brother John was also in service—as is shown in the Records and verified by the late Miss Robbins; Nathaniel Robbins wintered at Valley Forge, and Jeremiah was one of the crew of the frigate Confederacy.

Ebenezer Robbins was a member of the Congregational Church at Ashford, and so consistent was his life with his profession that as his daughter states, "profanity was seldom ventured upon in his presence." He was as conscientious a citizen as he was brave as a soldier. Although living seven miles from the "polling place," yet he was never absent from a town meeting if a vote were to be cast. He was a Federalist, Whig, and Free Soiler, always opposing slavery and prophesying that it would end in civil war.

The children of Ebenezer Robbins, by his first marriage (Nov., 1804) to Esther Alworth (born 1784 and died Feb. 26, 1817), were

William Alworth Robbins, born October 2nd, 1805, and died September 16, 1887, and married on September 26, 1830, Mary Rosebrooks Wallis (born April 11, 1805 and died March 9, 1885)—see below.

Mary Robbins, born 1807; died February 24, 1817.

Nelson Robbins, born December 5, 1810. He went North as a "Yankee Peddler," when a young man, and never was heard from. It was reported that he was murdered and robbed in Vermont.

Edwin Robbins, born July 12, 1813, and died February 16, 1891, married (1) Elizabeth Ann Goodsell December 17, 1843; she died September 23, 1845; he married (2) Elizabeth Northrop. He had one son, Edwin Robbins, Jr.

Rufus Robbins, born April 25, 1816; died March 23, 1899; married (1) May 14, 1842, Almira Whiting, who died July 16, 1873; he married (2) Harriet Whiting.

The children of Ebenezer Robbins by his second marriage, October 5, 1817, to Zeruah Carpenter of Willington (born July 13, 1787; died July 31, 1855); were

Esther Robbins, born May 20, 1820; married George Tyler (who was born March 19, 1810, and died February 5, 1882) and resided in Union City, Michigan. They had six children of whom four were living in 1900. She was an honorary member of Susan Carrington Clarke Chapter, D. A. R. of Meriden, Conn.

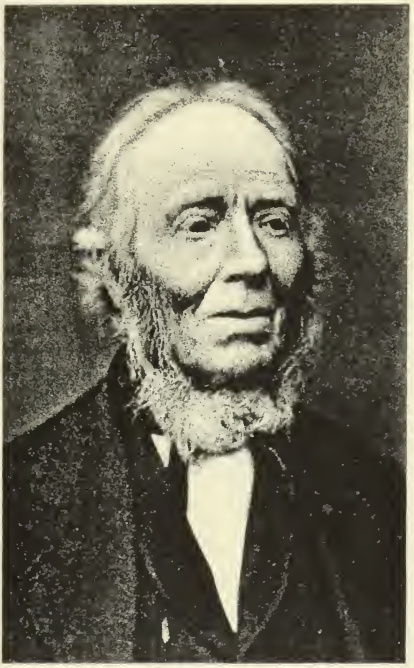
Mary J. Robbins, born October 26, 1822; died July 17, 1901; was an honorary member of Katherine Gaylord Chapter, D. A. R. of Bristol, Conn.

Ebenezer Robbins, Junior, born October 23, 1825; died July 4, 1898; married Esther P. Stiles, December 13, 1847.

* * * * * * * * *

William A. Robbins, whose life after reaching maturity was passed in Holland, was a carpenter by trade. Even, today, there stands in Holland and adjacent towns, many a building which is a monument of his toil, such as the Hitchcock Free Academy building in Brimfield. He was a man of more than usual ability. He was a musician and as such "led" the the Congregational church choir for decades. He taught old-fashioned, country singing schools for generations in Holland and surrounding towns. He was a school teacher, also, and taught in every district in Holland at some period of his life. There are living today very many who testify to his influence upon their careers through the singing and day schools. Mr. Robbins also was active in political life. He was a member of the Republican party and of the parties which were its forerunners. For a number of years he was town clerk, selectman and school visitor of Holland. He also held numerous minor offices in that town. In the session of 1862 he served in the Massachusetts State Legislature as a representative of the Southern Hampden districts of which Holland was a part. The descendants of William Alworth Robbins are as follows:

William Alworth Robbins, born at Westford, Connecticut, October 2, 1805; d. at Holland, Mass., September 16, 1887; m. Mary Wallis of Holland, Mass., Sept. 26, 1830. She was b. April 11, 1805; d. March 9, 1885. (*See Wallis Genealogy.*)



WILLIAM A. ROBBINS

Children of William Alworth and Mary Wallis Robbins were:

Persis Wallis, born January 16, 1832; died June 14, 1833.
Mary Jane, born April 24, 1834; died August 25, 1900.
Otis Edwin, b. Nov. 5, 1836; d. Aug. 31, 1845.
Harriet Cutler, born June 2, 1840.
Albert William, born December 7, 1846; died March 30, 1882.

Mary Jane, b. April 24, 1834; d. August 25, 1900; m. Roswell Abner Blodgett Nov. 27, 1855. He was born April 7, 1825; died June 29, 1891.

Children of Mary Jane and Roswell Abner Blodgett were:

1. Ella Jane, born April 16, 1857; married William Lafayette Webber May 14, 1884; he was born June 16, 1845; died September 1, 1905.
2. Fred Abner, born October 13, 1859; married Mary E. Thayer of Warren, Mass., August, 1886; (2) married Bessie May Pease of Wilbraham, June 29, 1907; she was born October 4, 1870.
3. Mary Ada, born November 19, 1863; married John Fairbanks Hebard of Sturbridge, Mass., June 20, 1888; he was born October 2, 1859.

Children of Mary Ada and John Fairbanks Hebard were:

a. William Everett, born March 14, 1889.
b. Emory Blodgett, born January 8, 1892.
c. Franklin Adrian, born June 20, 1897.

4. Harriet Rebecca, born June 13, 1868.

Harriet Cutler, born June 2, 1840; married Roscius Back, August 31, 1863. (See Back Genealogy.)

Children of Harriet Cutler and Roscius Back were:

Roscius Harlow, born May 28, 1865. (See Back Genealogy,)
Harry Eugene, born July 8, 1869. (See Back Genealogy.)

Albert William, born December 7, 1846; died March 30, 1882; married Elizabeth L. Drake, January 22, 1870.

Children of Albert William and Elizabeth L., were:

George Albert, born April 14, 1872; m Mary Frances Manderville Herbert, June 2, 1895; she was born June 30, 1876.

Child of George Albert; Ethel Winifred born in Millbury, Mass., July 24, 1896.

THE BADGER FAMILY

By Mrs. Chase.

Giles[1] Badger with two brothers, Nathaniel[1] and Richard[1] came from England abt. 1635 and in 1647 they were all living in Newbury, Mass.

Giles[1] had a son John[2], called "Sergeant"; John[2] Badger who m. (1) Elizabeth ———, they had four children; he m. (2) Hannah Swett by whom he had nine children; his third son, Nathaniel[2], m. Mch. 27, 1693, Mary Lunt, they lived in Newbury until after the birth of their ninth child when they went to Norwich Farms Ct. now the town of Franklin where their youngest son Henry[4] was born Mch. 23, 1717.

Their third son, Capt. Daniel[4] Badger was of the first settlers of Union, Ct., he built the first house and dug the first well, on land which he bought of Wm. Ward (the home lot No. 2) the sale was dated May 21, 1736. When he was digging the well his little children came to its brink crying for bread. He came up from the well and went thru what seemed like a wilderness to Brimfield to buy food for his little ones; this account is true because his daughter Patience who married Elias Armstrong was one of the hungry children and she told the story to the mother of Rev. Charles Hammond who was the compiler of the history of Union, Ct. Mr. Hammond said that he could just remember Mrs. Armstrong.

The subject of the above sketch: Capt. Daniel[4] Badger, (Nathaniel[3], John[2], Giles[1]) b. Mch. 27, 1698, d. Feb. 22, 1769; m. (1) Sarah Roath (2) June 28, 1727; Patience Durkee, she d. Sept. 28, 1793; he had ten children the youngest, Jeremiah[5], b. Dec. 13, 1742; m. Jan. 15, 1767, Zeruiah Peake, he owned a saw mill in Mashapaug and was a Rev. soldier; he had eight children, the fourth Asher[6] Badger, m. Polly Goodell of Holland. They lived where Felix Bouvier has since lived. They had ten children, the seventh, Lorrin[7] or (Loren) Badger (Asher[6], Lieu. Jeremiah[5], Capt. Daniel[4], Nathaniel[3], John[2], Giles[1]), b. Mch. 12, 1809; m. int. Feb. 14, 1848, Sarah Learned; Nathan Badger of Holland, m. int. prob. June 23, 1793 and Joanna Davis of Holland. The relation between Nathan and the above is not found. For full record of the Badger family, (*See Hist. of Union, Ct.*)

THE BALLARD FAMILY.

By Mrs. Chase.

Of the Ballard family in Holland little connected history can be found. Perhaps the little may assist someone to find a clue to his ancestry.

William[1] Ballard, b. in England 1603, came to America in the ship "James," in 1635, and settled in Andover. He m. Elizabeth ——

Children.

Joseph[2].
William[2], went to Lynn. Afterward to Andover. Later he went to Framingham.
John[2], m. Rebecca Hooper.

Others probably,
William[2] Ballard m. Grace ———

Children.

Zacheus and Timothy, twins. Zacheus went to Thompson, Conn.

1. John Ballard, b. Jan. 17, 1653; d. Dec. 18, 1715, age about 62 yrs. Lived and died in Andover; m. Nov. 16, 1681, Rebekah Hooper, d. Dec. 1, 1715.

Children born in Andover.

I. John, b. Dec. 16, 1682, lived in Oxford, millwright.
II. Rebekah, b. Jan. 28, 1684.
III. Jonathan, b. Dec. 9, 1686; d. 1763 in Oxford, mill wright.
2. IV. Sherebiah, b. Nov. 14, 1688.
V. Ruth, b. Feb. 18, 1693-4; d. Dec. 2, 1715.
VI. Sarah, b, May 6, 1696; d. Nov. 27, 1715.
VII. Elizabeth, b. Jan. 29, 1699; d. Dec. 9, 1715.

2. Sherebiah[1] Ballard, b. Nov. 14, 1688, son of John and Rebekah Hooper; m. in Andover, Jan. 2, 1716-17, Lydia, b. Sept. 1, 1695, dau. of Christopher and Sarah (——) Osgood.

Children born in Andover, Mass.

I. John[2], b. Feb. 15, 1719-20; m. March 1, 1743-4, Sarah How, b. Feb. 7, 1721-22.

Children.

1. Israel[3], b. Feb. 4, 1747-48.
2. Sarah[3], b. Feb. 22, 1749-50.
3. Sherebiah[3], b. May 9, 1745.

II. Sherebiah[2], b. Sept. 24, 1722.

III. Ruth, b. Apr. 17, 1724; m. July 3, 1744. Thomas Evans.

IV. Lydia, b. Nov. 27, 1726.

V. Jonathan, b. Nov. 25, 1729; m. Sept. 4, 1760; Priscilla, b. Mch. 24, 1740-41; d. Oct. 25, 1784. He died Feb. 1, 1764.

Child.

Sherebiah, b. Mch. 12, 1764.

III. Sherebiah[3], was a housewright in Lancaster in 1749. Since there is no record of him after that time either in Lancaster or Oxford, it seems probable that he was the Sherebiah who came to Holland. In 1766 Sherabiah and Keziah (probably his wife) were among the first on the list of subscribers to support the church in Holland, and either he or his son Sherabiah was chosen deacon of the Cong. Church in 1779. His children as far as known were:—

I. Sherebiah[4].

II. John[4].

2. III. Jonathan[4].

IV. Lydia[4], b, Nov. 18, 1756; d. Dec. 29, 1822; m. Jan. 23, 1777. Col. Alfred Lyon, b. Mch. 4, 1753.

V. Prudence[4], b. abt. 1766; m. John Coats of Pomfret, Ct.

VI. Lucebia[4], m. int. Nov. 4, 1791; m. Nov. 25, 1791. Alfred Allen, b. 1768, lived in East Brimfield.

VII. Ephraim[4] m. 1789, Sarah Burnett of Holland. There may have been others, and the order of births is unknown.

2. Johnathan[4], m. abt. 1793, Sarah ———.

Children.

I. Horace[5], b. Aug. 26, 1794.

II. Winthrop[5], b. Feb. 20, 1797.

III. Luke[5], b. Mch. 6, 1799.

IV. Joshua[5].

3. V. Squier Jefferson Ballard was presumably son of Jonathan[4], he was probably b. abt. 1812 and would be one of the younger children in

the family. There seems to be no other family to place him in.

3. Squier Jefferson[5] Ballard (Jonathan[4], Sherebiah[3], John[2], Wm.[1]); b. abt. 1812; d. ——— ; m. Francis A. ———, prob. abt. 1836.

Children.

I. Ann Eliza[6], b. 1837; d. Sept. 22, 1853.
II. George Tyler[6], b. abt. 1839; was a physician in Hampden; m. and left two sons.
III. Charles[6], b. 1844; d. Dec. 15, 1867, aged 23 yrs.
IV. Albert[6], b. in Holland, birth not recorded, lives in Hampden. It has been impossible to get family records from him. He was several years younger than Charles and the only one living of the Holland family.

Jacob[1] Ballard of Gloucester m. Ann Tucker of Dorchester.

Children.

1. I. Isaac[2].
II. Jessie[2].
III. Ann[2].
IV. Polly[2].
V. dau. (name unknown.)
VI. dau. (name unknown.)

Children.

1. Isaac[2] Ballard (Jacob[1]); m. Sally Fuller of Pomfret, Ct. Isaac was a soldier in the war of 1812; d. 1830.

Children.

I. Jacob[3].
II. Theodora[3].
2. III. Squier Jefferson[3]; b. Sept. 23, 1811, Killingly, Conn.
IV. Isaac B.[3].
V. Sally Ann; d. unmarried.

2. Squier Jefferson[3] Ballard (Isaac[2], Jacob[1]), b. in Killingly, Ct., Sept. 23, 1811; d. in Hampden, Mass., May 27, 1886, aet. 74 yrs. 8 m.; buried in Holland. He. m. at Westerly, R. I., Frances Ann Sisson, dau. of John Sisson and Hannah (Davis) of Westerly, R. I. She was born July 10, 1813, d. Hampden, Mass., Jan. 29, 1892, and buried in Holland.

Children.

I. Eliza. Ann[4]; b. in Killingly, Ct., May 18, 1837; d. Sept. 22, 1853, in Holland.

3. II. George Tyler[4]; b. June 15, 1841, in Holland.

III. Charles Dwight[4]; b. Mch. 27, 1844, in Holland; d. in Sturbridge Dec. 15, 1867 (in Fiskdale Hotel.)

IV. Albert Francis[4], b. Dec. 21, 1854 in Holland; m. Sept. 18, 1878, Rose, dau. of Henry Rogers of Monson.

Children.

1. Grace[5]; b. Dec. 31, 1870; d. Sept. 1880 in Hampden.
2. Walter Henry[5]; b. July 22, 1881 in Ware; m. July 2, 1906, Sarah, dau. of Absalem and Mary Drew.

Child.

Madeline Elvira[6]; b. Feb. 26, 1908, Springfield.

3. Robert Dwight[5]; b. Apr. 12, 1892 in Hampden.
4. Roger Harold[5], d. Apr. 10, 1898.

3. George Tyler[4] Ballard (Squier J.[3], Isaac[2], Jacob[1]), b. June 15, 1841; d. in Hampden, July 17, 1908. He was a physician in Hampden; m. June 8, 1870, Delia, dau. of Solomon Clark and Martha (West) Spellman; she was b. in Wilbraham, Oct. 6, 1847.

Children.

I. Charles Spellman[5]; b. in Wilbraham Apr. 25, 1875; he is an attorney in Springfield; m. Oct. 30, 1901, Isabell; b. June 25, 1874, dau. of Newton E. and Annie (Tigh) Hitchcock.

Child.

Charles Hitchcock[6]; b. Aug. 18, 1902.

II. Howard Thompson[5], b. Dec. 19, 1877 in Wilbraham, is an attorney in Chicago, Ill.; m. Oct. 3, 1908, at Chicago, Adna, dau. of George Ezra Mann Pratt and Emma (Runyan) Pratt, she was b. Aug. 17, 1885.

Children.

I. George Pratt[6]; b. Aug. 13, 1910, Chicago.

II. Morris Spellman[6]; b. Aug. 6, 1913, Chicago.

THE BELKNAP FAMILY.

By Mr. Lovering.

Joseph[1] Belknap m. Prudence Morris, she died Jan. 7, 1780, he died July 20, 1788.

Children.

William[2] m. Elizabeth McNall Nov. 17, 1762.
John[2], Rev. soldier m. Levine.
Jonathan[2].
Daniel[2], a Rev. soldier.

William[2] Belknap m. (1) Elizabeth McNall Nov. 17, 1762; m. (2) Anna Burke, Mar. 27, 1766.

Children.

Elizabeth[3], b. Mar. 31, 1767; m. Rinaldo Webber Apr. 8, 1784.
Rizimah[3], b. Apr. 20, 1769.
Amarilla[3], b. July 24, 1771; m. Thomas Chapman Nov. 30, 1797.
Elfleda[3], b. June 16, 1773; m. David Anderson.
Callista[3], b. Aug. 8, 1775; m. Moses Graham.
Lucena[3], b. Sept. 27, 1777; m. Amasa Anderson. Mar. 1798.
Morris[3], b. June 25, 1780.

John[2] Belknap m. Levine ———.

Children.

John[3]. Obtained from a will dated Feb. 13, 1812.
Joseph[3].
Thomas[3], m. Chloe Lumbard, Int. Aug. 8, 1790.
Elijah[3], m. Thankful Lake, Aug. 28, 1794.
Eunice[3], m. Jeremiah Sherman.
Abigail[3], m. William Janes.
Prudence[3].
Betsy[3]. m. Daniel Burnett.

(*See record of births page 275 for others probably.*)

Jonathan[2] Belknap m. ———; he was baptised Aug. 4, 1782.

Children.

Mary[3], baptised Sept. 8, 1782.
Kate[3], baptised Sept. 8, 1782.
Oliver[3], baptised Sept. 8, 1782.
Lois[3], baptised Sept. 8, 1782.

Thomas[3] Belknap m. Chloe Lumbard, Int. Aug. 8, 1790.

Elijah[3] Belknap m. Thankful Lake, Sept. 7, 1794.

Children.

Minerva[4], b. April 27, 1795.

Callista[3] Belknap m. Moses Graham.

Children.

Anson[4] b. April 9, 1797.
Electa[4], b. Feb. 19, 1799.

Elfreda Belknap m. David Anderson, Nov. 7, 1793.

THE BENNETT FAMILY.

Mrs. Chase.

Rodney A.[1] Bennett, b. Sept. 19, 1816; d. Sept. 22, 1881; m. (1) May 9, 1839, Martha, b. Feb. 7, 1820, d. Aug. 15, 1843, dau. of Asaph and Hannah (Green) Webber; (2) Mch. 22, 1844, Emily, b. May 9, 1822, d. June 20, 1893, dau. of Asaph and Hannah (Green) Webber.

Children.

I. Henry[2] L., Nov. 22, 1840; d. July 1, 1899; m. Feb. 2, 1864, Ann Holden; she d. Dec. 1, 1912. No children.

1. II. Baxter C.[2], Oct. 6, 1846.
2. III. Merton W.[2], Apr. 23, 1848.
3. IV. Martha E.[2], Aug. 31, 1854.

Second Generation.

1. Baxter C.[2] Bennett (Rodney[1]) b. Oct. 6, 1846; m. Nov. 19, 1866, Diana A. Olds.

Children.

4. I. Charles M.[3], b. Dec. 9, 1869.
II. Nellie A.[3]; b. May 1, 1872.
III. William Merton[3]; b. Mch. 22, 1874; d. Apr. 11, 1906.
IV. Walter Olds[3]; b. Mch. 15, 1876; d. June 20, 1896.
5. V. Ethel Irene[3], b. May 28, 1879.
VI. Everett W.[3], b. Oct. 11, 1882; d. Sept. 5, 1883.
VII. Edward M.[3], b. Oct. 11, 1882; d. Sept. 3, 1883.
6. VIII. Ernest M.[3], b. Nov. 19, 1883.
7. IX. Erwin W.[3], b. Aug. 13, 1886.

2. Merton Warren[2] Bennett (Rodney[1]), b. Apr. 26, 1848; d. Oct. 1914; m. July 30, 1873, Victoria Harrington of Webster.

Children.

I. Frank Merton[3], b. Apr. 8, 1877; m. Nov. 9, 1910, Lela B. Sloan of Mansfield, Ohio.

Child.

I. Elizabeth Sloan[4], b. Nov. 30, 1911 in Flushing, N. Y.

II. Grace Idella[3], b. Sept. 7, 1880 in Putnam, Ct.

3. Martha Emily[2], b. Aug. 31, 1854; m. July 2, 1874, Andrew Jackson Bagley, b. Mch. 22, 1850.

Children.

I. Andrew Eddie[3] Bagley, b. May 8, 1875.
8 II. Fred Otto[3] Bagley, b. Jan 31, 1877.
III. John Chitman[3] Bagley, b. Mch. 1, 1879.
IV. Maria May[3] Bagley, b. Apr. 8, 1881.
V. Sarah Goodell[3] Bagley, b. Mch. 31 1883.
VI. Herbert De Forrest[3], Bagley, b. Dec. 8, 1884.
9. VII. Frank Edwin[3] Bagley, b. Dec. 1, 1886.
*VIII. Andrew Jay[3] Bagley, b. Nov. 18, 1892.
IX. Ann Florence[3] Bagley, b. May 16, 1894.

THIRD GENERATION.

4. Charles M.[3] Bennett (Baxter C.[2], Rodney A.[1]), b. Dec. 9, 1869; m. Feb. 7, 1906, Jennie L. Smith.

Children.

I. Floyd S.[4], b. Feb., 1907.
II. Verna L.[4], b. June 15, 1908.
III. Mona H.[4], b. Sept. 12, 1909.

5. Ethel Irene[3] Bennett (Baxter C.[2], Rodney A.[1]) b. May 28, 1879; m. Walter Alvin Hyde.

Children.

I. Alvin Manning[4], b. Feb. 7, 1904.
II. Florence Adna[4], b. May 21, 1906.
III. Louis[4], b. Apr. 12, 1909.
IV. Edward Baxter[4], b. June 17, 1911.

6. Ernest M.[3] Bennett (Baxter C.[2], Rodney A.[1]), b. Nov. 19, 1883; m. Apr. 15, 1909, Mary E. Battersby.

Children.

I. Bernice May[4], b. Nov. 22, 1910.
II. Merle Irene[4], b. Sept. 11, 1912.
III. Marion Anna, b. March 23, 1915.

7. Erwin W.[3] Bennett (Baxter C.[2], Rodney[1]), b. Aug. 13, 1886; m. June 21, 1907, Carrie L. Shaw.

Children.

I. Ruth E[4], b. Mch. 3, 1908.
II. Myrna L.[4], b. Feb. 7, 1909.
III. Charles W.[4], b. June 6, 1910.
IV. Franklin E.[4], b. Dec. 31, 1911.

8. Fred Otto[3] Bagley (Martha E.[2] Bennett, Rodney A.[1]), b. Jan. 31, 1877; m. Aug. 8, 1900, Jennie Groves.

Children.

I. Edna[4] Bagley, d. y.
II. Ralph[4] Bagley, d. y.
III. Robert[4] Bagley, b. July 23, 1907.
IV. Harold[4] Bagley, b. May 6, 1910.
V. Olive[4] Bagley, b. June 30, 1912.
VI. Oliver[4] Bagley, b. June 30, 1912.

9. Frank Edwin[3] Bagley (Martha E. Bennett[2], Rodney[1]), b. Dec. 1, 1886; m. Jan. 29, 1913, Elizabeth M. Brown of Springfield.

THE BISHOP FAMILY.

By Mrs. Chase.

Richard[1] Bishop was husbandman in Salem and died there Dec. 30, 1674. The earliest record we find of him is when he m. before 1635, Dulzebella ——, b. 1607, d. in Salem Aug. 24, 1658. He m. (2) July 22, 1660, Mary Gould, b. 1611. She m. (2) Mch. 11, 1674-5, Thomas Robbins of Salem.

Children.

I. Mary[2], b. abt. 1635; m. (1) June 18, 1661, John Barrett; (2) before 1680, John Darling, a fisherman of Salem, and who was living there in 1686.

2 II. Thomas[2], b. in Salem; m. Lydia.

III. Nathaniel, d. 1686 at L. I., N. Y. He m. and we find record of one son.

Child.

Daniel[3], who in 1686 lived in Easthampton, L. I.

IV. John[2], was a husbandman and in 1686 was living at Southhampton, L. I., N. Y.

Townsend[1] Bishop, prob. brother of Richard[1], was among the first settlers in "Salem Village." He was admitted freeman in 1635. The town of Salem made a grant of 300 acres of land to Townsend Bishop Jan. 16, 1636. The mansion in which he lived is standing to-day. He sold his 300 acres, Oct. 18, 1646, to Henry Chickering, who sold it Oct. 4, 1648 to John Endicott (late Gov.). John Endicott, May 10, 1662, conveyed it by deed to his son John, Jr., as a wedding present. Gov. Endicott died in 1665. John, Jr. d. 1668, without children, leaving his estate to his widow, who m. Aug. 31, 1668, Rev. James Allen of the first church of Boston, to whom on the death of his wife the Bishop property passed. Allen sold the farm to Francis Nurse of Salem for £400, Apr. 29, 1678. The wife of Francis Nurse was convicted of witchcraft and executed July, 1692. Francis d. Nov. 22, 1695. Townsend Bishop was a judge, a deputy to the Gen. Court, a very bright, accomplished man. After selling his property he did not remain in Salem. The Nurse house is famous.

SECOND GENERATION.

2. Thomas[2] Bishop (Richard[1]), b. in Salem; d. in Manchester, Oct. 15, 1694; m. Lydia ——. He was a wheelwright and lived in Manchester as early as 1660.

Children born in Manchester.

I. Hannah[3], b. Mch. 14, 1661; m. before 1702, Manning Day.
II. Mary[3], b. Aug. 5, 1664; m. before 1702.

Children born in Bisco.

3. III. John[3], b. Oct. 17, 1677; m. before 1695, Annah.
IV. Richard[3], b. Dec. 25, 1669; d. at sea Oct., 1703.
V. Joseph[3], b. Feb. 27, 1691; was living 1702.
VI. Lydia[3], b. Mch. 1, 1673; m. Francis Peirce.
VII. Elizabeth[3], b. Sept. 6, 1676; m. Nov. 1, 1705, John Williams.
VIII. Rebeka[3], b. June 16, 1678; unm. in 1702.
IX. Thomas[3], b. Apr. 7, 1680; was living 1702.

THIRD GENERATION.

3. John[3] Bishop (Thomas[2], Richard[1]) was a husbandman and a cooper in Manchester. He was b. in Manchester Oct. 17, 1677, and died there in 1730; he m. before 1695 Ann or Annah ——

Children born in Manchester.

I. Hannah[4], Oct. 5, 1695; she m. Apr. 30, 1718, George Wallace.
II. Rachel[4], Dec. 13, 1698; m. Nov. 12, 1718, Solomon Driver.
III. Lydia[4], Aug. 8, 1701; m. Dec. 24, 1724, Robert Knowlton.
4. IV. John[4], Nov. 22, 1703; m. Aug. 9, 1729, Elizabeth Hooper; d.
5. V. Mary[4], July 24, 1706; m. Jan. 25, 1727-8, Samuel Bear.
VI. Sarah[4], Sept. 15, 1708.
VII. Prudence[4], May 21, 1713; m. Jan. 28, 1731, Treanance Webber.
(*See Webber Genealogy.*)
VIII. Jemima[4], June 17, 1715; d. Apr., 1760; unm.
IX. Richard[4], Sept. 22, 1717.
X. Elizabeth[4], July 10, 1720.

FOURTH GENERATION.

4. John[4] Bishop (John[3], Thomas[2], Richard[1]), b in Manchester, Nov. 22, 1703. He was a husbandman, fisherman and coaster in Manchester. He came to Holland, m. Dec. 9, 1729, Elisabeth Hooper, d. ——

Children born in Manchester.

I. John[5], Sept. 13, 1730.
6. II. Richard[5], Aug. 9, 1732.
7. III. Anna[5], Apr. 1, 1736.
IV. Elizabeth[5], Nov. 19, 1738; d. y.
V. Elizabeth[5], Jan. 15, 1739-40.

5. Mary[4] Bishop (John[3], Thomas[2], Richard[1]), b. June 24, 1706; d. in Manchester, 1782; m. Jan. 25, 1727-28, Samuel Bear of Manchester. He d. before Apr. 11, 1748, as at that date Adm. was granted on his estate. Adm. was granted on his widow's estate Oct. 7, 1782.

Children.

I. Mary[5], Aug. 21, 1728; m. Feb. 27, 1746, Ambrose Allen.
II. Jerusha[5], June 21, 1730; was unm. 1752.
III. Hannah[5], Aug. 17, 1732; unm. in Gloucester, 1784.
IV. Aimee, Aug. 23, 1736; m. 1755, Andrew Masters.
V. Rachel, Jan. 21, 1741; m. 1764, Joseph Day.
VI. Elizabeth[5], Dec. 6, 1744.
VII. Samuel[5], Sept. 18, 1746; m. 1769, Sarah Mills.

FIFTH GENERATION.

6. Richard[5] Bishop (John[4], John[3], Thomas[2], Richard[1]), b. in Manchester, Aug. 9, 1732; d. 1806. He was a yoeman and was a resident of Holland and moved to Monson, where he was living in 1778. The following record is copied from his own handwriting as written in his family Bible which he "bought in Boston, Jan. 17, 1788."

"I was married to Sarah King Jan. 20, 1757."

Children.

I. Solomon[6] was born Apr. 20, 1758.
II. Sarah[6] was born Sept. 19, 1760.
Sarah my wife died Apr. 24, 1763, in her 31st year.

I was married to Rachel Lee, Feb. 2, 1764.
III. Rose[6] was born Nov. 22, 1765.
IV. Rachel[6] was born, Apr. 10, 1766.
V. Betsy[6] (Elizabeth) was born Apr. 5, 1768.
VI. Thomas[6] was born Dec. 8, 1769.
Rachel my wife died, Dec. 22, 1769, in her 31st year.
I was married to Peggy Goodell, Feb. 22, 1771.
VII. Jacob[6] was born Apr. 6, 1773; m. Lucy Webb. Jacob[6] Bishop and wife Lucy (Webb) Bishop, owned and perhaps built the house in Brimfield, since owned by Dea. D. Brown and Dea. Edward Brown. Lucy d. abt. Aug., 1860.
VIII. Abigail[6] was born Sept. 13, 1774.
IX. Gratis[6] was born Nov. 5, 1778; m. Mch. 8, 1778, Issacher Brown and was ancestor to John H. Noyes of Brimfield.
X. Richard[6] was born Mch. 19, 1780; m. Sally Blodgett.
XI. Lucy[6] was born July 4, 1782.
XII. Calvin[6] was born July 4, 1782.
XIII. Matilda[6] was born Nov. 30, 1785; m. Aug. 6, 1807, Abner Nutting; she d. Nov. 15, 1815. These were ancestors to Dea. Edward Brown.
XIV. Rufus was born Jan. 18, 1787.
XV. Harrison was born Sept. 12, 1789.
His wife Peggy died 1826.

7. Anna[5] Bishop (John[4], John[3], Thomas[2], Richard[1]) of S. Brimfield (Holland), b. in Manchester, Apr. 1, 1736; m. int. Jan. 10, 1768, Dea. Joseph Baker of Sturbridge. He lived near the place now owned by Edward Douty. The Baker house has been removed. He d. Dec. 15, 1783, in his 76th year. His widow m. (2) Dec. 15, 1784, James Johnson of Sturbridge. He d. Apr. 1, 1788, in his 77th year.

Children born in Sturbridge.

I. Stephen[6] Baker, still born, June 2, 1769.
II. Anna[6] Baker, b. Nov. 23, 1770; m. Nov. 20, 1790, Josiah Hayward, Jr., b. 1766; d. Sept. 8, 1845. One child recorded in Sturbridge. Benjamin Baker[7] Hayward, b. Apr. 22, 1791.
III. Dinah[6] Baker, Oct. 2, 1771; d. May 30, 1776.
8. IV. Joseph[6] Baker, July 5, 1773.
V. Benjamin[6] Baker, Dec. 31, 1774; d. May 23, 1776.

VI. Elizabeth[6] Baker, Nov. 11, 1777; d. Nov. 13, 1790.

SIXTH GENERATION.

8. Joseph[6] Baker (Anna (Bishop) Baker[5], John[4], John[3], Thomas[2], Richard[1]), b. July 5, 1773; d. Dec. 29, 1839; m. Aug. 31, 1794, Hannah Janes, b. Mch., 1770; d. May 6, 1847. Moved from Holland to Brimfield Apr., 1809.

Children; first four born in Holland.

I. Elvira[7] Baker, May 25, 1795; m. Jan. 1820, Lemuel Allen; she d. Aug. 26, 1831.
II. Betsy[7] Baker, Mch. 7, 1797; d. Oct. 12, 1819; m. May 5, 1819, Daniel Hodges of Warren.
III. Lovina[7] Baker, May 29, 1799; d. Nov. 20, 1801.
IV. Marsena[7] Baker, Nov. 3, 1803; d. Mch. 14, 1889.
V. Lovina[7] Baker, Feb. 7, 1806; d. May 2, 1847; m. May 5, 1829, Backus Henry of Farnumsville, N. Y.
VI. Colvin[7] Baker, Sept. 20, 1809 (in Brimfield); m. Jan. 17, 1839, Olive H. Draper; he d. Jan. 4, 1873; had seven children b. in Brimfield.
VII. Olive[7] Baker, Aug. 8, 1814; d. Nov. 5, 1856; m. May 22, 1839, John W. Browning; had two daughters;
1. Delia[8], m. (1) Arthur H. Smith; (2) Joseph Goodhue.
2. Clara[8] Browning, m. Joseph Goodhue. Child: Clara[9] Goodhue.

THE BLODGETT FAMILY

By Mrs. Ella Blodgett Webber

The Blodgett Family in America is of English origin. In the great tide of immigration between 1630 and 1640 came Thomas Blodgett, a "glover" by trade, aged 30, and his wife Susan, aged 37, with two young sons, Daniel, aged 4, and Samuel, aged 1 1-2. They "embarqued in the 'Increase' from London, April 18, 1635," and arrived in Boston in due course.

Thomas settled in Cambridge where he was one of the original members of "Rev. Thomas Shepard's Company," which founded what is now the "Shepard Memorial Church." He was allotted land the same year, and made a Freeman in 1636. A daughter, Susanna, was born in 1637. Thomas, the father, died in 1642 and his will was probated in 1643. His widow married again and lived in Woburn, Mass.

On reaching adult age, the elder son, Daniel, settled in Chelmsford, Mass., where his descendants became numerous. About 1710 one of them moved north a few miles and settled at Nottingham, now Hudson, N. H., at a time when he had to live in a garrison for protection from the Indians. A son of his was the first white male child born in that town. A member of the same generation from Chelmsford went to Windsor, Conn., and was the progenitor of numerous descendants in Windsor, Amherst, Mass., etc. From Hudson a detachment went to Plymouth, N. H. Several families also settled at Dorchester, N. H., where they abode two generations.

The younger son, Samuel, settled at Woburn, whence went descendants to Lexington and Brimfield, Mass., and spread to Stafford, Conn., Randolph, Vt., etc.

At the beginning of the nineteenth century they were widely scattered through New England. At present the name is found in every state of the Union, in Canada, in British Columbia, in Mexico, even in far-off Hawaii. Like all the earliest settlers of New England they endured the hardships incident to the creation of fruitful fields out of a savage wilderness.

They were a patriotic race. They served in the French and Indian Wars; at siege and capture of Louisburg; in the invasion

of Canada; and the names are preserved of numerous Revolutionary soldiers.

1. Thomas[1], born in England 1605; died 1642; m. Susan ——— in England.

Children.

Daniel[2], b. 1631. Samuel[2], b. 1633. Susanna[2], b. 1637.
He sailed from London 1635, died in Chelmsford, Mass., Jan. 28, 1672.
He was twice married; (1) Mary Butterfield, Sept. 15, 1653, 7 children; (2) ——— ———

2. Samuel[2], b. in England 1633; d. July 3, 1687; m. Ruth Ingleden, Dec. 13, 1655.

Children.

Ruth[3], b. Dec. 28, 1656.
Samuel[3], b. Dec. 11, 1658.
Thomas[3], b. Feb. 26, 1660.
Susanna[3].
Sarah[3], b. Feb. 17, 1667.
Mary[3], and Martha[3], b. Sept. 15, 1673.

3. Thomas[3], son of Samuel, b. Feb. 26, 1660; m. Rebecca Tidd, Nov. 11, 1684; removed to Lexington, Mass, about 1699.

Children.

Thomas[4], Jr., b. Aug. 5, 1686.
Rebecca[4], b. June 5, 1689.
Joseph[4], b. Sept. 17, 1696.
Abigail[4], b. Nov. 13, 1698.
Samuel[4], b. June 17, 1702; m. Mary Russell.

4. Joseph[4], son of Thomas, b. at Woburn, Mass., Sept. 17, 1696; m. Sarah Stone b. at Lexington, Mass., Nov. 7, 1700; d. May 8, 1735; m. (2) Sarah Ingersoll June 29, 1738; she was born at Springfield, Mass., May 17, 1718.

BLODGETT FAMILY OF HOLLAND.

Joseph[1] Blodgett, the pioneer settler of Holland; m. (1) Sarah Stone, 1719; died May 8, 1735; (2) Sarah Ingersoll, June 29, 1738.

Children by Sarah Stone.

1. Joseph[2], born Apr. 17, 1721.
2. Sarah[2], born Nov. 12, 1722.
3. Anna[2], born Apr. 10, 1724.
4. Abigail[2], born July 18, 1726.
5. Ruth[2], born Mar. 1, 1728.
6. Benjamin[2], born June 9, 1730.
7. Abner[2], born June 6, 1732.
8. Thomas[2], born Sept. 26, 1734.

Children by Sarah Ingersoll.

9. Samuel[2], born May 17, 1739.
10. Lydia[2], born Feb. 7, 1741.
11. Jonas[2], born Nov. 12, 1743.
12. Azubah (Achsah)[2], born Apr. 12, 1746.
13. Caleb[2], born Nov. 24, 1748.
14. Marsena[2], born Mar. 4, 1754; d. y. probably(?) He was living 1770.
15. Nathan[2], born Nov. 3, 1756.
16. Admatha[2], born Dec. 15, 1758.
17. Elijah[2], born Oct. 25, 1761.

11 sons, 6 daughters.

Children.

Joseph[3], Jr., b. April 17, 1721; d. Sept. 14, 1775; m. Hannah Haynes, Aug. 25, 1743; she was b. Mar. 13, 1723.

Sarah[3], b. Nov. 12, 1722; m. (1) Reuben Townsley, Aug. 6, 1741; (2) John Williams.

Anna[3], b. Apr. 10, 1724; d. Dec. 10, 1808; m. Thomas Sherman, Sept. 12, 1751.

Abigail[3], b. July 18, 1726; m. Samuel Gates.

Ruth[3], b. March 1, 1728; d. Feb. 4, 1807; m. John Danielson, Jr., Aug. 30, 1750.

Benjamin[3], b. June 9, 1730; m. Rebecca Haynes, Oct. 2, 1754; she was b. Dec. 29, 1738.

Children.

Benjamin[4], b. Feb. 5, 1755.
Rebecca[4], b. Jan. 13, 1757.
Darkos[4] (Dorcas), b. Feb. 5, 1760.

Abner[3], b. June 6, 1732; m. Elizabeth Webber, Feb.

11, 1752; she d. Feb. 4, 1761; m. (2) Beulah Haynes, Jan. 16, 1763; she was b. Dec. 29, 1738.

Thomas[5], b. Sept. 26, 1734; m. Margaret Webber, Sept. 30, 1756.

Children.

Mary, b. Sept. 4, 1757.

Elizabeth, b. July 26, 1759.

Samuel[5], b. May 17, 1739; m. Elizabeth Haynes, Apr. 5, 1763; she was b. Apr. 8, 1725.

Lydia[5], b. Feb. 7, 1741; m. Simeon Hubbard, Oct. 14, 1762; he was b. July 16, 1735; d. Feb. 13, 1804.

Jonas[5], b. Nov. 12, 1743; d. Apr. 18, 1839; m. Rhoda Dady, Jan. 14, 1773; she d. Apr. 18, 1825; m. (2) Mrs. Hannah Bugbee, Dec. 21, 1825; she d. Jan. 24, 1845.

Children.

James[6], b. Aug. 31, 1773.

Dady[6], b. Mar. 12, 1776.

Persis[6], b. No date given.

Sally[6], b. No date given.

Chester[6], b. No date.

Loamini[6], b. No date. Died Sept. 23, 1803.

Tommy[6], b. 1789; d. Aug. 1, 1829.

William[6], b. Apr. 15, 1794.

Achsah[5], b. April 12, 1746; m. Ashbell Winslow.

Caleb[5], b. Nov. 24, 1748; m. Ruth ———

Elijah[5], b. Oct. 25, 1751.

Marsena[5], b. March 4, 1754.

Nathan[5], b. Nov. 3, 1756; m. Abigail Bliss, June 7, 1781.

Admatha[5], b. Dec. 15, 1758.

5. Joseph[5], Jr., son of Joseph, b. April 17, 1721; d. 1780; m. Hannah Haynes Aug. 25, 1743; she was b. March 13, 1723.

Children.

Joseph[6], b. May 19, 1745; d. 1819.

Hannah[6], b. Aug. 10, 1747.

Sarah[6], b. July 31, 1749; m. Daniel Haynes, March 24, 1774.

David[6], b. July 19, 1751.

Mary[5], b. Oct. 20, 1753; m. Levi Sherman, July 13, 1775.

Solomon[6], b. April 4, 1756; d. May 21, 1844; m. Hepzibah Brown of Brimfield, Mass., Sept. 19, 1781; she was born March 26, 1759; died Feb. 17, 1793.

They went from Brimfield to Oneida County, N. Y., then to Gorham, Ont., N. Y. in 1806. m. (2) Thankful Blair; she was born Oct. 16, 1763; died July 15, 1841. Solomon had 11 children.

Beulah[6], b. Apr. 30, 1759.

Rufus[6], b. July 19, 1761; m. Bathsheba Hubbard; she was b. Nov. 22, 1762. They went from Brimfield, Mass. to Clinton, Oneida County, N. Y., then to Plattsburg, Steuben County, N. Y. Rufus has three children on record.

Ludim[6], b. Apr. 23, 1764; d. July 25, 1849; m. Annis Hitchcock, July 4, 1786; she was b. May 31, 1765; d. Sept. 11, 1790; m. (2) Submit Eames, she was b. Oct. 15, 1765; d. April 7, 1831; m. (3) Thankful Clark, b. Aug. 29, 1773. Ludim and his first wife went from Brimfield, Mass. to Oneida County, N. Y., then to Gorham, Gates County, N. Y. Ludim had ten children.

GUARDIANSHIP OF JOSEPH BLODGETT, JR'S CHILDREN

PROBATE COURT RECORDS.

Edward Bliss Jr. is nominated and allowed to be guardian unto Ludim Blodgett, Rufus Blodgett and Beulah Blodgett who are above fourteen years of age, heirs of Joseph Blodgett late of Brimfield in the county of Hampshire, died intestate and bond is taken for his faithful performance of said trust, May 22, 1780.

DISTRIBUTION

Joseph Blodgett, Jr's estate 1-3 to wife.

Children.

Joseph, David, Solomon, Rufus, Ludim, Beulah. The order as given in a distribution of his estate. Dated May 7, 1781.

Blodgett Caleb[5], m. Ruth ———.

Children.

Aaron[6], m. Esther Perkins, 1800; Marsena[6], m. Lucy Bugbee, 1803; Joseph[6]. All above 14 years.

Phila[6], Lucy[6], Sophia[6], Sally[6], Lydia[6], all under 14 years in 1795, Nov. 6; wife, Ruth, was appointed administratrix.

Dates of birth not given.

This Marsena Blodgett was probably named after his uncle, Marsena, who we judge had died without family, for no mention of him or any family is made in his father's will.

GUARDIANSHIP

Joseph Lumbard is nominated and appointed to be guardian to Phila Blodgett, Lucy Blodgett, Sophia Blodgett, Sally Blodgett and Lydia Blodgett, minors under the age of fourteen years, and Marsena Blodgett and Joseph Blodgett, upwards of fourteen years of age, children and heirs of Caleb Blodgett late of Brimfield in the county of Hampshire, deceased and bond is taken for his faithful performance of said trust, Nov. 6, 1795.

Caleb Blodgett and Ruth.

Children.

Aaron Marsena, Joseph, Fila, Lucy, obtained from a settlement. Sophia, Sally, Lydia, estate was valued at £100 12s 4 1-2d, costs were £3 4s 0.

Each received £14 1s 6 3-4d.

The homestead lay between the Polley place and the Brimfield line, as did Elijah, Jonas, Solomon, and Caleb's.

6. John[6] Blodgett m. Jerusha Webber, b. July 17, 1753; d. 1815; he died 1793. She m. Reuben Webber Int. Aug. 16, 1795.

Children.

Edward[7], b. 1772; d. Sept. 7, 1822.
Betsey[7].
John[7].
Abner[7], b. Jan. 25, 1779; d. June 9, 1807; m. Esther Morris Aug. 6, 1800.

All efforts to trace the parentage of John Blodgett have failed. He appears in Brimfield history on a pay roll as one that marched to Springfield at time of Shays Insurrection. He is sexton of Holland church in 1790, and a taxpayer of Holland in 1793. He died 1793, and his widow married Reuben Webber 1795. As positive proof of his parentage seems to be lacking from the records and the Blodgetts of present time in Holland trace their origin to him, the author offers the following

as *grounds for belief* that John Blodgett was a child of Abner Blodgett:

1. The persistence of the name Abner in his descendants.

2. Joseph Blodgett Sr. in his will, mentions heirs of his son Abner, which probably implies that Abner was then dead, and proves the fact that he had heirs. The will was drawn in Feb. 1780. He married Elizabeth Webber Feb. 11, 1752. Elizabeth Webber daughter of John Webber was baptized April 10, 1731 and would be of marriageable age 1752, and the "Webber Genealogy" reveals no other Elizabeth Webber that would be, and since he was born 1732 they were nearly of the same age.

3. Elizabeth (Webber) Blodgett died Feb. 4, 1761. Her period of coverture was about nine years, and a son born in this period might be given the name John after his maternal grandfather.

4. Such a son would be of military age at the period of Shay's Insurrection and satisfy all conditions of his history so far as known.—*Author.*

7. Edward[7], son of John, b. 1772; d. Sept. 7, 1822; m. Rebecca Moffatt, Nov. 1, 1795, she was born 1771; died Feb. 4, 1845.

Children.

Roswell[8], b. June 13, 1796.
Edward[8], b. at Sturbridge, Mass., March 5, 1798.
Eliza[8], b. 1800; d. Sept. 25, 1876; m. Emory Pierce; m. (2) James White.
Laura[8], b. 1805; d. Jan. 1, 1871; m. Eleazer Webber, son of Deacon Samuel Webber, Dec. 30, 1857.
Jerusha[8], b. Dec. 31, 1806; d. June 22, 1889.
Winthrop[8], b. 1812; d. Jan. 12, 1890.
Annis[8], b. 1813..

8. Roswell[8], son of Edward, born June 13, 1796; died Sept. 21, 1877; m. Charity Fletcher, Feb. 22, 1820; she was born Sept. 24, 1793; died Feb. 11, 1858.

Children.

Caroline[9], ——— b. Dec. 11, 1822.
Roswell[9] Abner, b. Apr. 7, 1825.
Adeline Jerusha[9], b. Nov. 20, 1830.
Emeline[9], b. May 11, 1833; d. Oct. 12, 1835.

Caroline[9], daughter of Roswell, b. Dec. 11, 1822; d. Dec. 2, 1859; m. Edward M. Lyman of Springfield, Mass.

Children.

John[10], b. July 12, 1853; d. July 24, 1857.
Gilbert[10], b. Feb. 2, 1856; d. July 22, 1864.

9. Roswell[9] Abner, son of Roswell, born Apr. 7, 1825; died June 29, 1891; m. Mary Jane Robbins, Nov. 27, 1855; she was born April 24, 1834; died Aug. 25, 1900.

Children.

Ella Jane[10], b. Apr. 16, 1857; m. William Lafayette Webber, May 14, 1884; he was born June 16, 1845; died Sept. 1, 1905.

Fred Abner[10], b. Oct. 13, 1859; m. Mary E. Thayer of Warren, Aug. 6, 1886; she was born 1869; m. (2) Bessie May Pease of Wilbraham, June 29, 1907; she was born Oct. 4, 1870.

Mary Ada[10], born Nov. 19, 1863; m. John Fairbanks Hebard of Sturbridge, June 20, 1888.

Children.

William Everett[11], born in Sturbridge, March 14, 1889.
Emory Blodgett[11], born in Sturbridge, Jan. 8, 1892.
Franklin Adrian[11], born in Sturbridge, June 20, 1897.

Mr. Hebard is of a very early family of Windham, Conn.

Harriet Rebecca[10], daughter of Roswell Abner, born June 13, 1868.

Adeline[9] J., daughter of Roswell, b. Nov. 20, 1830; d. June 28, 1902; m. Albert W. Webber, Nov. 27, 1855; he was b. July 15, 1831; d. Nov. 13, 1868.

Children.

Ida Cordelia[10], b. Aug. 29, 1856; d. Nov. 18, 1888.
Willie A.[10], b. Dec. 11, 1857; m. Ella L. Agard, June 17, 1885; she died Jan. 25, 1889.
Charles A.[10], b. Apr. 14, 1859; d. 1913, Feb. 27. m. Lilla N. Agard, Nov. 27, 1889.

Child.

Gladys[11], Lilla, b. Jan. 5, 1893.

Edward[8], Jr., son of Edward, born at Sturbridge, March 5, 1798; died at Holland Apr. 8, 1886; m.

Meranda C. Pierce, Apr. 16, 1820; she was born at Grafton, Mass., July 18, 1801; died at Holland, March 21, 1871.

Children.

Adelia M.[9], b. May 12, 1821; d. Nov. 18, 1871.
Edward[9] P., b. at Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 7, 1824.
Freeman B.[9], b. March 27, 1831.
Son—[9], b. Dec. 19, 1832; d. Jan. 9, 1833.

Adelia[9], M., daughter of Edward Jr.; m. Emmons S. Kenney of Worcester, July 2, 1848; he died Aug. 9, 1909.

Children.

Ida[10] A. E., born Dec. 9, 1850.
Frank[10] M., born Dec. 5, 1856; died Feb. 3, 1897.

Edward[9] P., son of Edward Jr., b. Feb. 7, 1824; d. at East Brimfield, Oct. 19, 1886; m. Fidelia E. Humes, Apr. 8, 1846; she d. Feb. 27, 1895.

Children.

Emma[10] F. E., b. May 6, 1852; m. Lyman Moore of Union, Conn., July 1, 1872.

Lyman Moore and Emma[10] F. E. Blodgett (b. May 6, 1852,) m. July 1, 1872.

Children.

Fred A.[11], b. Jan. 21, 1874; m. Ida Green, Sept. 12, 1904,
Lizzie M.[11], b. June 22, 1875; m. Harrison G. Royce, Sept. 19, 1912.
Belle F.[11], b. July 22, 1877; m. Duane B. Williams, June 24, 1913.
Bessie G.[11], b. July 15, 1883.

Fred A.[11], Moore and Ida Green, m. Sept. 12, 1904.

Children.

Lawrence[12] R., b. Jan. 12, 1906.
Esther Belle[12], b. Jan. 27, 1908.
Ruth Irene[12], b. Nov. 14, 1910.

Freeman B.[9], son of Edward Blodgett, Jr., b. March 27, 1831; d. March 18, 1909; m. Laura E. Towne, Apr. 5, 1853.

Children.

Carrie M.[10], b. Feb. 15, 1855; m. Charles R. Webster of Union Ct., Feb. 9, 1884.
John M.[10], b. Aug. 12, 1857; d. Feb. 28, 1864.

Delia M.[10], b. Aug. 24, 1861.
Arthur F.[10], b. Aug. 31, 1865.

Charles R. and Carrie M. (Blodgett) Webster, b. Feb. 15, 1855.

Child.

Marion G.[11], b. Aug. 10, 1890.

Arthur Freeman[10] Blodgett, b. Aug. 31, 1865; m. Alla S. Carter, Oct. 12, 1887; she d. Sept. 25, 1888; m. (2) Lorinda A. Howlett, Feb. 22, 1897.

Children.

Theodore E.[11], b. April 30, 1898.
Laura A.[11], b. Oct. 21, 1900.
John E.[11], b. Dec. 1, 1901.
Elizabeth B.[11], b. July 26, 1904.
Lewis F.[11], b. May 16, 1910.
Wendell R.[11], b. May 30, 1912.
Dean A.[11], b. May 10, 1914.

PIERCE.

1. Eliza[8], daughter of Edward, b. 1800; d. at Brimfield, Sept. 25, 1876; m. Emory Pierce of Ware, Mass.; he was b. July 4, 1796; d. in Southbridge, Mass., Nov. 13, 1848.

Children.

Alfred E.[9], b. Sept. 3, 1819; d. Feb. 10, 1875.
George A.[9], b. Apr. 30, 1830; d. Sept. 1863; m. Clarissa E. Brown, Aug. 29, 1853.
A son Augustus[9] W., b. June 4, 1854.

Alfred E.[9], son of Emory and Eliza Blodgett Pierce, b. Sept. 3, 1819; d. Feb. 10, 1875; m. Margaret Dunn, June 25, 1839.

Children.

William Henry[10], b. Sept. 8, 1840.
Charles B.[10], b. Jan. 31, 1842; supposed to have been killed in the battle of Fredericksburg, Va., Dec., 1862.
Mary Eliza[10], b. May 8, 1848; d. Feb. 26, 1886; m. Andrew Dunsmore, he d. Apr. 13, 1901.

DUNSMORE.

Andrew M. Dunsmore m. Mary Eliza[10] Pierce, May 15, 1867.

Children.

Catherine[11] M., b. Dec. 31, 1867; d. ——— 1907.
Margaret E.[11], b. Oct. 17, 1870.
Charles Andrew[11], b. July 29, 1876; d. Dec. 22, 1877.
Mary Frances[11], b. Aug. 20, 1878.
Helena Pierce[11], b. Dec. 6, 1881.

Winthrop[8] B., son of Edward, b. 1812; d. June 22, 1889; m. Elizabeth Brackett; she was b. 1814 and d. Aug. 22, 1851.

Children.

Charles B.[9], b. Aug. 27, 1837; m. Almeda C.[9] Colburn, Sept. 14, 1856; she was b. Aug. 14, 1837; d. June 7, 1868.
John[9], b. in Holland 1840; m. Susan Tower, Apr. 3, 1862; she was b. in Dudley, 1842. John enlisted from Sturbridge in the War of the Rebellion 1861-1865, in Co. A., 17th Mass. Inf. and served as Clerk for Gen. Foster. Died at Newberne, North Carolina, Feb. 25, 1865.
Henry[9], served in the War of the Rebellion. See his military record, Chapter ——

Children of Charles[9], b. Aug. 27, 1837 and Almeda Colburn;

George S.[10], b. 1859, Mar. 10; m. Nellie Warren of Westfield.
Frank S.[10] and Fred S.[10], b. July 8, 1863; Fred S.[10] d. Jan. 20, 1871.
Lizzie A.[10], b. May 27, 1868.

George S. Blodgett m. Nellie Warren of Westfield.

Children.

Richmond, b. Dec. 16, 1890.
George, b. Nov. —— 1897.

Annis, daughter of Edward, b. 1813; d. May 10, 1890; m. Crawford Brackett of Sturbridge, Int. July 15, 1837. He was b. 1812; d. Nov. 29, 1859; (2) m. Orin W. Brown, Int. Nov. 23, 1861.

Children of Annis and Crawford Brackett;

Merrick C., b. in Sturbridge, Sept. 1, 1838; d. in Southbridge, Oct. 11, 1906; m. Hattie A. Davis of Southbridge; she was b. in Ashford, Ct. in 1839.

Children of Merrick C. and Hattie A. Davis;

Jessie Maria, b. June 21, 1857; d. Dec. 6, 1862.
Eva F., b. Dec., 1862; d. Dec. 26, 1868.

THE BROWN FAMILY.

By Elliott H. Brown.

Arthur[1] Brown migrated from Berfordshire, England; m. whom and when not known.

Child.

Chad[2] Brown, b. —— 1600. He became a minister.

Rev. Chad[2] Brown came to America in 1638. He was a companion to Roger Williams and as such was banished going to Rhode Island and was first minister of the first baptist church of Providence compact, and a signer, and ancestor of the Brown who founded Brown University.

Rev. Chad[2] Brown m. ———

Children.

John[3], b. 1630.
Daniel[3], ———

John[3] Brown, m.———

Child.

Obadiah[4], b. 1675; m. ———

Child.

Chad[5] Brown b. 1730. He became Colonel in the army; m. ———

Child.

Othniel[6], b. April 25, 1759 at Smithfield, R. I. His first wife was Sybil Olney of the same line as Richard Olney of Cleveland's cabinet. His second wife was Nancy Lyons of Wales, Mass. He enlisted in the Revolutionary Army in 1775 and served till Feb., 1776. The following Sept. he re-enlisted in the marine service and was captured at Charleston, S. C., and kept prisoner until paroled. He d. Sept. 28, 1843, at Union, Conn., and was buried in Wales, Mass.

Othniel[6] Brown, b. April 25, 1759; m. ———

Children.

By Sybil Olney.

Olney[7], b. Nov. 4, 1788.

Mary[7], b. Aug. 14, 1790.
Abigail[7], b. Apr. 18, 1792.
David[7], b. Mar. 13, 1793.
Chad[7], b. Jan. 8, 1795.
Othniel[7], b. Apr. 1, 1796.
John[7], b. Sept. 12, 1798.
Isaac[7], b. May 21, 1801.

By Nancy Lyons.

John Adams[7], b. Oct. 22, 1831.
Martha Jane[7], b. May 3, 1833.

Olney[7] Brown, b. Nov. 4, 1788; m. Sarah Converse.

Children.

Orin[8], W., b. Aug. 16, 1815.
Sybil[8], b. ———
Celinda[8], b. Apr. 28, 1821.
Othniel[8] Olney, b. July 9, 1825.

Orin Washington[8] Brown m. Marion Bread, Oct. 10, 1843.

Children.

George Washington[9], b. Aug. 29, 1844.
Freeman Arthur[9], b. Feb. 10, 1846.
Elliott Herbert[9], b. Oct. 14, 1847.
Marietta Orine[9], b. Oct. 19, 1849.
Celinda Eugenia[9], b. Dec. 20, 1852.
Orin Monroe[9], b. Nov. 5, 1854.
Emma Hattie[9], b. Dec. 25, 1856.
Francis Joseph[9], b. May 24, 1859.

THE BRUCE FAMILY.

By Lovering.

Joseph[1] Bruce m. Lucy Janes, Dec. 15, 1785.

Children.

Antipas[2].
Susannah[2], m. Thos. Kendrick.
Sybil[2], m. Hollowell Perrin.

Antipas[2] Bruce m. Hannah Bruce abt. 1782.

Children.

I. Lectia[3] (Electa), b. Sept. 16, 1783.
II. Lyman[3], b. Mch. 16, 1785.
III. Sibbell[3], b. Nov. 30, 1786.
IV. Maria[3], b. Sept. 1, 1787.
V. Dexter[3], b. "Aug. ye 10th," 1790.
VI. Antipas[3], Jr., b. June 27, 1792.
VII. Elizabeth[3].
VIII. Electa[3].

BUGBEE.

David Bugbee m. Hannah ——

Children.

I. Hannah, b. June 18, 1777.
II. Lucy, b. Dec. 14, 1779; bp. July 25, 1784.
III. Charles S., b. June 26, 1782; bp. June 30, 1782.
IV. Lora, b. July 19, 1783.
V. Lucretia, b. Jan. 10, 1787; bp. Feb. 11, 1787.

THE BUTTERWORTH FAMILY.

By Mrs. Chase.

Noah[1] Butterworth, b. in Eng.; d. in Holland, 1850, very aged.

Children.

1 I. Noah[2], b. in Wrenthan, Sept. 22, 1783.
2. II. John Cox[2], b. in Wrenthan, Dec., 1792.

SECOND GENERATION

1. Noah[2] Butterworth (Noah[1]), b. Sept. 22, 1783, in Wrentham; d. 1859 in Holland; m. Jan. 8, 1808, Peircey Stevens, b. Oct. 9, 1787 in Sturbridge; d. in Holland, Dec. 27, 1842.

Children.

3. I. Leoranda[3], Mch. 15, 1809, b. in Holland.
4. II. Albert Stevens[3], Jan. 31, 1811, b. in Attleboro.
III. Lucebia[3], Mch. 25, 1814, b. in Attleboro.
m. Albert Davis of Thompson, Ct.

Children.

1. Jerome Davis.
2. Mary Davis.
3. Vernon Davis.

5. IV. Stillman[3], Mch, 20, 1817, b. in Wrentham.
V. Rachel[3], Jan. 24, 1819, b. in Wrentham.
m. Calvin Vinton.
VI. Nancy Maria[3], Feb. 8, 1824, b, in Sturbridge.
m. Davis Vinton.

John C. Butterworth, b. in Wrentham, Mass., Dec., 1792 came to Holland about 1824; lived on the Eleazer Moore place; had 2 children b. there. He built the saw mill called Alexander Mill (on the Moore place) and ran it several years; moved from there to near the Grosvenor May Brook and put up another mill and the Grosvenor May house; had several children b. there. He next went to the "Bradd Place" and built another mill in which he made cotton batting, then Leander Bradd carried on the business, and Mr. Butterworth moved to what was called the Harridon place and built another mill and made candle wicking which he sold in Hartford, Ct. On that place above the new wicking mill he and his son, Dwight, put up the mill now standing, and lived and died there. Col. John, d. 1862. Dwight, in 1891.

2. Col. John Cox[2] Butterworth (Noah[1]); b. in Wrentham, Dec. 1792; d. March 4, 1862; m. July 30, 1814, Martha Vinton; b. July 2, 1794; d. Jan. 12, 1863.

Children.

I. William[3], Oct. 31, 1815; d. Sept. 2, 1833.
6. II. John[3], Jr., Oct. 4, 1817; d. Sept. 12, 1861.
7. III. Martha[3], Jan. 20, 1820; d. 1900.
IV. Lewis[3], Dec. 9, 1822; d. Apr. 20, 1824.
V. Mary M.[3], June 12, 1825; d. Apr. 7, 1857; m. Sept. 3, 1848, Benjamin F. Barnes.

Child.

1. Mary Barnes, b. 1850; m. Charles Brigham.

8. VI. Timothy Dwight[3], Dec. 13, 1827; d. July 25, 1891.
VII. Emily Pemelia[3], Apr. 20, 1830; d. June, 1908; m. Sept. 2, 1848, Horace P. Branch.

Children.

1. Albert Eugene[4] Branch, Feb., 1854; m. May, 1879, Della M. Church.
2. Ida E.[4] Branch, Dec., 1866; m. May, 1888, Ward Hinckley.

VIII. William[3], Dec. 6, 1833; d. Aug. 26, 1836.
IX. Caroline C.[3], Jan. 29; d. July 21, 1913; m. Mch. 10, 1864, Lyman A. Fiske.

THIRD GENERATION

3. Loranda[3] Butterworth, (Noah[2], Noah[1]); b. March 15, 1809; m. George Haridon of Holland.

Children.

I. Sarah Peircey[4]. m. (1) Linus Leanard of Sturbridge; (2) Henry Amidon of Southbridge.

Children.

1. Zenas[5] Leanard, M.D.
2. Henry[5] Leanard, M.D.

II. George Albert[4] Haridon; m. Mary Irish of Southbridge.
III. Ellen[4] Haridon; m. Arnold Williams of Holland.
IV. Melvin[4] Haridon; m. Mercy ——— of W. Brookfield.

4. Albert Stevens[3] Butterworth (Noah[2], Noah[1]); b. Jan. 31, 1811; m. March 31, 1841, Amanda Allen of West Brookfield, dau. of Isaac and Rachel Allen.

Children b. in Holland.

9. I. Jane Peircey[4], Apr. 6, 1842.
II. Susan Eliza[4], Feb. 12, 1844.
m. June 4, 1890, Dwight Chamberlain of Southbridge.
III. Julia Frances[4], Oct. 17, 1845; m. Nov. 2, 1865, Albert Back. (See Back Genealogy.)
10. IV. Anson Allen[4], Aug. 28, 1847.
V. Albert Clinton[4], July 26, 1849; unm.
VI. Clara Abigail[4], Feb. 24, 1853; unm.
11. VII. Lucy Amanda[4], July 23, 1854.
VIII. George Woodruff[4], Aug. 15, 1857; m. Annie Rogers of Southbridge.

5. Stillman[3] Butterworth (Noah[2], Noah[1]); b. Mch. 20, 1817; m. Apr. 3, 1844, Jane Brigham of Brookfield; b. June 11, 1819.

Children.

I. Henry S.[4], Apr. 17, 1845.
II. James T.[4], June 6, 1847.
III. Frank S.[4], Nov. 26, 1849.

6. John[3] Butterworth Jr., (John C.[2], Noah[1]); b. Oct. 4, 1817; d. Sept. 12, 1861; m. June 13, 1841, Eliza Hart.

Children.

I. Wm. H.[4], Mch. 28, 1842.
II. David N.[4], Jan. 16, 1844; lives in Springfield.
III. Martha E.[4], June 7, 1845.
IV. John L.[4], July 7, 1847.
V. Samuel T.[4], Sept. 7, 1849.
VI. George C.[4], July 28, 1851.
VII. Mary Jane[4], Sept. 26, 1853.
VIII. Sarah[4], Oct. 14, 1856; d. 1866.
IX. Loranda[4], July 28, 1859.

John[3] Butterworth Jr., went from Holland to Wales in 1855, In 1861, he went to Warren; he was a carpenter and fell from a building in Leicester which caused his death.

7. Martha[3] Butterworth (John C.[2], Noah[1]); b. Jan. 20, 1820; d. 1900; m. George Barnes, Sept. 27, 1845; he was b. 1817.

Children.

I. Ella[4] Barnes; m. 1865, Raymond Rathburn.

Children.

1. Byron[5].

2. George[5].
3. Raymond A.[5]

II. Dwight[4] Barnes, b. Mch. 3, 1853; m. Laura Patterson.

Children.

1. Raymond[5].
2. Lena[5].

III. Carrie M.[4] Barnes, b. May 7, 1857; m. Rev. Harland P. Smith.

Children.

1. Paul[5].
2. Helen[5].

IV. John C.[4] Barnes, b. Apr. 24, 1859; m. in Chicopee.

8. Timothy Dwight[3] Butterworth (John C.[2] Noah[1]); b. Dec. 13, 1827; d. July 25, 1891; m. Jan. 9, 1851, Esther W. Towne.

Children.

I. Dwight Everett[4], Apr. 1853; m. 1883, Adella Bradeen.

Children.

1. Maude L.[5], b. 1884; m. 1902, Fred Alberty; ch. Ruth[6], b. Oct. 31, 1903.
2. Everett E.[5], b. 1886.
3. Ella E.[5], b. 1891.

II. Fanny M.[4], Feb. 4, 1856; m. 1881, Dorno Parker.

III. Mary A.[4], Mch. 29, 1860; m. Arthur F. Huse.

Child.

1. Forest[5] Huse, b. 1884.

IV. John[4], Oct. 24, 1865; m. Eva Spooner, 1890-1.

V. Ida L.[4], Sept. 7, 1867-8; m. 1904, Wilson Gardiner.

9. Jane Peircey[4] Butterworth (Albert S.[3], Noah[2], Noah[1]), b. Apr. 6, 1842, in Holland; m. July 3, 1862, Melvin Shepard of Sturbridge.

Children.

I. Rollin Melvin[5], b. Apr. 10, 1864; d. Jan. 24, 1912.

II. Allen Everett[5], b. June 24, 1869.

III. Harry Clinton[5], b. May 22, 1872.

10. Anson Allen[4] Butterworth (Albert S.[3] Noah[2] Noah[1]); b. Aug. 28, 1847; d. Nov. 21, 1883; m. Apr. 2, 1879, Iola M. Converse of Douglass.

Children.

I. Florence G., Oct. 7, 1880; m. Feb. 28, 1908, Clarence F. Morse of Southbridge.

Children.

1. Buyl F. Morse, b. Dec. 2, 1908.
2. Iola Morse, b. June 25, 1912.

II. Albert J., b. Aug. 3, 1882; m. June 2, 1914, Elizabeth M. Smail.

11. Lucy Amanda[4] Butterworth (Albert S.[3], Noah[2], Noah[1]); b. July 23, 1854; d. Sept. 12, 1886; m. Sept. 17, 1874 Ezra C. Barnes of W. Brookfield.

Children.

I. Effie[5] Barnes, July 30, 1875; m. Dec. 12, 1899, George Francis Sessions, b. in Hardwick.

II. Edna, Nov. 10, 1877; m. June 22, 1898, George Stanley Prouty of Hardwick.

Children.

1. Stanley Barnes Prouty, b. Sept. 5, 1899.
2. Thornton Henry Prouty, b. Oct. 11, 1901.
3. Lawrence Howard Prouty, b. Apr. 28, 1904.
4. Francis Benson Prouty, b. June 19, 1905.

III. Myra, June 16, 1880; m. June 21, 1910, Oliver Francis Roberts, in Los Angeles, Cal.

THE CARPENTER FAMILY.

By Mrs. E. M. Webber.

Simeon[1] Carpenter m. Sally Blanchard.

Children.

I. John[2] Carpenter.
II. Simon[2]; m. Fannie Rich.
III. Prudence[2]; m. ——— Rich.
IV. Sally[2]; m. ——— Larned.
V. Leonard[2]; m. ———
VI. David[2], b. 1794; d. May 28, 1886.
VII. Matilda[2], b. 1800; d. Dec. 1, 1891.
VIII. Tyler[2], b. 1805; d. Mar., 1884.

John[2] Carpenter, son of Simeon, m. ———

Children.

Adams.
Mary.

Simon[2] Carpenter m. Fannie Rich.

Children.

I. Reuben[3] Carpenter.
II. Linus[3] Carpenter.
III. Nancy[3] Carpenter.
IV. Abigail[3] Carpenter.
V. Elijah[3] Carpenter, b. 1834; d. 1912.
VI. Sophronia[3] Carpenter.

Prudence[2] Carpenter, m. Elijah Rich and had children.

Sally[2] Carpenter, m. ——— Larned; child Sarah. Sally and husband are buried in Holland.

Leonard[2] Carpenter, m. ———

Children.

I. Henry[3] Carpenter.
II. Hannah[3].
III. Horace[3].
IV. Jane[3].
V. Seth[3].

David[2] Carpenter, b. 1794; m. Lucy Waters (1) in 1812; she was b. 1792; d. Oct. 15, 1830; m. (2) Abigail Rich, b. 1796; d. Oct. 5, 1873; m. in 1831.

Children of David[2] Carpenter and Lucy Waters.

I. Lucy[3], b. 1812; m. Otis Eddy, 1856; she d. Sept. 7, 1902.
II. David[3], b. 1815; m. Harriet Stockwell; he d. Feb. 22, 1907.
III. John[3], b. 1820; d. July 12, 1824.
IV. John[3], b. 1825; m. Clementine H. McIntire; he d. Mar. 14, 1873.
V. Caroline[3] Eliza, b. 1829; d. Dec. 3, 1848.

Children by Abigail (Rich) Carpenter.

Rev. Estes Rich[3] Carpenter, a Methodist Episcopal Minister. He m. Orissa A. Hill.

Children.

I. Charles Rich[4].
II. Wilder Nichols[4], b. 1858; d. 1862.
III. Estes Rich[4], b. 1859.

Charles Rich[4] Carpenter m. Hattie Wakefield; they had one son.

Estes Rich[4] Carpenter m. ——— Nichols; they had one dau.

Matilda[2] Carpenter m. (1) Stephen Waters in 1822; m. (2) Rev. Willard Fuller, a Baptist minister in 1867. Mr. Waters b. 1797; d. Sept. 22, 1850.

Children of Matilda and Stephen Waters.

I. Jason[3] Waters, b. in West Sutton, 1824. He went to General Court in 1862, '63, '64. He was a great singer and singing teacher. Editor of the Fall River Times.
II. John[3] Carpenter, b. 1831; d. Nov. 20, 1900; m. Mary A. Abbott in 1856.
III. George[3], b. 1834; d. Sept. 28, 1834.
IV. Andrew Jackson, b. 1836; d. Aug. 26, 1900; m. Susan O. Aldrich in 1882.
V. Hannah Putnam, b. 1826; d. June 8, 1830.
VI. Nathan Putnam, b. 1838; d. Sept. 6, 1839.
VII. Julia Matilda, b. 1840; m. Henry M. Phelps in 1860.

Tyler[2] Carpenter, b. 1805; m. Betsey Waters, 1832; b. 1804; d. Nov. 5, 1863.

Children.

I. Harriet[3], Mary b. 1833; d. 1859.
II. George[3] Waters, b. 1834.

III. Lewis[3] Tyler, b. 1836; m. Caroline V. Inman in 1866.
IV. Julia[3] Nabby, b. 1839; d. Feb. 20, 1840.
V. Richard[3] J. W., b. 1841; d. July 28, 1851.
VI. Vuiett Julene, b. 1843; d. Jan. 2, 1886; m. Chas. J. Lange, 1865.
VII. Charles, b. 1847; d. Aug. 11, 1847.

David Waters Carpenter[3], b. 1815; d. Feb. 22, 1907; m. 1841, Harriet White Stockwell, b. 1819; d. Sept. 23, 1899.

Children.

I. Harriet Augusta[4], b. 1842; d. April 1, 1845.
II. David Franklin[4], b. 1844; d. March 21, 1845.
III. Harriet Eliza[4], b. 1846; d. June 1, 1856.
IV. David Brainerd[4], b. 1850; d. Aug. 14, 1856.
V. Ella Althea[4], b. 1852; d. Feb. 14, 1854.
VI. Emma Charlena[4], b. 1854.
VII. Abbie Russell[4], b. 1858; d. Jan. 15, 1889.
VIII. Elmer Elsworth[4], b. 1862.

Emma Charlena[4] (dau. of David Waters), b. 1854; m. Milton Herbert Sears in 1878. He b. 1854.

Children.

I. Mabel Harriet[5], b. 1879.
II. Herbert Franklin[5], b. 1880.
III. Winthrop Sylvanus[5], b. 1882.
IV. Willarette Carpenter[5], b. 1882.
V. Burton Russell[5], b. 1888; d. Sept. 6, 1888.
VI. Carmyn Ella[5] and
VII. Cola Abbie[5], b. 1890. Twins.

Herbert Franklin Sears m. ———; one son.

Winthrop Sylvanus Sears m. ———; one child.

Elmer Ellsworth Carpenter[4], son of David Waters Carpenter; m. Matilda Estella Cassidy, 1884, she b. 1859.

Children.

I. Florence Abbie[5], b. 1885.
II. David Ellsworth[5], b. 1889.

Florence Abbie (dau. of Elmer) m. Frank Berlin Stambaugh, 1912.

Rev. John Carpenter[3], (son of David[2], son of Simeon) b. in Charlton City, Mass. in 1825; d. in Holland, Mass. in 1873.

He attended the Wesleyan Academy at North Wilbraham, Mass. He became a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church and was stationed at Locks Village Shutesbury, Mass., South Deerfield, Mass. He came to Holland, Mass. in 1859 where he was pastor for three years, preaching in the old Baptist Church. He kept a store in town for two years, and finally purchased a farm of 125 acres adjoining the reservoir and dam, and dwelt in the large old house that had once been a tavern in the old stage coach days, where Alfred Lyon, Col. Church, Willard Weld, John Gould, and Amos Monroe and families had all lived before him. Mr. Carpenter lived the remainder of his life there, preaching and farming in Holland, West Woodstock and Mashapaug, Conn., ever fulfilling his calling by doing good. He married Clementine Harris McIntire, dau. of Eleazer and Bathsheba (Detray) McIntire in 1844. (*See Detray and McIntire Genealogy.*)

Children.

I. Edward Francis[4], b. 1844; m. and lives Florida.
II. Caroline Eliza[4], b. 1848; m. and lives in Stafford, Conn.
III. Mary Cordelia[4], b. 1858 m. and lives in Worcester, Mass.
IV. John Butler[4], b. 1860; m. and lives in Boston, Mass.
V. Rosa Lilla, b. 1868; d. 1884; b. and d. in Holland.

Edward Francis[4] m. (1) Sarah Jane Newhall, (2) Mary Elizabeth (Smith) Trefry. Child, Vinne Annabelle[5], b. 1874; m. Charles Warner Hurst, 1894, and had one child, Leo Warner Hurst[6], b. 1894.

Caroline Eliza[4], dau of Rev. John, m. Ezra Samuel Colburn 1874. Children, Myra Lillian[5], b. 1879 m. Wm. Archie Thompson, 1900 he b. 1866.

Children.

I. Merton Lyle Thompson[6], b. 1901.
II. Loretto Valette Thompson[6], b. May 9, 1913.

Mary Cordelia Carpenter[4] (dau. of Rev. John) m. Frank Shufelt Miller, 1887.

Children.

I. Harlow Archie, b. 1888.

II. Raymond Edile, b. 1891.
III. Irving Willard, b. 1892.
IV. Ina Mildred[5], b. 1894.
V. Lura Evelyn[5], b. 1896.

Harlow Archie m. Evelyn Louise Vyett, 1912; she was b. 1891.

John[4] Butler Carpenter (son of Rev. John) m. (1) Lizzie Ellen Plimpton, 1881; (2) Martha Ann Howard, b. 1881; m. 1907. Wife (1) b. 1862; d. Sept. 21, 1905.

Children.

Lena Florence[5] Carpenter, b. 1882; d. Sept. 17, 1884.
Tyler Ernest[5], b. 1883.
Lula Orla[5], b. 1887; d. March 13, 1897.
Otis Eddy[5], b. 1888.

Tyler[5] (son of John Butler) m. Florence Louise Hines, 1907; she was b. 1883

Child.

Alden Plimpton Carpenter[6], b. 1908.

Otis Eddy[5], m. Elizabeth Henrietta Frider, 1908, b. 1887.

Children.

I. Dorris Etta[6], b. 1908; d. 1909.
II. Myrtle Vinne[6], b. 1909.
III. Ellen Vivian[6], b. 1911.

THE CHURCH FAMILY OF HOLLAND

By Mr. Lovering.

Richard[1] Church b. in England 1608, came to America in the fleet with John Winthrop 1630. He settled in Hartford, Conn., where he was an original proprietor in 1637. In 1660 he moved to Hadley, Mass., where he died Dec. 16, 1667. One writer makes him one of the party that came over in the Mayflower. He had married Elizabeth Warren before emigrating to ' America. By her he had fifteen children. Benjamin Church the Indian fighter and leader in King Philips War was his third child, while Nathaniel was his fifth child. No better material for the pioneer life to which they came could be found anywhere than Richard and Elizabeth (Warren) Church, and they left a posterity hardy and courageous, that has achieved much for their country. The following genealogy is taken in part from John C. Church's admirable book on the genealogy of the Richard Church Family, to which the reader is referred. Benjamin Church who lived in Holland was the fifth generation from Richard Church, which the following plan will indicate for we wish to give only that part that became indentified with Holland's history:—Benjamin[5], Charles[4], Charles[3], Nathaniel[2], Richard[1]. Those who wish to study it further are referred to the above mentioned book. Benjamin[5] Church bought the homestead where Alfred Lyon had lived near Reservoir dam, as is proved by a deed bearing date 1806. The deed describes him as a merchant of Newport, R. I. His children were all born before he came to Holland.

CHURCH

By Charles Nutt.

1. Richard Church immigrant ancestor, came to New England in the fleet with Winthrop in 1630; was admitted a freeman Oct. 19, 1630; removed from Weymouth to Plymouth, where he was again admitted a freeman, Oct. 4, 1633. He was in Duxbury in 1637. In 1649 he sold his land at Plymouth and located at Eastham, Mass. He was a sergeant in the Pequot

War. He was at Charlestown in 1653 and at Hingham in 1657. At Sandwich, 1664, he deposed that he was 56 years old. He died at Dedham, Dec. 27, 1668. His will was dated at Hingham, Dec. 25, 1668. He married Elizabeth Warren, daughter of Richard Warren, who came in the Mayflower. His son Benjamin was the famous Indian fighter of Plymouth colony.

2. Nathaniel Church, son of Richard, lived in Scituate on the North River. He married in 1666 Sarah Barstow, daughter of William.

3. Captain Charles Church, son of Nathaniel, was born March 11, 1683-4; d. March 9, 1726-7. He settled in Plymouth and later in Freetown, Mass; a miller and mariner; was drowned in the bay opposite Fall River. He married, Sept. 11, 1686, Mary Pope, daughter of Seth and Deborah of Dartmouth.

Children.

Benjamin, b. Nov. 1, 1706.
Deborah, b. Jan. 12, 1707.
Charles, mentioned below.
Rebecca, b. April 15, 1715.
Joseph, March 20, 1715-6.
Sarah, b. Feb. 26, 1717-8.
Mary, b. 1719.
Susanna, 1721.
Hannah, 1723.
Seth, 1724.
Alice, 1726.

4. Captain Charles Church, son of Charles, was born at Plymouth in 1710; died May 6, 1762. He married in 1735 Frances Turner . He was a captain in the expedition against Canada and took part in the expulsion of the French from Arcadia at Grand Pre.

Children.

Charles, b. 1740.
Joseph, 1742.
Mary, 1744.
Hannah, 1746.
Seth, March 1, 1749.
Benjamin, mentioned below.
Susanna.
John.

5. Benjamin Church, son of Capt. Charles, was born at Freetown, Nov. 27, 1756 and died at Holland, Mass. in 1833. He was a soldier in the Revolution, in the 12th regt. Continental army, Jan. 1, 1776; served in 1776 in General Artemas Ward's guards; was later at Ft. Washington, N. Y.; also in Capt. Edward Burbeck's company, Col. Henry Knox's regt. and took part in the Battle of White Plains, Oct. 30, 1776; also took part in the Battles of Trenton and Princeton; discharged Feb. 10, 1777; pensioned. He was a trader at Freetown and Newport. He married, first Mehitable Triby, b. 1757; d. May 24, 1804. He married, second, May 24, 1807, Eliza Phillips, b. 1764, d. Feb. 1, 1834 at Holland, Mass.

Children by first wife.
William, b. June 25, 1779.
Charles, March 24, 1781.
Mehitable T., April 24, 1783.
Benjamin, June 30, 1785; drowned May 17, 1804.
Samuel, Sept. 6, 1787.
Isaac, Apr. 1, 1789; mentioned below.
Mary P., March 24, 1791.
Martha L., May 30, 1793.
Susanna, March 18, 1795.
Robert L., March 22, 1797.
George B., April 27, 1799.
Charles, Dec. 7, 1800.

6. Isaac Church, son of Benjamin, was born at Newport, Sept. 6, 1789 and died Dec. 15, 1848. He married at Holland, Mass., Aug. 31, 1811, Eunice Sherman, daughter of John, descendant of Rev. John Sherman, pioneer at Watertown, Mass.

Children.
Elizabeth, b. 1812; m. Nathan Fletcher of Holland.
Wealthy, m. Elias Smith.
James Sherman, mentioned below.
Isaac, b. 1824; d. 1826.

7. James Sherman Church, son of Isaac, was born at Holland in 1820; d. in Wales, Mass., Feb. 7, 1855. He was a farmer and shoemaker. He married Josephine Shaw of Wales, b. June 3, 1827; d. at Worcester, Mass., Oct. 11, 1908.

Children.
1. Hollis, b. May 29, 1847; living at So. Windsor, Ct.; m. Mary Webber.

Children.
Josephine.
Elsie.
Ruby.
Hollis.

2. Adela Josephine, b. 1849; m. Nov. 18, 1869, Henry E. Shaw, dealer in cigars and tobacco, manufacturer and wholesaler, in business in Worcester since 1881. Res. 1017 Main St. Store, 144 Front St., Worcester. No Children.
3. Bradford, died young.
4. Francena, died young.

SUPPLEMENTARY

By Lovering.

Benjamin Church[5], b. Nov. 24, 1756 at Freetown now Fall River, Mass.; d. in Holland, Mass., Nov. 25, 1833; m. (1) Mehitable Triby, b. 1757; d. May 24, 1804 at Newport; (2) Elizabeth Phillips, b. 1764; d. Feb. 1, 1834.

Children were all by first wife.

I. William[6], b. June 25, 1779; m. Sarah Phillips, Sept. 30, 1804; he d. Oct. 12, 1812.
II. Charles[6], b. March 24, 1781; d. Aug. 31, 1789; he was drowned.
III. Mehitable[6] T., b. April 24, 1783; m. 1806, Wm. Samuel Westgate, Jr.
IV. Benjamin[6], b. Jan. 30, 1785; d. May 17, 1804; drowned.
V. Samuel[6], b. Sept. 6, 1787; d. Nov. 10, 1849; m. Ruth Brewer.
VI. Isaac[6], m. April 1, 1789; d. Dec. 15, 1848; m. Eunice Sherman.
VII. Mary[6] P., b. May 24, 1791; d. Nov. 26, 1846; m. Willard Weld.
VIII. Martha[6] L., b. May 30, 1793; d. Sept. 12, 1848; m. Eli Kendrick.
IX. Susannah[6], b. March 18, 1795; d. March 12, 1803.
X. Robert[6] L., b. March 22, 1797; d. Oct. 3, 1826.
XI. George[6] B., b. April 27, 1799; d. Dec. 6, 1865; m. (1) Hannah Ingalls, (2) Phoebe Carr.
XII. Charles[6], b. Dec. 7, 1800; d. Dec. 17, 1861; m. Emily Marcy.

William[6] Church m. Sarah Phillips, Sept. 30, 1804.

Mehitable[6] T. Church m. Wm. Samuel Westgate, Jr., 1806.
Benjamin[6], b. Jan. 30, 1785; d. May 17, 1804.

The Newport Mercury said of him, "Drowned from on board ship Angeronia (Capt. Isaac Burdick) of this port on her passage from Charlestown, Mr. Benjamin Church, Jr., son of Mr. Benjamin Church of this town in the twentieth year of his age. In the death of the young man, his surviving parents and brothers and sisters will mourn the bereavement of a son and brother, endeared to them and esteemed by all who knew him for the affability of his manners and the sweetness of his temper and disposition. His faithful and intimate friends will bewail the loss of an affectionate friend and the community will regret the privation of enterprise and growing usefulness."

"Escaped from earth, O safe on that calm shore,
Where sin and pain and passion are no more;
So, soft remembrance drops a pious tear
And holy friendship sits a mourner there."

"One death in a family is apt to produce another," finds verification here, for we find the following quoted from the Newport Mercury, issued Saturday, May 26, 1804, respecting his mother:—

Died in this town, very suddenly, on Thursday evening, and evidently occasioned by the untimely end of her son, Mrs. Mehitable Church in the forty-fifth year of her age.. It is due to the merits of this lady to say she possessed many eminent virtues. As a wife she was kind, faithful and endearing; as a mother tender, affectionate, and discreet; as a friend beloved, esteemed, and respected. By her acquaintance, long will she be remembered.

"All, all is right by God ordained or done;
And who but God resumed the friend he gave?"

5. Samuel[6] Church m. (1) Betsy Thayer, (2) Ruth Brewer.
6. Isaac[6] Church m. (1811) Eunice Sherman.

Children.

Elizabeth[7], b. 1812; m. Nathan Fletcher.
Wealthy[7] b. 1818; m. Elias Smith.
James[7] S., b. 1820; m. Josephine Shaw of Wales.
Isaac[7] Jr., b. 1824; d. Aug. 11, 18—.

7. Mary[6] P. Church m. Willard Weld, Oct. 18, 1812. (*See Weld Genealogy.*)
8. Martha[6] L. Church m. Eli Kendrick 1816.
9. Susannah[6] Church; d. young.
10. Robert[6] L. Church.
11. George[6] B. Church; m. (1) Hannah Ingalls, Sept. 15, 1841; m. (2) Phoebe S. Carr, Nov. 1, 1854.
12. Charles[6] Church m. Emily Marcy.

Children.

Charles[7] who d. when a young man.

Isaac[6] Church m. Eunice Sherman 1811, Aug. 25.

Children.

Elizabeth[7], b. 1812; m. Nathan Fletcher.
Wealthy[7], b. 1818; m. Elias Smith.
James[7] S., b. 1820; m. Josephine Shaw of Wales, Mass.
Isaac[7], Jr., b. 1824; died 1826.

Martha[6] L. Church m. Eli Kendrick June 26, 1816.

Children.

Thomas[7], b. March 24, 1820; m. Ann Bennett.
George[7], b. July 29, 1822; m. Louisa Smith; 1 child.
Robert[7] L., b. Dec. 17, 1824; m. Caroline Deland Fourch.
Martha Ann[7], b. Dec. 9, 1826; m. Brightman Sargent; they had four children.
Mary Lucy[7], b. Jan. 18, 1829; m. Richard Hamet; no children.
Joseph Eli[7], b. Jan. 20, 1831; m. Louisa Driden; they had two children.
Ebenezer[7] P. b. Oct. 19, 1833; d. March 14, 1836.
Caroline[7] W., b. Apr. 20, 1836; m. Adin Thayer. One child.
Oliver[7] P., b. June 1, 1839; m. Mary Ann Bennett; they had four children.

James[7] S. Church m. Josephine Shaw of Wales, 1845. He died Feb. 7, 1855.

Children.

Bradford[8] S., b. 1845; d. Nov. 2, 1846.
Hollis[8], b. May 29, 1847; m. (1) Susan Varney, (2) Mary M. Webber.
Adela[8], b. Sept. 5, 1849; m. Henry E. Shaw of Wales.
Francena[8] R., b. ————; d. young.
Jas. S. Church's widow married Dea. Wm. A. Webber.

5. Hollis[8] Church (James S., Isaac, Benj.); b. May 29, 1847; m. (1) Susan Varney, b. in Sturbridge, (2) Mary M. Webber b. Nov. 21, 1852.

Children.

I. Josephine Mary[9], b. June 14, 1881; m. Sept. 22, 1907, Cyrus Ordway.

Children.

1. Sherman Church[10] Ordway; b. Jan. 22, 1910.
2. Josephine Priscilla[10] Ordway; b. July 5, 1912.
3. Robert Francis Shaw[10] Ordway, b. Apr. ——, 1914.

II. Elsie Adela[9] Church, b. Dec. 24, 1883.
III. Ruby Maud[9] Church, b. Feb. 14, 1888.
IV. Hollis Fayette[9] Church, b. Oct. 5, 1891.

THE CLARKE FAMILY

By Mrs. E. M. Webber.

1. Moses[1] Clarke m. Jemima ——— abt. 1785.

Children.

I. Cynthia[2], b. 1787; d. May 27, 1863, unm.
II. Lucretia[2], b. 1789; d. Feb. 10, 1841.
2. III. Moses[2] Harding, b. 1793; d. Nov. 24, 1871.
3. IV. Lurvey[2] Clarke, b. Aug. 12, 1800; d. Mar. 14, 1879.
V. Eliza Clarke, b. 1812; bpt. 1820; d. Aug. 21, 1837.

2. Moses[2] Harding Clarke (Moses) m. Almira Haynes (dau. of Benjamin and Polly Haynes of Holland) Sept. 1, 1819.

Children.

I. Mary[3] Dearing, b. abt. 1821.
II. Sophia[3] Ann, b. abt. 1823.
III. Caroline[4], bpt. June 26, 1825.
IV. Julia[3], b. ———.

3. Lurvey[2] Clarke (Moses[1]) m. Dorcas Maria Moore, of Springfield, Mass., Sept. 16, 1843, wife b. Apr. 10, 1810; d. Aug. 26, 1895.

Children.

4. I. Barton[3] S. Clarke, b. Sept. 17, 1844.
II. Everett[3] H., b. Feb. 9, 1846; d. Apr. 17, 1861.
5. III. Geo. N.[3] Briggs Clarke, b. Nov. 25, 1848; d. Dec. 2, 1905.
IV. William[3] S., b. May 2, 1850; d. Apr. 11, 1861.
6 V. Charles[3], b. Dec. 16, 1853; d. ———.
VI. Alice[3], b. Nov. 25, 1859; m. Samuel Colburn of Stafford, Ct.; no issue.

4. Barton[3] S. Clarke (Lurvey[2], Moses[1]) m. Mary Jane Elizabeth Clarke Dec. 31, 1866; she d. Oct. 12, 1899.

Children.

Josephine[4] Augusta, b. Nov. 7, 1878; m. William Edward Balmer, M.D., Apr. 18, 1906.

Children.

I. Elizabeth[5] Ray, b. Apr. 27, 1907.
II. Eleanor Clarke, b. Jan. 29, 1910.

5. George[3] Briggs Clarke (Lurvey[2], Moses[1]) m. Ellen Elizabeth Needham of Wales, Mass. Apr. 1, 1868.

6. Charles[3] Clarke (Lurvey[2], Moses[1]) m. Ella ———.

Children.

I. Etta[4].
II. Mabel[4].
III. Fannie[4].
IV. George[4].

Moses Clarke admitted to Church June 10, 1832.
Moses Clarke's wife admitted to Church, July 7, 1816.
Sally Clarke, bpt. Nov. 21, 1824.

Chauncy D. Thompson of Brookfield m. Julia Clarke of Holland.

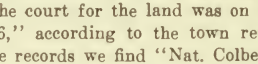
THE COLBURN FAMILY

By Mrs. E. M. Webber.

The founder of the Colburn family in America was Nathaniel Colburn, who came from England in 1637 and settled in Dedham, Mass. He was admitted to the Church Nov. 29, 1640 and made a freeman June 21, 1641. He married May 25, 1639, Priscilla Clark. She was admitted to the church Aug. 3, 1640.

Nathaniel Colburn was a man of importance in Dedham holding town offices, the records showing his frequent participation in the legal affairs of the town. An interesting example of the evolution of a name is observed in the variously spelled signatures; as follows: "Nathaniell Coleburne," in a list of signers of the "covenant" connected with the organizing of the town, ("we petition to the court for the land was on the 10th day of ye 7 month 1636," according to the town records of Dedham.) In these same records we find "Nat. Colberne," in 1637, "Nat Colborne" 1638, also "Colbearne," "Nath. Coulbourne," 1641, Nath. Coalbourne," 1650, Nath. Coalburne, 1651, and 1676, among other autograph signatures to a paper of importance.

The name has become Nathaniel Colburn, we herewith give the facsimile of the handwriting of the first Colburn in America,



In 1646, Nathaniel Colburn's barn and seventeen tons of hay, one horse, and several swine, in the West Parish were destroyed by lightning. The loss was two thousand dollars.

On Jan. 11, 1670, Nathaniel Colburn represented to the town that a great part of the mill creek, "being digged for the purpose of supplying the corn mills with water" was within his land and therefore that he was entitled to remuneration in some other land, this petition was granted.

Nathaniel[1] and Priscilla (Clark) Colburn had eleven children as follows:

SECOND GENERATION.

I. Sarah[2], b. Feb. 15, 1640.
II. Rebecca[2], b. Dec. 17, 1642.
III. Nathaniel[2], b. Jan. 1, 1644.
IV. Priscilla[2], b. Feb. 1, 1646; m. Nov. 12, 1668, Joseph Morse.
V. John[2], b. May 29, 1648.
VI. Mary[2], b. Nov. 21, 1650.
VII. Hannah[2], b. Nov. 20, 1652.
VIII. Samuel[2], b. Nov. 25, 1654.
IX. Deborah[2], b. Nov. 28, 1656.
X. Benjamin[2], b. July 24, 1659.
XI. Joseph[2], b. Oct. 1, 1662.

John[2] (Nathaniel[1]), b. May 29, 1648, in West Dedham, Mass.; m. in 1672, Experience Leland; he d. in 1708. They had seven children as follows:

THIRD GENERATION.

I. John[3], b. Dec. 14, 1675; d. 1732.
II. Ebenezer[3], b. Oct. 21, 1677.
III. Deborah[3], b. Mar. 14, 1680.
IV. Hannah[3], b. Sept. 16, 1683.
V. Bertha[3], b. Feb. 28, 1686.
VI. Daniel[3], b. Aug. 4, 1689.
VII. Experience[3], b. Mar. 16, 1692.

Daniel[3] Colburn (John[2], Nathaniel[1]), b. Aug. 4, 1689, in West Dedham, went to Stafford, Conn. in 1718, and settled there on what has since been known as Colburn Hill. From him descended all the Colburns of that town and those who lived in Holland, Mass. He had two wives and six children.

FOURTH GENERATION.

I. Daniel[4].
II. Joseph[4].
III. John[4].
IV. Ebenezer[4].
V. Mittee.
VI. Samuel.

Daniel[4] (Daniel[3], John[2], Nathaniel[1]); m. and had three children as follows:

FIFTH GENERATION

I. Daniel[5].
II. Reuben[5].
III. Soloman[5].

Daniel[5] (Daniel[4], Daniel[3], John[2], Nathaniel[1]), m. Elizabeth Moulton. They had thirteen children as follows:

SIXTH GENERATION

I. Lourinda[6], m. Paris Carpenter had children Lotia[7], Hammond[7], Diana[7], Nancy[7], Mary[7], Ira[7], Clarissa[7], Charles[7].

II. Polly[6], m. Alfred Miller; they had children. Eliza[7], Zuba[7], Sally[7], Billings[7], Frank[7], Frank[7], Jasper[7], Elvira[7].

III. John[6] m. Eliza Carrington, had children George[7], John[7], John[7], Charles[7], Grace[7], William[7], Edward[7], Charles[7].

IV. Erastus[6] m. Polly Van Hoover; they had child, Alixis[7].

V. Daniel[6], m. Fanny Etheridge had children, Clarisa[7], George[7] D., Sumner[7] N., Ledyard[7].

VI. Leonora[6], d. at 12 years of age.

VII. Ephraim[6] m. Candace Hodges, they had children, Amelia[7], Aurelia[7], Betsey[7], Elbridge[7], Almeda[7].

VIII. Horace[6], b. May 26, 1797, m. Mar. 6, 1823, Cynthia Rogers, she was b. Feb. 14, 1803; d. May 1874; had children, Horace[7], Danforth[7], Jane[7].

IX. Josiah[6], m. Susan Clark, they had children, Susan[7], Benjamin[7], Adella[7], Howard[7], Charlotte[7].

X. Elvira[6], m. Gardner Wallace, Mar. 7, 1823, had children, Elizabeth[7], Augusta[7].

XI. Sullivan[6], m. (1) Martha Hull, (2) Hannah Hull; they had children. Richard[7], Frank[7], Mary[7], Gardner[7], Annah[7].

XII. Sylvester[6], (twin to Sullivan) m. Elizabeth Hull, had children, Frederick[7], Arthur[7], Hull[7], Armour[7], Anjanette[7], Daniel[7].

XIII. Laura[6], m. Marquis Ball, had children Chauncy[7], Redmond[7], Sarah[7], Cornelia[7], Hiram[7], Emily[7].

Ephraim[6] Colburn (Daniel[5], Daniel[4], Daniel[3], John[2], Nathaniel[1]) was b. in Stafford, Conn., in June, 1802, was m. abt. 1825 to Candace[6] Hodges of Stafford; b. Feb. 1805. She was a great grandchild of Daniel[3] Colburn, as also was her husband Ephraim. The descent of Candace is as follows: Samuel[4] (son of Daniel[3], and brother to Daniel[4]); m. ——— Patterson. He d. in Stafford 1826. They had three children.

I. Sarah[5], m. Joseph Rogers and had dau. Cynthia.
II. Irene[5].
III. Samuel, Jr.[5], m. and had large family in Stafford.

Irene[5] m. ———Hodges, he d. in Canada, his wife Irene d. in Stafford at the home of her brother Samuel Jr. now the home of Ezra Colburn who m. Caroline Carpenter. (*See Carpenter Genealogy.*)

Irene[5] and Mr. Hodges had three children.

I. Elbridge[6].
II. Betsey[6], m. ——— Drake and had two children, Hiram[7] and Harlow[7].
III. Candace[6], m. Ephraim Colburn abt. 1825.

The Hodges family of this country originated in Taunton, Mass., the first comer being William Hodges, there in 1643, from what place is not known. Ephraim[6] Colburn d. Nov. 24, 1847, and Candace m. (2) Elijah Lombard of Brimfield, Apr., 1853. Candace died at the home of her dau., Betsey Switzer, in Holland, Dec. 13, 1876. Ephraim[6] and Candace Colburn had five children as follows:.

SEVENTH GENERATION.

I. Amelia[7], b. Sept. 14, 1827; d. June 9, 1836.
II. Aurelia[7], b. Oct. 22, 1828; m. Edwin Damon Mar. 3, 1851, she d. Feb. 16, 1905, he d. June 8, 1910.
III. Betsey[7], b. Nov. 16, 1831; m. J. Henry Switzer Nov. 26, 1857. (*See Switzer Genealogy.*)
IV. Elbridge, b. Apr. 5, 1834; m. Grace Baldwin Nov. 25, 1855 of New Haven, Ct.; he d. May 11, 1864.
V. Almeda, b. Aug. 14, 1837; m. Sept. 14, 1856, Charles Blodgett, they had four children (*See Blodgett Genealogy*), she d. June 7, 1868.

Going back to the sixth generation we find the twins Sullivan[6] and Sylvester[6], brothers of Ephraim[6]; their likeness to each other was so complete that no one except their mother could distinguish between them. Their father to make sure of a response invariably addressed each twin son, as Sul-Sylvester. A story is told of their youthful days when together they went to pay court to the Hull sisters whom they afterwards married. One of the brothers asked the young lady of his

choice how she knew the one from the other as they not only looked alike but dressed alike. She replied that it was through a slight difference in their vests which she had observed. The lovers changed vests before making the next call and so changed sweet-hearts to the discomfiture of the young women when the joke was discovered.

The Colburn twins combined the dowers bought them respectively by their wives in a profitable business and amassed immense fortunes. Arthur[7] Colburn son of Sylvester was established in the spice business in Philadelphia. He too accumulated a great fortune, many times that of his father and uncle. His spices were brought from foreign lands in his own ships and at this writing Colburn's spices can be found in some grocery stores, he having been dead some years. His death was a tragedy; out in his yacht with his family for a sail on Long Island Sound, he was struck by a gale and his boat capsized, all of his family were drowned excepting his blind wife who was at home and a daughter who was able to float and was rescued. Of the seventh generation Aurelia Colburn and her husband Edwin Damon lived in the South part of the town for some years, then removed to the north of Holland where they lived and died. Mr. Damon was a big hearted, quiet, scholarly man, highly respected. Mrs. Damon was known and loved by all; notwithstanding years of ill health she abounded in cheery words, kind deeds and benevolences unknown to any save the recipients.

Elbridge[7] Colburn was a captain and quartermaster in the 62nd Connecticut Cavalry in the civil war. He died May 11, 1864, while home on a furlough.

From History of Union, Conn.

Dea. Humphrey[1] Cram married Hannah ———

Children.

Sarah[2], ———; m. John Rosebrooks, Apr. 10, 1760.

Mehitable[2], b. Apr. 15, 1745; m. Jonah Loomis, Oct. 18, 1764.

(Jonah?) Jonathan[2] b. March 9, 1747.

Chloe[2] b. Nov. 25, 1750 m. Peter Faulkner Sept. 12, 1778.

Children.

Mary.

THE DAMON FAMILY.

By Mrs. E. M. Webber

The Damons were early settlers in America. They were from an ancient and illustrious family of French origin: They emigrated to England at an early date, about the 13th or 14th century. A coat of arms with motto, Pro Rege, Pro Lege, Pro Grege proves they were a family of substance and standing. A number of families of the name came to America as early as 1650, among them Thomas[1] Damon, who settled in Wayland. He was the ancestor of the Ludlow, Granby and Holland Damons, and other families. The Rev. Jude Damon was a near relative who was a graduate of Harvard College in 1776 and was ordained at Truro in 1786. Thomas[2] Damon (son of Thomas[1]) was b. Jan. 31, 1659, and d. Oct. 20, 1723 and m. May 16, 1683, Lucy Ann Emerson dau. of Rev. Joseph Emerson of Mendon.

Children of Thomas[2] and Lucy Ann Damon:

3. I. Lucy[3] Ann, b. May 20, 1684.
4. II. Joseph[3], b. Sept. 28, 1686.
5. III. Ebenezer[3], b. Mar. 12, 1690; d. May 24, 1703.
6. IV. Elizabeth[3], b. June 26, 1693.
7. V. Hannah[3], b. Sept. 16, 1695.
8. VI. Mehitable[3], b. Nov. 20, 1699.
9. VII. Mary[3], b. Aug. 31, 1701.
10. VIII. Thomas[3], b. Dec. 25, 1703; m. Abigail Rice.
11. IX. John[3], b. May 10, 1709; m. ——— Gleason.
12. X. Abigail[3], b. Nov. 29, 1713.

10. Thomas[3] Damon (Thomas[2], Thomas[1]), b. Dec. 25, 1703, removed from Reading to Wayland, where he d. Mar. 6, 1796, aged 92; he m. Abigail Rice, whose grandfather was one of the first settlers of Wayland.

11. John[3] Damon (Thomas[2], Thomas[1]), was b. May 10, 1709; went to Brookfield, in 1758; bought land in Warren, then called Western. He went in Col. Jedediah Foster's Reg't, which marched to Roxbury, Apr. 21, 1775, in response to the alarm given at Lexington; he m. ——— Gleason; children were Peter[4], John[4], Jude[4].

12. Peter[4] Damon (John[3], Thomas[2], Thomas[1]), b. in Warren, Mass., in 1740; d. in Granby, Nov. 27, 1818 (his house and

farm lying part in Ludlow, part in Granby. The town line running right through the house); he went to war with his father John; he removed from Warren to Ludlow after marriage and before his three youngest children were born, (between 1776 and 1777) as his three youngest children were b. in the Ludlow Granby house. Peter Damon m. Aug. 9, 1766, Lydia Putnam, b. in 1744 and d. May 28, 1809, dau. of Capt. Josiah Putnam and niece of Gen. Israel Putnam.

Children of Peter and Lydia Damon.

I. Lucinda[6], b. Nov. 25, 1767; m. Sherwood Beebe of Ludlow.
II. Lydia[6], b. July 10, 1769; m. Orlando Chapin of New York.
13. III. Asa[6], b. Apr. 21, 1771; m. Catherine Wright; d. 1846.
IV. Pattie[6], b. Jan. 30, 1773.
14. V. Henry[6], b. May 6, 1776; m. Ruby Winchester and d. 1857.
VI. Sally[6], b. in Ludlow 1777; m. Josiah Simms of New York.
VII. Roxy[6], b. in Ludlow, 1779; unm.
15. VIII. Eli[6], b. in Ludlow 1783; m. Bathsheba Fletcher, 1813.

15. Eli[6] Damon (Peter[4], John[3], Thomas[2], Thomas[1]), b. 1783; sold his property, the Ludlow Granby farm, which he bought of his father in 1814-15 about 1825 as he moved to Holland in the Spring of 1826 and died the following August leaving a wife and four children. Soon after his death Mrs. Damon bought the place in the south part of Holland of her Uncle James Lawrence Wales of Wales, Mass., receiving the deed in 1827. She lived there until 1856 when she sold the property and bought the place in the north part of town known as the Benj. Wilson place. She was a lady highly esteemed by all who knew her. The family lived 54 years in their new home. Mrs. Damon died Apr. 1865; her son Edwin[6] Putnam and dau. Laura continued to live there until death.

Children of Eli[6] and Bathsheba Damon.

I. Lucy[6] Maria, b. 1817 in Granby, Mass.; d. Apr. 1, 1869.
II. Laura[6] Matilda, b. 1819 in Granby, Mass.; d. Feb. 5, 1905. She was ever alert to do good

with the money she always considered a gift of God and used it freely to extend the Gospel to all nations never forgetting the little Home Church in Holland, altho she was a member of the Methodist Church.

III. Edwin[6] Putnam, b. 1822, in Granby; d. June 8, 1910.

IV. Sarah[6] Damon, b. June 16, 1824 in Granby; d. Jan. 4, 1868.

Lucy[6] Maria Damon, b. 1817; m. Freeman M. Brown of Stafford, Ct., Jan. 1, 1838; he d. June 1, 1903.

Children.

I. Maria[7], b. 1841; was accidentally shot in 1847.

II. Lena[7] Hortense, b. July 12, 1843; d. June 10, 1900.

III. Freeman[7] M. Brown, Jr., b. 1852; lives in Detroit, Mich.; three children born to them died in infancy.

Edwin[6] Putnam Damon m. Aurelia Colburn, Mar. 31, 1851. (*See Colburn Genealogy.*)

Sarah[6] Damon, b. June 16, 1824; m. William Ainsworth Webber, Mar. 19, 1843. (*See Webber Genealogy.*)

THE DEAN FAMILY

By Curtis Dean.

Dr. David Buck Dean was born at Killingly, Conn. Sept. 4, 1787; Avilda Pike Dean, wife of David Buck Dean, was born at Brooklyn, Conn., March 13, 1798; David Buck Dean and Avilda Pike were married at Holland, Mass., Sept. 11, 1814.

Children.

Henry S. Dean was born at Holland, Mass. July 20th, 1823.

Ann Jennette Dean was born at Holland, Mass. Oct. 15, 1825.

Erepta Maria Dean was born at Holland, Mass. May 18, 1828.

Deaths.

Avilda Pike Dean died at Eastford, Conn. Nov. 10, 1861 aged 63 years.

Dr. David Buck Dean died at Coventry, Conn. March 1, 1866, aged 78 years.

Dr. Henry Spalding Dean died at Coventry, Conn. January 15, 1898, aged 74 years.

Ann Jeanette Dean Sessions died at Boston, Mass., Aug. 8, 1899, aged 73 years 9 months. Left a son, Arthur D. Marcy, now living in Boston, Mass.

Erepta Maria Dean Seagraves died at Worcester, Mass. somewhere between 1876 and 1880. Had a son Chas. who died before she did.

Henry Spalding Dean m. Charlotte Curtis at South Coventry, Conn., their son Curtis Dean is living and practicing law in South Coventry and Willimantic, Conn.

Dr. H. S. Dean practiced medicine in South Coventry and surrounding towns for a period of forty five years. A graduate of Jefferson Medical School, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE DETRAY FAMILY

By Webber.

Jean Baptiste[1] Antoine Pierre De Estrees was born in Paris, France, 1756. He was the only son but had two sisters, Emily and Arsula. His family was of the nobility and very wealthy. He came to this country with the Marquis de Lafayette, an intimate friend of his, at the time of the Revolutionary War. He was appointed commissary General. He took part in the battle of Yorktown and never returned to his native land. His parents and sisters are supposed to have been guillotined at the time of the French Revolution. He married Olive Carpenter daughter of Sessions Carpenter of Killingly, Conn. and kept the first silk store in Providence, R. I. He died suddenly at Woodstock, Conn., in 1824, a few weeks before Gen. Lafayette visited this country and whose visit he was anxiously anticipating.

Jean[1] B. A. P. De Estrees m. Olive Carpenter.

Children.

I. Anthony[2] b. 1779; d. in 1846; m. Amy Mathewson.
II. Nancy[2], b. 1784; d. in 1869; m. (1) Wiley Barrett, (2) Joel McIntire, b. 1789, d. 1862.
III. Emily[2], b. 1786; d. in 1860; m. Levi McIntire, 1805.
IV. Peggy[2], b. 1791; d. in 1859; m. (1) Rufus McIntire of Charlton, Mass., (2) Ellis Thayer. Rufus McIntire was in the war of 1812 and died 1813.
V. Bathsheba Detray[2], b. July 7, 1793; d. 1880; m. Eleazer McIntire.
VI. Francis, b. 1798; d. 1875 in Ohio; m. Calista Adams.

Emily Detray[2] m. Levi McIntire.

Children.

I. Liberty McIntire[3], b. 1806; d. Craftsbury, Vt., in 1887.
II. Estes McIntire[3], b. 1808; d. 1889.
III. Levi Jun McIntire[3], Jr., b. 1813; d. in Charlton, Mass., in 1874.
IV. Elijah McIntire[3], b. 1821; d. 1885.

Liberty McIntire[3] m. ———

Children.

I. Emily McIntire[4], b. 1834; d. 1891.
II. Mary J. McIntire[4], b. 1836.
III. ——— McIntire[4], ——— d. early.

Estes McIntire[3] m. (1) Abigail Bachelor of Vt.; (2) Elizabeth Maud of England.

Children.

I. Rufus Nelson McIntire[4], b. 1837; m. Sarah Bond, Sturbridge, Mass.
II. Frances McIntire[4], b. 1842; d. ——— 1844.
III. Frank W. McIntire[4], b. 1850; d. 1865.
IV. Winnifred Etta McIntire[4], b. 1872; m. (1) Pease; (2) Grenash, 1 child.

Levi Jun McIntire, Jr., m. Julia Ann Richards of Sturbridge, Mass.; she was b. 1828; d. ——— 1905.

Children.

I. Ella Sophia McIntire[4], b. 1848; m. —— Knight; 1 child.
II. Eva Lewis McIntire[4], b. 1853; d. 1904; m. Avery Grosvenor of Worcester, Mass. 2 children, Edith and Charles.

Elijah McIntire[3] m. Mary Eliza Doughty.

I. Samuel Bainbridge McIntire[4], ——— m. ———
II. Alice E. McIntire[4], b. 1850; d. 1868.

Peggy Detray[2] m. (1) Rufus McIntire in 1810; he d. in 1813; (2) m. Ellis Thayer.

Child.

I. Mary W. Thayer[3], b. 1815; d. 1885; m. Elisha Thayer, 1834.

Children of Mary (Thayer) Thayer and Elisha Thayer of Worcester.

I. Sarah C. Thayer[4], b. 1835; d. Worcester, Mass., 1912.
II. Mary Sophronia Thayer[4], b. ———
III. Martha L. Thayer[4], b. 1840; d. ——— 1846.
IV. Andrew B. Thayer[4], b. 1843; d. 1844.

Sarah C. Thayer[4] m. Seth Carpenter, 1854.

Children.

I. Marcus W. Carpenter, b. 1860; m. Emma D. Baker of West Stafford, Ct., in 1883; had 1 son Harry W. Carpenter, b. 1885.

II. Martha E. Carpenter, b. 1863; m. ——— Wood.
III. Willie E. Carpenter, b. 1868; d. 1869.

Rufus Nelson McIntire[4] (son of Estes[3]) m. Sarah Bond of Sturbridge, Mass.

Children.

I. Henry McIntire ———
II. Nettie McIntire ———
III. Flora McIntire ———

Bathsheba Detray[2] m. Eleazer McIntire 1815; she was the daughter of John Baptiste Anthony Peter Detray and Olive (Carpenter) Detray. Nancy Detray her sister lived in Holland some years with her niece, the Rev. John Carpenter's wife, Bathsheba, spending her last years with her daughter and d. here in 1866. (*See McIntire Genealogy.*)

THE FLETCHER FAMILY

By Mrs. E. M. Webber.

The name Fletcher was originally written Fladger also Flechier: some infer French extraction. All traditions however concur in making our early ancestors of English or Welsh stock and Yorkshire is named as the spot whence they emigrated to America. The name is and has been common there. Rev. Elijah Fletcher of Hopkinton, N. H., b. 1774; d. 1786 (whose dau. Grace married Daniel Webster) was first to make a genealogical collection of the family. He believed our great Ancestor Robert Fletcher came from Yorkshire.

1. Robert[1] Fletcher settled in Concord, Mass. in 1630 In which year seventeen ships arrived in Massachusetts Bay and Plymouth. He had then three sons and was himself 38 years of age. It was five years later that Concord was organized. He was a wealthy influential man; he died at Concord Apr. 3, 1677, aged 85 years. Children, Luke[2], William[2], Samuel[2], Francis[2] and Carrie[2].

2. Francis[2] b. in Concord 1636; m. Elizabeth, dau. of Geo. and Katherine Wheeler; he remained with his father in Concord and became a great land owner. He was reported "In full communion with ye Church in Concord," in 1677 and admitted freeman the same year. At that time he owned 17 lots of land in Concord amounting to 437 acres. His wife Elizabeth d. June 14, 1704.

Children.

Samuel[3].
Joseph[3].
Elizabeth[3].
John[3].
Sarah[3].
Hezekiah[3].
Hannah[3].
Benjamin[3].

3. Samuel[6] Fletcher (Francis[2], Robert[1], corporal); b. Aug. 6, 1675, m. Elizabeth Wheeler Apr. 15, 1682. He was selectman of Concord in 1705-07-12-13; d. Oct. 23, 1744; wife survived him three days.

Children born in Concord.

Samuel[4].
Joseph[4].
Elizabeth[4].
Sarah[4].
John[4].
Hannah[4].
Ruth[4].
Rebecca[4].
Samuel[4].
Benjamin[4].
Timothy[4].

4. Timothy Fletcher[4] (Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]), b. in Concord Aug. 28, 1704; m. Elizabeth ———.

Children born in Concord.

Elizabeth[5].
Timothy[5].
Sarah[5].
John[5].
James[5].
Joseph[5].
Benjamin[5].
Ephraim[5].
Lydia[5].
Joel[5].
Samuel[5].

5. Ephraim[5] Fletcher (Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]), b. Feb. 5, 1740; m. Sara Davenport, b. Oct. 1, 1739; m. Dec. 7, 1762; he d. at Newport N. H., Jan. 1, 1836.

Children.

I. Sarah[6], b. 1763; m. Jonathan Wakefield.
II. Ephraim[6], b. Nov. 23, 1767; m. Jael Morse.
6. III. Amos[6], b. Mar. 2, 1770; m. Lucy Alden.
IV. Polley[6], b. July 7, 1771; m. James Lawrence Wales, for whom Wales, Mass., was named.
V. Lydia[6], b. Dec. 21, 1774; m. Alburgence Griggs, Brimfield, Mass.
VI. Timothy[6], b. July 14, 1778; m. Lois Metcalf of Newport, N. H.
VII. Anna[6], b. Jan. 8, 1781; m. Pliny Wight of Wales, Mass.
VIII. Joel[6], b. Oct. 9, 1783; m. Dilla Rogers of Wales, Mass.
IX. Benj.[6], b. Aug. 6, 1788; was drowned May, 1857.

6. Amos[6] Fletcher (Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); lived in Holland, Mass. several years prior to 1840 when his wife died and he went to live with the Enfield Shakers where he remained until death and is buried there, he m. Lucy Alden, May 29, 1793. She was a descendant of John Alden of Mayflower fame. Amos d. Dec. 31, 1857.

1st generation; John Alden, b. 1599; d. 1687; m. Priscilla Mullens, 1623.
2nd generation; Joseph Alden m. Mary Simmons.
3rd generation; Dea. Joseph Alden m. Harriet Dunham.
4th generation; Samuel Alden m. Sarah Edson.
5th generation; Josiah Alden m. Bathsheba Jones.
6th generation; Amos Fletcher m. Lucy Alden.

Children of Amos[6] and Lucy Fletcher.

I. Charity[7], b. Sept. 24, 1793; d. Feb. 11, 1858; m. Roswell Blodgett, Feb. 22, 1821. (See Blodgett Genealogy.)
II. Bathsheba[7], b. Sept. 24, 1793; d. Apr. 23, 1865; m. Eli Damon in 1813. (See Damon Genealogy.)
7. III. Joel[7] Fletcher, b. Mar. 16, 1795; d. Sept. 28, 1841; m. Dec. 28, 1819, Fanny Webber. (See Webber Genealogy.)
8. IV. Erastus[7], b. Nov. 20, 1797; d. Nov. 27, 1883; m. (1) Mary Marcy; (2) Sarah Marcy; (3) Elmira Hersey.
9. V. Zebina[7], b. Mar. 8, 1802; d. Nov. 28, 1858; m. (1) Nancy Sherman; (2) Betsey ———
VI. Louisa[7], b. Feb. 11, 1804; d. June 3, 1805.
10. VII. Amos[7], b. Feb. 20, 1806; d. June 9, 1864; m. Charlotte Cooper.
11. VIII. Nathan[7], b. Dec. 28, 1808; d. Sept. 5, 1857; m. Eliza Church.

7. Joel Fletcher[7] (Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Sam[3], Frances[2], Robert[1]); m. Fanny Webber (dau. of Julius) Dec. 28, 1819.

Children.

I. Loring[8] Fletcher, b. Oct. 23, 1820; d. Mar. 17, 1877; m. Mary Bixby.
II. Louisa[8], b. July 30, 1822; d. Dec. 9, 1887; m. Merrick Groves.
III. Sarah[8], b. Nov. 20, 1825; d. May 3, 1877; unm.
IV. Harriet[8] b. Mar. 25, 1828; d. July 11, 1908; unm.

V. Charles[8], b. Dec. 18, 1830; d. Apr. 21, 1832.
VI. Andrew[8] Porter, b. Feb. 26, 1835; d. Oct. 7, 1873; m. Margaret Garretts.

8. Erastus[7] Fletcher (Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Tim[4], Sam[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]), m. (1) Polly Marcy, b. Nov. 20, 1804; d. May 8, 1838; m. Mar. 19, 1826; m. (2) Sarah Marcy, b. Apr. 22, 1808; d. Sept. 8, 1839; m. (3) Elmira Hersey of Boston July 21, 1840; b. Dec. 20, 1814; d. Dec. 31, 1897.

Children of Erastus and Polly (Marcy) Fletcher.

I. Lyman[8] Washington, b. Nov. 12, 1828; d. Aug. 4, 1838.
12. II. Mary[8] Luran, b. Feb. 17, 1830; d. Sept. 19, 1906.
13. III. Lyman[8] Flynt, b. Apr. 18, 1831; d. Feb. 28, 1894.
14. IV. Orrin[8] Lincoln, b. Aug. 10, 1832; d. June 20, 1897.
15. V. John[8] D. L., b. Dec. 14, 1836.

Children of Erastus and Elmira (Hersey) Fletcher.

16. VI. Geo.[8] Nelson, b. Apr. 30, 1841; d. June 2, 1913.
17. VII. Harriet[8] Elmira, b. Aug. 27, 1842.
18. VIII. Charles[8] Wesley, b. Nov. 19, 1844.
19. IX. Maria[8] Emeline, b. Aug. 22, 1846.
20. X. Wilbur[8] Fiske, b. Jan. 10, 1848; d. Sept. 19, 1854.
21. XI. Ellen[8] Eliza, b. Sept. 2, 1849.
22. XII. William[8] Franklin, b. July 2, 1851.
XIII. Sarah[8] Amelia, b. Aug. 10, 1853; d. Oct. 13, 1853.
23. XIV. Herbert[8] Hersey, b. Aug. 10, 1855.
XV. Edward[8], b. Feb. 17, 1858; d. in infancy.
24. XVI. Harlan[8] Foster; b. Nov. 10, 1860.

12. Mary[8] Luran (Erastus[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]), m. Harvey Pratt, Jan. 15, 1850.

Children.

I. Mary[9] Esther, b. Dec. 25, 1850; d. ———
II. Harvey[9] Sylvester, b. Nov. 18, 1851; d. ———
III. Lucy[9] Elmira, b. May 24, 1853; d. 1853.
IV. William[8] Spencer, b. Aug. 25, 1855; d. 1875.
V. Fanny[8] Eliza, b. July 14, 1856; d. 1856.
VI. Lemuel[8] Erastus, b. ——— d. ———
VII. William[8] Fletcher, b. ——— d. ———
VIII. Dwight[8], b. ——— 1868; d. Sept. 6, 1903; m. Dwight has three children living.

13. Lyman[8] Flint (Erastus[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Miriam Coomer, Dec. 17, 1857; she b. Jan. 23, 1834.

Child.

I. Jennie Francis, b. Jan. 9, 1862.

14. Orrin[8] Lincoln (Erastus[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. (1) Mary Jennette Worthington; (2) Maria Orcult Pasco, Nov. 23, 1865; she d. Apr., 1913.

Children.

I. Wilbur[9] L., b. Sept. 13, 1858; m. Nettie Moore of Stafford, Ct.
II. Everett[9] L., b. Aug. 14, 1864; m. Mattie S. Cooly of Stafford, Ct.
III. Eva[9] Jennette, b. Sept. 8, 1870; m. Artemus Kellogg.
IV. Herbert[9] O., b. Aug. 7, 1872; m. ———; had 1 son.

15. John[8] D. L. (Erastus[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Tabitha Story Devereau, Nov. 13, 1859; she d. Apr. 3, 1904.

Children.

I. Harley[9] P., b. Feb. 2, 1861; d. Feb. 17, 1865.
II. Walter[9] Irving, b. Dec. 20, 1864; d. Jan. 4, 1898, at White Rock, Westerly, R. I.; he has two sons living.
III. Albert[9], } twins b. Dec. 2, 1866; d. 1866.
IV. Alfred[9]. }
V. Lucy Alden[9], b. 1868; d. ——— 1868.

16. Geo.[8] Nelson Fletcher (Erastus[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Mary Chapman, Apr. 17, 1870; b. Apr. 4, 1848.

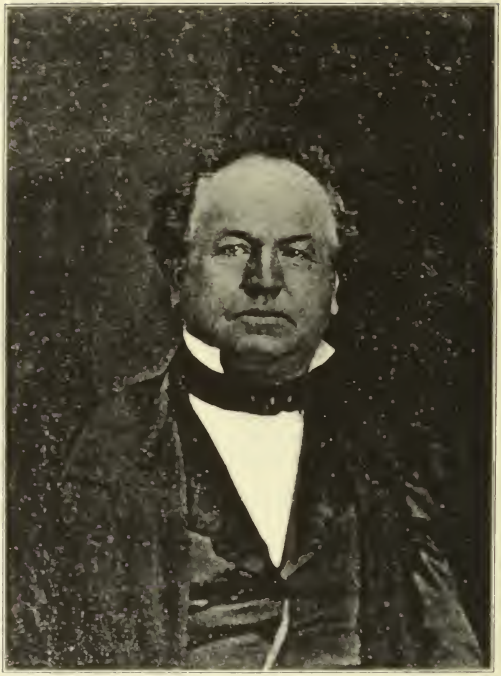
Child.

Elizabeth[9] Elmira, b. Apr. 21, 1871, Granby, Mass.

17. Harriett[8] Elmira Fletcher (Erastus[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Henry C. Bouton of Paterson N. Y., Aug. 23, 1866; he d. 1814.

Children.

I. Henry[9] P., b. May 30, 1867; d. Sept. 5, 1867.
II. Clarence[9] E., b. Mar. 1, 1869; d. Dec. 1, 1878.
III. Louis[9] E., b. Oct. 7, 1871.



ZEBINA FLETCHER

18. Charles[8] Wesley Fletcher (Erastus[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. (1) Francis Bartlett, Nov. 24, 1870, (2) Mary Glen.

Children.

I. Luella[9] May, b. June 24, 1873; d. July 3, 1873.
II. Bessie[9] Bartlett, b. Mar. 19, 1882.
III. Francis[9] M., b. May 3, 1884.

Bessie[9] Bartlett, b. Mar. 19, 1882; m. Herbert Demming Fargo, July 2, 1907.

Child.

Charles[10] Herbert, b. Aug. 15, 1911.

19. Maria[8] Emeline Fletcher (Erastus[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Charles H. Cooper, Dec. 12, 1868.

Child.

Eva[9] Gertrude, b. Nov. 26, 1871; d. Sept. 26, 1872.

21. Ellen[8] Eliza Fletcher (Erastus[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]) m. John Sparks, July 10, 1869.

Child.

Minnie[9] Estelle, b. Jan. 5, 1871.

22. William[8] Franklin Fletcher (Erastus[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Ada Mills Oct. 1, 1879; Ada[9] b. Feb. 10, 1855.

Children.

I. William[9] Rockwell, b. Sept. 11, 1880.
II. Grace[9], b. Oct. 7, 1882.
III. Raymond[9] Mills, b. Oct. 1, 1885.

9. Zebina[7] Fletcher (Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. (1) Nancy Sherman, (2) Betsey ———; Nancy d. Mar. 12, 1852.

Children.

I. Mary[8] E., b. Mar. 6, 1826; m. (1) Joseph Cornish; (2) A. K. Adams of Rome, N. Y. She had two dau.; both m.; one to J. S. Wardwell of Rome, N. Y.; and S. H. Beach, President of the Bank in Rome, N. Y. Mrs. A. K. Adams d. Dec. 25, 1907.
II. Joseph[8] Alden, b. Mar. 4, 1828; m. Augusta Fuller of Holland, Nov. 27, 1851.

Children.

I. Mary[9] Eva, b. Nov. 29, 1852.
II. Ida[9] May, b. Aug. 21, 1858.

Mary[9] Eva m. (1) Arthur Newton Brush, July 15, 1873.

Children.

I. Carl[10] Fletcher Brush, b. Oct. 27, 1874.
II. Cliff[10] Gerry Brush, b. Dec. 10, 1876.

Mary[9] Eva m. (2) Clarence Edwin Bondy, Oct. 10, 1888.

Children.

III. Harold[10] D. Bondy, b. Apr. 7, 1881.
IV. Evangeline[10] Corinne Bondy, b. Dec. 31, 1897.

Carl[10] F. Brush m. Dean Neff, Jan. 1, 1902.

Cliff[10] Gerry Brush m. Mae West, Jan. 4, 1904.

III. Delosia[8], b. 1836; d. July, 1838.

10. Amos[7] Fletcher (Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Charlotte Cooper Sept. 27, 1829, she b. June 6, 1804; d. Jan. 6, 1871.

Children.

I. Mary[8] Mortellett, b. Oct. 27, 1834; d. Sept. 5, 1835.
II. Mary[8] Fletcher, b. June 3, 1836; d. Mar. 24, 1857.
25. III. Charlotte[8] Amelia, b. Apr. 19, 1838; d. Feb. 21, 1900.
26. IV. Maria[8] Cooper, b. Oct. 5, 1841; d. Dec. 2, 1860.
27. V. Calvin[8] Cooper, b. Sept. 3, 1843; d. Jan. 7, 1868.

25. Charlotte[8] Amelia Fletcher (Amos[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Wm. F. Kenison, June 27, 1861.

Children.

I. Wm.[9] F. Kenison, Jr., b. Sept. 6, 1862; m. Sarah Ellen Thrift.

Children.

1. Charlotte[10] Francis, b. July 5, 1886.
2. Mabel[10] Ernestine, b. Jan. 9, 1888.

II. Walter[9] Ernest Kenison, b. July 14, 1867; m. Minnie Hall, June 11, 1889.

Children.

1. Elsie[10] Florence, b. ———
2. Ralph[10] Kenison, b. ———

III. Howard[9] Fletcher Kenison, b. Mar. 27, 1871; d. Nov. 19, 1876.

26. Maria[8] Cooper Fletcher (Amos[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Charles Kenison.

Children.

I. Emma[9], b. Sept. 8, 1859; d. ———.

27. Calvin[8] C. Fletcher (Amos[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Ellen F. Morse July 1, 1866.

Child.

Edward[9] Henry, b. Nov. 29, 1867; d. Mar. 29, 1868.

11. Nathan[7] Fletcher (Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Eliza Church, b. in Holland Jan. 23, 1812; Mar. 22, 1830.

Children.

28. I. Alden[8] L., b. in Holland, July 18, 1831; d. Mar. 6, 1897.
II. Benj. C.[8], b. Sept. 30, 1833, in Belchertown, Mass.; d. Sept. 17, 1834.
29. III. Eunice[8] M., b. Sept. 14, 1835, in Belchertown, Mass.; d. Mar. 3, 1904.
IV. Wealthy[8] S., b. Oct. 11, 1837; m. Charles S. Smith, Nov. 7, 1883, b. in Belchertown, Mass.
V. Elizabeth[8], b. Dec. 5, 1839, in Belchertown, Mass.; d. Oct. 1, 1862; m. W. W. Snow, Mar. 22, 1860.
30. VI. James[8], b. June 19, 1843 in Wales, Mass.
VII. George[8] B., b. Oct. 28, 1850 in Palmer, Mass; d. Jan. 26, 1874.

Alden[8] L. Fletcher (Nathan[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. (1) Lauarett Bourn of Three Rivers, May 26, 1859, (2) Lottie Reed of Belchertown, Nov. 21, 1861, (3) Olive B. Knowlton of Springfield May 4, 1865; he had four children all but one dying in infancy.

Child.

I. Mary[9] Eliza, of Alden and Olive (Knowlton) Fletcher, b. Oct. 29, 1870.

Eunice[8] M. Fletcher (Nathan[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. Emory Paine, Nov. 25, 1857, in Belchertown.

Children.

I. Ada[9].
II. Sumner[9].
III. Lizzie[9].
IV. Fred[9].
V. Bertha[9].

James[8] C. Fletcher (Nathan[7], Amos[6], Ephraim[5], Timothy[4], Samuel[3], Francis[2], Robert[1]); m. (1) Sarah Torrey, (2) Mary Damon in Northampton, Mass.

Children.

Lizzie[9].
Alma[9].

THE ANCESTRY OF SARA DAVENPORT WIFE OF EPHRAIM FLETCHER

FIRST GENERATION.

Capt. Richard[1] Davenport born in Weymouth, Dorchester, England about 1606, with the John Endicott Party embarked at Dorsetshire on the ship Abigail, June 16, 1628, arriving in Salem, Mass. Sept. 6, 1628. He married Elizabeth Hawthorne, sister of Major Wm. Hawthorne, the Salem Witchcraft Judge and ancestor of Nathaniel Hawthorne, the novelist. (Major Hawthorne came over in the Arbella with John Winthrop in 1630. He first settled in Dorchester and later in Salem. He was Deputy Speaker of the House, Assistant and Major Commanding in Indian Wars; he died in 1681, age 74.)

Capt. Richard[1] Davenport removed to Boston in 1643, was made freeman Sept. 13, 1634, Ensign in Nov. 1634, Lieutenant in 1636. In 1637 he was Representative to the General Court. In 1639 he was a member of the artillery Co. In Nov. 13, 1644, he was offered the Captaincy of Castle on Castle Island, in Boston Harbor, which he accepted. In 1645 the General Court granted him 650 acres of land which lay in Lancaster, Boylston, West Boylston and Shrewsbury. His descendants still occupy portions of it. He was a man approved for his faithfulness and skill. In 1665 he was struck by lightning. His wife Elizabeth died June 24, 1676.

SECOND GENERATION

[1]Eleazor[2], Nathaniel[2], [3]Truecross[2], [4]Experience[2], [5]John[2], [6]Samuel[2], [7]Sara[2], [8]Elizabeth[2], [9]William[2].

John[2] Davenport was born in Salem, Sept. 19, 1641; he m. Bridgett Watkins of Dorchester, Mass., Nov. 1, 1667.

THIRD GENERATION.

Richard[3] and John[3].

Richard[3] Davenport was born in Boston Nov. 13, 1670; he m. Abigail Newcomb; she was bpt. March 25, 1677. He was representative from Bridgewater in 1716-1719, 1721-1724, was appointed coroner 1724; removed to Shrewsbury in 1731 to the Ancestral Grants. His second wife was Abagail Hancock, b. Aug. 23, 1675, daughter of Nathaniel Hancock of Cambridge, great aunt to John Hancock and sister of Rev. John Hancock who was minister at Lexington, Mass. during 52 years previous to the war of the Revolution. He died in Sutton Centre, Mass., July 18, 1762; his widow died 1767.

FOURTH GENERATION

[1]Richard[4], [2]William[4], [3]Nathaniel[4], [4]Elizabeth[4], [5]Eleazor[4].

William[4] Davenport, b. in Bridgewater, Mass. in 1730; m. Sara Richards. He was selectman in 1749-1751.

FIFTH GENERATION

[1]Abagail[5], [2]Anna[5], [3]Elizabeth[5], [4]William[5], [5]Mary[5], [6]Sara[5].

Sara Davenport[5], b. in Shrewsbury, Oct. 1, 1739; m. Ephraim Fletcher, Dec. 7, 1762. She is the ancestress of the Fletchers who once lived in Holland, Wales, Granby and other towns.

THE FRIZELL FAMILY.

By Lovering.

James Frizell bought the land for his homestead of the Winthrop heirs. He came from Woodstock, Ct., and of a very old family. His farm therefore lay east of the line as shown by the map. It is described as situated east of Siog Lake in the old deed and is the homestead south of where Mrs. Freeman Blodgett now lives, the house being gone. He is a signer to the petition of June 5, 1764; also James Frizell, Jr. and Samuel Frizell. In the list of subscribers to the church covenant when it was organized in 1765, we find James Frizell and Mary Frizell. In the record of additions to the church bearing date April 4, 1782, we find Jas. Frizell and Mary Frizell, which must have been Jas. Frizell, Jr., and wife, for James Frizell, Sr., was elected deacon Oct. 25, 1768. In the tax list of the East Parish for 1782 we find James Frizell and William Frizell as taxpayers and the same are taxpayers in 1793; and James Frizell is a taxpayer in the list of 1798 and his land is bounded. That he and his family were church going people is beyond question, as well as that he had a family, for we find in the baptisms for May 10, 1782, Mehitable, Hannah and Samuel.

James[1] Frizell m. Mary ———

Child.

James[2], b. Apr. 15, 1704; m. Elizabeth Chandler.

Children.

James[3], b. April 12, 1731. Settled in Holland.
Elizabeth, Aug. 30, 1733.
Mary, May 21, 1736.
Mehetable, May 14, 1738.
Sarah, Nov. 14, 1740.
Samuel, Dec. 5, 1742.
Hannah, Mar. 3, 1744-5.
(From Woodstock vital records.)

Dea. of Cong. Church, James[4](?) Frizell, d. Jan. 24, 1813; m. Mary ———; she d. Mch. 4, 1824, age 87 years.

Children.

I. Mehitable, bpt. May 10, 1782; d. Oct. 19, 1831, age 64.

II. William, d. May 4, 1815, age 54 years.
III. Hannah, bpt. May 10, 1782; admitted to the church, Oct. 26, 1817.
2. IV. Samuel, bpt. May 10, 1782.
V. Thomas.

Order of births is not known. We think that he was son of the preceding.

2. Dea. of Baptist Church Samuel[2] Frizell (James[1], Dea.), b. 1769; d. Sept. 23, 1845, age 76 yrs.; m. 1801, Sally, b. 1780, d. Oct. 9, 1828, age 48 yrs.

Children.

I. Calvin Washburn[3], Mch. 28, 1802.
II. Samuel[3], Jr., ——— 1803.
III. Mary Stanton[3], Apr. 29, 1805; m. Jan. 17, 1836, John Wheelock; her son, Jared Lathrop Frizell m. Sept. 9, 1850, Mary Sikes of Sturbridge.
IV. Sally, May 9, 1807; m. Dea. Alvin Goodell.
V. Hannah, 1809; m. Nov. 11, 1837, Otis Jackson.
VI. Lorenzo, May 25, 1812.
VII. William, Aug. 3, 1815; m. Lucina Goodell, Dec. 1, 1836.

Children.

1. James, b. 1837.
2. Harriet, b. 1840.

VIII. James, May 9, 1817.

THE FULLER FAMILY.

By Lovering.

James[1] Fuller m. Abigail Youmans.
Child.
Hezekiah[2] Fuller m. Margaret Tyler.
Child.
James[3] Fuller m. Mary May.

The Fuller family originated in Woodstock, Ct. (See vital records of Woodstock, Conn.)

James[3] Fuller m. Mary May, April 22, 1781.
Children.
Porter[4], b. July 23, 1783.
Rinda[4] M., b. Sept. 26, 1785; m. Sewell Glazier, June 24, 1805.
Orril[4], b. Aug. 8, 1787.
Elbridge G.[4], b. July 9, 1789; m. Nancy Perry, Nov. 29, 1812.
James J.[4], b. Apr. 22, 1791.
Augustus L.[4], b. Mar. 4, 1793.
Mary[4], b. Feb. 21, 1795.

Elbridge[4] G. Fuller m. Nancy Perry, Nov. 29, 1812.
Children.
Mary Matilda[5], b. Mar. 6, 1814; m. (1) Mr. John Bull of Buffalo, N. Y.; (2) Mr. Rogers.
Augusta[5] m. Joseph Fletcher (son of Zebina), Eyota, Minn.
Rinda M.[5], b. Dec. 6, 1820; m. (1) Clement B. Drake, 1838; (2) John Glazier.
Maria[5] m. Rev. W. R. Parsons, Worthington, Ohio.
Eunice[5], b. July 24, 1827; m. Horace Wallis, Jr.
Charles[5], d. in 1848; m. Dr. Dean's daughter.
William[5], d. in infancy.

Clement B. Drake m., 1838, Lorinda May[5] Fuller, b. Dec. 6, 1820. He b. June 29, 1812.
Children.
Clement Fuller[6], b. Jan. 27, 1841.
Elbridge Gerry[6], b. Apr. 19, 1843.
John Milo[6], b. Oct. 2, 1846.
Rinda Maria[6], b. Jan. 22, 1850.
Mary Eunice[6], b. Oct. 12, 1854.
Bertie[6] (adopted) b. Oct. 3, 1862.

THE GLAZIER FAMILY.

By Lovering.

The name of Glazier is quite frequently met in the early records of Holland. In the tax list for 1793, we find the name of Calvin Glazier. But his name is not on the list for 1782, neither is he mentioned in the school list when the town, newly incorporated, was divided into school districts. By the assessment roll of 1798 we conclude that his home was what was later known as the "Sands Place." He had quite a family. Only two have their births recorded. The order is inferred.

Calvin[1] Glazier m. Lydia ———

Children.

I. Sewall[2] m. Rinday M. Fuller, 1805
II. Perley[2] m. Sarah Harris, 1810 and moved to New York state.
III. Joseph[2], bp. 1792; m. Philura Plimpton, 1817.
IV. Lydia[2], m. 1819, Samuel Webber of Union, Ct.
V. Roxana[2], bp. 1792; m. 1812, Samuel Webber, Jr.
VI. Alice[2], b. Oct. 8, 1795; bp. 1795.
VII. Shepard[2], b. Sept. 9, 1793; bp. 1794; went to Salt Lake City; lived with the Mormons.
VIII. Lorinda[2], bp. 1799; m. Perley Stone, 1822.

Sewall, Shepherd, and Joseph were taxpayers by the list of 1812. The son, Joseph, was the Rev. Joseph Glazier who became the first settled pastor of the Baptist Church, who later went to Ware, Mass.

Sewell[2] Glazier m. Lorinda M. Fuller.

Children.

Edmund[3], b. Nov. 13, 1809.
George Merrick[3], b. Aug. 27, 1811.
Louisa[3], b. about 1830; m. (1) Dr. Daniel Fiske; (2) Mr. Beckwith.

Wm.[4] H. Glazier, grandson to Sewall, lives at 191 Roxbury St., Roxbury, Mass.

Mrs. W. A. Allen, granddaughter to Sewall, lives in Spencer.

Dr. Emory Glazier m. ———

Children.

John[5].
Dexter[5].

Calvin[5].
Nancy[5].
Luransa[5].
Lovisa[5].
Olivia[5].

Perley Glazier m. Sarah Harris.

Children.
Albert, b. Nov. 28, 1810.
Laura, b. June 19, 1812.

THE GOODELL FAMILY.

By E. M. Webber.

Ichabod[1] Goodell came from Woodstock, Conn., to Holland at an early date. He was b. 1752; d. 1826, age 74. He m. Martha Webber of Holland, then So. Brimfield. He had four children:—

Children.

Huldah[2], b. 1771.
Mary[2], b. 1774.
Jabez[2], b. 1776.
Persis[2], b. 1780.

Lyman Goodell, b. Nov. 24, 1774, came from Woodstock to Brimfield; married about 1795, to Candace Carpenter.

Children b. in Woodstock.

I. Persis C., b. March 31, 1797; m. Martha Mason, Feb. 26, 1829.
II. Laura, b. Nov., 1799; d. Feb., 1858.
III. Mary, b. June, 1802; m. Loring Clark of Holland, Apr. 13, 1828.
IV. Alden, b. June 19, 1804; m. (1) Lucinda Goodell, Dec. 6, 1827; she d. Nov. 29, 1858; he m. (2) Widow Mary (Austin) Smith, Oct. 25, 1859; she d. May 12, 1872.

V. Dea. Alvin Goodell, b. May 1, 1806; d. 1902; m. the daughter of Dea. Samuel Frizzel, Apr. 2, 1829. Mr. Goodell was a man of many cardinal virtues, was a deacon of the baptist church; when they no longer had services in their church, he attended the Congregational Church and acted the part of a consistent member, helping to support the Gospel, and for many years held the position of a Sabbath School teacher. He had a large class of married ladies. He was an instructive as well as faithful teacher, and was beloved by old and young. In his home a congenial companion and everyone alike were welcomed by the deacon and his worthy wife to their pleasant home.

VI. Marsha Goodell, b. July 17, 1809; m. Ezra Webber, son of Kimball Webber of Holland.

VII. Lucina, b. Sept., 1811; m. William Frizzel, son of Dea. Samuel Frizzel.

VIII. Lafira B., b. July, 1813; m. (1) Isaac Wood, son of Willard Wood of Holland; m. (2) Rev. Addison Parker; m. (3) Mr. Hamlin. She had two children by her first husband.
Emma Wood, b. 1846.
Charles Wood, b. 1848-9.

IX. Lois Goodell, b. Apr. 16, 1818; m. Lathrop Lyon.

X. Perry Goodell, b. Sept. 21, 1822; m. Minerva Blodgett.

THE GOULD FAMILY.

By Mrs. Charles B. Blair.

The Gould Line of the Town of Holland.

Thomas[1] Gould married Hannah Williams, Feb. 10, 1782, in Pomfret, Conn.

Children.

Rufus[2], b. in Charlton, Dec., 1782; probably d. in Paxton in 1866; he m. Mary Henry of Oakham in 1822.
Lyman[2], b. in Sturbridge, Sept. 19, 1787; d. June 18, 1841; he m. Mary Marble, May 26, 1818; she d. Jan. 12, 1838. Marriage intention gives him as of Holland, and she is recorded as of Charlton.
Horace[2], d. in young manhood. Dates of birth and death not given.
Mary[2] E., d. Nov. 19, 1840, aged 18 yrs.
Louisa[2] S., d. Nov. 7, 1842, aged 18 yrs.
Maria[2], m. a Mr. Hyde and lived in Southbridge.
Betsy[2], m. a Mr. Lamb. Their history unknown.

Rufus[2] Gould m. Mary Henry, 1822.

Children.

Charles[3], d. aged 20 yrs, at Oakham.
(Rev.) George[3], b. in 1827; d. in Worcester, 1899.
William[3], b. in Webster, 1832; d. in 1890.
(Rev.) Edwin[3], now living in Providence, R. I.
John[3] Gould, b. June 12, 1840.
Mary[3] Ann, b. in 1830.

George[3], m. Nellie Grant.
William[3].
Rev. Edwin[3] m. Phebe Gladding.

Dr. John[3] Gould, b. June 12, 1840; m. Nellie Morrison, Nov. 29, 1877.

Children.

Mabel I., b. Sept. 9, 1878; d. Oct. 19, 1897.
Rufus H., b. Jan. 26, 1880.
Mary E., b. July 13, 1885.
Helen M., b. Feb. 9, 1887; d. Jan. 25, 1888.
Sarah F., b. June 8, 1890; d. July 24, 1895.
John W., b. May 22, 1893; d. Sept. 13, 1908.

Mary[3] Ann, b. 1830; m. Darwin Boynton; d. 1879.

Lyman[2] Gould, b. Sept. 19, 1787; m. Mary Marble.

Children.

Laurene[3] D., m. Thomas Norris; b. 1817; he d. 1875.
Mary[3].
Louisa[3].
John[3] Bisbee, b. Nov. 8, 1820; m. Olive M. Moulton; d. Nov. 17, 1890.

Children.

Jerome[4] M., b. Dec. 9, 1846.
Elmer[4] T., b. Sept. 4, 1847.
Mary[4] L., b. Dec. 28, 1850.
Frank[4] J., b. Apr. 10, 1853.
Lizzie[4] L., b. Dec. 9, 1856.
Carrie[4] J., b. Apr. 28, 1858.
Olive[4] N. M., b. Apr. 9, 1861; d. March 20, 1888.
Lottie[4] E., b. Apr. 6, 1864, in Warren; d. May 5, 1864.
Cora[4] M., b. July 2, 1867 in Warren.

Jerome[4] M., b. Dec. 9, 1846; m. Julia A. Tyler.

Child.

Nina T., b. Aug. 4, 1872; she m. John Ware.

Elmer[4] T., b. Sept. 4, 1847; m. Lizzie F. Lathe; d. Feb. 22, 1902. Killed by gas.

Child.

Rose M., m. William Fraill.

Mary[4] L., b. Dec. 28, 1850; m. Charles B. Blair of Warren, Sept. 7, 1875; she d. April 7, 1915, aet. 64.

Children.

Carl M., b. Jan. 27, 1877; m. Clara Dakin.
Florence M., b. Oct. 31, 1879; m. Rufus H. Dix.
Bertha N., b. March 9, 1885; d. Nov. 1, 1889.

Frank[4] J. Gould, b. April 10, 1853; m. Mary A. Low of Warren.

Children.

John[5] B., b. May 3, 1878.
Nella[5] M., b. Jan. 25, 1881; d. July 30, 1881.
Carrie[5] L., b. Oct. 24, 1884.
Mable[5] B., b. Feb. 10, 1887.
Grace[5] D., b. Mar. 30, 1892.
Frank[5] W., b. Dec. 27, 1895.
Irl[5] R., b. Jan. 30, 1898.
Ruth[5] M., b. Feb. 24, 1903.

John[5] B., b. May 3, 1878; m. Annie D. Scott of Cambridge.
Children.
Doris[6], b. Jan. 25, 1903.
Marjorie[6], b. Dec. 10, 1911.

Carrie L. Gould, b. Oct. 24, 1884; m. Howard Tuttle.
Children.
Ethel[6] M., b. Jan. 1, 1905.
Frank[6] H., b. March 22, 1908.
Howard[6] G., b. Jan. 31, 1910.
Charles[6] R., b. Dec. 17, 1912.

Grace D., Gould, b. March 30, 1892; m. Charles Combs.

Lizzie[4] L. Gould, b. Dec. 9, 1856; m. Geo. H. Burbank of Warren; he d. March 21, 1904.
Children.
A daughter[5], b. ———; d. Sept. 8, 1882.
Walter C.[5], b. Dec. 10, 1876; d. May 28, 1906.
Abbie[5] O., b. Nov. 7, 1878; m. Ernest M. Ide, Jan. 11, 1909.
George[5] H., b. Oct. 5, 1880.
These three were all born in West Brookfield.

Abbie[5] O. Burbank m. Ernest M. Ide, Jan. 11, 1909.
Child.
Natalie[6] B., b. Sept. 7, 1911, in Springfield, Mass.

George[5] H. Burbank m. Alice F. Sterling.
Child.
Glen Marvin, b. Dec. 10, 1911. (A son.)
Mrs. Burbank d. Feb. 29, 1912.

Carrie[4] J. Gould, b. Apr. 28, 1858; m. Wm. H. Blake of Warren.
Children.
Olive L., b. Feb. 22, 1886, at Warren.
Corinne I., b. Oct. 21, 1888; m. Carl C. Davis.
Ruth A., b. Aug. 19, 1895, at Fitchburg.
Winchester, b. Apr. 14, 1899, at Fitchburg.

Corinne I., b. Oct. 21, 1888; m. Carl C. Davis, at Jamaica Plains.

THE HORTON FAMILY

By Wm. F. Horton.

Joseph Stevens Horton, b. Mar. 11, 1836, Brookline, N. H., son of Otis and Nancy (Gilson) Horton. His maternal ancestor, Joseph Gilson, the emigrant, was one of the original proprietors of the town of Grotton, 1660. His great grandfather, Dea. Eleazor Gilson, was one of the early settlers in Brookline, N. H., and was the first school teacher, a deacon in the first church, one of a committee to locate the first church, selectman for several years and served in the Revolution; was at the battle of Bunker Hill.

Mr. Horton at an early age learned the blacksmith trade, working at Milford, N. H., No. Shirley, So. Ashburnham, and Chelsea, Mass. In 1867 he established in business at East Pepperell, Mass., removed to Hollis 1872, and has since carried on business in Shirley, Jaffrey, and Worcester, Mass. In 1907 came to Holland and purchased the farm formerly owned by George L. Webber, where he has since resided.

He married, 1st, Amelia Ann, daughter of John and Ann (Lakin) Lawrence of Groton, Mass., and a descendant of John of Watertown, the emigrant. One child, Augustina, b. Oct. 12, 1864, Chelsea, Mass., m. Richard S. Journeay, Boulder, Colo., Nov. 1, 1890, and died Oct. 10, 1899, Brookline, N. H.

M., 2nd, May 3, 1870 Augusta Maria, daughter of Jonas Woods and Mary Jewett (Austin) Jaquith, b. May 6, 1842, Hollis, N. H., eighth generation from Abraham Jaquith of Charlestown and Woburn, 1643. Her paternal great grandmother, Lydia Hobart, was third generation from Rev. Gershom Hobart, third minister of Groton and son of Rev. Peter Hobart of Hingham, 1635. Rev. Gershom graduated from Harvard College 1667, married Sarah, daughter of Dea. John and Sarah (Elliott) Aldir of Dedham, granddaughter of Col. Philip Elliott of Roxbury, brother of Rev. John Elliott, apostle to the Indians. Her maternal grandmother was Betsy Jewett, a descendant of Joseph Jewett of Rowley, Mass., 1632. The family were prominent in town and colonial affairs; were from Bradford, Yorkshire, England.

Six of her ancestors served in the Revolution.

Children.

I. William Franklin, b. Apr. 30, 1871, Pepperell, Mass.
II. Hattie Eloise, b. Sept. 6, 1873, Hollis, N. H.

William F. Horton was educated in the public schools at Hollis, N. H., and previous to coming to Holland was in the employ of the Damon & Gould Co., hardware dealers, Fitchburg, Thompson Hardware and Smith & Lawrence Co., of Lowell and was a partner in the latter firm.

Came to Holland in 1908 and in 1909 was elected a member of the school board and Library trustee, serving on both six years. In 1910 chosen one of the selectmen and served as clerk of the board for five years; also a member of the Republican town committee for five years.

THE HOWLETT FAMILY.

By Lovering.

Sylvester Howlett, son of John Howlett, born in Woodstock, Conn., the latter part of the eighteenth century. He was old enough to enlist for service in the war of 1812, his name appearing in the Co. from Ware and vicinity. His work was for the protection of Boston and vicinity the muster roll being dated 1814. See Chapter XIII. He probably married soon after his return from the war for we note that his son Lewis C. Howlett was born in 1820, his third child. In 1837, Feb. 11, he bought the farm in the south part of the town that for years has been known as the "Howlett Farm," buying it of one Edward B. Knapp, and is mentioned in the deed as coming from Sturbridge. Mr. Knapp had purchased it of one Hiram Chase. Mr. Howlett made this his home for a long series of years, rearing a family of which his son, Lewis C. Howlett, was for years identified with Holland, buying his home of one named Parks, which, when Holland was incorporated, was the homestead of Joseph Bruce mentioned in the warrant for the first town meeting of Holland. Lewis C. Howlett's son, Lewis M. Howlett, has long been identified with the town's best interests and is well and favorably known.

THE HOWLETT FAMILY IN HOLLAND.

By Louisa M. Howlett.

The first of the name of Howlett to live in Holland was Sylvester Howlett, son of Didymus and Mary (Marcy) Howlett, born in Woodstock, Conn. He married Mary Abbe.

Didymus[1] Howlett m. Mary Marcy of Woodstock, Conn.

Child.

Sylvester[2], b. ———

Sylvester[2] Howlett m. Mary Abbe.

Children.

1. Harriet[3] L.
2. Warren[3] M.

3. Lewis[3] C., b. Oct. 6, 1820.
4. Mary[3] J.
5. Didymus[3] Freeman.
6. Andrew[3] J.
7. H.[3] Caroline.
8. William[3] W.

Lewis[3] C. Howlett, b. Oct. 6, 1820, in Sturbridge; m. Sept. 4, 1843, in Worcester, Lorinda Chapin, b. June 4, 1826, in Sturbridge.

Children.

I. Lewis[4] M., b. Oct. 26, 1844.
II. Luther[4] S., b. July 20, 1846.
III. Lyman[4] H., b. Mar. 11, 1848.
IV. Loring[4] C., b. May 1, 1850.
V. Lorinda[4] A., b. Mar. 27, 1853.
VI. Louisa[4] M., b. June 4, 1855.
VII. Lydia[4] A. W., b. Dec. 25, 1857.
VIII. Ellen[4] C. P., b. May 6, 1861.
IX. Lemuel[4] E., b. Aug. 12, 1863.
X. Louvan[4] C., b. July 13, 1866.
XI. Larene[4] M., b. Mar. 22, 1869.

Lewis[4] M. Howlett, b. in Worcester, Oct. 26, 1844; m. Dec. ——— 1872 at Brimfield, Abbie A. Groves.

Children.

I. Lorinda[5] A., b. Dec. 5, 1873, in Worcester.
II. Carlos[5] F., b. Feb. 13, 1875, in Worcester.
III. Oliver[5] L., b. Dec. 4, 1877, in Holland.

Luther[4] S. Howlett, b. July 20, 1846, in Holland; m. May ——— 1872, in Worcester, Ellen Frances Gorton.

Children.

I. Zona[5] H., b. Mar. 12, 1873, in Worcester.
II. Myra[5], b. Aug. ——— 1879, in Louisville, Ky.

Luther[4] S. Howlett died in Seward, Alaska, Feb. ——— 1905; U. S. Commissioner of Justice.

Lyman[4] H. Howlett, b. Mar. 11, 1848, in Holland; m. Nov. 1, 1872, in Stafford, Ct., Dianna P. Baker.

Children.

Ralph B.[5], b. May 14, 1874, in Holland, Mass.
Earle S.[5], b. June 20, 1876, in Holland, Mass.
Cora M.[5], b. Nov. 16, 1879, in Holland, Mass.

Loring[4] C. Howlett, b. May 1, 1850, in Holland; m. Jan. 1, 1877, in Stafford, Ct., Lucia C. Vinton. No children.

Lorinda[4] A. Howlett, b. Mar. 27, 1853; d. Nov. 12, 1866.

Louisa[4] M. Howlett, b. June 4, 1855. Unmarried.

Lydia[4] A. W. Howlett, b. Dec. 25, 1857; m. at Trempelean, W. S., Edwin F. Goodhue.

Ellen[4] C. P. Howlett, b. May 6, 1861; d. Jan. 31, 1915; m. in Holland, Otis W. Williams.

Children.

I. Blanche[5] E., d. in infancy.
II. Willis[5] E., d. in infancy.
III. Bertha[5] S., b. ———
IV. Myra[5] O., b. ———

Lemuel[4] E. Howlett, b. Aug. 12, 1863; m. in Holland, Sarah L. Webber.

Children.

I. Loring Chandler[5], b. Oct. 19, 1889.
II. Lemuel Victor[5], b. Oct. 8, 1890.

Louvan[4] C. Howlett, b. July 13, 1866; m. in Mansfield, Ct., Charles Neff; (2) Nathan Bourn, at So. Hadley.

Children.

I. Clinton Howlett[5] Neff, b. ———

2nd Marriage.

II. Gladys[5] L. Bourn.
III. Beatrice[5] H. Bourn.

Larene M. Howlett, b. Mar. 22, 1869; m. in Holland, Nov. 7, 1887, Ernest F. Hanson.

Child.

Louis W., b. March 22, 1889.

Lorinda[5] A. Howlett, b. Dec. 5, 1873; m. at Holland, Feb. 22, 1897, Arthur F. Blodgett. (See Blodgett Genealogy.)

Carlos[5] F. Howlett, b. Feb. 13, 1875; m. at Holland, Jan. 1, 1900, Bertha Rice.

Children.

I. Martha[6] R., b. Nov. 26, 1905.
II. Levins[6], b. Apr. 4, 1908.
III. Lemuel[6] F., b. Apr. 22, 1909.
IV. Leonard[6] F., b. Apr. 22, 1909.

Oliver[5] L. Howlett, b. Dec. 4, 1877; m. at Holland, Adaline Horton.

Children.

I. Mason[6] M., b. Sept. 16, 1900.
II. Abbie[6] M., b. Aug. 1, 1902.
III. Doris[6] L., b. Sept. 18, 1904.
IV. Lewis[6] E., b. Aug. 20, 1906.
V. Helen[6] A., b. Apr. 1, 1908; (died).
VI. Elinor[6], b. July 16, 1912.

THE JANES FAMILY.

By Chase.

The Janes family is descended from the emigrant, William[1] Janes, who settled in New Haven, Ct., 1637, where he taught seventeen years. In 1656 he went to Northampton, where he also taught school and was teaching elder, 1671. He was one of the petitioners for the settlement of Squakeag (Northfield). After Squakeag was destroyed by Indians in 1675 he returned to Northampton, where he died 1690.

William[1] Janes, b. in Essex Co., Eng., about 1610; d. in Northampton, 1690; m. in Eng. Mary ——. She d. Apr. 4, 1662; m. (2) Hannah, dau. of Thomas Bascom and widow of John Broughton. She d. Mch., 1681.

Children.

I. Joseph[2], b. 1636.
II. Elisha[2], b. 1639.
III. Nathaniel[2], b. 1641.
2. IV. Abel[2], b. 1646.
V. Abigail[2], b. 1647.
VI. Ruth[2], b. Feb. 15, 1650; d. Nov. 2, 1672; m. July 3, 1667, John Searl.
VII. Jacob[2], b. 1652.
VIII. Wm.[2], b. 1654.
IX. Rebecca[2], b. 1656.
X. Jeremiah[2], b. 1658; d. 1675.
XI. Ebenezer[2], b. 1659; killed by Indians at Northfield, Sept. 2, 1675.
XII. Jonathan[2], b. 1661; killed by Indians at Northfield, Sept. 2, 1675.
XIII. Samuel[2], b. Oct. 9, 1663.
XIV. Hephzibah[2], b. Feb. 13, 1666.
XV. Hannah[2], b. Oct. 5, 1669.
XVI. Benjamin[2], b. Sept. 30, 1672.

In 1704, Easthampton had but five families, two of which were those of Samuel[2] Janes, b. 1663, and Dea. Benj. Janes, b. 1672. The wife and three children of Samuel Janes were killed by Indians May 13, 1704 O. S., and four of Dea. Benj. Janes' children were killed and his wife scalped and left for dead; but the whites soon found her and she recovered and lived to be 80 years old.

SECOND GENERATION.

2. Abel[2] Janes (William[1]), was also a petitioner for the settlement of the town of Northfield, and a soldier in the "Falls" fight. He lived most of the time in Northampton until 1706, when he went to Lebanon, Ct. He was b. 1646; d. Dec. 18, 1718; m. Nov. 4, 1679, Mary Judd, d. Apr. 24, 1735.

Children.

I. Mary[3], b. Oct. 8, 1680; m. (1) Benj. King; (2) Jonathan Graves.
II. Ruth[3], b. June 5, 1682; m. Dec. 1, 1702, Ebenezer Chapin of Springfield.
III. Elizabeth[3], b. July 22, 1684.
IV. Sarah[3], b. 1689; m. Waitstill Strong.
3. V. William[3], b. 1692.
VI. Esther[3], b. 1695.
VII. Noah[3], b. Nov. 30, 1697.
VIII. Rachel, b. Mch. 26, 1700.
IX. Bathsheba, b. Apr. 8, 1703.

THIRD GENERATION.

3. William[3] Janes (Abel[2], William[1]), b. 1692; m. June 5, 1712, Abigail Loomis. She d. Mch. 9, 1752.

William[3] went from Lebanon, Ct., to Brimfield, where he bought 500 acres of land. His name does not appear among the original proprietors and as his youngest son was born in Lebanon in 1734 it is probable that he came from Lebanon to Brimfield soon after that date. The land that he owned was on what is now called Janes Hill in East Brimfield. Holland was then included in Brimfield.

Children.

4. I. Jonathan[4], b. Mch. 12, 1713.
II. Abigail[4], b. Dec. 8, 1714.
III. Timothy[4], b. June 10, 1716.
IV. Mary[4], b. Oct. 6, 1720.
V. Abel[4], b. Apr. 24, 1724.
5. VI. Wm.[4], Jr., b. Oct. 30, 1726.
6. VII. Elijah[4], b. May 6, 1729.
VIII. Sarah[4], b. Jan. 26, 1731.
7. IX. Israel[4], b. Jan. 26, 1734.

FOURTH GENERATION.

4. Jonathan[4] Janes (William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Mch.

12, 1713; m. Irene Bradford, great granddaughter of Governor Bradford.

Children.

11. I. David[5], b. Dec. 25, 1736. Served in the Revolutionary War.
II. Jonathan[5], b. Jan. 28, 1739; d. March 16, 1752.
III. Irene[5], b. Apr. 5, 1741; d. 1743.
12 IV. Eliphalet[5], b. Feb. 23, 1743.
V. Irene[5], b. July 30, 1745; m. Nov. 27, 1766, David Anderson of Holland.
VI. Solomon[5], b. June 20, 1748; d. Apr. 10, 1812; m. Jan. 27, 1780, Bulah Fiske, b. Apr. 16, 1757; he served in the Revolutionary War.
13. VII. Daniel[5], b. Mch. 17, 1751. Served in the Revolutionary War.
VIII. Mary[5], b. Apr. 28, 1753.
IX. Jonathan[5], b. Jan. 8, 1756; m. Mch. 4, 1781, Pattee Plympton.
X. Abigail[5], b. Jan. 24, 1759; d. Feb. 12, 1759.
XI. Ann[5], b. Dec. 12, 1761; d. Oct. 27, 1779.

5. William[4] Janes, Jr. (William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Oct. 30, 1726; d. May 15, 1810; m. Dec. 22, 1757, Hanah Cheney, d. Apr. 13, 1806.

Children.

8. I. William[5], b. Oct. 3, 1758.
9. II. Peleg Cheney[5], b. Dec. 2, 1760.
III. Cynthia[5], b. June 23, 1763.
IV. Hannah[5], b. Sept. 6, 1766; d. June 1, 1767.
V. Nathan[5], b. June 20, 1768.
VI. Hannah[5], b. Mch. 8, 1770; m. Aug. 31, 1794, Joseph Baker.
VII. Elizabeth[5], b. Aug. 29, 1772; m. int. Apr. 27, 1794, Ananiah Dodge.
VIII. Lovina[5], b. Nov. 1, 1775.
10. IX. Simon[5], b. Oct. 22, 1781.

6. Elijah[4] Janes (William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. May 6, 1729; d. June 21, 1788; m. Dec. 9, 1756, Lucy Crocker.

Children.

I. Elijah[5], Jr., b. July 8, 1758; served in Revolutionary War.
II. Israel C.[5], b. Aug. 26, 1760.
III. Isaac[5], b. Dec. 26, 1762; d. May 6, 1785.
14. IV. Cyrus[5], b. Mch. 5, 1765.

V. Lucy[5], b. Nov. 10, 1766.
VI. Parthenia[5], b. June 30, 1768.
VII. Abel[5], b. July 18, 1770.
VIII. Molly[5], b. Apr. 15, 1772.
IX. Elisha[5], b. June 4, 1774.
X. Liberty[5], b. Apr. 19, 1776.
XI. Property[5], b. Apr. 4, 1778; d. in Shaftsbury, Vt.

7. Israel[4] Janes (William[3], Abel[2], William[1]) lived on the place now owned and occupied by John F. Hebard; he and his sons made brick, digging the clay from the edge of the pond near the house. It was in one of these clay-pits that Frank Kinney was drowned a few years ago while gathering ice. Israel Janes was born, Jan. 26, 1734; m. May 2, 1764, Abigail Fay. She d. Aug. 14, 1808.

Children.

I. Chloe[5], Jan. 20, 1766; d. Sept. 15, 1767.
15. II. Orsamus[5], Aug. 28, 1767.
III. Thankful[5], July 18, 1769; m. May 27, 1792, Amos Shepard.
IV. Sarah[5], Aug. 26, 1771; m. Feb. 23, 1797, David Palmer.
V. Chloe[5], July 12, 1773; m. Feb. 5, 1794, Abel Hyde.
VI. Abigail[5], July 2, 1775; m. Dec. 7, 1800, Joseph Lumbard, 3rd.
VII. Israel[5], Jr., Apr. 29, 1777; d. Feb. 1, 1826.
16. VIII. Levi[5], Mch. 14, 1779.
IX. Ezra[5].
X. Bathsheba[5].

FIFTH GENERATION

8. William[5] Janes (William, Jr.[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Oct. 3, 1758; d. Dec. 31, 1841; m. Abigail Belknap of Holland. She d. Apr. 28, 1827.

Children.

I. Caphira[6], Feb. 15, 1782; m. (1) Dec. 29, 1801, Jacob Sherman of Holland; (2) John Bond.
18. II. Albon[6], Sept. 16, 1783.
III. Sophia[6], Aug. 14, 1785; m. Bezalael Sherman.
IV. Dexter[6], Nov. 13, 1787; moved to Virginia; d. Oct. 3, 1813.
V. Hannah[6], Mch. 19, 1790; m. Mr. Putnam.
VI. Betsey[6], Jan. 27, 1792; d. Feb. 3, 1816.

VII. Orril[6], July 8, 1794; d. Oct. 23, 1824.
VIII. Norman[6], Apr. 29, 1796; d. Oct. 13, 1798.
IX. Eudocia[6], Sept. 25, 1798; d. Apr. 11, 1876.
X. Harriet[6], Dec. 13, 1800; d. Nov. 22, 1865.

9. Peleg Cheney[5] Janes (William, Jr.[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Dec. 2, 1760; d. June 25, 1834; m. Jan. 24, 1784, Patty Coy, of Royalton, Vt. She d. June 25, 1861.

Children.

17. I. Augustus[6], May 12, 1787.
II. Cynthia[6], Feb. 19, 1789; m. Apr. 26, 1810, Orlando Griggs.
III. Timothy[6], Apr. 28, 1791.
IV. Flavilla[6], Apr. 15, 1793; m. May 7, 1815, Julius Ward.
V. Eudocia[6], Mch. 18, 1795; d. 1797.
VI. Clementina[6], July 24, 1802; m. Jan. 1, 1828, Edward Parsons.
VII. William C.[6], July 5, 1805; d. in Saginaw, Mich.

10. Simon[5] Janes (William, Jr.[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Oct. 22, 1781; d. Dec. 28, 1849; m. Mch. 19, 1826, Chloe Shumway. She d. Sept. 5, 1867.

Children.

I. Elijah[6], Oct. 17, 1828.
II. Lewis[6], Aug. 28, 1830.
III. Edward W.[6], Sept. 5, 1833.
IV. Elbridge G.[6], Sept. 5, 1833.

11. David[5] Janes (Jonathan[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Dec. 25, 1736; m. Feb. 10, 1762, Jemima Vorce.

Children.

I. David[6], Aug. 9, 1762.
II. Phebe[6], May 17, 1764.
III. Timothy[6], Feb. 26, 1768.
IV. Susanna[6], Aug. 6, 1770.
V. Irene[6], Jan. 22, 1774.
VI. Jemima[6], July 16, 1776.
VII. Timothy[6], Jan. 31, 1779.

12. Eliphalet[5] Janes (Jonathan[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]) was the first town clerk in Holland, b. Feb. 23, 1743; d. Feb. 23, 1826; m. (1) about 1768, Elfleda Lyon of Woodstock, Ct.; (2) Jan. 25, 1793, Mrs. Mary Pike of Sturbridge.

Children.

I. Lucinda[6], Mch. 11, 1769; d. July 12, 1843; m. int. Feb. 25, 1788, Zephaniah Gibbs of Sturbridge; d. Apr. 30, 1826, age 65 yrs.

Children.

1. Patty[7] Gibbs, Dec. 24, 1788.
2. Elfleda[7] Gibbs, Aug. 18, 1792.
3. Alfred[7] Gibbs, Feb. 21, 1796.
4. Cynthia[7] (Sintha) Gibbs, Aug. 12, 1802.
5. Lucinda[7] Gibbs, March 23, 1805.
6. Armeda[7] Gibbs, June 28, 1807.

II. Roxalina[6], Nov. 29, 1770.
III. Marsilva[6], June 14, 1772.
IV. Alfred[6], Mch. 7, 1775.
V. Walter[6], Feb. 27, 1778; m. abt. 1801, Cynthia _____.

Children.

1. Theresa[7], b. June 3, 1803.
2. Alpheus[7], b. Dec. 31, 1804. (Perhaps others.)

VI. Almira[6], July 11, 1781.
VII. Bradford[6], May 6, 1784.
VIII. Sally[6], Dec. 1, 1788.

13. Daniel[5] Janes (Jonathan[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Mch. 17, 1751; d. Mch. 20, 1809, in Richford, Vt.; m. July 25, 1776, Anna Saunders.

Children.

I. Rachel[6], May 2, 1777.
II. Charles[6], June 5, 1779; d. 1785.
III. Annie[6], Oct. 10, 1782; m. T. J. Shepard.
IV. Jeremiah[6], Jan. 2, 1785.
V. Charles[6], Mch. 14, 1787; d. 1803.
VI. Daniel[6], Sept. 25, 1789.
VII. Ira[6], Apr. 30, 1794.
VIII. Irene[6], m. Mr. Allen.
IX. Lydia[6], Feb., 1799; m. Mr. Cook.

14. Cyrus[5] Janes (Elijah[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Mch. 5, 1765; d. Feb. 10, 1858; m. May 7, 1791, Lovina Holbrook; she d. Jan. 30, 1819; m. (2) Electa Williston; she d. Dec. 30, 1836.

Children.

I. Abel[6], Aug. 3, 1794.
II. Horace[6], June 9, 1796; d. in N. Y., May 5, 1844. He was a Wall Street broker.

III. Alven[6], Apr. 5, 1798; d. Oct. 25, 1799.
19. IV. Alven[6], Jan. 19, 1800.
V. Austin[6], Sept. 18, 1801; d. Oct. 28, 1829, at Macon, Ga. He was a physician.
VI. Velina, July 24, 1803; m. Oct. 5, 1831, Nathan Hitchcock; (2) William Tucker.
20. VII. Harvey, Jan. 15, 1806.
VIII. Sophia, Jan. 18, 1809; m. Abraham Cutting.

15. Orsamus[5] Janes (Israel[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Aug. 28, 1767; d. Sept. 22, 1846; m. Apr. 7, 1803, Ruth Shephard of Warren. She d. Apr. 12, 1871.

Children.

I. Mary Eliza[6], Aug. 18, 1805; m. Aug. 8, 1827, Frederic H. Purington of Bristol, Ct.
II. Nancy Elmira[6], Aug. 26, 1807; m. Nov. 19, 1829, John Ross.
III. Eunice C.[6], Dec. 7, 1809; m. Apr. 8, 1834, Jonathan Emerson.
IV. Ruth Calista[6], Jan. 21, 1812; m. Nov. 29, 1845, Polaman Moon of Brimfield. One son, Frank Moon.
V. William Shephard[6], Sept. 2, 1815; d. Oct. 3, 1815.
VI. Lucy Elinor[6], Sept. 4, 1816; d. Sept. 4, 1820.

16. Levi[5] Janes (Israel[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Mch. 14, 1779; d. Feb. 19, 1836; m.; Jan. 1806, Mary Lombard, bp. May 14, 1786, d. Aug. 14, 1808, dau. of Joseph, Jr., and Mary Lombard.

Children.

21. I. Sumner[6], Dec. 26, 1806; d. May 8, 1857, in Cochecton, N. Y.
II. Chloe M.[6], Sept. 17, 1809; m. Mr. Osgood; she d. Sept. 20, 1868.
III. Dexter[6], May 22, 1811; d. Aug. 7, 1856; m. Sept. 17, 1839, Rhoda C. Pratt.

Children.

1. George Andrew[7], June 22, 1840.
2. Mary M.[7], m. Francis Gerould of Sturbridge, b. Apr. 17, 1839; son of Joshua and Amanda Gerould. No children.

IV. Thirza[6], May 22, 1811; d. Aug. 7, 1856.
22. V. Lyman[6], Sept. 20, 1814; d. Jan. 8, 1902.
VI. Lucena[6], May 18, 1816; m. June 25, 1804, Merrick Anderson of Holland.
VII. Cynthia[6] M., June 5, 1818.

VIII. Mary M.[6], Feb. 20, 1820; d. Feb. 23, 1854; m. Nov. 28, 1839, Ezekiel Hovey.
IX. Maria; m. Nathan Kelly.

Children.

1. Frank Kelley[7], d. in service in Civil War.
2. Anna M. Kelley[7], July 9, 1849.
3. Mary Kelley[7], July 8, 1851.

SIXTH GENERATION.

17. Augustus[6] Janes (Peleg C.[5], William, Jr.[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. May 12, 1878; d. June 18, 1863; m. Feb. 19, 1818, Betsey Bingham of Royalton, Vt., d. May 16, 1870.

Children.

I. Thomas B.[7], Jan. 3, 1819.
II. Lucy Ann[7], Sept. 16, 1821.
III. Henry B.[7], June 1, 1823.
IV. Adeline A.[7], Nov. 7, 1824; m. Aug. 5, 1856, David Hitchcock.
V. Edwin Augustus[7], Dec. 9, 1826; d. Dec. 8, 1897; m. Aug. 18, 1857, Mrs. Carrie (Moore) Wallis, b. Sept. 3, 1836; d. Mch. 30, 1905.

Child.

1. Dr. George H. Janes, b. Dec. 1, 1862; m. Jan. 25, 1898, Minnie L. Cadwell.

Children.

1. Dorris Augusta, b. Aug. 24, 1899.
2. Edward Cadwell, b. Jan. 19, 1908.

These born in Westfield.

VI. Timothy C., Aug. 25, 1830.

18. Albon[6] Janes (William[5], William, Jr.[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Sept. 16, 1783; d. July 1, 1859; m. Apr. 23, 1812, Mary Bliss. She d. Jan. 1, 1875.

Children.

I. Abigail[7], Jan. 17, 1813; d. Feb. 4, 1813.
II. Abigail B.[7], Feb. 28, 1814; d. July 8, 1839; m. May 8, 1833, Aaron B. Fairbanks.
III. Elvira[7], Mch. 10, 1816; d. Apr. 27, 1841.
IV. Mary Ann[7], Sept. 13, 1818; d. June 14, 1838.
V. Sarah K.[7], Nov. 19, 1820; d. Apr. 11, 1847; m. Oct. 7, 1845, Miner Andrews.
VI. Sophia[7], Dec. 18, 1822; d. July 13, 1860; m. Sept. 26, 1849, William Wight of Sturbridge.

VII. William S.[7], Mch. 8, 1826; d. abt. 1909; m. Sept. 24, 1851, Lucy M. Bolles; she d. Mch. 30, 1856; m. (2) Feb. 18, 1857, Harriet E. Bixby.

Children.

1. William Albon[8], June 13, 1858; d. 1899.
2. Alice M.[8], May 16, 1864; d. Jan. 12, 1871.

VIII. Elizabeth[7], Dec. 9, 1829; d. Apr. 6, 1831.

IX. Harriet[7], Dec. 22, 1833; d. Oct. 15, 1868; m. Jan. 1, 1857, Edgar G. Phelps.

X. Caroline B.[7], Feb. 10, 1838; m. Nov. 14, 1865, Charles O. Brown. Had five children. Eugene D.[8], Lillian[8], Albert[8], Fred[8] and James Walter[8] Brown.

19. Alven[6] Janes (Cyrus[5], Elijah[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Jan. 19, 1800; d. Feb. 28, 1872; m. Dec. 28, 1825, Mary Hoar, b. May 23, 1802, d. Feb. 2, 1887, dau. of David Homer (the name Hoar having been changed to Homer).

Children.

23. I. David W.[7], Feb. 1, 1827.

II. Catherine P.[7], Oct. 5, 1829; d. Mch. 16, 1874; m. Apr. 16, 1856, Charles A. Clark.

III. Charles A.[7], June 21, 1833; lived in Holland on the Gould place; m. (d. abt. 1908), Elizabeth Stone, b. 1841; d. in West Brookfield, Jan. 22, 1914.

20. Harvey[6] Janes (Cyrus[5], Elijah[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Jan. 15, 1806; d. May 27, 1893; m. Feb. 10, 1841, Sarepta Harding, d. Aug. 1, 1889.

Child.

I. Horace E.[7], June 18, 1845; m. May 21, 1871, Carrie R. Wallis of Holland; one child: Lizzie Emma[8], b. Nov. 25, 1873; d. June 18, 1891.

21. Sumner[6] Janes (Levi[5], Israel[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]). Mr. Janes went to New York, then commonly called "York State," when that locality was considered "away out West"; in fact, it was thought to be near the "jumping off place" of the earth. He cleared land and built a log cabin, which served for a home for himself and his wife until he could build a permanent "framed house." He made large quantities of maple sugar, boiling the sap in a kettle set up on a stone

foundation in his maple forest, drawing the sap on a "drag," what is now known as a stone-boat, with oxen. He was killed by a young horse throwing him from his wagon. He was born Dec. 26, 1806; d. May 8, 1857, in Cochecton, N. Y.; m. (1) Jan. 1, 1836, Mary, b. Feb. 19, 1812, dau. of Adolphus and Sallie (Needham) Webber. She d. in Cochecton. He m. (2) and (3) in Cochecton, and left children.

22. Lyman[6] Janes (Levi[5], Israel[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. in Holland Sept. 20, 1814; d. Jan. 8, 1902; m. Nov. 23, 1840, Harriet Towne, b. May 10, 1821, in Southbridge, d. Apr. 4, 1895.

Children.

I. Edward E. L.[7], b. Oct. 26, 1841; m. (1) Mary D. Chamberlain; (2) Inez MacNeal.

Children.

1. Vernon[8].
2. Florence I.[8], b. Apr. 10, 1882.
3. Emily M.[8], b. Oct. 13, 1892.
4. Irene Evelyn[8], b. Oct. 5, 1897.

II. Emily F.[7], Dec. 2, 1848; m. June 1, 1870, David Brainard Wight, b. Apr. 4, 1849, in Sturbridge.

Child.

1. David Earl[8] Wight, b. Aug. 9, 1873; d. Aug. 21, 1878.

III. Frederick G.[7], Dec. 24, 1851; m. Leila Wales.

Children.

1. Lyman Wales[8].
2. Ruth Lena Wales[8], b. June 17, 1892; m. W. H. Cambell.

IV. Louise M., Aug. 24, 1854; m. June 2, 1873, George Richards of Sturbridge, b. Sept. 26, 1845.

Child.

1. Grace Richards, b. Jan. 10, 1888; m. Nov. 28, 1908, Harold Smith of East Brimfield.

SEVENTH GENERATION.

23. David W.[7] Janes (Alven[6], Cyrus[5], Elijah[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Feb. 1, 1827; m. Nov. 1, 1853, Janette Hitchcock of Westfield, Vt. She d. July 10, 1907.

Children.

I. Frank Augustus[8], Oct. 12, 1854; d. Mch. 14, 1857.
24. II. Jennie Alice[8], Dec. 19, 1857.
III. Anna Francis[8], Oct. 19, 1860; d. July 24, 1910; m. Nov. 26, 1885, John H. Tunison of Worcester.
IV. Frederic Horner[8], July 13, 1864; d. Sept. 8, 1864.
V. Louis H.[8], Apr. 26, 1867; m. May 20, 1890, L. Josephine Billings of West Boylston. Residence, Worcester, Mass.

Child.

1. Marion Jenette[9] Janes, b. Dec. 23, 1900.

VI. Cora[8], Sept. 1, 1871. Resides in Worcester.

EIGHTH GENERATION.

24. Jennie Alice[8] Janes (David W.[7], Alven[6], Cyrus[5], Elijah[4], William[3], Abel[2], William[1]), b. Dec. 19, 1857; m. Dec. 21, 1881, Charles D. Lloyd.

Children.

I. Edna A.[9] Lloyd, Oct. 3, 1882; m. June 17, 1908, Harold B. Larned of New York City.

Children.

1. Ruth B.[10], Larned, May 7, 1910.
2. Janette[10] Larned, June 22, 1913.

II. Kenneth Janes[9] Lloyd, Mar. 20, 1900.
III. Gertrude[9] Lloyd, July 3, 1901; d. Aug. 23, 1901.

THE KINNEY FAMILY.

By Lovering.

Elisha[1] Kinney, b. in Union, Ct., Oct. 11, 1805; d. in Holland, Mass. Aug. 23, 1888 (83); m. Mary Ann Marcy of Holland, b. Feb. 7, 1813, d. Feb. 5, 1881 (aet. 68).

Children.

I. Mary Ann E.[2], b. Nov. 9, 1834; d. Oct., 1891.
II. Francis E.[2], b. Feb. 14, 1841; drowned March 10, 1890.

Mary Ann[2] E. Kinney m. Francis Wight of Sturbridge.

Children.

George Ormer[3], b. Sept. 9, 1855; d. Sept. 15, 1855.
Everett E.[3], b. July 10, 1858; d. March 7, 1860.

Francis E.[2] Kinney, b. Feb. 14, 1841; d. March 10, 1890; m. Olivia M. Parker of Brimfield.

Children.

1. Mabel Parker[3], b. Jan. 22, 1871; d. Jan. 29, 1871.
2. Oscar Francis[3], b. Oct. 7, 1872.
3. Walter Earle[3], b. Sept. 7, 1874.
4. Grace Millicent[3], b. Dec. 9, 1876; d. March 29, 1909.
5. Sumner Parker[3], b. July 13, 1880.
6. Frank Milton[3], b. Oct. 28, 1882.

Oscar Francis[3] Kinney m. Lotta Mae Cooley of Springfield; she d. Dec. 22, 1902; m. (2) Mae Cox Willard of Worcester.

Child.

Katherine Olivia[4], b. Dec. 25, 1900.

Grace Millicent[3] Kinney m. Percy E. Woodward of Springfield.

Child.

Parker Sears[4], b. March 28, 1909; d. March 28.

Sumner Parker[3] Kinney m. Mabel Dawn Sutherlin of Portland, Oregon.

Frank Milton[3] Kinney m. Ida Martha Sharkey of North Yakima, Wash.

THE LILLY FAMILY.

By Mrs. Henry Curtis.

John Lilly came to Holland from Union about 1860. He first occupied the Dr. Dean place. When his son, William, bought the place, the father moved to the gate house, now occupied by Mr. Flannigan, where he died. William Lilly lived on the Dean place and was twice married. He was a soldier of the civil war. In 1889 he became mail carrier between Holland and Brimfield, doing the work with great regularity and efficiency during the eight years of his service. He was also sexton of the church for a number of years. He served his country in the civil war, and became a loyal member of the G. A. R. to which he belonged. In 1904 he was disabled by an accident and then transferred the homestead to his eldest daughter, Mrs. Henry Curtis, with whom he lived till his death in 1914.

1. John[1] Lilly, b. Nov. 14, 1806; m. about 1827-8, Hannah Corey, b. July 24, 1808. He d. July 4, 1881, aged 76. She d. Oct. 29, 1880, aged 72.

Children.

2. I. Dexter[2], b. July 19, 1829; d. Aug. 29, 1834.
3. II. Isaac[2], b. Oct. 25, 1831; d. Jan. 25, 1903, a. 72.
4. III. William[2], b. May 21, 1834; d. Oct. 5, 1914, a. 80.
5. IV. John[2], b. June 11, 1836; d. Jan. 23, 1912.
6. V. Mary[2], b. May 18, 1839; d. ———
7. VI. Sarah[2], b. Apr. 9, 1843; d. Jan. 1, 1914.
8. VII. Lucinda[2], b. Apr. 24, 1845.
9. VIII. Alma[2], b. Mar. 14, 1849; d. July 15, 1912.
10. IX. Elijah[2], b. Mar. 4, 1853; d. Jan. 19, 1882.

3. Isaac[2] Lilly (John[1]), m.

Child.

Albert[3].

4. William[2] Lilly (John[1]), m. (1) Harriet M. B. Barrows, Oct. 7, 1856; b. 1834. She died Mar. 18, 1883. Mr. Lilly m. (2) Mary Devine, b. 1844, d. Aug. 4, 1906.

Children.

11. I. Harriet Elizabeth, b. May 21, 1856.
12. II. Francena Jenette, b. Nov. 14, 1860.

Both b. in Medway, Mass.

5. John[2] Lilly, Jr. (John)[1], m. (1) June 30, 1859, Ann Lucas, b. 1840, d. June 7, 1869.

Child.

I. Mary[3] Jane, b. Mar. 29, 1862.

John[2] Lilly m. (2) Emma McFarland Gillespie about 1870.

Children.

I. John[3] Wesley, b. June 5, 1871; m. Ellen Avery.
II. Geo.[3] Livingston, b. ——— 1875; d. Sept. 5, 1901.
III. Edith[3], b. Apr. 17, 1877; m. Robert Watson.
IV. Albert[3], b. Mar. 1, 1884; m. Elfrida Nichols.

6. Mary[2] Lilly (John[1]), m. July 4, 1858, Anderson Williams.

Child.

Charles[3] F. Williams, b. Sept. 5, 1872.

7. Sarah[2] Lilly (John[1]), m. (1) Edwin Crouch, b. 1834, d. May 20, 1864, in the Civil War.

Child.

I. Roena[3] Crouch, b. Dec. 11, 1862; m. (2) John Gray, b. ———; d. ———; m. (3) John Smith, b ———; d. ———; m. (4) William Potter.

8. Lucinda[2] Lilly (John[1]), m. (1) Dr. Hodgkins, Rock Hill, Ct.; m. (2) William North of Hartford, Ct.

Child.

Grace Hodgkins, she m. Dr. Murphy, Hartford, Ct.

9. Alma[2] Lilly (John[1]), m. (1) Charles Washburn; m. (2) John Farnum.

Child.

Edith[3] Washburn, b. ———

10. Elijah[2] Lilly (John[1]), m. Mar. 18, 1880, Ada Plank.

11. Harriet[3] Lilly (William[2], John[1]), m. Mar. 24, 1880, Henry I. Curtis, b. November 17, 1860.

Children.

21. I. Arthur[4] L. Curtis, b. May 7, 1885; m. Sept. 1, 1904, Bessie Aldrich; b. Aug. 28, 1881; no children.
22. II. William[4] H. Curtis, b. Oct. 1, 1888.

23. III. Nettie[4] M. Curtis, b. Feb. 4, 1890; m. Dec. 25, 1909, Farrar Worth; b. July 23, 1884; no children.

22. William H.[4] Curtis (Hattie[3], William[2], John[1]), m. Jan. 28, 1908, Ola Willis, b. Mar. 9, 1890.

Children.

24. I. Elmer[5] Henry Curtis, b. Oct. 3, 1910.
25. II. Mildred[5] Hattie Curtis, b. June 4, 1912.
26. III. Florence[5] Viola Curtis, b. Mar. 6, 1915.

12. Francena[3] Jenette Lilly (William[2], John[1]), m. (1) June 7, 1893, Wm. E. Merrifield, b. 1862, d. Apr. 26, 1894. Francena m. (2) Albert B. Hopkins, Jan. 1, 1904.

13. Mary Jane[4] Lilly (John[3], William[2], John[1]), m. John Farnum, 1914.

1. Mr. John[1] Lilly's sister, Nancy (Lilly) Allard, lived with him several years in Holland and died May 1, 1876, aged 72.

THE LYNN FAMILY.

By Chase.

Dea. James A.[1] Lynn, b. Oct. 23, 1773; d. Jan. 27, 1839, in his 66th year; m. Apr. 7, 1803, Jerusha, dau. of Abel and Jerusha (Tarbell) Allen, b. 1776, d. Jan. 16, 1865.

Children b. in Holland, bp. by Rev. Joseph Vaille of Brimfield, July 1, 1817.

I. Esther Louisa[2], b. Nov. 13, 1805.
1. II. William Allen[2], b. June 15, 1808.
2. III. James Freeland[2], b. July 23, 1810.
IV. Paschal Merrick[2], b. Feb. 24, 1813; d. Nov. 16, 1846; age 33 yrs., 8 mos., 22 dys.

1. William A.[2] Lynn (James A.[1]), b. June 15, 1808; d. Nov. 18, 1892; m. Dec. 13, 1842, Mary Ann Flint of Thompson, Conn., b. Oct. 3, 1820; d. May, 1900, age 79 yrs., 7 mos.

Children born in Holland.

I William Oscar[3], b. Sept. 4, 1843; m. (1) Nov. 22, 1868, Annie Julia Bacon; d. abt. 1872, (2) Dec. 25, 1873, Nellie S. Rice.

Children born in Holland

1. Nellie Frances[4], d. Jan. 23, 1876; age 7 yrs., 2 mos., 18 dys.
2. Annie L.[4], b. Feb. 22, 1871; d. Mch. 31, 1892; was adopted by A. H. and L. M. Bump of East Brimfield; she m. Oct. 7, 1890 C. H. Wesson of Southbridge.

Child.

Albert Calvin Wesson, b. June 10, 1891.

II. Allen Walbridge[3], b. Jan. 5, 1846; d. Nov. 26, 1862 at one o'clock in the afternoon; age 16 yrs. 10 mos. 21 dys.
III. Mary Evelyn[3], b. Apr. 12, 1849; d. Mch. 2, 1864; age 14 yrs. 11 months.
IV. Lucebia Lovina[3], b. Apr. 2, 1851; m. (1) July 16, 1870, John S. Leland of Union, Ct.; he d. Jan. 28, 1879, age 35 yrs. 3 mos. 17 dys; (2) Oct. 20, 1882, Alexander McGregor.

"WHAT LIFE HATH."

"Life hath its barren years,
When blossoms fall untimely down,
When ripened fruitage fails to crown
The summer's toil; when nature's frown
Looks only on our tears.

Life has its faithless days,—
The golden promise of the morn,
That seemed for light and gladness born,
Meant only noontide wreck and scorn
Hushed harp instead of praise.

Life has its valleys, too,
Where we must talk with vain regret,
With mourning clothed, with wild rain wet,
Toward sunlight hopes that soon must set,
All quenched in pitying dew.

Life hath its harvest moons,
Its tasseled corn, its purple weighted vine,
Its gathered sheaves of grain, the blessed sign
Of plenteous ripened bread and pure, rich wine,
Full hearts for harvest tunes.

Life hath its hopes fulfilled,
Its glad fruitions, its best answered prayer,
Sweeter for waiting long when holy air,
Indrawn to silent souls, breathes forth its rare
Grand speech, by joy distilled.

Life hath its Tabor heights,
Its lofty mounts of heavenly recognition,
Whose unveiled glories flash to earth, munition
Of love and truth and clear intuition;
Hail mount of all delights!"

Composed by William A. Lynn when 80 years old.

Holland, Dec. 25, 1888.

Children.

I. William Edward[4] Leland, b. Apr. 24, 1874, in New York City.

3. V. George Ervin[3], b. Dec. 12, 1853; d. Jan. —, 1907.

VI. Eugene C.[3], b. May 8, 1856; d. Feb. 19, 1878; age 21 yrs., 9 mos., 11 dys., (hemorrhage of the lungs).

VII. Jennie Annette[3], b. Nov. 9, 1858; d. Nov. 5, 1869; "age 11 yrs. wanting 4 days."

VIII. Lydia Adella[3], b. Oct. 29, 1861.

2. James Freeland[2] Lynn (James A.[1]), b. July 23, 1810; d. Dec. 24, 1892, age 82 yrs.; m. int. Apr. 27, 1834; m. May 20, 1834, Maria Ainsworth of Brookfield; (2) int. Aug. 1, 1856; m. Aug. 10, 1856, Hannah Farey (Ferry?), b. Jan. 26, 1819, d. July 23, 1889, age 70 years.

Children of second marriage born in Holland.

I. Adelaide[3], b. July 1, 1858; m. May 19, 1878, Frank W. Fenton of Brimfield; b. Aug. 12, 1857.

Child.

1. Lottie Louise[4] Fenton, b. Dec. 15, 1880; d. Aug. 23, 1889.
2. Alta Francis[4] Fenton, b. Oct. 27, 1857; d. Aug. 25, 1889.

II. Elizabeth C.[3], b. Sept. 4, 1861; m. Dec. 21, 1901, John T. Havens of New Jersey, and live in Florida.

3. George Ervin[3] Lynn (William A.[2], James A.[1]), b. Dec. 12, 1853; d. Jan. 22, 1907; m. prob. 1896, Lilla Augusta Leno, b. ——, d. Jan. 24, 1908, dau. of David and Mary (Allen) Leno.

Children born in Holland.

I. Edith Lucy Lynn, Nov. 4, 1897.
II. Nellie May Lynn, Aug. 6, 1901.
III. Irene Gertrude Lynn, Aug. 16, 1902.
IV. Eugene Ervin Lynn, May 1, 1905.
V. Mildred Amelia Lynn, Sept. 10, 1907.

THE LYON FAMILY.

1. William[1] Lyon of Woodstock, Ct., m. Mary——; had son:—

Ebenezer[2] Lyon, b. in Woodstock, Ct., who m. Rebekah Throop of Bristol, R. I.

Children.

I. Amos[3].
2. II. Ebenezer[3], b. June 10, 1743.
III. Wareham[3].
IV. Moses[3]; in 1757 when the "meeting house was seated Moses Lynn was given a seat in the Northwest corner."
V. Fanny[3]; m. ——— Chandler of Woodstock.
VI. Rebecca Throop[3].

THIRD GENERATION.

2. Ebenezer[3] Lyon (Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. June 10, 1743; d. Dec. 28, 1825; m. April 7, 1774, Prudence Bugbee, b. in Muddy Brook, Woodstock, Ct., May 27, 1751. They moved to Holland about 1781 prob.

Children.

I. Rebekah Throop[4], b. Jan. 31, 1775, in West Woodstock, Ct.; m. 1797 her cousin Throop Lyon; she d. 1832; he d. Sept. 1827.
3. II. Ebenezer[4], b. Aug. 17, 1776.
4. III. Jonathan[4], b. Aug. 22, 1778.
5. IV. Stephen[4], b. Sept. 19, 1780.
V. Prudence[4], b. Sept. 15, 1782 in Holland; d. Feb. 1852 in Holland; m. Nov. 1807, Willard Rosebrooks; he d. in Sturbridge, July 28, 1831.
VI. James[4], b. March 10, 1785; d. 1736.
VII. Perley[4], b. Aug. 18, 1788; d. Mch., 1846; m. Phebe Preston of Union, they had 7 children. (*See History of Union.*)
VIII. Walter[4], b. Aug. 19, 1790; m. Oct. 24, 1823, Lucretia Morse; had five children, [1]Winthrop[5], [2]Lathrope[5], [3]Amos[5], [4]Emerson[5], [5]Elmira[5].

25. Col. Alfred[5] Lyon (Ethelbert[4], Moses[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]) b. Mch. 4, 1753, in Holland. He moved from Holland

to Brimfield about 1800; d. Dec. 5, 1813; m. Jan. 23, 1777, Lydia Ballard, b. Nov. 18, 1756, d. Dec. 29, 1822.

Children born in Holland.

I. Elvira[6], b. Oct. 21, 1777; m. Int. July 24, 1796, Pliny Polly.
II. Oril[6], b. May 19, 1779; m. Sept. 1, 1802, Calvin Brown.
III. Eudotia[6], b. Aug. 19, 1781; m. May 25, 1807, Elias Carter.
IV. Roxey[6], b. Dec. 7, 1783; m. Jan. 20, 1805, Chas. Chamberlain.
V. Sophia[6], b. July 9, 1785; m. Marquis Converse, Apr. 27, 1808.
VI. Prudence[6], b. Oct. 21, 1787; m. March 17, 1811, Abel Burt.
26. VII. Washington[6], b. Jan. 1, 1790.
VIII. Horatio[6], b. July 15, 1792; d. 1799.
IX. Lydia[6], b. May 22, 1794; m. March 19, 1816, John Wyles.
X. Alfred[6], b. Dec. 12, 1796.
XI. Horatio[6], b. July 31, 1801; went to Monson where his record may be found.

26. Col. Washington[6] Lyon (Col. Alfred[5], Ethelbert[4], Moses[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Jan. 1, 1790; d. Aug. 29, 1824, m. July 12, 1812, Elvira Warren.

Children.

I. Charles Warren[7], d. March 1, 1813.
II. Julia Ann[7], b. Feb. 2, 1815; m. Horatio L. Carter.
III. Harriet Morgan[7], b. July 15, 1818; d. 1818.
IV. Maria Wyles[7], b. 1820; m. Mr. Clelland.
V. Harriet, b. 1823; d. 1825.

FOURTH GENERATION.

3. Ebenezer[4] Lyon (Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Aug. 17, 1776; d. Jan. 1849; m. Jan. 10, 1810, Rebecca Upham, dau. of Jonathan and Sally Upham.

Children, not in order of birth.

I. Leanard[5], Dec. 21, 1821.
II. Calvin[5]; he went to Methuen.
III. Willard[5].
IV. Diantha[5].
V. Samantha[5].
VI. Esther[5], b. July 23, 1818.

4. Jonathan[4] Lyon (Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Aug. 22, 1778, in W. Woodstock, Ct.; d. in Sturbridge, Apr. 4, 1863; m. May 2, 1802, Hannah, b. in Sturbridge, Oct. 21, 1781, dau. of Abijah Smith, b. in Lexington, Sept. 8, 1750, and his wife Mary (Damon) Smith, b. in Reading, Nov. 7, 1752, who were m. July 7, 1772. Mr. Smith d. July 25, 1826; his wife d. July 26, 1821.

Children.

6. I. Oril[5], b. Oct. 10, 1803.
7. II. Abijah Smith[5], b. Apr. 2, 1805.
8. III. Lonzo[5], b. Jan. 19, 1807.
9. IV. Lorin[5], b. Jan. 19, 1807.
10. V. Prudence[5], b. in Holland Dec. 21, 1809.
11. VI. Jonathan[5], b. Oct. 5, 1812.
12. VII. Merrick[5], b. Apr. 7, 1813.
13. VIII. Lucius[5], b. Apr. 1, 1817.
14. IX. Emory[5], b. April 23, 1819.
X. Hannah[5], b. July 12, 1821; unm.; d. 1842.

5. Stephen[4] Lyon (Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Sept. 19, 1780; d. June 11, 1860; m. 1803, Sally Stevens (See Stevens).

Children.

I. Salome[5], b. 1804; d. 1852; m. Rev. Urijah Underwood.

II. Orrin[5], b. 1808; d. Mch. 10, 1885; m. Sept. 3, 1837, Matilda Snow; d. Aug. 25, 1868.

Children.

1. Emily D.[6], b. Sept. 10, 1838; d. 1842.
2. Mariamne M.[6], b. Jan. 20, 1842; d. 1885.
3. Harriet L.[6], b. Oct. 20, 1844; m. (1) Myron Balcom (2) Mason Balcom.
4. Nancy H.[6], b. Mch. 8, 1846; m. Horace Tucker.
5. George M.[6], b. Aug. 22, 1848.

III. Walter[5], m. Hannah Snow; moved to Ellington, Ct., 1877. She d. Oct. 1, 1874.

Children.

1. Martha A.[6], b. 1840; d. 1848.
2. Sarah Salome[6], b. May 21, 1843; m. Gurdon Chaffee.

IV. Fanny[5], b. 1812; m. Sullivan Underwood.

V. Cyprian Stephen[5], b. July 3, 1814; d. July 6, 1868; m. 1842, Malinda Ingalls, b. Mch. 7. 1816 at Hampton, Ct.; she m. (2) Seaver Gifford of Sturbridge.

Children.

1. Emily M.[6], b. Oct. 25, 1844; m. 1886, Rev. L. L. Goodell.
2. Olive M.[6], b. Mch. 27, 1846; d. 1864.
3. Emmogene L.[6], b. 1847; m. 1872 Henry Upham.
4. Albert F.[6], b. Apr. 25, 1849.
5. Henry T.[6], b. Oct. 6, 1851; m. 1882, Alice Arnold.
6. Oliver A.[6], b. July 22, 1853; m. 1886.

Seaver Gifford, farmer in Holland, m. (1) Sept. 12, 1836, Mary Ann Sabin; (2) Mrs. Malinda (Ingalls) Lyon, wid. of Cyprian Stephen Lyon of Union.

Children by First Wife.

I. Mary Ann Eliza Gifford, b. July 4, 1839.
II. Horace Seaver Gifford, b. Aug. 15, 1841.
III. Jane Frances Gifford, b. July 31, 1845.
IV. Helen Gifford, b. May 2, 1849; m. Lowell Wilcox.

FIFTH GENERATION.

6. Oril[5] Lyon (Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Oct. 10, 1803; d. Aug. 1876; m. in Sturbridge, Sept. 7, 1823, Simeon Mason Streeter, b. Mch. 17, 1800, d. Aug., 1876.

Children.

15. I. Leanard[6] Streeter, Oct. 24, 1824.
II. Lucena[6] Streeter, Aug. 25, 1826; d. July 16, 1852.
III. Rebecca[6] Streeter, Oct. 8, 1828; d. Mch. 15, 1903; m. Oct. 15, 1851, Geo. Washington Otis of Lynn.
IV. Sarah[6] Streeter, July 6, 1830; d. Feb. 12, 1913; m. Oct. 15, 1851, Geo. L. Webber. (*See Webber Genealogy.*)
V. Oril[6] Streeter, Feb. 10, 1832; d. in Lynn, Feb. 29, 1895.
16. VI. Merrick Lyon[6] Streeter, Apr. 28, 1836.
VII. Simeon Mason[6] Streeter Jr., Aug. 22, 1834; d. Jan. 12, 1836.
17. VIII. Emory Smith[6] Streeter, Aug. 12, 1838.
IX. Lucius Henry[6] Streeter, Apr. 27, 1841; d. 1843.
X. Albert Cooke[6] Streeter, Apr. 27, 1845; d. Mch. 1, 1893 in Boston.

7. Rev. Abijah Smith[6] Lyon (Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Apr. 2, 1805, in Woodstock, Ct., d. Sept. 13,

1871, at Newport, Minn.; m. in Sturbridge, May 2, 1838, Caroline Phillips dau. of John Phillips, b. Apr. 14, 1813, d. July 19, 1871.

Children.

18. I. Edward Phillips[6], Jan. 21, 1840 in N. Oxford.
II. Mary Annah[6], b. Dec. 3, 1841; d. Dec. 11, 1904; m. Feb. 14, 1867, Rev. Elias H. Johnston; no children.
III. Albert Jonathan[6], July 11, 1848; d. Mch. 15, 1878 in Burmah, India, was a missionary; m. Sept. 5, 1877, Lida A. Scott; b. Jan. 19, 1852 in Plymouth township, Wayne Co., Mich.; no children.

8. Lonzo[5] Lyon (Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Jan. 19, 1807; d. Dec. 23, 1839, at N. Brookfield; m. in Southbridge, Nov. 20, 1834, by Rev. Addison Parker, Caroline Brown Jencks, b. Mch. 8, 1813, d. Aug. 7, 1887, Prov., R. I.

Children.

I. Elizabeth Caroline[6], Oct. 12, 1835, Keene, N. H.; d. Feb. 11, 1840, in North Brookfield.
II. Wm. Lonzo[6], July 8, 1837, W. Boylston; d. Feb. 14, 1840.
III. John P.[6], b. July 29, 1839, N. Brookfield; d. Feb. 25, 1840, N. Brookfield.

9. Lorin[5] Lyon (Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Jan. 19, 1807, in Woodstock, Ct.; d. Jan. 27, 1867, in Leicester; m. Mch. 17, 1829, Cynthia Patch, b. Worcester, Nov., 1806.

Children.

I. Sarah Jane[6], 1830, Sturbridge; d. Apr. 2, 1846, in Leicester.
II. Frederic Augustus[6], Dec. 18, 1831, Hadley; d. July 11, 1832.
III. Hannah Smith[6], Jan. 10, 1833; d. May 1, 1864 in Leicester; m. Mch. 15, 1854, in Leicester, Lyman D. Thurston, b. in Paxton, Aug. 28, 1832; d. in Leicester, June 26, 1911.

Child.

1. Newbirt A.[7] Thurston, May 21, 1855; d. Sept. 2, 1855.
2. Joseph Lyman[7], May 23, 1859; d. 1864.

19. IV. Frederic Augustus[6], Oct. 8, 1835; d. Nov. 17, 1888.

V. Lucina P.[6], b. March 8, 1839; d. May 29, 1840.
20. VI. Elizabeth Ellen, b. Jan. 14, 1843, Leicester; d. Sept. 30, 1908.

10. Prudence[5] Lyon (Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. in Holland, Dec. 21, 1809; d. Nov. 26, 1850 in Hadley; m. Nov. 20, 1834, in Sturbridge, Alfred Hunt Cooke, b. Apr. 10, 1810, d. Mch. 17, 1882.

Children.

I. Martha Hunt Cooke, b. Sept. 7, 1835; d. Apr. 16, 1866, in Hadley.
21. II. Alfred Lyon[6] Cooke, Dec. 1, 1836.
III. Lucy Warner[6] Cooke, Sept. 10, 1838.
IV. Ellen Elisabeth[6] Cooke, May 7, 1840.
V. Elmira Fay[6] Cooke, Nov. 9, 1841; d. Aug. 10, 1900 in Hadley.
22. VI. Henry Robert[6] Cooke, Sept. 10, 1843; d. Dec. 29, 1913.
VII. Herbert Jonathan[6] Cooke, May 18, 1845.
VIII. Lucius Lyon[6] Cooke, Nov. 16, 1846; d. Jan. 1, 1848.
IX. Emory Lucius[6] Cooke, June 12, 1848.

11. Jonathan[5] Lyon, Jr. (Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Oct. 5, 1812; d. Aug. 5, 1870, in Worcester; m. Sept. 2, 1836, Evelina Patch, b. Sept. 19, 1814. She d. June 9, 1891.

Children.

I. Sarah Ann[6], Feb. 2, 1838; m. Oct. 28, 1856, Augustus Bisco Prouty; b. Oct. 5, 1831; d. July 19, 1897, Providence, R. I.

Child.

1. Anna Evelyn[7] Prouty, July 28, 1861 in Leicester.

II. Wm. Lonzo[6], Sept. 2, 1841; d. July 20, 1876 in Boston; m. Sept. 2, 1872, Abbie Jane Stoyle; b. Sept. 4, 1843; d. Sept. 26, 1892 in Worcester.

Child.

Walter Stoyle[7] Lyon, March 27, 1873, Philadelphia; d. in New Rochford, North Dakota, April 12, 1904; m. Oct. 12, 1903 in Minneapolis, Minn., Mary Elizabeth Cromb; b. Feb. 26, 1881, Worcester.

Child.
George Walter[7] Lyon, July 4, 1904 in Minneapolis, Minn.

III. Caroline Elizabeth[6], July 14, 1843; d. March 20, 1897; m. Jan. 3, 1877, Worcester, Thomas Benj. Cowan; b. Dec. 11, 1846; he m. (2) Fannie O. Webber. (*See Webber Genealogy.*)

12. Merrick[5] Lyon (Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Apr. 7, 1815; d. Aug. 11, 1888, in Providence, R. I.; m. Aug. 23, 1842, in E. Brookfield, Mrs. Caroline B. (Jencks) Lyon, b. May 22, 1845, d. Aug. 7, 1887.

Children.

I. Carrie Hannah[6], b. May 22, 1845; m. June 10, 1868, James Carleton Goff; b. Mch. 14, 1841, d. Jan. 20, 1906, in Providence, R. I.

Children.

1. Mabel C.[7] Goff, Feb. 20, 1869; d. Aug. 18, 1869, Providence, R. I.
2. Merrick L.[7] Goff, July 11, 1870; m. Jan. 5, 1899, Alice Luther; b. May 19, 1868.

Children.

(*a*) Luther[8] Goff, Sept. 27, 1899.
(*b*) Carleton[8] Goff, Feb. 9, 1902.
(*c*) Godfrey[8] Goff, Mch. 4, 1904.
(*d*) Dixwell[8] Goff, Oct. 31, 1905.
(*e*) Virginia Goff, Dec. 12, 1907.

II. Mary Elizabeth[6], Feb. 16, 1847; m. Dec. 5, 1906, George Leanard Barnes, Providence, R. I.

13. Lucius[5] Lyon (Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Apr. 1, 1817; d. June 21, 1892, in Providence, R. I.; m. Jan. 10, 1867, Caroline Frances Haile.

14. Emory[5] Lyon (Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Apr. 23, 1819; d. Oct. 31, 1904, Providence, R. I.; m. (1) Dec. 4, 1848, Mary Caroline Burrage, d. Sept. 23, 1852; (2) Aug. 15, 1854, Susan Nelson Stevens, b. July 31, 1833, in Eastport, Me.

Children.

I. Emma Caroline[6], Nov. 26, 1849; d. June 4, 1850.
II. Edith Maria[6], Dec. 28, 1857; m. June 15, 1880, in Providence, R. I., Elias Mattison Johnson.

Children.

1. Isaac Gale[7] Johnson, Feb. 21, 1882, in Spuyten Duyvil, N. Y.; d. Feb. 9, 1893.
2. Emory Lyon[7] Johnson, Aug. 1, 1884.
3. Hope[7] Johnson, Dec. 9, 1896.

III. Emory Stevens[6], June 26, 1863.

IV. Mary Caroline[6], Sept. 4, 1867; d. Apr. 28, 1872, Providence, R. I.

SIXTH GENERATION.

15. Leanard[6] Streeter (Oril[5] (Lyon) Streeter, Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Oct. 24, 1824; d. Apr. 20, 1881; m. Mch., 1856, Caroline Ammidown, b. Mch. 8, 1826, in Southbridge, d. July 8, 1893, in Worcester.

Children.

I. Ada Oril[7] Streeter, Nov. 14, 1856; d. June 21, 1880; m. Jan. 30, 1879, Charles W. Mackenzie; b. Dec. 11, 1854; d. Feb. 17, 1880.

II. Emma[7], b. abt. 1860; d. 18 mos. old.

III. Mabel Caroline[7] Streeter, Dec. 26, 1870; m. June 27, 1893, Frank Roe Batchelder; b. July 24, 1869.

Children.

1. Marcy[8] Batchelder, Jan. 18, 1896, in Washington, D. C.; d. Feb. 8, 1896.
2. Roger[8] Batchelder, June 5, 1897.
3. Alice Batchelder, Jan. 10, 1904.
4. Theron Batchelder, Apr. 13, 1913.

16. Merrick Lyon[6] Streeter (Oril[5] (Lyon) Streeter, Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Apr. 27, 1836; d. Apr. 12, 1893, in Brimfield; m. Nov. 8, 1870, in Concord, N. H., Harriet Augusta Butters, b. July 13, 1841.

Children.

I. Carl Butters[7] Streeter, Aug. 30, 1871.

II. Wm. Thomas[7] Streeter, Jan. 5, 1873; d. 1873.

III. Agnes Carter[7] Streeter, Aug. 24, 1874; d. 1875.

IV. Harold Spaulding[7] Streeter, Sept. 3, 1876.

V. Sarah Josephine[7] Streeter, Sept. 1, 1878; d. 1878.

VI. Richard Stoyle[7] Streeter, Jan. 2, 1880; m. Dec. 7, 1902, Carrie Lamont of Belmont.

VII. Merrick Lyon[7] Streeter, Jr., Dec. 25, 1881; m. Sept. 7, 1910, Mary Wealthy Hall; b. Sept. 15, 1886.

Child.

1. Harriet[8] Nov. 29, 1913, in Tavoy, Burmah.

VIII. Florence Fannie[7] Streeter, Sept. 22, 1884; m. Jan. 1, 1904, in Cambridge, Charles Fessenden Metcalf; b. May 5, 1875.

Children.

1. Dorothy Hope[8] Metcalf, March 6, 1906.
2. Elsie Roe[8] Metcalf, Dec. 9, 1907.
3. Marion Lois[8] Metcalf, Jan. 10, 1910.

17. Emory Smith[6] Streeter (Oril[5] (Lyon) Streeter, Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. in Sturbridge, Aug. 12, 1838; m. June 12, 1861, Hannah Smith Redding, b. Oct. 12, 1841, d. in Worcester June 13, 1903.

Children.

I. Arthur Livingston[7] Streeter, b. Jan. 29, 1865; m. (1) June 18, 1890, Lena Bragg; b. Nov. 19, 1854; d. Oct. 19, 1897 in Worcester; (2) May 16, 1905, Emily S. Marsh, b. Feb. 14, 1861, in Saunemin, Ill.

II. Frank Irving[7] Streeter, July 6, 1867; d. July 4, 1906.

III. Clarence Redding[7] Streeter, b. Feb. 4, 1874; m. Jan. 22, 1902, Hattie Pearse Hixon; b. Oct. 31, 1877, in Woonsocket, R. I.

Children.

1. Helen[8] Streeter, b. Feb. 24, 1903.
2. Marjorie[8] Streeter, b. June 6, 1908.
3. Clarence Redding[8] Streeter, Jr., b. Nov. 11, 1911.
4. Elisabeth[8] Streeter, b. May 23, 1913.

IV. Wilfred Alberto[7] Streeter, b. Oct. 25, 1878; m. Sept. 28, 1904, Jessie Oxlsy Fulton; b. Sept. 28, 1881 in Nova Scotia.

18. Edward Phillips[6] Lyon (Abijah S.[5], Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Jan. 21, 1840; m. Oct. 14, 1879, Helen Jane Swain, in Janesville, Minn. She was b. Aug. 10, 1852, in Dunn Township, Wis.; d. Apr. 16, 1897, in Elysian, Minn.

Children.

I. Edith May[7], b. May 19, 1881, Newport, Minn.; m. July 4, 1906, Forrest Lewis Williams, b. March 13, 1878 at Elysian, Minn.

Children.

1. Kathryn Oriana[8], b. May 6, 1908.
2. Helen Arlene[7], b. Nov. 6, 1910.

II. Arthur Steen[7], b. May 5, 1883, Newport, Minn.; m. Sept. 6, 1911 at Brimfield church, Gertrude Loraine Andrews; b. May 31, 1887 at Meadville, Pa.

Children.

1. Dorothy Andrews[8], b. Aug. 2, 1912.
2. Barbara Swain Lyon, b. Nov. 21, 1914.

III. Stella Caroline[7], b. May 9, 1885.

IV. Clara Ethel[7], b. July 26, 1887.

V. Winnifred Minnie Luella[7], b. Feb. 8, 1892.

19. Frederic Augustus[6] Lyon (Lorin[5], Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Oct. 8, 1835; d. Nov. 17, 1888, in Leicester; m. Jan. 15, 1860, Frances Anna Lamb, b. Sept. 25, 1838, in Oxford, d. Jan. 26, 1895.

Children.

I. Hannah Jane[7], Nov. 15, 1864; m. Jan. 23, 1890, Walter Warren of Leicester; b. Jan. 29, 1855.

II. George Frederic[7], Oct. 21, 1867; m. Feb. 27, 1893, Charlotte Maria Gould; b. Feb. 27, 1872, in Eastman, P. Q.

Children.

1. Elmer Frederic[8], Mch. 12, 1896.
2. Evelyn Gertrude[8], Nov. 24, 1898.
3. Mary Francis[8], Jan. 6, 1902.
4. Florence Jane[8], Aug. 3, 1905.
5. Walter Harold[8], June 4, 1912.

20. Elisabeth Ellen[6] Lyon (Lorin[5], Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]), b. Jan. 14, 1843; d. Sept. 30, 1908, in Leicester; m. Nov. 28, 1860, Charles Morrison Marsh, b. Nov. 11, 1835, in Rutland.

Children.

I. Edith Maria[7] Marsh, June 23, 1866; m. June 28, 1893, Loriston Kendrick Amsden, b. May 17, 1864 in Athol.

Children.

1. Dorothy[8] Amsden, June 8, 1894.
2. Olive[8] Amsden, Dec. 11, 1895.
3. Kendrick Marsh[8] Amsden, Aug. 15, 1897.

II. Alice Elizabeth[7] Marsh, Sept. 13, 1868; d. Sept. 12, 1899; m. May 16, 1890, in Leicester, Fred-

erick Darville Libby; b. Aug. 3, 1863, in Gardiner, Me.

Child.

Ellen[8] Libby, Mch. 24, 1898, in Leicester.

III. Joseph Lorin[7] Marsh, May 16, 1870; m. in Athol, Sept. 22, 1899, Mary Newell, b. Feb. 25, 1878, Manchester, N. H.

Children.

1. Elizabeth[8] Marsh, Feb. 18, 1899, Athol.
2. Ralph Newell[8] Marsh, Aug. 17, 1902, Athol.
3. Alice Gertrude[8] Marsh, Sept. 7, 1908, Athol.

IV. Mabelle[7] Marsh, May 9, 1875; m. Oct. 26, 1898, Arthur Converse Longley; b. Aug. 20, 1862, Peterboro, N. H.

Children.

1. Phillip Morrison[8] Longley, Dec. 11, 1899.
2. Rachel Converse[8] Longley, Oct. 20, 1901.

V. John Ernest[7] Marsh, May 29, 1879; m. July 21, 1909, Augusta Brown; b. Oct. 24, 1886.

Child.

1. John Ernest[8] Marsh, Jr., May 13, 1912; d. Apr. 4, 1913.

VI. Anna Maude[7] Marsh, May 17, 1880; m. June 24, 1908.

Charles Francis Collyer, b. Dec. 21, 1872, Rockland Lake, N. Y.

Child.

Madeline Lyon[8] Collyer, b. Mch. 17, 1909, Montclair, N. J.

21. Alfred Lyon[6] Cooke (Prudence[5] (Lyon) Cooke, Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]); b. Dec. 1, 1836; d. March 5, 1890; m. Apr. 7, 1880, Mary A. Sayre, b. Sept. 14, 1854; d. Jan. 2, 1890, Hadley.

Children.

I. Robert Henry[7] Cooke, Apr. 24, 1881.

II. Ellen Elizabeth[7] Cooke, Feb. 8, 1883; m. Aug. 8, 1912, in Chester, N. J., Danforth Fletcher Alvord.

III. Mary Sayre[7] Cooke, Dec. 31, 1885.

IV. Herbert Alvord[7] Cooke, d. Jan. 1888.

23. Ellen Elizabeth[6] Cooke (Prudence[5] (Lyon) Cooke, Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]); b. May 7, 1840; m.

(1) July 8, 1868 in Hadley, Theodore Topping; b. Nov. 1818, in Chester, N. J.; d. Nov. 13, 1873, (2) Oct. 8, 1878, Lyman Harvey Pierson; b. Sept. 10, 1837, in Westfield, N. J.; d. Aug. 23, 1892.

Children.

I. Eliza Lyon[7] Topping, July 12, 1869.
II. Ernest Lyman[7] Pierson, Mch. 1, 1882; m. July 15, 1910, Florence Martin, b. in Santa Ana, Cal.

22. Henry Robert[6] Cooke (Prudence[5] (Lyon) Cooke, Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], William[1]); b. Sept. 10, 1843; d. Dec. 29, 1913, in Hadley; m. Jessie Reynolds, b. Jan. 23, 1862; d. June 29, 1909.

Children.

I. Helen May[7] Cooke, July 21, 1885; m. Oct. 27, 1909, Wm. D. Bowen; b. Sept. 30, 1886, Wendell, Mass.
II. Lulu Pierson[7] Cooke, Aug. 10, 1887, m. Sept. 9, 1910, Clifford M. Horton; b. Apr. 6, 1886.

24. Herbert Jonathan[6] Cooke, (Prudence[5] (Lyon) Cooke, Jonathan[4], Ebenezer[3], Ebenezer[2], Wm.[1]); b. May 18, 1845 in Hadley; m. Aug. 23, 1870 in Geneva, N. Y., Matilda Chapelle Metcalfe; b. March 5, 1846 in Lenox.

Children.

1. Edith Matilda[7] Cooke, Nov. 27, 1876.
2. Theodora Lyon[7] Cooke, July 27, 1879 in Coldwater, Mich.

ANCESTRY OF MARCY FAMILY OF HOLLAND

By Mrs. Ellen M. Webber.

1. John[1] Marcy was the son of the high sheriff of Limerick, Ireland. He was born about the year 1662; joined Elliot's Church in Roxbury, Mass., March 7, 1685. Among his descendants are the late Secretary of State, William Larned Marcy, General Randolph B. Marcy and Erastus E. Marcy M. D., now well known to our history and literature.

De Marcy, or simply Marcy, is now a name quite common in France and its colonies. The name appears to have come into Normandy with Rollo (A. D. 912) thence it went to England with William the Conqueror (A. D. 1068) and became very common in Cheshire, where the orthography is now universally Massey or Massie. In this form (Massey) it is common in the English and Irish Peerage.

In evidence that the present French form of the name obtained somewhat in England, I find in "The Patents of King John" A. D. 1208 mention made of one "Radus de Marcy."

In April 1686, John Marcy with twelve other men took possession of Quatosett (Woodstock, Conn.), granted (1663), by the colony of Massachusetts to the town of Roxbury. He married Sarah Hadlock, daughter of James and Sarah (Draper) Hadlock, of Roxbury. She was born Dec. 16, 1670. They lived and died in Woodstock. He died Dec. 23, 1724, aged 62 years, she died May 9, 1743, aged 73.

Children.

I. Anna[2], b. in Roxbury, Oct. 11, 1687; m. Ebenezer Grosvenor of Pomfret.
2. II. John[2], b. Nov. 17, 1689; m. Colburn.
3. III. James[2], b. Feb. 26, 1691; m. Ainsworth.
4. IV. Edward[2], b. June 28, 1695; m. Haskins.
5. V. Joseph[2], b. Sept. 18, 1697; m. Throop.
6. VI. Benj.[2], b. Mar. 11, 1699; m. Corbin.
7. VII. Moses[2], b. Apr. 18, 1702; m. Morris.
8. VIII. Samuel[2], b. July 28, 1704; m. Russell.
IX. Sarah[2], b. Feb. 8, 1707; m. Johnson, 1728.
9. X. Ebenezer[2], b. June 6, 1709; m. Martha Nicholson.
XI. Elizabeth[2], b. Nov. 8, 1711.

2. John[2] (John[1]) was born in Woodstock, Ct., Nov. 17, 1689. He was married to Experience Colburn, Jan. 14, 1712, by

the Rev. Josiah Dwight. He was executor of his father's will which is still extant. He was a farmer in Woodstock; his wife owned the covenant, Apr. 6, 1727.

Children.

10. I. Israel[3], m. Abigail Fuller.
II. Debora[3]; m. Harris.
III. ———[3]; m. Sanders.
IV. John[3], bpt. 1727; d. Apr. 11, 1801, at Windsor, Vt.; aged 77.
V. Sarah[3], bpt. July 23, 1728.
VI. Sarah[3], bpt. April 19, 1730.
VII. Grace[3], bpt. Feb. 4, 1733.
VIII. James[3], bpt. May 12, 1734.

3. James[2] (John[1]) was born in Woodstock, Conn., Feb. 26, 1691. He m. Judith Ainsworth, dau. of Edward and Joanna (Hemmingway) Ainsworth, who was born Jan. 25, 1722. He died Jan. 29, 1765. They had:

11. I. James[3], bpt. Feb. 2, 1729; m. Sarah Robbins.
II. Uriah[3], bpt. May 9, 1731.
12. III. Reuben[3], b. 1732; m. Rachel Watson.
IV. Elisha[3], bpt. Jan. 2, 1735.
V. Judah[3], m. Lord.
VI. Anna[3], m. Underwood.
VII. Lŏria[3], m. Lyon.
VIII. Jeruiah[3], bpt. 1739.

4. Edward[2] (John[1]); was b. at Woodstock, Conn., June 28, 1695. He m. ——— Haskins.

Children

I. Dolly[3], m. Dresser.
II. Mary[3], m. (1) Remington (2) Babbitt.
III. Mariah[3], m. Plympton.
IV. Miriam[3], m. Thomas Newell.
V. Mehitable[3], m. John Newell.

5. Joseph[2] (John[1]) ("Capt.") was b. in Woodstock Sept. 18, 1697, where he d. Oct. 18, 1795, aged 88 years. He m. Mary Throop, sister of the Rev. Amos Throop pastor of the church in Woodstock; she died Feb. 12, 1790 aged 85 yrs.

Children.

I. Joseph[3], b. May 9, 1729; killed by Indians in Vermont, May 24, 1746.
13. II. Stephen[3] ("Capt"), b. Sept. 4, 1730; d. Dec. 4, 1776.

III. Esther[3], b. Jan. 26, 1732, m. Perrin; d. May 16, 1807.
14. IV. Nathaniel[3], b. Feb. 25, 1733; m. Grosvenor; d. Nov. 29, 1798.
V. Rebecca[3], b. Nov. 27, 1736.
15. VI. Ichabod[3], b. Dec. 27, 1737.
16. VII. Hadlock[3], b. Jan. 30, 1739; d. 1821.
17. VIII. Smith[3] b. Oct. 28, 1742; d. Aug., 1829.
IX. Lydia[3], b. Sept. 23, 1744; m. Dr. Morse of W. Woodstock, Ct.
X. Thomas[3], b. Apr. 9, 1746, d. July 4, 1769; killed by frightened horses.

6. Benjamin[2] (John[1]), was b. March 11, 1699. He m. Mary, dau. of James and Hannah (Eastman) Corbin.

They had:

I. Lois[3], m. Jabesh Hendrick of Wilbraham.
II. Hannah[3], m. (1) Isaac Skinner, (2) Samuel Warner.
18. III. Benjamin[3], m. Loisa Gilbert.
IV. Elizabeth[3], m. Thomas Tiffany, of Ashford, Ct.
V. Mary[3], b. 1733; m. Capt. Wm. Ainsworth; d. Nov. 23, 1815.
VI. Eunice[3], m. Dodge.
19. VII. Asahel[3], m. Priscilla Dunham.
VIII. Dolly[3], m. Samuel Munger of Brimfield, Mass.

7. Moses[2] (John[1]) "Col.," was b. Apr. 18, 1702. In 1723 he m. Prudence Morris. He moved to Sturbridge, Mass., in 1732, where he became "the principal man in the colony." *See History of Sturbridge, Mass., by the Rev. Joseph S. Clark.* He was the first Justice of the peace; the first representative to the general court from the town; was moderator at 70 town meetings; during the French War he fitted out soldiers for the Army at his own expense, but was afterwards remunerated by the town. At a meeting of the church, held March 18, 1752, to compromise with the "Separatists" Moses Marcy was moderator, and the historian speaks of the "excellent spirit displayed by the excellent and venerable moderator." He died Oct. 9, 1779, "leaving an honorable name, a large estate, and numerous family." A list of persons married by himself includes 55 marriages. The list beginning in 1755 and ending 1776, a period of 21 years. In this list we have the following probably his children:

Mary Marcy[3], m. Westbrook Remington, July 4, 1755.
Martha Marcy[3], m. Gershom Plympton, Mar. 2, 1758.
Merriam Marcy[3], m. Timothy Newell, Jan. 1767.
Daniel Marcy[3], m. Hannah Morris, March 3, 1763:
Mehitable Marcy[3], m. Jonathan Newell, May 12, 1771.
Martha Marcy[3], m. Jared Freeman, Dec. 22, 1774.

They had also:

20. I. Jedediah[3], m. Mary Healy; d. in Dudley,
II. Moses[3], unm.
21. III. Elijah[3], m. Stacy.
22. IV. Daniel[3], m. Hannah Morris.

8. Samuel[2] (John[1]) b. in Woodstock, Conn., July 28, 1704; m. Mary Russell of Ashford, Feb. 13, 1724. They had:

23. I. William[3], bpt. May 24, 1730.
24. II. Zebediah[3], bpt. Aug. 27, 1732; m. Priscilla Morris.
III. Tabitha[3], bpt. Sept. 19, 1734.
25. IV. Samuel[3] (?), b. Oct. 19, 1739; m. Esther Peak; d. Feb. 1820.
V. Zariah[3], m. Paul.
VI. Sybell[3], bpt. Mch. 24, 1745.

9. Ebenezer[2] (John[1]); b. at Woodstock, Conn. June 6, 1709; m. Martha[2] Nicholson, July 25, 1738; lived in Dover, Duchess Co., N. Y.; d. Dec. 10, 1808. Farmer.

Children.

I. Mehitabel[3], m. Ward.
II. Dolly[3], m. Hodgkis.
III. Jerusha[3], m. Conitt.
26. IV. Griffin[3].
V. Joseph[3], unm.
27. VI. Ebenezer[3], m. Martha Spencer.
28. VII. Zebulon[3], m. Jerusha Conet.
VIII. Sarah[3], m. Marcy.
IX. Ambrose L.[3], lived in Greene, Chenango Co., New York.
X. Benjamin[3].

11. James[2] (James[2], John[1]); m. Sarah Robbins of Eastford, Conn. They had

29. I. James[4], b. Sept. 1, 1772; m. (1) Polly Shaw, (2) Sally Flint.

II. Uriah[4], unm; d. June 8, 1856; b. in Holland 1774.
III. Sarah[4].
30. IV. Elisha[4], b. Jan. 24, 1784; m. Lucy Chandler.
31. V. David[4], b. 1786; d. Dec. 18, 1859; m. Sybell Perrin.
VI. Betsey[4], m. Oct. 7, 1827, Joseph Farnum of Willington, Ct.
VII. Job[4].

12. Reuben[3] (James[2], John[1]), b. 1732; m. Rachel Watson of Barrington, R. I.; he was a farmer in Ashford, Ct.

Children.

I. Matthew[4].
II. Edward[4].
32. III. Reuben[4].
33. IV. Simeon[4] (M. D.), b. Aug. 19, 1770; d. Dec. 6, 1853, at Canajoharie, N. Y.

29. James[4] (James[3], James[2], John[1]) was b. Sept. 1, 1772; d. Feb. 22, 1845; m. (1) Polly Shaw, 1798, (2) Sally Flint, b. 1771; d. Sept. 18, 1853; m. in 1803.

Children.

34. I. James[5], b. Aug. 24, 1800; m. Betsey Lyon.
35. II. Polly[5], b. Sept. 15, 1804; m. Erastus Fletcher. (*See Fletcher Genealogy.*)
36. III. Loren[5], b. Nov. 5, 1805; m. Eliza Adams of Holland.
IV. Sally[5], b. Apr. 22, 1808; m. Erastus Fletcher, Dec. 4, 1838 and d. Sept. 11, 1839. (*See Fletcher Genealogy.*)

30. Elisha[4], (James[3], James[2], John[1]) was b. Jan. 24, 1784; d. Feb. 7, 1882; m. (1) Lucy Chandler abt. 1807, (2) Minerva B. Wheelock, Apr. 7, 1857; she d. Apr. 28, 1858; Elisha and Lucy had:

I. Samantha[5], b. May 15, 1809, d. Dec. 25, 1823.
II. Emily[5], b. Oct. 8, 1810; m. Charles Church. (*See Church Genealogy.*)
III. Diantha[5], b. July 19, 1812; d. Aug. 16, 1812.
IV. Lucy[5], b. May 1, 1814; m. Leonard B. Wight, Feb. 3, 1833.
37. V. Elisha Washington[5], b. May 13, 1816; m. (1), Mary Prince; (2), Sarah Baker.

38. VI. Albert[5], b. May 16, 1820; m. (1) Ann Jennette Dean, Jan. 12, 1845, (2) Mary Hait. He d. ———
VII. Sarah[5], b. July 2, 1822; d. March 2, 1824.

31. David[4] (James[3], James[2], John[1]); b. 1786; d. Dec. 18, 1859; m. Sybell Perrin, Mar. 24, 1811; she was b. 1791; d. Jan. 13, 1871.

Children.

I. Mary[5] Ann, b. Feb. 7, 1813; d. Feb. 5, 1881; m. Elisha Kinney. (*See Kinney Genealogy.*)
39. II. Uriah[5] P., b. Nov. 26, 1814; m. Mary Ann Fiske of Pomfret, Ct.
III. Millicent[5] B., b. May 24, 1818; m. Horace Kinney bro. of Elisha, March 9, 1839.
IV. Job[5], b. ———; d. ———

36. Loren[5], Marcy (James[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), b. Nov. 5, 1805; d. ———; m. Eliza Adams, Feb. 18, 1827; she d. Aug. 24, 1859.

Children.

40. I. Geo.[6] L., b. 1828; d. Aug. 21, 1880.
41. II. Emeline[6] C., b. June 1, 1830; d. Sept. 26, 1911.
42. III. Mary[6] M., b. ———
IV. Elizabeth[6], b. 1836; d. Dec. 19, 1858; unm.
43. V. Sarah[6], b. ———
44. VI. Caroline[6] C., b. ———

40. Geo.[6] L. Marcy (Loren[5], James[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), m. (1) Sarah Prince Aug. 1853; she d. Apr. 1859; Geo. m. (2) Maria Corbin in 1863; he d. Aug. 2. 1880.

Children of Geo. and Sarah (Prince) Marcy.

45. I. Geo.[7] Munroe, b. June 18, 1855.
46. II. Albert[7] Griffin, b. Apr. 26, 1857.
III. Infant[7], b. ——— 1858.

Children of Geo. and Maria (Corbin) Marcy.

IV. Martha[7] Jane, b. Dec., 1865; d. April 21, 1880.
V. Isaac[7] Corbin, b. Mar. 16, 1867; d. ———

41. Emeline[6] C. Marcy (Loren[5], James[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]); m. Wm. Harrison Bugbee; b. Apr. 16, 1828 at Union, Ct.; he d. at Monson Nov. 9, 1902.

Child.

47. I. Nelson[7] A. Bugbee, b. Aug. 8, 1852; m. Julia C. Chapin of Hampden, Mass.; b. Aug. 7, 1856; m. May 21, 1873.

Children of Nelson and Julia (Chapin) Bugbee.

I. William[8] H., b. Dec. 5, 1874; d. Nov. 5, 1878.
II. Geo.[8] N., b. Sept. 10, 1877.
III. Florence[8] M., b. Dec. 2, 1879.

42. Mary[6] M. Marcy (Loren[5], James[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), b. Dec. 12, 1832; m. Orrin F. Lincoln, Dec. 31, 1854; he was b. Jan. 30, 1825. He is still living aged 90, nearly.

Children.

Edward Everett, b. Nov. 29, 1857.
Alma Maria, b. May 29, 1859.
Both married but are not given with their families.

43. Sarah[6] Marcy (Loren[5], James[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]) m.———.

44. Caroline[6] C. Marcy (Loren[5], James[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), m. (1) Albert L. Goodell June 21, 1862.

Children.

I. William[7] Goodell, b. about 1863.
II. Alva[7] Meron Goodell, b. Sept. 17, 1864-5.

Caroline[6] m. (2) ———

37. Elisha[5] Washington (Elisha[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), b. May 13, 1816; d. Dec. 20, 1894; m. (1) Mary S. Prince of Thompson (b. 1821; d. Aug. 22, 1855), March 23, 1840.

Children.

I. A son not named b. Oct. 18, 1843; d. Nov. 23, 1843.
II. Lucian[6] P., b. Nov. 19, 1841.
III. Charlie[6] B. W., b. June 1, 1846; d. Oct. 28, 1848.
48. IV. Charles[6] S., b. Sept. 2, 1849.
49. V. Mary[6] E., b. Aug. 22, 1855.

37. Elisha[5] Washington; m. (2) Sarah A. Baker of Ellington, Ct., (b. March 19, 1834; d. Apr. 5, 1895), March 31, 1857.

Children.

50. I. Mabel[6] L., b. Sept. 22, 1858.
51. II. Albert[6] Anson, b. May 26, 1860.
52. III. Nettie[6] Ora, b. Aug. 27, 1864.

48. Charles[6] S. (Elisha[5], Elisha[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), b. Sept. 2, 1849; m. Maria Buzzell of East Rindge, N. H.

Children.

I. A dau. d. in infancy.
II. Eddie[7] Marcy, b. ———
III. Eva[7] Marcy, b. ———

49. Mary[6] E. Marcy (Elisha[5], Elisha[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), b. Aug. 22, 1855; m. Edward McIntire, N. H. The husband and wife d. March 20 and 21, 1893 leaving three children.

Children.

Everett[7], b. ———; m. Ora F. Webber. (See Webber Genealogy.)
Martin[7], b. ———; m. ———; had five children.
Ora[7] McIntire, b. ———; m. Arthur Bruce of Gardiner, Mass., June 10, 1911. They have twin sons, b. Nov. 1, 1912. They live in York State.

50. Mabel[6] L. Marcy (Elisha[5], Elisha[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), dau. of Elisha W. and wife Sarah; b. Sept. 22, 1858; m. (1) Henry Cady Keet of Staffordville, Ct., Jan. 1, 1880; m. (2) Lester C. Stebbins, Sept. 29, 1894, at Stafford Springs, Ct.; no issue.

Children of Henry Cady Keet and Mabel (Marcy) Keet.

I. Albert[7] Earnest, b. Nov. 8, 1884; d. Feb. 3, 1890.
II. Ora[7] Celia, b. Jan. 19, 1889.

Henry Cady Keet, d. June 17, 1892.
Ora[7] Celia Keet m. Geo. R. Davis of Monson, Mass., Sept. 29, 1908.

Child.

I. Harlan[8] Burr Davis, b. Mar. 23, 1911.

51. Rev. Albert[6] Anson Marcy (Elisha[5], Elisha[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), b. May 26, 1860; joined the Northwest Iowa Conference Sept. 22, 1886 at Webster City, Iowa and preached 20 years within the bounds of that conference. At present is in his ninth year in West Wisconsin Conference. On July 28, 1891, he m. Miss Edith M. Lawrence; b. May 30, 1865; two children born to them.

Children.

I. Merrill[7] L. Marcy, b. May 17, 1892. He is a graduate of Lawrence College, Appleton, Wis., musical department. Is now a Prof. in the musical department of Morningside College at Sioux City, Ia.

II. Lucille[7] M. Marcy, b. Nov. 1, 1894. Is a senior in Lawrence College at Appleton, Wisconsin.

Rev. A. A. Marcy is in Colfax, Wis., September, 1914.

52. Nettie[6] Ora Marcy (Elisha[5], Elisha[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), b. Aug. 27, 1863; m. Wilbur H. Symonds, Nov. 24, 1886; he d. Oct., 1892.

Child.

I. William[7] Marcy Symonds, b. at Stafford Springs, Ct., Apr. 17, 1886; m. Apr. 13, 1911, Sarah Ann Brearley of Potter Hill, R. I.

Child.

1. J. Wilber[8] Symonds, b. May 25, 1913, at Stafford Springs, Ct.

39. Uriah[5] Marcy (David[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), b. Nov. 26, 1814; m. (1) Mary Ann Fiske, of Pomfret, Ct., Mar. 25, 1838, m. (2) Betsey Rosebrook, Feb. 1873; he d. Nov. 18, 1884; his first wife d. Feb. 5, 1871.

Children of Uriah and Mary Ann Fiske.

I. David[6] H., b. June 7, 1839; d. June 23, 1843.
53. II. Holowell[6] P., Jan. 10, 1841.
54. III. Oscar[6] C., b. Sept. 9, 1842; d. Jan. 21, 1901.
IV. Lucy[6] Louisa, b. May 3, 1844; d. Jan. 26, 1867.
V. Charles[6] U., b. May 26, 1846; d. Oct. 8, 1869.
VI. David[6] W., b. Dec. 10, 1847; d. Apr. 4, 1848.
VII. Sibyl Z.[6], b. July 10, 1851; m. Charles Back, Aug. 7, 1876; d. Dec. 16, 1906. (See Back Genealogy.)
VIII. Frank[6] F., b. Dec. 22, 1852; m. Clara Harvey of Monson, May 1, 1879; d. Oct. 1, 1910.

53. Holowell[6] P. Marcy (Uriah[5], David[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), b. Jan. 10, 1841; m. (1) Nellie E. Baker of Ellington, Ct., Apr. 22, 1863; she was b. Apr. 29, 1841 and d. Jan. 6, 1908; m. (2) Mrs. Mary A. (Stewart) Devenport (wife of W. S. Devenport), July 22, 1909.

Child of Holowell and Nellie E. Marcy.

Omer[7] W. Marcy, b. June 1, 1867; m. (1) Lottie L. Hobbs of Monson, Oct. 7, 1896; she d. Aug. 1, 1901; m. (2) Mary J. Hobbs of Monson, June 24, 1902.

Children.

I. Arthur[8] Raymond, b. Mar. 8, 1899.

II. Walter[8] Howard, b. May 15, 1900.
III. Kenneth[8] Hobbs, b. Dec. 3, 1908.

54. Oscar[6] C. Marcy (Uriah[5], David[4], James[3], James[2], John[1]), b. Sept. 9, 1842; m. (1) Sarah V. Patton of Stafford, Ct., Aug. 18, 1870; she d. Nov. 7, 1871; m. (2) Clara M. Sumner of Palmer, Dec. 3, 1871.

Child.

David[7] Eugene, b. July 11, 1871; m. Elsie A. Lewis of Monson, (b. in Cherry Valley, Nov. 7, 1871), Oct. 16, 1895.

Children of David and Elsie Marcy.

Lewis Eugene, b. in Palmer, Nov. 13, 1896.
Sibyl Louise, b. in Palmer, Oct. 21, 1897.

THE MAY FAMILY.

By Lovering.

Nehemiah[2] May (Nehemiah[1]), came from Woodstock, Ct., buying his farm in 1752. It was the west half of William Lyon's claim and lay in the southeast part of Brimfield. He married Anna or Hannah Lyon daughter of one known as "Monk Lyon." For further particulars see biography. He was b. Jan. 31, 1729-30.

Nehemiah[2] May m. Mar. 18, 1752, Hannah Lyon; she d. Mar. 23, 1813; he d. 1793.

Nehemiah May[2], Jr. (Nehemiah[1]). (*See Woodstock vital records*)

Children.

William[3], d. young; was b. in Woodstock, Ct., Oct. 10, 1752.
Zuriel[3] m. 1772, Hannah Stacey.
Chester[3] m. Lucy Wales.
Rufus[3] m. Eunice Wales.
Nehemiah, Jr.[3] m. Martha Strong.
Olive[3] m. Ezra Horton. See Hist. Union, Ct.
Hannah[3] m. Col. Abijah Sessions. See Hist. Union, Ct.
Mary[3] m. James Fuller.
Lorinda[3] m. Ebenezer Morris.
Ezra[3] m. ——— Lyon.

Zuriel[3] May m. Hannah Stacy, May 18, 1794; he d. in 1840; she d. 1841.

Children.

Hannah[4].
Grosvenor[4].

Lothrop[4], b. Nov. 17, 1802.
This is the probable order of birth.

Rufus[3] May m. Eunice Wales. Moved from Holland to Wales in 1804.

Children.

Lida[4], b. Oct. 12, 1782.
Lucy[4], b. Apr. 7, 1785. She became Mrs. Steward.
Linas[4], b. Aug. 26, 1786.
Esther[4], b. July 18, 1788. She became Mrs. Palmer.

Anna[4], b. Jan. 2, 1793. She became Mrs. Tuttle.
Roxy[4], b. Sept. 28, 1794. She became Mrs. Wilber.
Rufus[4], b. Feb. 2, 1800.
Emily[4]. She became Mrs. Morse.
Eunice[4], b. Sept. 9, 1802. She became Mrs. Wilcox.
Olive[4]. She became Mrs. Morse.
This family moved to New York state, Madison Co. His will was probated at Springfield, Mass., March 12, 1832.

Nehemiah May[3], Jr., m. Martha Strong of Union, Jan. 16, 1794.

Children.

Samuel[4]. By will dated Dec. 4, 1821, Samuel makes his father sole legatee.
Schuyler[4].
Anna[4].
Laura M.[4]

Nehemiah May, Jr., d. in 1828.

Grosvenor[4] May m. Eurilla Comstock.

No children.

He was baptized Apr. 18, 1819. Eurilla his wife Jan. 17, 1830.
His brother Lothrop lived with him.

Lothrop May[4] never married.

THE MACFARLIN, MACFARLANE, MACFARLAND FAMILY.

By Chase.

"Tell to those who have one drop of McFarlane blood in their veins of their noble origin."

Mrs. C. M. Little.

An old Philosopher has said:—"All men who have done anything of value ought to record the history of their lives. *Eventful periods* occur rarely in the lives of men most distinguished, but there are few whose lives are not marked by some experiences which are sufficient to excite interest and exert an influence for good in the spectator."

Origin of the name MacFarlane, MacFarlin, MacFarland and other forms.

Aluin 2nd Earl of Lenox, who was descended in direct male line from *Kenneth III.*, King of Scotland, left among other progeny three sons, Malduin who became his successor as 3rd Earl of Lenox, Auly, who founded the family of Foslane and Gilchrist who was ancestor of the Laird MacFarlane. His son Duncan was named in old charters as "Duncan Filius Gilchrist" meaning son of Gilchrist. Malduin had a son Parthelon (Gælic for Bartholemew). Parthelon soon came to be written Pharlan or Pharlane, his son was called Mac Pharlane, meaning son of Pharlane, then the Ph was changed for F making it MacFarlane and this was taken for the Clan name, altho for three generations they had been known as Mac Gilchrist.

There are many now who retain the name of Gilchrist or MacGilchrist who claim to belong to the MacFarlane family. Sir Walter Scott in Waverley and in Rob Roy spells the name Macfarlane and in Cadyon Castle speaks of the "Wild Macfarlane's plaided Clan." Those of the Clan who fled to Ireland, and emigrated to America, a century after, by a peculiar pronunciation of the Irish which gave the final "e" the sound of "d" adapted their spelling of the name to the Irish form making it MacFarland. The branch of the family that we are tracing descended from Purthe (which could easily have been a corruption of Parthelon) who came directly from Scotland to

America and as far as can be ascertained was the first MacFarlane to stand on American soil. One branch of the family spell the name MacFarlin, but this was brought about by carelessly pronouncing the last syllable.

The MacPharlane coat-of-arms according to Robert Ronald MacIan, before they received the crest was "Argent, Saltire engrailed, cantonned with four roses gules" and above the device, the name MacPharlan. This was also the Arms of the old Lenox family. The Lairds and chiefs of MacPharlane were given two supporters, "two Highlanders in their native garb, armed with broad swords and bows, proper."

The crest, a demi savage holding a sheaf of arrows in his dexter hand and pointing with the sinister to an imperial crown or motto, "This I'll defend." On a compartment below are the words "Loch Sloy," which is the MacFarlanes' "Slughorn" or war cry. The motto was: "Harmonia et Pax." The badge of the clan was the "Cranberry."

MACFARLAND.

Arrochar at the head of Loch Long, in the Highlands of Scotland was the hereditary possession of the chiefs of the MacFarlane Clan for 600 years. Their strongholds on the Island of Loch Lomond are now in ruins. This Clan is the only one except Clan Donachie which is fortified by a charter now extant. The founder of the Clan was directly descended from the family and Earls of Lenox, through Aluin, a younger son of Kenneth III., King of Scotland.

Scottish history says that "in the neighborhood of Fettercairn and Fenella's Castle, Kenneth III. was murdered by means of a statue which threw arrows when a golden apple was taken from its hand. The route beyond lies by the famous Cairn o'Mounth road, past Kenneth's Castle of Kincardine and by the romantic Clotterin Brig to the village of Faldoun.

This Clan took part in the battle of Flodden in 1513, where their chief was killed. The members of this Clan were noted for their untamable spirit, and suffered severely from frequent repressive measures taken against them; on account of which their large estate was obliged to be sold in 1784. Wm. Wallace MacFarlane, who by constant tradition is said to be the great grandson of the Laird of MacFarlane who sold Arrochar in

1784, and was great grandson of Hugh Norman MacFarlane who after the sale of Arrochar came to America and settled in the western part of New York. Later he bought a large tract of mountainous land in Chenango Co. and built a log house where he lived as nearly as possible according to the manners and customs of Scotland. "He was large of stature of stately presence, of great physical strength and of a stearn and domineering temper. He acted the chief tho he had no clan." His oldest son, Andrew, married Edna Symonds; their son, Wm. Wallace MacFarlane, born July 22, 1834, in the absence of documental evidence is without doubt the present chief of the Clan MacFarlane. He studied law and began practice in 1857. He married Sarah Bailey of Middletown, Ct. In 1859 he became Law-partner of ex-Gov. Hubbard of Hartford, Ct.; 1880 he went to New York and entered the law firm known as "Bowdoin, Larocque and MacFarlane." "He has a large and beautiful residence on Riverside Drive, N. Y.

On the walls of his drawing room, he has a fine painting of old Arrochar in Scotland. He also has other much valued heirlooms from the chiefs in Scotland; and if old Arrochar were redeemable, Wm. Wallace MacFarlane could accomplish it by a stroke of his pen."

MacVarlo, Mackfarlin, MacFarlane, MacPharlane, MacFarlin, MacFarland and other forms.

This branch of the MacFarlane (MacFarlin) family trace their line of descent from Purthe MacVarlo (Mackfarlin) who emigrated from Scotland abt. 1660, d. in Hingham, Dec. 2, 1721; m. July 3, 1667 in Hingham, Patience; b. 1647; d. Mch. 22, 1723-4, dau. of George and Mrs. Jane ——— (James) Russell, who were m. Feb. 14, 1640.

According to Hobart's diary, "Jane was the widow of Philip James who came in 1638 with wife and four children from Old Hingham in England and settled in New Hingham. Philip dyed soon after he came." *See James Genealogy—History of Hingham.*

MACFARLIN.

George Russell had a grant of five acres of land on South Street, nearly opposite Thaxter's Bridge. About 1646 he left Hingham and went to Scituate, and remained twenty years;

then he returned to Hingham and died there May 26, 1694, aged 99 years. His wife Jane d. Feb. 22, 1688-9 aged 83 years. The name of the first wife of George Russell is not given in Hingham Records; he had by her two sons, and four daughters by wife Jane.

Children.

I. Mary Russell, b. Apr. 1, 1641.
II. Elizabeth Russell, b. Feb. 12, 1642-3.
III. Martha Russell, b. Oct. 9, 1645.
IV. Patience Russell, b. ——— 1647; m. Purthe MacVarlo (Macfarlin), July 3, 1667. He was a farmer and resided off east, near Hull St. (Hist. of Hingham.)

Children of Purthe[1] Mack Varlo (Mackfarlin) and Patience (Russell) Mackfarlin.

I. Patience[2], b. July 3, 1668.
1. II. Margaret[2], b. Dec. 28, 1669.
III. Martha[2], b. Jan. 15, 1671-2; m. Dec. 20, 1698, Matthew Keen of Duxbury.
2. IV. John[2], b. Mch. 7, 1673-4.
3. V. James[2], b. Aug. 11, 1675.
VI. Mary[2], b. July 2, 1667; d. Oct. 29, 1686.
4. VII. Hannah[2], b. Mch. 23, 1678-9.
VIII. Sarah[2], b. Mch. 7, 1681-2; d. Nov. 2, 1686.
5. IX. Abigail[2], b. Feb. 10, 1683-4.
X. Rachel[2], b. Mch. 28, 1686; d. Mch., 1714.
XI. Mary[2], b. Apr. 1689; m. "James Churchill was married to Mary Mackfarling, Duxbury, Dec. 27th, 1716, by Mr. Isaac Cushing" Plympton town records.
6. XII. Solomon[2], bp. Nov. 8, 1691.

SECOND GENERATION.

1. Margaret[2] Mackfarlin (Purthe[1]), b. Dec. 26, 1669; d. May 7, 1691, m. May 26, 1690, Daniel Stodder (Stoddard.)

Child.

I. Margaret[3] Stodder, bp. June 7, 1691; m. (1) in Boston, May 27, 1717, Israel Lincoln, he d. Nov. 2, 1726, age 42 yrs; (2) Apr. 29, 1729, John Stowell; she d. Nov. 22, 1777. Resided off West St.

Children.

1. Margaret[4] Lincoln, b. Feb. 11, 1717-18; d. 1759 (?); m. Jan. 24, 1738-39, Israel Gilbert. He was a soldier in the French

and Indian Wars, and d. in service, Sept. 1756, age 44 yrs; they had nine children. (Hist. of Hing.)
2. Lydia[4] Lincoln, b. June 27, 1720.
3. Israel[4] Lincoln, b. Apr. 3, 1723.
4. Joseph[4] Lincoln, b. Sept. 14, 1725; d. 1727.

2. John[2] Mackfarlin (Purthe[1]), b. March 7, 1673-4; m. (then of Duxbury), Dec. 25, 1705, Martha Berstow or Bestoe, bpt. June 16, 1678, dau. of William and Martha Berstow; m. in Scituate.

Children born in Duxbury.

7. I. John[3], b. Feb. 11, 1706-7; bp. June 8, 1707.
8. II. Hannah[3], b. June 4, 1709; bp. Aug. 7, 1709.
9. III. Isaac[3], bp. June 28, 1713.
10. IV. William[3], bp. July 4, 1714.

3. James[2] Mackfarlin (Purthe[1]), b. Aug. 11, 1675; d. July 9, 1755; m. June 6, 1710, Sarah, b. in Hingham, Dec. 12, 1683; d. Apr. 30, 1780, dau. of John and Sarah (Beal) Lane. He resided at the paternal homestead in Hingham, Feb. 15, 1715-16, his house was burnt, subsequently a new one was built on the same site.

Children born in Hingham.

I. Sarah[3], Mch. 2, 1710-11; d. Jan. 29, 1775; m. June 12, 1729, Jeremiah Stodder, widr., b. in Hingham, Nov. 7, 1719; d. July 2, 1790. (Shipwright.) Resided on "Side Hill Road." They had fourteen children. (See Stodder Gen., Hist. Hingham.)
II. James[3], May 11, 1713; d. Apr. 7, 1733.
III. Isaac[3], May 12, 1715.
11. IV. Rachel[3], ——— 1717.
V. Patience[3], ———1720; d. unm., 1798.

4. Hannah[2], Mackfarlin (Purthe[1]), b. Mch. 23, 1678-9; m. abt. 1704, Elias Magoun a Scotchman, son of John and Rebecca Magoun and resided in Duxbury.

Children.

I. David[3] Magoun, June 22, 1705.
II. Mary[3] Magoun, June 22, 1705.
III. Elias[3] Magoun, Jr., b. 1707; d. Aug. 7, 1795; m. Nov. 8, 1735, Rebecca Windsor; d. Nov. 5, 1775, age 72 yrs.

Children.

1. Hannah[4] Magoun.
2. Rebecca[4] Magoun.
3. Abigail[4] Magoun.
4. Elias[4] Magoun, 3rd.

(See Magoun Gen., Hist. Hingham.)

5. Abigail[2] Mackfarlin (Purthe[1]), b. Feb. 10, 1683-4; d. Apr. 16, 1742; m. June 21, 1722, David Beal, widr., d. July 22, 1813.

Child.

Israel[3] Beal, b. Dec. 9, 1727; m. Oct. 10, 1753, Elizabeth Hersey, dau. of Jeremiah and Elizabeth (Gilbert) Hersey. Had six children. (See Beal Gen.; Hist. Hingham.)

6. Solomon[2] Mackfarlin (Purthe[1]), bpt. Nov. 8, 1691, in Plympton where he lived and died; m. (1) June 14, 1716 Susanna Huit, b. Feb. 7, 1695-6, dau. of Timothy and Elizabeth Chapman Huit, (2) "Solomon Macfarling and Desire Sturtevant was marryed 3 day of December, 1730, by Mr. Isaac Cushman."

Children. (Probably not in order of birth.)

I. Susanna[3], "Received in full communion" (by the church) Feb. 27, 1742-3; m. June 25, 1744, Nathaniel Churchill.
II. David[3].
12. III. Elijah[3], prob. b. 1722.
IV. Patience[3], d. unm.
13. V. John[3], b. 1726.

THIRD GENERATION

7. John[3] MacFarlane (John[2], Purthe[1]); b. Feb. 11, 1706-7; d. Jan. 21, 1790; m. Mch. 28, 1726, Mary Foster; d. Dec. 17, 1796, age 88 yrs.; dau. of Josiah Foster.

Children.

I. Mary[4], b. Dec. 11, 1729; d. 1815.
14. II. John[4], b. May 23, 1730; m. Mary ———
III. Deborah[4], b. June 15, 1732; d. Mch. 30, 1823.
IV. James[4], b. July 16, 1734; d. in Nova Scotia, "being a Provincial Soldier in his Majesties Service, in Col. John Winslow, Esq's. Regt. Said James MacFarlin then being in the twenty-second year of his age and was buried at Menis (Minas) in Nova Scotia."
V. Robert[4], b. 1736; moved to Penbrook.
VI. Sarah[4], b. ——— 1739.

8. Hannah[3] Mackfarlin (John[2], Purthe[1]); b. June 4, 1709; m. Dec. 18, 1732, George Russell.

Children.

I. Hannah[4] Russell, b. Sept. 7, 1735.
II. George[4] Russell, b. Dec. 6, 1736.
III. Esther[4] Russell, b. Oct. 5, 1739.
IV. Patience[4] Russell, b. Aug. 29, 1741.
V. Martha[4] Russell, b. Aug. 29, 1744.
VI. William[4] Russell, b. Apr. 26, 1747.
VII. Rebecca[4] Russell, b. Feb. 4, 1750.

9. Isaac[3] MacFarlin (John[2], Purthe[1]), bpt. June 28, 1713; d. Nov. 17, 1802, in his 93rd yr.; m. Dec. 8, 1731, Sarah Foster; b. July 19, 1713; d. Oct. 14, 1778, dau. of Josiah and Sarah Foster.

Children.

I. Sarah[4], b. Aug. 10, 1733.
II. Lydia[4], b. Nov. 7, 1734; m. Feb. 1, 1776, Isaac Magoun.
III. Isaac[4], Jr., b. July 23, 1737.
IV. Simeon[4], b. May 18, 1739; d. Apr. 25, 1821.
V. Prince[4], b. Feb. 4, 1742.
VI. Rebecca[4], b. Jan. 13, 1744; d. 1748.
VII. Judith[4], b. Nov. 7, 1751; d. Feb. 24, 1752.

10. Wm.[3] Macfarland of Pembroke (John[2], Purthe[1]) bpt. July 4, 1714; m. Nov. 18, 1734, Sarah Peterson, in Pembroke.

11. Rachel[3] MacFarlin (James[2], Purthe[1]); b. ———, 1717; m. Nov. 27, 1735, Nathaniel[3] Pratt (Aaron[2], Phineas[1]), son of Aaron and Sarah Wright (Cummings) Pratt. Nathaniel was a blacksmith; Aaron[2] was a farmer; d. Feb. 23, 1735 age 87 yrs.; was constable; resided on South Main Street.

Phineas[1] Pratt came to America in the ship "Swallow" abt. 1622; he d. in Charlestown 1680, age 90 yrs.; his wife was Mary Cuthbert or Cuthbertson. (*History of Hingham.*)

12. Revolutionary War Record of "Elijah[3] MacFarling," Sen., from "Soldiers and Sailors of Massachusetts."

"Elijah MacFarling, Plympton, list of men mustered by James Hatch, Muster Master for Plymouth Co., (year not given) Col. Bradford's regt., age 45 years, residence Plympton, enlisted by Capt. Thomas Turner, enlistment 3 years."

Also, "Same company and regt., residence Plympton, engaged for the town of Plympton, return of men who were in camp on or before Aug. 15, 1777, enlisted Feb. 10, 1777; joined Apr. 4, 1777; reported d. Nov. 29, 1777.

Elijah[3] MacFarlin (Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. prob. 1722; d. Nov. 29, 1777 in service in Am. Rev.; m. int. Oct. 5, 1745; m. Oct. 14, 1745, Laurana Bradford, b. Mar. 26, 1726, dau. of Elisha and Bathshua (Le Brock) Bradford, and great granddaughter of Gov. Wm. Bradford.

Children.

I. Mary[4], b. July 18, 1746.
II. Hannah[4].
15. III. Elijah[4], ——— 1750.
IV. Abigail[4].
16. V. Luranah[4], Aug. 18, 1755.
VI. Saba[4].
VII. David[4].
VIII. Joseph[4].

13. John[3] MacFarlin (Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. ———, 1726; d. Sept. 24, 1778 in Middleboro; m. Nov. 26, 1754 by the Rev. Jonathan Carder, Martha Glover; d. Aug. 15, 1781.

Children born in Middleboro.

I. James[4], b. Jan. 20, 1757; m. (1) Olive Elnes; (2) Ruth Barrows.
II. Susannah[4], b. Sept. 8, 1759; m. Samuel Bates of Wareham, Me., moved to Waterville, Me. Had large family.
III. Martha[4], b. Sept. 11, 1761; m. Nathaniel Lowe of Waterville, Me. No children.
IV. Solomon[4], b. Sept. 18, 1764; m. Deborah Marshal; lived in Fairfield, Me. No children.
17. V. Huit[4], b. Aug. 9, 1766.
VI. Sarah[4], b. Oct. 5, 1768; m. Peleg Sampson, settled in Plympton, b. Sept. 26, 1754, in Plympton. Had two sons and two daus.

FOURTH GENERATION

14. John[4] MacFarlin (John[3], John[2], Purthe[1]); b. May 23, 1730; m. Mary ———.

Children born in Duxbury.

I. Susanna[5], Apr. 19, 1751; m. Aug. 18, 1779, Daniel Russell.

II. Reuben[5], Oct. 22, 1752; served in the Rev. War. (See "Soldiers and Sailors of Mass."); m. Nov. 26, 1778, Margaret Crocker.
III. Nathan[5], Nov. 17, 1754.
IV. Rebecca[5], Sept. 23, 1756; m. Feb. 21, 1775, Ebenezer Wetherill.
V. James[5], Sept. 2, 1759.
VI. Bathsheba[5], b. 1762.
VII. Abigail[5], May 7, 1764; m. Apr. 6, 1788, John Osburn.
VIII. Foster[5], Apr. 7, 1766; m. June 21, 1787, Bethiah Glover.
IX. Judith[5], b. 1767; m. Nov. 30, 1786, Michael Osburn.
X. Seth[5], b. 1771; m. Feb. 7, 1790, Rebecca Newels. Later generations can be found in the "Vital Records" of Duxbury and vicinity.

15. Elijah[4] MacFarlin (Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. abt. 1750; went to Maine and settled on government land some time between 1790 and 1800, prob. abt. 1796. It is not known when he d. or in what town; he m. May 12, 1773, Sarah Marshal, dau. of Josiah Marshal who served in the Revolution. (*See war record of Josiah Marshal and Elijah MacFarlin, Jr.*)

Children born in Plymouth, Mass.

20. I. Josiah Marshal[5], b. Oct. 31, 1774.
21. II. Elijah[5], b. Dec. 29, 1777.
22. III. David[5], b. Oct. 26, 1780.
IV. Salome[5], b. Nov. 2, 1786.
V. Bradford[5], b. Nov. 4, 1788; he was drowned, at what age is not known, probably when young.

WAR RECORD OF JOSIAH MARSHAL.

"Josiah Marshal, Dorchester, Private in Capt. Oliver Vose's Militia Co., Col. Robinson's regt., service 10 days, probably on the alarm of Apr. 19, 1775; Co. marched to Roxbury after the fight at Concord and then served before the completion of the standing Army." "Also Capt. George Gould's Co.; Col. Paul Dudley Sargent's regt."

WAR RECORD OF ELIJAH MACFARLIN, JR.

"Elijah[4] MacFarlin, Jr. was in Capt. Thomas Newcomb's Co., Col. Theophilus Cotton's regt., service from Sept. 28, 1777, 35 days; company marched to Rhode Island on a secret ex-

pedition." Elijah MacFarlin in a return of men raised to serve in the Continental Army from Capt. Thomas Cotton's regt., dated Feb. 20, 1778; residence, Plympton; joined Capt. "Thomas Turner's Co., Col. Bradford's regt., term to expire Dec. 31, 1778."

He was in many other engagements in the war, which are recorded in "Soldiers and Sailors of Mass.," but would be too lengthy to be put in this history.

16. Luranah[4] MacFarling (Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Aug. 18, 1755; d. Mar. 5, 1834; m. at New Bedford to David Churchill, Jr. by the Rev. Mr. West at the head of the River, prob. the Rev. Samuel West, D. D. of Dartmouth. David Churchill, Jr. d. Feb. 28, 1812, aged 82 yrs. 6 m. 8 d.

Children.

I. David[5] Churchill, 3rd, June 11, 1778.
II. Levi[5] Churchill, Feb. 20, 1780.
III. Thadeus[5] Churchill, Nov. 18, 1782.
IV. Jesse[5] Churchill, Aug. 28, 1784.
V. Saba[5] Churchill, Feb. 5, 1787.
VI. Ruphus[5] Churchill, Oct. 10, 1789.

"Also Lydia and Otis were children of David Churchill, Jr., prob. first wife's children."

17. Huit[4] MacFarlin of Carver, (John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. Aug. 9, 1766; d. May 10, 1853; m. 1793, Mercy Tillson; b. 1771; d. May 2, 1837.

Children.

I. Hannah[5], Oct. 28, 1794; d. Oct. 10, 1884; m. Aug. 8, 1847, Josiah Gibbs of Sandwich.
II. Mercy[5], May 2, 1796; d. Jan. 4, 1887; m. Nov. 8, 1829, John Bent, b. July 7, 1790.

Children.

1. John[6] Bent, June 5, 1831; m. Dec. 3, 1873, Irene Augusta Smith, b. 1845.

Child.

John Bartlett[7] Bent, b. and d. 1885.

2. Hannah[6] Bent, b. Nov. 4, 1837; d. May, 1910; m. Feb. 2, 1865, Rufus Richards.

18. III. John[5], May 22, 1798; d. May 6, 1844.
IV. Solomon[5], June 22, 1800; d. 1897, unm.
19. V. Sampson[5], Mch 29, 1802; d. Oct. 30, 1884.

VI. Martha[5], Jan. 9, 1805; d. 1897, unm.
VII. Sarah[5], June 17, 1807; d. Mch. 28, 1871; m. Jan. 20, 1846, Thomas Maxim, Jr., b. Sept. 2, 1809, in Plymouth.
Child.
1. Watson Thomas[6] Maxim, b. Nov., 1846; m. Aug. 4, 1865, Susan Bessie Sherman, b. June 1, 1847; d. Mch. 17, 1898.
Children.
1. Fred Wm.[7] Maxim, b. Nov. 9, 1868.
2. Edwin Watson[7] Maxim, b. Nov. 9, 1868.
VIII. Thomas[5], Feb. 17, 1809; d. Nov. 5, 1847, unm.

FIFTH GENERATION

18. John[5] MacFarlin (Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. May 22, 1798; m. int. Jan. 21, 1826, Rebekah Blackman.
Children.
34. I. Solomon Franklin[6], Aug. 16, 1826.
35. II. Lucinda[6], Sept. 5, 1828.
36. III. Wilson[6], July 25, 1830.
37. IV. Rebekah[6], Sept. 28, 1832.
V. Mercy[6], Aug. 15, 1834; d. y.
38. VI. Lucretia[6], Jan. 24, 1836.
39. VII. Mercy J.[6], Nov. 3, 1838.
VIII. Henry Lewis[6], Apr. 9, 1839; d. June 16, 1864, of
41. IX. John Bradford[6], June 30, 1843.

19. Sampson[5] MacFarlin (Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. Mar. 29, 1802; m. Oct. 18, 1826, Polly Savery Shurtleff; b. Dec. 18, 1808.
Children.
I. Capt. Wm. Sampson[6], July 11, 1827; m. May 9, 1891, Elizabeth Monroe, b. Jan. 3, 1840. No children.
II. Almira Lathrop[6], Sept. 23, 1823; d. Oct. 12, 1906; m. Apr. 28, 1848, Ellis Maxim, b. Jan. 28, 1825; d. Nov. 29, 1895. No children.
42. III. Horatio[6], June 3, 1830; d. June 12, 1906.
IV. Charles Henry[6], Apr. 4, 1831; d. May 6, 1832.
43. V. Thomas Huit[6], May 6, 1833; d. Feb. 25, 1880.
VI. Charles Dexter[6], Feb. 19, 1835; d. May, 1907; m. in Oregon, Nov. 11, 1897, Emily Leffingwell, b. in Wis., Dec. 27, 1850. No children.
44. VII. Polly Savery[6], Apr. 9, 1839.

VIII. Henry Lewis[6], Apr. 9, 1839; d. June 16, 1864, of wounds received in battle of Cold Harbor.
45. IX. Peleg[6], Oct. 18, 1843, d. Sept. 1, 1906.
46. X. Jason Bartlett[6], Oct. 8, 1845; d. Jan. 17, 1904.

20. Josiah Marshal[5] MacFarlin (Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. in Plymouth, Oct. 31, 1774; went to Augusta, Maine in 1804, where he d. Mar. 7, 1853; m. (1) in Charlton, Apr. 10, 1794, Hephzibah Moffit; b. Oct. 27, 1771; d. Sept. 4, 1803, (2) int. July 5, 1804, Hannah Smith of Charlton; dau. of Isaac and Sarah Smith; she d. in Augusta, Me., between 1804-1806, (3) in Augusta, Me., abt. 1806, Rebecca Springer, dau. of Stuteley Springer; she d. Sept. 1867, age 82 yrs; children first five b. in Charlton, Mass., the others in Augusta, Me., where some of his descendants now reside.

Children.

I. Jonathan[6], b. 1794.
23. II. Josiah[6], b. Mch., 1796.
III. Polly[6], b. 1798; m. Larabee Wetherell of Pomfret, Ct.
IV. Hephzibah[6], b. 1800; m. Wm. A. Jordan, settled in New Boston, Ct.
V. Jared[6], b. Aug. 26, 1803; d. 1803.
24. VI. Bradford[6], b. 1807.
VII. Jared[6].
VIII. Stuteley[6].
25. IX. Elijah[6], b. 1714; d. Aug. 30, 1893.
X. Sara[6].
XI. Anner[6].

21. Elijah[5] MacFarlin (Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. Dec. 29, 1777; m. Feb. 15, 1800, Anna Bardwin of Boston.

Child.

Elijah[6], b. Oct. 5, 1800; m. Oct. 12, 1822, Achsah Woods, of Hubbardston, dau. John and Lydia Woods.

Child.

Elijah Walter[7], b. Mch. 27, 1825.

22. David[5] MacFarlin (Elizabeth[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. Oct. 26, 1780 in Plymouth; d. Oct. 7, 1866; m. Mar. 24, 1801, Polly Stevens, b. Aug. 27, 1784, in Sturbridge, d. Mar. 26, 1857, dau. of Cyprian and Sarah (Peirce) Stevens of Worcester.

Children born in Sturbridge.

26. I. Horace[6], Jan. 11, 1802.
27. II. Leavens[6], Jan. 27, 1804.
28. III. Bradford[6], Dec. 4, 1805.
29. IV. David[6], Jr., June 20, 1808.
30. V. Warren[6], Oct. 15, 1810.
31. VI. Marshal[6], Jan. 25, 1813.
32. VII. Jacob Corey[6], Sept. 1, 1815.
33. VIII. William Putnam[6], Feb. 4, 1818.
IX. Polly[6], Nov. 13, 1821; d. Mch. 7, 1847.
X. Dwight[6], Apr. 21, 1825; d. July 1, 1901; m. May 1872, Lucy Swallow, b. May, 1826; d. Oct. 18, 1912. Dwight Mac F. lived and died on the homestead in Leicester; he caring for his parents thru their lives, to whom he was very devoted. No children.

SIXTH GENERATION

This generation began to spell the name MacFarland.

23. Josiah[6] MacFarland (Josiah Marshal[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); "he was for many years chorister of the Cong. Church in Oxford, a worthy man." In 1842 he moved to Webster and 1857 moved to Winona, Minn; he was born in Oxford, Mar. 27, 1796; d. Oct. 12, 1859, in Winona, Minn.; m. (1) Feb. 1, 1818, Betsey Shumway; b. Sept. 26, 1796, dau. of Amos Shumway, (2) Oct. 18, 1847, Ruth W. Graves.

Children.

I. Laury Eliza[7], Oct. 3, 1819; d. 1890; m. Oct. 6, 1840, Wm. Wood of Dudley; he d. 1889. Had two children.
47. II. David Marshal[7], June 2, 1821.
III. John[7], Apr. 19, 1823.
IV. Sally Ann[7], Apr. 15, 1825.
V. Mary Maria[7], Jan. 1, 1827; d. Oct., 1889; m. Sept. 11, 1850, John E. Buckman of Woodstock, Ct.
48. VI. Emily[7], July 16, 1829.
VII. Julia[7], May 16, 1831.
VIII. Lucy Ann[7], July 5, 1833.
49. IX. Celia Jane[7], May 23, 1836.
50. X. Henry Josiah[7], Apr. 28, 1838.

24. Bradford[6] MacFarland (Josiah Marshal[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. Oct. 9, 1807, in Augusta, Me.;

d. 1876; he enlisted in the civil war when fifty-four years of age; m. Mary Dearborn; d. Jan. 9, 1889.

Children born in Augusta, Maine.

I. Ruel Bradford[7], b. Nov. 6, 1836; m.; wife d.; lives in Lynn. One son: Willis MacFarland.
II. Abbot[7], b. Jan. 7, 1837. He served in the Civil War, and died at the Togas Soldiers' Home in Me.
III. David[7], b. in Corinth, Me., Apr. 10, 1838; m. 1863; served in the Civil War, and d. 1865, in Andersonville Prison.
IV. Mary[7], b. Sept. 10, 1841; m. and d. 1911, in New London.
V. Lucinda[7], b. Jan. 30, 1843.
VI. Henry[7], b. Apr. 21, 1847; d. Mch., 1849.
VII. Emily[7], b. Apr. 21, 1847; d. Mch. 24, 1873.
VIII. Hartwell[7], b. Jan. 12, 1849; d. Jan., 1914.
IX. Martha[7], b. Aug. 30, 1851.

25. Elijah[6] MacFarland (Josiah Marshal[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. in Augusta, Me., Oct., 1814; d. Aug. 30, 1893; m. Apr. 17, 1844, in Augusta, Betsey Dearborn; b. Feb. 2, 1824; d. July, 1894.

Children born in Augusta, Maine.

I. Lydia[7], b. Jan. 30, 1845; m. Aug. 28, 1864, O. P. Smart. He is clerk in the P. O.
Children.
1. Edwin P.[8] Smart, b. Apr. 28, 1866; m. July 7, 1891, Margaret I. Martin.
2. Ernest L.[8] Smart, b. Mch. 16, 1869; m. Lottie E. Marston.
Child.
Edwin P.[9] Smart.
3. Flora May[8] Smart, b. Feb. 21, 1876; m. Oct. 9, 1895, Scott Hewins.
Children.
a. Elizabeth[9] Hewins.
b. George O.[9] Hewins.
c. Daniel S.[9] Hewins.

II. Elizabeth[7], b. Apr. 21, 1846; m. William Bradford of Plymouth. Has son:
Earl[8], in Kansas City, Mo.
III. Millard Fillmore[7], b. Oct. 9, 1848; m. 1870, Ellen Nash; d. about 1890.
Children.
1. Edith Perry[8].

2. William[8].
3. George[8].

IV. Benjamin Franklin[7], b. Feb. 21, 1851; m. June 25, 1872, Marietta Merrill.

Child.

1. Erving F.[8].

V. Maria Jane[7], b. May 28, 1854; m. Aug. 30, 1878, Wellman Curtis.

Child.

1. Arthur G. Curtis, b. Oct. 16, 1880; d. Nov. 4, 1901, drowned.

VI. Elijah Fremont[7], b. Dec. 14, 1856; m. Oct. 11, 1880, Ida Davis of N. Conway.

Child.

1. Marion[8], b. May 22, 1883.

26. Horace[6] MacFarland (David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. Jan. 11, 1802; d. Mar. 15, 1866; m. 1823, Mandana Wallis of Holland; b. May 21, 1802, (*See Wallis Gen.*) Mr. MacFarland was a mechanic, working many years in the U. S. Armory, Springfield, Mass. and making fire arms in New Haven, Ct. He was also a noted singing school teacher.

Children.

I. Caroline[7], May 3, 1824; d. unm. Mch. 1908.

51. II. Henry Horace[7], Oct. 11, 1832.

27. Leavens[6] MacFarland (David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. Jan. 27, 1804; d. Apr. 29, 1856; m. in Ware, Mar. 5, 1829, Caroline Kendall; b. in Ludlow, May 19, 1808; she m. (2) Samuel B. Dickinson and d. Mar 28, 1890.

Children.

I. Sarah Ann[7], b. in Springfield, May 12, 1830; d. young.

52. II. Edwin Dwight[7], b. in Chicopee, Aug. 16, 1832.

53. III. Harriet Adelaide[7], b. in Sturbridge, May 3, 1835.

IV. Elizabeth Ann[7], b. in Holland, Sept. 10, 1838; d. in Worcester, Jan. 25, 1880; m. May 4, 1857, Joseph Rideout, d. Nov. 8, 1888; he m. (2) Eliza Cowles of Amherst. No children living.

54. V. Caroline E., b. in Palmer, Aug. 16, 1844.

28. Bradford[6] MacFarland (David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. Dec. 5, 1805; d. Apr. 21, 1886; m. (1) Dec. 13, 1826, Melissa Holcomb, b. Dec. 23, 1803; d. Feb. 2, 1855;

dau. of Jabez and Sophia Holcomb of Granby, Ct., (2) Mary Hurd of Danbury, Ct.; d. 1888.

Bradford MacFarland was a great mechanic and inventor. In his early manhood he invented a knitting machine for making stockings; it screwed to a table and worked by turning a crank with one hand, and guiding the work with the other. His daughter, now living, well remembers when a small child turning the crank and "watching the stocking grow." For the machine he procured a patent and received a fine medal from Washington, selling his patent after a few years. The original machine is still in existence owned by his grandson. Mr. MacFarland invented and improved several other machines besides the one named above.

Children.

I. Louisa Merilla[7], July 16, 1828; d. 1829.
II. Louisa Merilla[7], Dec. 17, 1829; d. Apr. 4, 1847.
55. III. George Bradford[7], Mch. 8, 1832.
56. IV. Susan Melissa[7], June 5, 1836.
V. Caroline Pitt[7], d. y.

29. David[6] MacFarland, Jr. (David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]) was an inventor, making improvements on sewing machines, and knitting machines. Also he invented a machine for setting card teeth, which he manufactured and sold until his death. "He made the best machines in the country; all the card teeth setting machines in the Sargent Card Clothing Co.'s factories are of the MacFarland Pattern." He also worked in the Malleable Iron Shop several years for his brother Warren where he was employed at time of his decease.

He was born in Sturbridge, June 20, 1808; d. in Worcester, Jan. 16, 1881; m. Apr. 26, 1833, Mary Livermore; b. Apr. 26, 1811.

Children.

I. Lewis Frederick[7], Dec. 16, 1835; d. Nov., 1838.
II. Mary Jane[7], Apr. 29, 1842; d. Apr. 17, 1849.
III. Frederick[7], Apr. 29, 1842; d. May 25, 1842.
IV. Maria[7], Nov. 10, 1844; d. May 25, 1845.
V. David[7], d. in infancy.
VI. Angenette[8], b. Sept. 12, 1846; d. of adult age.

30. Warren[6] MacFarland (David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); was a blacksmith in Leicester, 1850, he moved

to Worcester and started the malleable iron business with Mr. Biscoe. The next year the firm name was changed to "Wood, MacFarland Co." They occupied the building called the "Arcade" formerly known as the "Old Brewery," near the Western Depot. Mr. MacFarland soon had full control of the business and in 1877 became sole owner. In 1880 his son-in-law George Buckingham took charge of the works, for Mr. MacFarland. Mr. MacFarland died 1884, and 1886 Mr. Buckingham purchased the "Worcester Malleable Iron Foundry" which was started in 1852. After the death of Mr. Buckingham in 1906 a corporation was formed. The present officers are:

Harold Paul Buckingham, *President.*

Thomas T. Bent, *Vice President and Clerk.*

Alonzo G. Davis, *Treasurer.*

The above with Mrs. Abbie Buckingham and Geo. M. Albee, M. D., constitute the board of Directors. In 1907 the Co. was obliged to vacate its property at Washington square to give way to the new railroad station. At that time the plant was moved to a shop belonging to them at the corner of Albany and Muskegee Streets. Since its removal the plant has been increased in size over 100 per cent besides being equipped with modern foundry appliances and is now enjoying a much larger business than ever before; the president of the company, Harold Paul Buckingham is grandson of Warren MacFarland who was founder of the Malleable Iron Works.

Warren MacFarland was born Oct. 15, 1810; d. Nov. 16, 1884; m. Oct. 5, 1834, Jerusha Edwards White; b. July 16, 1813; d. Dec. 18, 1890.

Children.

I. Ann Eliza[7], b. Dec. 12, 1839; d. Feb. 28, 1852.

II. Sarah[7], Jan. 17, 1846; d. Feb. 19, 1882; m. Jan. 1, 1867, Henry Clay Pyne; d. Nov. 5, 1880.

57. III. Abbie[7], b. Nov. 13, 1852.

31. Marshal[6] MacFarland (David[5], Elijah[4], Jr., Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); b. Jan. 25, 1813; d. Jan. 4, 1854 by being crushed in the water wheel in Snellville Auger Shop in Sturbridge. The first years of his working life he was a blacksmith. He afterwards engaged with Snell Brothers Co. and occupied one of the best positions in the works; his employers spoke of him as being one of their best workmen. He m. (1) Oct. 11, 1834..

Lorinda Adelaide; b. Jan. 26, 1815; d. July 19, 1849, dau. of Adolphus and Sally (Needham) Webber (2) May 29, 1850, Clarissa Chapin of Worcester; b. in Sturbridge, Apr. 5, 1819; d. Aug. 4, 1898 in Pittsburg, Penn.; buried in Hope Cemetery, Worcester; dau. of Loring and Sarah (MacClintock) Chapin.

Children.

I. Charles Marshal[7], Aug. 21, 1836; d. Feb. 21, 1861.

58. II. Mary Adelaide[7], Feb. 12, 1838.

59. III. Herbert Adolphus[7], Apr. 14, 1840.

60. IV. Ursula N.[7] Feb. 13, 1842.

V. Elvira Caroline, Feb. 15, 1844; m. (1) June, 1864, J. W. Williams; d. 1884; (2) 1888, Dwight Lamb, d. Sept. 12, 1913.

Child.

1. Elvira A. Williams, Dec. 2, 1866; d. same day.

61. VI. Sarah Emeline[7], Nov. 27, 1845.

62. VII. Ellen Maria[7], July 9, 1849.

63. VIII. William Dwight[7], Mch. 16, 1851.

32. Jacob Corey[6] MacFarland (David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]). He was a skilled mechanic, employed at the National Armory at Springfield, Mass., at a cutlery factory in Meriden Ct., at Ames Co.'s shop in Chicopee as foreman of the machine shop. At this shop gun machinery was made for London, Eng., and Mr. MacFarland was sent out to attend to its installation in the factory in Bermondsey, London. After that was finished he made a contract to plan, build and equip a factory in Birmingham, Eng., for manufacture of guns. The work was nearly done when the civil war broke out and he, ever loyal to his country, came home to enlist into the army. Before he could do so he was chosen by the states of Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Ohio to act as their agent in England to buy arms for them. He was back and forth between America and England many times during the war, and in the spring of 1866 went to England and was making preparations to go to Prussia to build an armory when he was accidentally shot in the hand. The breech of a rifle that he was testing burst and he died of blood poisoning. His body was sent home and laid to rest in the MacFarland family lot in Leicester. His father David MacFarland purchased a four-fold lot in Leicester

Cemetery, where he wished to have his children and their families buried. He said, "I want to have my folks all around me." Twenty-seven of his "folks" now rest there. It is a sacred spot to all the MacFarland family.

The following is a list of names of those buried in "grandfather's lot: David, Sen.; Polly, Sen; Horace and w. Mandana; David, Jr. and w. Mary and six children: Angienette, Lewis, Maria, Frederick, Mary Jane, and David, 3rd; Warren and w. Jerusha, with two children, Ann Eliza and Sarah Pyne; J. Corey with two wives, Eliza and Mary and four sons, Frederick, William C., Francis, Edward R.; William P. and w. Eliza; Dwight and w. Lucy; Polly, Jr.

Jacob Corey[6] MacFarland was born in Sturbridge, Sept. 1, 1815; d. in Birmingham, Eng., Apr. 1, 1867, of accidental shooting; m. (1) Dec. 23, 1837, Eliza W. Fuller of Leicester. She was directly descended from John and Priscilla Alden, and Jacob Corey MacFarland, a direct descendant of Gov. Bradford. She d. May 4, 1844. He m. (2) Nov. 8, 1848, Mary Woodcock, b. Feb. 25, 1829, d. 1894, in Worcester.

Children.

62. I. Ellen[7], June 21, 1839.
II. Frederick[7], Aug. 9, 1840; d. Apr. 6, 1841.
63. III. Eliza[7], Apr. 1, 1844.
IV. Francis[7], July 21, 1850; d. Sept. 26, 1852.
V. Wm.[7], Aug. 28, 1853; d. Aug. 25, 1854.
VI. Edward R.[7], June 30, 1856; d. June 5, 1865.
64. VII. Corey Fuller[7], June 19, 1861.

33. William Putnam[6] MacFarland (David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]) lived in Sturbridge with his parents until he was 14 years old, then went to Millbury to learn a mechanic's trade with Harvey Waters Manufacturing Co. He received $5.00 a week. He next went to Stafford, Ct., making cotton machinery with Elijah Fairman; from there he went to Leicester and worked for his brother, Warren, two years. In 1843 he began work in the U. S. Armory in Springfield, where he remained thirteen years. In 1856 he went in company with his brother David, making card teeth setting machines. The next he was employed by the Maynard Arms Co. of Washington, D. C., to superintend manufacturing Maynard rifles and shot guns in the Mass. Arms Co., Chicopee Falls; the Company

then had an order for 5000 Maynard rifles. They sold out to the Lamb Knitting Machine Co. June, 1880, he resigned his position; 1882, he was appointed postmaster in Chicopee Falls; he held the office four years. He kept a store and news room until 1887, when his health failed and he retired from active business, though he was president of the Belcher and Taylor Tool Co. until his death.

He was a strong worker in the church of which he was treasurer twenty-one years. He was a great lover of music and led the church choir many years.

In politics he was a Republican, but never took any very active part in political campaigns.

Wm. P. MacFarland was born in Sturbridge, Feb. 4, 1818; d. June 11, 1903; m. 1839, Eliza Ann Robinson of Oakham, b. June 29, 1817, d. Dec. 26, 1896.

Children.

67. I. Albert[7], Mch. 31, 1840, in Oakham.
68. II. Wm. Frederick[7], June 26, 1861, in Chicopee Falls.

34. Solomon Franklin[6] MacFarlin (John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Aug. 16, 1826; d. May 21, 1903; m. 1860, Harriet Atwood, b. Oct. 2, 1839, d. Oct. 24, 1905.

Children.

I. Frederick Allen[7], Apr. 22, 1861; m. Jan. 23, 1887, Nettie Evelyn Thomas, b. Aug. 20, 1857.

Child.

1. Horace Allen[8], June 27, 1894.

II. Alberta Maria[7], Dec. 24, 1862; m. 1912, James S. Hudson.
III. Wilson[7], Apr. 15, 1864; unm.
IV. Henry Clayton[7], Jan. 4, 1873; unm.

35. Lucinda[6] MacFarlin (John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Sept. 5, 1828; m. Jan. 1854, Robert Warren Andrews, b. June 13, 1830, d. July 26, 1873.

Children.

I. Mary Francis[7] Andrews, Nov. 18, 1854; m. Jan. 25, 1881, Wm. Henry Thomas, b. Nov. 1853.

Child.

1. Chester Wm.[8] Thomas, Oct. 23, 1884; m. 1905, Mabel Reed.

Child.

Helen Andrews[9] Thomas, June, 1910.

II. Sarah Thomas[7] Andrews, Oct. 8, 1857; unm.

III. Zephaniah Wilson[7] Andrews, Apr. 28, 1862; m. Apr. 17, 1892, Ida Tillson, b. Sept. 15, 1873.

Child.

1. Robert Morton[8] Andrews, b. 1894.

IV. John Murdock[7] Andrews, Feb. 14, 1866; unm.

V. Lucinda Warren[7] Andrews, Nov. 3, 1870; m. 1899, Truman Alton Tillson, b. May 6, 1869.

Child.

1. Bernard Emerson Tillson, b. Jan. 8, 1900.

36. Wilson[6] MacFarlin (John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. July 25, 1830; d. Aug. 30, 1862, killed at battle of Bull Run; m. Oct. 13, 1853, Huldah Shurtleff, b. June 27, 1820, d. July 27, 1879.

Children.

I. Medora Ann[7], July 4, 1858; d. Jan. 4, 1877; m. Dec. 22, 1875, Wm. Henry Allen, b. Dec. 17, 1849.

Child.

b. Jan. 4, 1877; d. same day.

II. Medella Jane[7], b. July 4, 1858; unm.

III. John Wesley[7], Mch. 1, 1860; m. in Middleboro, Nov. 9, 1886, Alice Freeman Jefferson, b. Jan. 1, 1865.

Children.

1. Dora Alice[8], Mch. 2, 1887; m. Nov. 29, 1905, Leon Allen, b. Mch. 11, 1885.
2. Sarah Thomas[8], b. Apr. 22, 1892; m. June 5, 1909, Chester Eli Atwood.

Children.

a. Gladys Thelma[9] Atwood, b. Feb. 3, 1910.
b. Ellsworth S.[9] Atwood, b. Apr. 29, 1911.
c. Howard Wesley[9] Atwood, b. May 29, 1912.

3. Edwin Wesley[8], Nov. 27, 1895.

37. Rebekah[6] MacFarlin (John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Sept. 28, 1833; d. Feb. 4, 1904; m. Jan. 21, 1854, Augustus Freeman Tillson, b. Apr. 7, 1831, d. Nov. 19, 1884.

Children.

70. I. Lucy Anna[7] Tillson, Feb. 20, 1855.

II. Edward F. Tillson, b. Dec. 22, 1858; d. Apr. 15, 1898; m. Feb. 7, 1884, Adelaide M. Benson.
71. III. Chester Freeman[7] Tillson, b. June 7, 1861.
IV. Helen Augusta[7] Tillson, Oct. 22, 1869.

38. Lucretia[6] MacFarlin (John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Sept. 15, 1836; m. Dec. 12, 1877, Thomas Clark Swift, b. Sept. 9, 1828, d. Dec. 6, 1899.

39. Mercy Jane[6] MacFarlin (John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Nov. 3, 1838; d. July 7, 1901; m. Feb. 20, 1870, Gustavus Atwood, b. Nov. 18, 1843.

Children.

I. Gustavus Gilbert[7] Atwood, Mch. 11, 1871; m. July 3, 1896, Mary Lavinia Osborne.

Child.

1. Gilbert H.[8] Atwood, b. Dec. 26, 1897.
2. Mercy Hazel[8] Atwood, b. Sept. 5, 1899.

II. Charles Herbert[7] Atwood, Feb. 21, 1873; m. Mch. 29, 1906, Elsie Clifford Case, b. 1883; d. 1909.

Child.

1. Le Forest[8] Atwood.

III. Albert Sumner Atwood, Sept. 30, 1875; d. Sept. 16, 1876.
IV. Nathaniel Francis[7] Atwood, July 20, 1878; m. Sept. 16, 1904, Helen Angell, b. 1887, d. 1905.

40. Joseph Tillson[6] MacFarlin (John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Jan. 24, 1841; d. Mch. 26, 1908; m. Dec. 25, 1893, Sarah Frances Nicol, b. Aug. 16, 1844. No children.

41. John Bradford[6] MacFarlin (John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. June 30, 1843; m. Apr. 11, 1867, Veretta Swift, b. May 7, 1846.

Children.

73. I. Cora Bradford[7], Jan. 31, 1869.
II. Veretta Rosamond[7], July 5, 1872; d. 1873.
74. III. Mabel Marshal[7], Sept., 1875.

42. Horatio[6] MacFarlin (Sampson[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. June 3, 1830; d. June 12, 1906; m. Oct. 29, 1867, Susan Melissa Atwood, b. Sept. 19, 1845.

Children.

I. Myra Helene[7], July 12, 1868; m. Jan. 23, 1896, John C. Luke, b. in Germany.

Children.

1. Sumner MacF.[8] Luke, Mch. 6, 1897.
2. Helene[8] Luke, Dec. 12, 1899.

II. Herbert Sampson[7], Nov. 7, 1869; m. Dec. 25, 1901, Elsie Lorena Howard, b. in St. Johnsbury, Vt., Nov. 23, 1878.

Child.

1. Eleanor Anna[8], b. Sept. 15, 1904.

III. Francis H.[7], b. Sept. 13, 1874; d. Apr. 12, 1877.

IV. Rufus Freeman[7], Oct. 20, 1877; d. July 3, 1912. m. Oct. 19, 1905, Annie Maude Usinger, b. 1884.

Child.

1. Austin Freeman[8], Oct. 4, 1907.

V. Ralph Atwood[7], Oct. 20, 1877; d. May 2, 1878.

These children all born in Stockton, Cal. Horatio Mac Farlin went to Cal., in 1849, driving a herd of cattle across the continent; he d. in 1896 in Cal.

43. Thomas Huit[6] MacFarlin (Sampson[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. May 6, 1833; d. Feb. 25, 1880; m. in Wareham, Apr. 30, 1870, Susan Alden Hudson, b. Oct. 24, 1849.

Children.

I. Polly Savery[7], Apr. 6, 1871; m. in Plymouth, Sept. 18, 1897, John Newman, b. Sept. 25, 1866.

Children.

1. Dexter Huit[8] Newman, July 15, 1899.
2. John Mac F.[8] Newman, Jan. 12, 1903; d. Feb. 28, 1911.
3. Annie Rice[8] Newman, Dec. 14, 1907.

II. Sampson[7], Sept. 15, 1875; d. Oct. 31, 1876.

III. Sampson[7], Sept. 30, 1877; m. in Middleboro, July 29, 1903, Pamelia Forest Carnell, b. Sept. 19, 1880.

Children.

1. Francis[8], Nov., 1904.
2. Polly[8], Apr. 14, 1907.
3. Suzanne[8], Jan., 1909.
4. Wm. Sampson[8], Feb. 27, 1911.

44. Polly Savery[6] MacFarlin (Sampson[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Apr. 29, 1837; m. Oct. 28, 1855, Matthew Henry Cushing, b. Feb. 4, 1832.

Children.

I. Henry Dexter[7] Cushing, Sept. 11, 1857; d. May 17, 1868.

II. Matthew[7] Cushing, July 6, 1859; m. in Middleboro, Oct. 21, 1886, Edith Isabelle Bartlett, b. 1861.

Children.

1. Bartlett Ellis[8] Cushing, June 9, 1889.
2. Edith Hazel[8] Cushing, Jan. 4, 1891.

III. Charles Wesley[7] Cushing, Mch. 3, 1870; d. 1881.

IV. Myra[7] Cushing, July 20, 1871; m. in Middleboro, June 26, 1896, George Ward Stetson, b. Feb. 27, 1866.

Children.

1. Priscilla[8] Stetson, Mch. 7, 1897.
2. Thalis Ward[8] Stetson, Sept. 25, 1900.
3. George Ward[8] Stetson, Jr., May 31, 1903.
4. Mercy Cushing[8] Stetson, Dec. 3, 1905.

V. Eldoretta[7] Cushing, Apr. 20, 1877; m. June 8, 1907, George Franklin Brown, b. Sept. 12, 1875; d. Nov. 3, 1911.

45. Peleg[6] MacFarlin (Sampson[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Oct. 18, 1843; d. Sept. 1, 1906; m. Apr. 20, 1875, Eldoretta Thomas, b. July 16, 1853.

Children.

I. Donald[7], July 15, 1878; m. June 29, 1905, Annie Richmond Gifford, b. in New Bedford, Mch. 19, 1879.

II. Helena[7], Mch. 5, 1883.

III. Winthrop[7], July 28, 1887; d. Jan. 10, 1889.

46. Jason Bartlett[6] MacFarlin (Sampson[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Oct. 8, 1845; d. Jan. 17, 1904; m. Jan. 2, 1883, Lydia Isadore Mantor, b. June 18, 1856.

Children.

I. Elmer Bartlett[7], Feb. 20, 1885; m. Nov. 9, 1908, Elvira Etta Garney, b. May 2, 1888.

Child.

1. Vernon Sidney[8] Mac Farlin, b. Sept. 20, 1909.

II. Evelyn Mantor[7], July 14, 1901.

SEVENTH GENERATION.

47. David Marshall[7] MacFarland (Josiah[6], Josiah Marshal[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. June 2, 1821; d.

Aug. 10, 1868, m. Sept. 17, 1849, Ann Powers of Vermont; resided in Jewett City, Ct. (miller); moved to Putnam, Ct.

Children.

I. Ann[8], m. Vernon Woodward, lived in Hudson.
76. II. Henry Marshal[8], lived in Southbridge.
III. Charles[8], res. 1888, at Gale's Ferry, Ct.
IV. Frank[8], res. Oxford.

48. Emily[7] MacFarland (Josiah[6], Josiah M.[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. July 8, 1829; m. Nov. 26, 1851, J. C. Davis, of Woodstock, Ct. He served in the Civil War and died in Andersonville Prison.

One dau.[8] lives in Crete, Ind.

49. Celia Jane[7] MacFarland (Josiah[6], Josiah M.[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. May 23, 1836; m. May 1, 1856, Henry T. Torrey of Charlton; carriage maker at Central Village, Ct.

Two daughters, both married.

50. Henry Josiah[7] MacFarland (Josiah[6], Josiah M.[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Apr. 29, 1838; d. abt. 1886; m. Mch. 15, 1868, Harriet Lindsey of Princeton, Ind. He was harness maker in Leland, Ill.

51. Henry Horace[7] MacFarland (Horace[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Oct. 11, 1832; d. Mch. 14, 1895; m. Dec. 24, 1856, Sarah Ann Lum, b. Sept. 13, 1833, d. Oct. 11, 1891.

Children.

I. Bessie[8], b. in New Haven, Ct., Nov. 9, 1857; d. Mch. 14, 1907, in Jamaica, N. Y.
75. II. Clara Mandana[8], b. in Morris, Ct., Aug. 18, 1861.
III. Ralph Lum[8], b. in Flushing, L. I., N. Y., Oct. 10, 1863; m. 1895, is a physician in Jamaica, N. Y. No children.

52. Edwin Dwight[7] MacFarland (Leavens[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]). He enlisted in the 51st regt. Sept. 8, 1862; was Corporal of his Co. Discharged July 27, 1863. Re-enlisted in 57th regt. V. R. C., Feb. 29, 1864. First Sergeant. Discharged July 19, 1865. He was shot through both wrists by

a sharpshooter before the mine was blown up at Petersburg. The bullet with which he was wounded is in possession of his daughter. After he was wounded he was sent to Elmira, N. Y., to guard rebel prisoners until close of the war. He was appointed inspector in Boston Custom House July 20, 1880, where he served seven years. He held various offices of trust in Worcester and was tax collector at time of his death.

He was born in Chicopee Aug. 16, 1832; d. Oct. 9, 1898, in Worcester; m. (1) in Charlemont, Oct. 10, 1854, Melissa Hawks; she d. 1861; m. (2) Feb. 23, 1864, Charlotte Wheeler of Hardwick, b. Nov. 25, 1825, d. Aug. 2, 1912, dau. of Daniel and Sally Wheeler.

Child.

I. Elizabeth[8], b. July 24, 1857.

53. Harriet Adelaide[7] MacFarland (Leavens[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. in Sturbridge, May 3, 1835; d. in Worcester, May 6, 1907; m. Nov. 25, 1855, Wm. H. Eldred, b. in Quissett June 10, 1833, d. Apr. 15, 1915. His father was lost at sea off coast of Cape Hatteras, 1839. Mr. Eldred came to Worcester when 19 years old, where he still is living. He is a carpenter and has built over 1000 houses in Worcester, also has done much nice cabinet work.

Children.

I. Marian[8] Eldred, May 20, 1860; m. Oct. 10, 1889, Charles Minkler of South Hero, Vt.

Children.

1. Ralph E.[9] Minkler, May 11, 1893, is a student in University of Vt.
2. Florence E.[9] Minkler, July, 1895; d. Nov., 1895.
3. Glen C.[9] Minkler, May 12, 1897.

II. Arthur Warren[8] Eldred, June 7, 1868, grad. of Harvard Medical School. Practises dentistry in Worcester and has been Lecturing Prof. of Dental Surgery in Harvard Medical School twenty-one years, which position he now holds.

54. Caroline Elmina[7] MacFarland (Leavens[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. in Palmer, Aug. 16, 1844; d. Dec. 31, 1909; m. Dec. 14, 1885, Royal Elliot Blake of Worcester.

Children.

77. I. Bertha Eliza[9] Blake, Feb. 5, 1869.
78. II. Harriet Elizabeth[8] Blake, Jan. 16, 1872.
79. III. Edwin Elliot[8] Blake, May 9, 1878.

55. George Bradford[7] MacFarland (Bradford[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]). When twelve years of age George made a perfect steam engine in imitation of a large one, in his father's shop, that he watched while it was working. His engine was between 3 and 4 ft. long and went by steam from his mother's tea kettle. His engine was published in newspapers and for a few years it was on exhibition at the Mechanics Fair in Boston; the boy mechanic was seated on a high platform with his engine and a big teakettle and ran his machine to the delight of crowds of spectators. A jeweler in Boston paid for the privilege of having the engine in his window for an attraction. It was sold for $100.00. Previous to 1870 he invented a steam pump for pumping water from mines, which he exhibited in London. He sold his patent and the pump is now made in New York and known as the "MacFarland Steam Pump." At the breaking out of the Franco-Prussian War in 1870 he was in Paris, where he had been in business. He, that year, had married a French lady. When the war began most Americans fled from the city, but Mr. MacFarland remained, and aided by his noble wife (to whom the soldiers gave the name of "La petite mère"), devoted himself to the care of the sick and wounded. Our American minister, then in Paris, stated that Mr. MacFarland and his wife had saved hundreds of lives during the siege. It was Mr. MacFarland who constructed the "American Ambulance," which was a hospital on wheels. After a battle he would drive to the field and pick up the wounded and dying, both French and German, and care for them aided by his brave-hearted wife. The American Stars and Stripes floated above the ambulance and the sight of it brought joy to wounded soldiers for they knew that relief was near. At the close of the war Mr. and Mrs. MacFarland were awarded diplomas from the governments of both France and Germany. The remant of the flag that had waved over the ambulance, torn by bullet and faded by storm, was presented by Mr. MacFarland to his sister, Mrs. Duer, of Brooklyn, with the badges and medals which were awarded him and his wife; they are now in her possession.

George Bradford MacFarland was born Mch. 8, 1832; d. May 3, 1891 in Valencia, S. A.; m. (1) June, 1851, Julia Adams; she died 1868; m. (2) in Paris, France, Marie ——. She d. in Valencia, 1890. Mr. and Mrs. MacFarland rest in Prospect Park Cemetery, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Child.

I. George Frederick[8], b. Apr. 9, 1852; m. in Everett, Oct. 20, 1886, Harriet Pricilla Densmore, b. in Noel, Hants Co., Nova Scotia.

Child.

1. Ethel Sarah[9], Oct. 6, 1887; she has already acquired much talent as a writer of both prose and poetry. We give the following as a sample when she was 14 years of age.

"DWELLERS IN THE STEEPLE."

By Ethel S. MacFarland, at 14 years of age.

Your life lies before you; you've only to live it.
And love is life's coronet; take it and give it.
The fairest of flowers may fade in a minute,
So wrest from each day all the sweetness that's in it.
Laugh on while you may; take no heed for the morrow.
No goal is attained through the Gateway of Sorrow.
And pleasure awaits him who soonest can grasp it—
'Tis time to be dead when you lie in a casket.

Hear, then, the creed that we optomists cherish.
'Tis Capture each joy ere its loveliness perish.
Cold facts are illusions and dreaming is real.
Eschew all that's practical; grasp the Ideal.
For, say what you will, 'tis the happiest people
Who build Spanish castles and dwell in the steeple.
And pleasure awaits him who soonest can grasp it—
'Tis time to be dead when you lie in a casket.

56. Susan Melissa[7] MacFarland (Bradford[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]) even as a small child was wonderfully gifted in music; she learned intuitively, and rebelled against having teachers. At eight years of age she taught herself all the rudiments of music from a small instruction book.

She would often say that when she did not know the meaning of things that she heard "a voice in her head" telling her. At twelve years she was a famous child pianist. Fortunately she was associated with the best musicians of her day in Boston. When she was fifteen her father moved to New York City. There she became acquainted with leading musicians and publishers. She began publishing her musical compositions, and soon gained great popularity as a composer of temperance songs, war songs and instrumental pieces. She was the first woman to become famous as a composer of music in this country. The simple songs that went out from her heart touched the hearts of others and her work was in great demand. Sometimes she dreamed her melodies, and would write them out next day.

When Abraham Lincoln died she was at the height of her popularity. That night she dreamed that she sat at the organ and played a beautiful requiem, and was told that the spirit of Beethoven had given it to her, to express his grief for the nation. She awoke at midnight, arose and played every note as in her dream. She sketched it at once and early in the morning it was copied by the band master of the New York Seventh Regiment and played in the procession at all the funeral services, and when Lincoln was laid in the tomb. It was soon published in all countries; there was something in one movement that all musicians pronounced remarkable, but the writer always declared it was given to her in a dream.

Strange as it may seem, after several years had passed since Lincoln's death, a few of Beethoven's unpublished musical works, sonatas and symphonies, that the world had never seen, (for after Beethoven died his friends would never sell or allow anyone to see his unpublished compositions) were published. After a few generations had lived and died, they were sold to publishers in Germany; they were soon published in New York and *there were the six bars that had been so admired in Mrs. Parkhurst Duer's composition, note for note like her "dream."*

It is in one of Beethoven's Sonatas entitled "A Funeral March in Honor of a Hero."

Mrs. Parkhurst Duer was at the head of a Musical Academy in Brooklyn, N. Y., twenty years and now conducts a musical studio in her home, where she is thronged by students; her

style and movement much resemble that of Beethoven. All who study harmony with Mrs. Duer have the best teaching that can be procured.

Mrs. Duer is an earnest temperance worker and founded and superintended the publishing of a paper for the improvement of the Christian and temperance element in society. She now writes for many magazines and newspapers, being equally gifted as a writer or as a musician.

One day when at the mature age of *six years* she teased her mother for an apple, her mother, thinking that she had had as many as was for her good, told her that unless she would write a verse about the apple she could have no more; much to her surprise in a short time the child handed the following poem to her mother.

"The apple grows upon a tree,
Which is a great pleasure to me,
For it is seldom I get any,
And when I do I eat too many.

The blossom grows upon the bough,
I almost think I see it now.
It smells as sweet as any rose,
But I must stop and wipe my nose."

Her astonished mother gave her the apple. Had she not stopped to "wipe my nose" her apple might have become as famous as Longfellow's "turnip" that grew and grew.

Susan Melissa[7] MacFarland was born in Leicester June 5, 1836; m. (1) Jan. 10, 1854, Edward A. Parkhurst; he died June 3, 1864, in the Battle of Cold Harbor in the Civil War. She m. (2) Jan. 15, 1868, Rev. John Duer, b. 1838, d. Sept. 6, 1875, son of Wm. Duer.

Children.

I. Effie[8] Parkhurst, Nov. 9, 1854; m. June 24, 1874, John Wayne Kimball of N. Y. City; d. Jan. 1911.

Children.

1. Effie Wayne[9] Kimball, b. June 29, 1877.
2. Alexandria Beatrice[9] Kimball, b. Feb. 4, 1881.

II. Edward Bradford[8] Parkhurst, b. July 4, 1858; d. Sept. 24, 1858.

57. Abbie[7] MacFarland (Warren[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Nov. 13, 1852, in Worcester; m. July 3, 1871, George Beecher Buckingham, b. in Oxford, Ct., Mch. 20, 1848; d. June 7, 1906.

Children born in Worcester.

I. Alice Perkins[8] Buckingham, Sept. 29, 1872; m. Jan. 27, 1904, George MacDonald Albee, M. D., b. in Worcester, Jan. 22, 1871.

Child.

Catherine Wilde[9] Albee, b. Mch. 4, 1906; d. Mch. 5, 1906.

II. Florence Edith[8] Buckingham, b. Aug. 28, 1874; m. Feb. 15, 1902, Irving Woodward Holinshead, M.D. of Phil., Pa., b. Jan. 22, 1871 in Hopkinton.

III. Harold Paul[8] Buckingham, b. Apr. 10, 1886; m. Feb. 15, 1911, Dorothy Dudley Harris of Worcester, b. Mch. 22, 1889.

Children born in Worcester.

1. Dorothy[9] Buckingham, b. Jan. 4, 1912.
2. Warren Mac Farland[9] Buckingham, b. July 26, 1913.

(See Warren Mac Farland.)

58. Mary A.[7] MacFarland (Marshal[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Feb. 12, 1838; m. (1) Nov. 27, 1855, Asa Milton Fiske, b. in Sturbridge, Dec. 4, 1827, d. in Springfield, Mch. 8, 1882; m. (2) Jan. 15, 1885, Calvin Selden Whitcomb, b. in Keene, N. H., Apr. 16, 1834, d. in Springfield, Jan. 25, 1911, son of Salmon and Fanny Whitcomb. No children. By a former wife Mr. Whitcomb had a daughter, Belle Whitcomb, b. Apr. 8, 1874; m. Nov., 1894, Clifford Wells of Springfield.

Children.

I. Ethel Selden Wells, Sept. 19, 1895.
II. Robert Wells, Mch. 14, 1897.

Mr. Fiske worked in Varney & Ladd's die shop in Sturbridge several years. In 1860 he moved to Springfield to work in the U. S. Armory, doing the most difficult part of finishing firearms, that of blue tempering. He was a skilled mechanic—

one of the men who "can do anything." He worked in the Armory till the day he died.

Mr. C. S. Whitcomb in 1850 learned the tinman's trade; he afterwards worked in Northampton and South Deerfield. In 1860 he went to Springfield, Mass., and was with A. M. Galpin, 140 State St., until 1876, when he went to New York and worked making soda fountains, one year, after which he returned to Springfield, where he entered the firm of Whitcomb, Kirkham & Hazen. In 1899 he was obliged to give up active business on account of failing health. He was a member of the common council and of the school board.

59. Herbert Adolphus[7] MacFarland (Marshal[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]) graduated from "Hitchcock Free High School" at 18 years of age and taught schools in adjoining towns winters for several years. Was employed as bookkeeper in Shaw's mills in Wales; secretary and treasurer of "Wales Savings Bank"; Justice of the Peace; Notary Public; Special Justice; Associate Judge of Eastern Hampden District Court; in Legislature at Boston 1890-91; interested in agriculture; active in church and Sunday school work; leader of Choir 40 years.

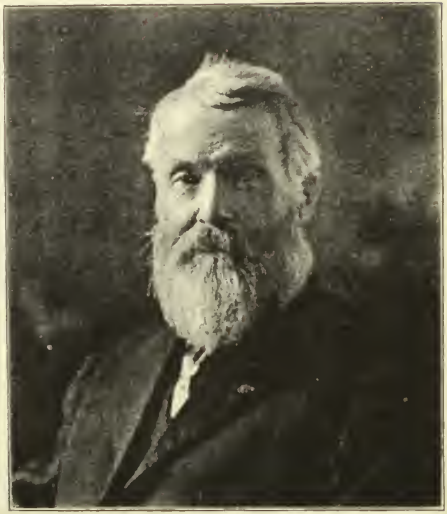
He was born Apr. 14, 1840; d. in Wales Nov. 25, 1911; m. Jan. 21, 1869, Mary, b. July 29, 1839, dau. of Asa and Amanda (Green) Houghton and gr. dau. of Asa, Sen. and Mary Bradford (Jacobs) Houghton. Both Mr. and Mrs. MacFarland were lineal descendants of Gov. Wm. Bradford. He left Holland church the income from $500. He left no children.

60. Ursula N.[7] MacFarland (Marshal[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]) b. in Sturbridge, Feb. 13, 1842; m. (1) July 18, 1859, Elijah Allen, b. in Brimfield, Sept. 17, 1822, d. Feb. 3, 1899, son of Sanders Allen who served in the war of 1812; m. (2) Oct. 17, 1906, Levi Badger Chase, b. in

Mrs. Ursula McF. Allen Chase, has been an earnest worker and helper in the preparation of the genealogies for the history of Holland, and her work will be much appreciated because of the extensive research needed to prepare them, and for their accuracy. We hope that Mrs. Chase will do much more in this line of work; a work that grows more interesting to the public every year, and one of growing importance to the state.

Author.

HERBERT ADOLPHUS MACFARLAND



LEVI BADGER CHASE

MRS. URSULA MAC F. ALLEN CHASE

Canterbury, N. H., Oct. 24, 1833. Served in the Civil War, Co. F, 51st regt. Is a member of Arthur J. Johnson G. A. R. Post; member also of the "Worcester Society of Antiquity," "New Eng. Historic Genealogical Soc." and compiled Vital Records of Sturbridge. He discovered the route of the earliest "Bay Path" and early Indian trails through Sturbridge.

Child.

I. Marshall Sanders Allen, b. May 3, 1867; m. Oct. 3, 1893, Alice M. C. Rostock, b. in Somerville, dau. of Geo. C. Coburn who served in the Civil War.

M. S. Allen is civil engineer and superintendent of erection of steel rolling mill machinery and draftsman for the Morgan Construction Co., of Worcester.

61. Sarah Emeline[7] MacFarland (Marshal[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]) b. Nov. 27, 1845; m. in Springfield, June 14, 1863, Wm. J. Gillespie, M.D., b. Apr. 14, 1844, d. in New Oreans, 1868, of yellow fever; m. (2) Dec. 11, 1869, John Lillie, b. June 11, 1836.

Children.

80. I. Herbert Clifford[8] Gillespie b. June 10, 1867.
II. John Wesley[8] Lillie, June 5, 1871; m. (1) May 7, 1903, Ellen Avery, she d. July, 1913; (2) Nov. 26, 1913, Ida Rumrill.
III. George L.[8] Lillie, Apr. 15, 1875; d. Sept. 5, 1902.
IV. Edith[8] Lillie, Apr. 17, 1877; m. May 15, 1894, Robert Watson.

Child.

1. Ruby G.[9] Watson, Mch. 21, 1895.

V. Albert[8] Lillie, Mch. 1, 1884; m. Jan., 1910, Elfreda Nichols of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Child.

1. Roy Linwood[9] Lillie, b. Jan. 31, 1911.

62. Ellen Maria[7] MacFarland (Marshal[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. July 9, 1849; m. Nov. 28, 1872, Andrew J. Royce of Wales, b. Aug. 9, 1846.

Children.

I. Millie E.[8] Royce, Mch. 8, 1874.
II. Mary A.[8] Royce (E. M.[7] Mac F. Royce, Marshall[6] Mac F., David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]); m. (1) John Burney; (2) Dwight Wotrous; she d. Aug. 7, 1914.

Children.

1. Maud[9] Burney, m. 1911, Mark Davis.
2. Mildred[9] Burney, m. 1909, Ralph W. Kenison.

Children.

a. Harold R.[10] Kenison, b. Aug. 7, 1910.
b. Charlotte M.[10] Kenison, b. Oct. 22, 1912.

3. Allison Wotrous, 1894.
4. Edna Wotrous, Sept., 1898.

III. Wm. A.[8] Royce, July 2, 1878; m. 1900, Minnie J. Corbin.

Children.

1. Wm. Andrew[9] Royce, b. Apr. 7, 1901.
2. Dorothy J.[9] Royce, b. Oct. 7, 1905.

IV. Richard L.[8] Royce, June 3, 1881; m. Feb. 28, 1907, Emily A. Page of Vt., b. July 19, 1886.

V. Alice E.[8] Royce, June 29, 1883; m. 1904, Clayton D. Felton of Monson.

Children.

1. Jennie S.[9] Felton, b. Apr., 1907.
2. Pearl M.[9] Felton, b. Feb. 25, 1909.
3. Roland J.[9] Felton, b. June 11, 1911.

VI. Roland Horner[8] Royce, Jan. 29, 1885; m. Jan. 24, 1913, Mary A. Underwood of Hartford, Ct., b. Nov. 24, 1891.

63. Wm. Dwight[7] MacFarland, D.D., (Marshall[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. in Sturbridge Mch. 16, 1851; m. Aug. 4, 1899, Fannie Henderson of Chicago, b. Aug. 1854.

Adopted daughter, Fayetta Mary[8], b. June, 1896, in Pittsburgh, Pa.

Dr. MacFarland graduated at the Hartford Theological Seminary, after which he held several pastorates. He became interested in deaf mutes and went to Oregon, where he collected as many of those unfortunates as possible and opened a boarding school in which he taught them very successfully. Both he and his wife are professors of the deaf mute language.

He was Principal of the South High School in Pittsburgh many years. Resigning his position he accepted an invitation to go as home missionary to teach and preach among the mountain whites in Tennessee. He was ever an earnest worker for the Anti-Saloon League where he accomplished much good. In

COREY FREDERICK MAC FARLAND

1911 he bought a farm in Connecticut to which he retired. He is active in both church and temperance work and in anything of interest and advantage to the town.

64. Ellen[7] MacFarland (Jacob Corey[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. June 29, 1839; d. Aug. 26, 1893; m. Aug., 1860, Norris R. Wood, b. Feb. 11, 1835, d. Mch. 1, 1895, son of Russell Wood of Chicopee.

Child.

Flora Isabel[8] Wood, b. Sept. 26, 1862; d. Oct. 21, 1886; m. 1882, Charles E. Allis.

65. Eliza[7] MacFarland (generations as in 64), b. Apr. 1, 1844; d. Dec., 1912; m. (1) Sept. 13, 1865, Sandford Flavius Stebbins, b. Somerville, Ct., Dec. 12, 1839, d. Oct. 1, 1881, son of Laban H. and Lucy (Davis) Stebbins; m. (2) Jan., 1883, Francois Gaius Lamoureux, d. 1896. No children.

66. Corey Fuller[7] MacFarland (J. Corey[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), graduated from Amherst College in 1883, taking honors in music and oratory during his course of study there. He went into business in St. Louis in 1884 as flour merchant and miller. In 1895 he moved to Keokuk, Iowa, where he engaged with the "Rees & MacFarland Paper Co.," and is now proprietor of the "MacFarland Paper Co."

He has been at different times:—Pres. of the County Club; Pres. of the Music Club; Vice-Pres. of Associated Charities; Vice-Pres. of the Humane Society; Vice-Pres. of the Keokuk Industrial Association; Chairman of the Board of Trustees of First Congregational Church; Chairman of various committees connected with the Y. M. C. A.; and a choir singer for many years. He is a strong and earnest worker in the church as well as in the Y. M. C. A. He has a remarkably pleasing personality, and delivers his lectures in so busniess-like and eloquent a manner that at no time can a listener's attention be drawn from him. He can be humorous as well as serious and it is easy to follow and understand every word he says; he proved himself long ago to be an orator of no small ability. He is a man who *does things—an all around man!* His influence in leading men to Christ is so great, and he is so earnest in his work that he is called "The Keokuk Fire-brand."

He was born in Chicopee Falls, June 19, 1861; m. Nov. 3, 1887, Mamie Dunn Fizer, b. 1867, dau. of Gen. John C. Fizer of the Confederate Army and his wife Hayes (Dunn) Fizer. They reside in Keokuk, Iowa. One child, b. May 5, 1890, Malcolm F. MacFarland, who is a civil engineer employed by the U S. Government.

67. Albert[7] MacFarland (William P.[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), graduated from Worcester Academy 1859. At different times he has been engaged in drug and grocery business. Received commission as post master from Pres. Lincoln, Pres. Johnson and from Pres. Grant, running from 1861-1872. He sold his pharmacy about 1900 and engaged as bookkeeper for Wm. T. Newman, merchant tailor, St. Louis, Mo., where he now resides. He is a staunch Republican and cast his first vote for Abraham Lincoln. He is a great lover of music and was church organist several years in Chicopee Falls. He has taken all the degrees in Masonry, York and Scottish Rites and is a member of Massachusetts Consistory in Boston.

Albert[7] MacFarland was b. Mch. 31, 1840, in Oakham; m. (1) May 2, 1867, Susie Ann Wilmot, in Bridgeport, Ct., d. Oct. 27, 1887, at Indianapolis, Ind; m. (2) May 31, 1895, Emma Snow Pierson of St. Louis, b. in England, June 5, 1870. Reside in St. Louis, Mo.

Children.

81. I. Alice Beekman[8], Apr. 18, 1868, in Chicopee.
II. Helen Edith[8], Sept. 18, 1872; d. May 20, 1874, in Chicopee.
82. III. Grace Lena[8], May 12, 1874, in Chicopee.
83. IV. Blanche Wilmot[8], July 29, 1877, in Chicopee.
84. V. Ethel[8], Oct. 3, 1885, at Indianapolis, Ind.
VI. Clara Maria[8], June 4, 1887, at Indianapolis, Ind. Was adopted Nov. 8, 1887 by Edward G. and Sadie Orr of Indianapolis, Ind.; m. June 7, 1911, Herman Fiesch of Birmingham, Ala.

Children.

1. Rosella May[9] Fiesch, b. Mch. 3, 1912.
2. Virginia Marie[9], b. July 26, 1914.

VII. Victoria Maude[8], Oct. 23, 1897, in St. Louis, Mo.

68. William Frederick[7] MacFarland(generations as in 67), b. June 26, 1861, in Chicopee; m. in Worcester, Jan. 15,

1884, Martha Grace Williams, b. in Cambridgeport, Sept. 22, 1859.

Child born in Burlington, Iowa.

I. Eleanor[8], Feb. 13, 1885; m. Sept. 19, 1906, John Russell Copeland.

Child.

1. Wm. Mac Farland[9] Copeland, Feb. 21, 1910.

II. William[8], Feb. 27, 1886.

III. Catherine[8], June 23, 1890. She has a studio in Burlington for teaching vocal music.

IV. Richard[8], Feb. 21, 1897.

V. John[8] (Jack), Jan. 1, 1899.

69. John[7] MacFarland (Josiah[6], Josiah Marshal[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Apr. 19, 1823; d. about 1887; m. Oct. 6, 1848, Nancy A. Black of Brattleboro, Vt.; she d. Oct. 24, 1829. Resided in Greenfield.

MACFARLIN.

70. Lucy Anna[7] Tillson (Rebecca[6] MacFarlin, John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Feb. 20, 1855; m. Thomas Mozart Southworth, b. Jan. 7, 1843.

Children.

85. I. Carl Zerahn[8] Southworth, Nov. 9, 1879.

86. II. Hannah Cobb[8] Southworth, Dec. 3, 1881.

III. Rebecca Augusta[8] Southworth, July, 1884; d. 1884.

IV. Etta Thomas[8] Southworth, Dec. 1886; d. 1887.

87. V. Julian Mozart[8] Southworth, Sept. 8, 1889.

88. VI. Justin Bisbee[8], Southworth, Nov. 25, 1890.

VII. Hazel[8] Southworth, Feb. 1, 1892; d. Sept., 1892.

VIII. Bethel[8] Southworth, Aug. 22, 1893.

71. Chester Freeman[7] Tillson (generations as in 70), b. June 7, 1861; m. in Marshfield, 1885, Clara B. Cahoon, b. 1859.

Children.

I. Zelma[8] Tillson, July 4, 1886; m. 1907, Harry Young.

Children.

1. Gladys[9] Young.
2. Chester G.[9] Young.
3. Minnie[9] Young, b. 1911.
4. Winslow[9] Young, b. 1912.

II. Harold Augustus[8] Tillson, Nov. 17, 1887.

72. Helen Augusta[7] Tillson (generations as in 70), b. Oct. 22, 1869; m. Feb. 6, 1887, Henry Stetson Griffith, b. June 19, 1860, author of the "History of Carver."

Children.

I. Roscoe Conklin[8] Griffith, Apr. 18, 1888; m. Aug. 14, 1910, Viola Taber, b. Nov. 20, 1890.

Children.

1. Stetson Bennett[9] Griffith, 1911.
2. Kenneth Conklin[9] Griffith, b. May 8, 1913.

II. Helen Stetson[8] Griffith, b. May 8, 1893; m. 1909, Charles P. Hall of Boston, b. Oct. 22, 1879.

Children.

1. Cyril S.[9] Hall, b. Apr., 1910.
2. Beatrice May[9] Hall, b. and d. 1911.

III. Rebecca Arline[8] Griffith, May 8, 1893; m. 1910, Niel Donald Murray.

Children.

1. Phyllis A.[9] Murray, b. 1911.
2. Katherine[9] Murray, Mch. 31, 1913.

IV. Andrew Freeman[8] Griffith, July 23, 1895.

V. Rodney Norwood[8] Griffith, July 16, 1897.

VI. Maynard[8] Griffith, Feb. 5, 1903.

73. Cora Bradford[7] MacFarlin (John B.[6] MacF., John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Jan. 31, 1869; m. Nov. 27, 1886, Samuel D. Washburn, b. Nov. 20, 1865.

Children.

I. Rotha[8] Washburn, Aug. 30, 1889; d. Nov., 1896.

II. Ralph Dexter[8] Washburn, May 19, 1892.

III. Horner Delano[8] Washburn, Oct. 7, 1901.

74. Mabel Marshal[7] MacFarlin (generations as in 73, b. Sept., 1875; m. 1896, Wm. Drew Hurd, b. 1872.

Children.

I. Norman[8] Hurd, b. 1896.

II. Russell[8] Hurd, b. 1899.

III. Cora Rosamond[8] Hurd, b. 1901.

MACFARLAND.

EIGHTH GENERATION.

75. Clara Mandana[6] MacFarland (Henry H.[7], Horace[5], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Aug. 18, 1861, in Morris, Ct.; m. Jan. 11, 1886, Rev. John Howard Hobbs, b. Apr. 2, 1858, at Lenox Mission Station, Choctaw Nation, Indian

Territory, son of Simon L. and Mary C. Lees (Lowe) Hobbs. John H. Hobbs was descended from John Howland of the May Flower, and is a member of "The May Flower Society."

Children.

I. Harold Wade[9] Hobbs, b. in Greenwich, Ct., June 9, 1887, is a law student.
II. Helen Louise[9] Hobbs, b. in Jamaica, N. Y., Nov. 23, 1893. Entered Smith's College, 1912.

76. Henry Marshall[8] MacFarland (David Marshall[7], Josiah[6], Josiah Marshal[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Feb. 5, 1855, in Oxford; m. 1880, Etta Ellen Whitford of Southbridge.

Children born in Southbridge.

I. Anna Louise[9], May 25, 1881; m. Jan., 1902, Albert Hamilton Wheeler of Southbridge.
Child.
1. Audrey Hamilton[10] Wheeler, b. Sept. 16, 1909.
II. George Henry[9], Nov. 13, 1883. Clerk in Edward's Store, Southbridge.
III. Mary Etta[9], Jan. 21, 1888.
IV. Emily Gertrude[9], May 6, 1890.
V. Frank David[9], July 22, 1893.

77. Bertha Eliza[8] Blake (Caroline E.[7] MacF. Blake, Leavens[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]) b. Feb. 5, 1869; m. Oct. 13, 1892, Andrew Donald Adair, b. in Airdrie, Scotland, Oct. 6, 1869. He is a direct descendant of Lord Douglass, and his mother traces her descent back to the "Field of Bannockburn."

Children.

I. Andrew Kenneth[9] Adair, Oct. 8, 1893; he enlisted in the U. S. Navy for four years, his term will expire on his twenty-first birthday. He has received, from Washington, a bronze medal for his excellent marksmanship. He is a total abstainer from all intoxicating drinks.
II. Miriam[9] Adair, b. July 31, 1895; d. Oct. 13, 1903.
III. Clark Donald[9] Adair, Jan. 7, 1897.
IV. Eldred[9] Adair, Dec. 8, 1900.
V. Mildred[9] Adair, Dec. 8, 1900.
VI. Bertha[9] Adair, Oct. 25, 1902.

78. Hattie Elisabeth[8] Blake (generations as in 77), b. Jan. 16, 1872; m. Apr. 13, 1898, Henry Robinson Haynes of Hartford, Conn.

Children.

I. Vernita Carolyn[9] Haynes, Feb. 6, 1900.
II. Dorothy Francis[9] Haynes, Dec. 22, 1904.

79. Edwin Elliot[8] Blake (generations as in 77), b. May 9, 1878; m. Aug. 7, 1901, Clara Elisabeth Pratt of Everett. No children.

80. Herbert C.[8] Gillespie (Emeline S.[7] MacFarland, Marshal[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. June 10, 1867; m. (1) Oct. 15, 1888, Lizzie Cady, d. Apr. 19, 1891; m. (2) Mch., 1912, Margaret Howe.

Child.

I. Emma Susan[9] Gillespie, b. Apr. 5, 1891; d. Sept. 19, 1891.

81. Alice B.[8] MacFarland (Albert[7], William P.[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Apr. 18, 1868; m. Nov. 27, 1888, at Columbus, Ohio, W. S. Cain.

Children.

I. Edith May[9] Cain, July 19, 1889.
II. Charles Albert[9] Cain, Jan. 15, 1891; m. Aug. 4, 1914, Emma Irene Kellen, in So. Boston.
III. Grace Catherine[9] Cain, Apr. 24, 1892.
IV. Ralph Wm.[9] Cain, June 15, 1894; d. May 29, 1897.
V. Howard Leslie[9] Cain, Dec. 19, 1897; d. July, 1899.
VI. Ernest Wm.[9] Cain, Nov. 15, 1903.

82. Grace Lena[8] MacFarland (generations as in 81), b. May 12, 1874; d. Nov. 30, 1902; m. at Chicopee Falls, Sept. 21, 1898, George H. Morse of Oakham.

Children.

I. Wm. MacFarland[9] Morse, Aug. 3, 1899.
II. Alfred Bullard[9] Morse, Mch. 29, 1901.
III. Ruth Grace Morse, Nov. 4, 1902.

83. Blanche Wilmot[8] MacFarland (generations as in 81), b. July 29, 1877; m. Jan. 23, 1902, Harry L. Angier.

Children.

I. Harriet Madeine[9] Angier, b. Apr. 1, 1903; d. Apr. 5, 1903.
II. Eleanor Lucile[9] Angier, Jan. 10, 1910.

84. Ethel[8] MacFarland (generations as in 81), b. Oct. 3, 1885; m. Jan. 1904, John Stanley of Templeton.

Children.

I. Howard R.[9] Stanley, Oct. 6, 1904.
II. Carroll W.[9] Stanley, Jan. 14, 1906; d. Oct. 12, 1906.
III. Cynthia L.[9] Stanley, Oct. 8, 1907.
IV. Richard H.[9] Stanley, Mch., 1909.
V. Katherine MacFarland[9] Stanley, May 24, 1910.

85. Carl Zerahn[8] Southworth (L. A. MacF.[7] Tillson, Rebecca MacF.[6] Tillson, John[5] MacF., Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Nov. 9, 1879; m. June, 1907, Elva Bartlett Tillson,

Children.

I. Ruth[9] Southworth, May 15, 1909; d. May 19, 1909.
II. Katherine[9] Southworth, June 5, 1910.
III. Frank C.[9] Southworth, Mch. 10, 1913.

86. Hannah C.[8] Southworth (generations as in 85), b. Dec. 3, 1881; m. Dec. 22, 1901, Harry Oscar Thomas, b. in Maine, Nov. 22, 1872.

Child.

I. Roger Drew[9] Thomas, Feb. 15, 1906.

87. Julian Mozart[8] Southworth (generations as in 85), b. Sept. 8, 1889; m. in Brockton, Dec. 9, 1911, Mary Percy, b. in New Brunswick.

88. Justin Bisbee[8] Southworth (L. A. MacF. Tillson[7], Rebecca[6], John[5], Huit[4], John[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. Nov. 25, 1890; m. in Brockton, Dec. 21, 1911, Lottie May Little.

NINTH GENERATION.

89. Grace Catherine[9] Cain (Alice[8] MacF. Cain, Albert[7], William P.[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]) b. Apr. 24, 1892; m. 1911, in Boston, Edwin Hamilton Jenkins.

Children.

I. Edwin Hamilton[10] Jenkins, Jr., b. June 23, 1909.
II. Charles Alfred[10] Jenkins, b. July 27, 1913.

90. Edith May[9] Cain (Alice[8] MacF. Cain, Albert[7], William P.[6], David[5], Elijah[4], Elijah[3], Solomon[2], Purthe[1]), b. July 19, 1889; m. Jan. 10, 1912, Charles Ray Bell of Boston.

Child.

I. Charles Ray[10] Bell, Jr., b. Sept. 12, 1913.

Asa MacFarland, d. in Shrewsbury, May 19, 1830; m. Nov. 1, 1819, Lucy Larnard, d. Sept. 30, 1835.

Children.

I. Lucy b. 1820.
II. James, H., b. 1821.
III. Sarah E., b. 1823.
IV. Asa L., b. 1825.
V. Mary C., b. 1826.
VI. Edward S., b. 1828.

Parentage of Asa MacFarland unknown to me.

THE McINTIRE FAMILY.

By Mrs. E. M. Webber.

Ebenezer McIntire was the first settler in Charlton, Mass., and was the ancestor of all the Charlton McIntires. He was located in Charlton Center in 1734. He was a man of excellent judgment and a prominent man in the district. He erected his dwelling upon a hill top, surrounded by meadow land. He gave the land for a site for the first church. He kept an inn. The first town meeting was held in his hostelry. He was first Town Clerk and served several years as selectman. He died Mar., 1775; married Amy ——

Children.

I. Ebenezer McIntire m. Betsey Holman of Sutton, Mass., June 5, 1791.
II. Ezra McIntire.
III. Nathaniel McIntire m. Deborah ———
IV. Daniel.

Elias McIntire married Martha Burden; lived in Charlton.

Children.

I. Eleazor McIntire, b. 1790; m. Bathsheba Detray.
II. Arron McIntire m. Clara Burden.
III. Dwight McIntire m. Nancy ———
IV. Calvin McIntire m. Sarah Dexter.

Eleazor McIntire married Bathsheba Detray in 1815. She died 1866, in Holland, Mass., at her son-in-law's, the Rev. John Carpenter. (*See Detray Genealogy.*)

Children of Eleazor McIntire and Bathsheba Detray.

I. Erastus McIntire, d. in infancy.
II. Lillis Bartlett McIntire, b. 1820; d. 1822.
III. Lenus McIntire b. 1822; d. 1894.
IV. Clementine Harris McIntire b. 1824; d. 1910. Married Rev. John Carpenter in 1844.

Calvin McIntire married Sarah Dexter. She died in Sturbridge, Mass.

Children.

I. James McIntire m. Francis Richards of Sturbridge, Mass.
II. Alvin McIntire.

III. Elvira McIntire m. John Hill.
IV. Martha McIntire m. Philemon Hill.
V. Charles Wilson McIntire m. Mary Williams.
VI. Alonzo Elias McIntire, b. 1842; unm.

James McIntire married Frances Richards of Sturbridge.

Child.

I. Mary Francis McIntire m. Mr. Eddy of Worcester, Mass.

Elvira McIntire married John Hill.

Children.

I. Marcena Hill, d. in Sturbridge, Mass.
II. Lizzie Hill married John Ladd, a son of Noah Ladd, of Sturbridge, Mass., a prominent man in town business, he d. 1908.
III. Dallas Hill, d. when 7 years old.

Martha McIntire m. Philemon Hill.

Child.

I. Josephine Hill m. ——— Williams of Dudley.

Charles Wilson McIntire married Mary Williams.

Children.

I. Nellie Williams.
II. Harry Williams m. ——— Allen ———

Child.

1. Emma Williams m. ——— Barnard.

THE MOORE FAMILY.

By Chase.

James[1] Moore was born in Ireland and lived awhile in Grafton after coming to America. He bought land in Union Dec. 19, 1739, in the west part of the town, where his descendants have since lived. The place is called the "Dexter Moore place." He died Oct. 20, 177—, in the 83rd year of his age. His widow d. Jan. 22, 1785, aged 98 years. His son, William[2], m. (1) Sept. 30, 1762, Sarah Rosebrooks, of Brimfield (now Holland). She d. Sept. 27, 1771. The day before she died she had her five children baptized. William[2] m. (2) Mch. 16, 1773, Hannah Morse of Woodstock; they had three children. His second son, William, Jr.[3], b. Sept. 12, 1766; d. Apr. 6, 1850; m. int. May 31, 1796, Bethiah Weld of Sturbridge. She d. May 22, 1842, aged 69 yrs. 5 mos.

Children.

I. Permelia[4], Apr. 6, 1797.
II. Sally Rosebrooks[4], Oct. 22, 1798; m. June 17, 1824, Jonathan Amidown of Southbridge.
III. Nancy[4], June 15, 1800.
2. IV. Eleazer[4], Dec. 19, 1802.
V. Calista[4], Mch. 26, 1805; m. Jan. 1, 1828, Morey Adams of Bolton.
VI. Persis[4], Oct. 22, 1806; d. July 22, 1826.
VII. Wm. Weld[4], Dec. 6, 1808.
VIII. Elmina, July 26, 1810.
IX. Washington, May 1, 1813.
X. Pliny, Mch. 25, 1814.

Fourth Generation.

2. Eleazer[4] Moore (William[3], William[2], James[1]), b. Dec. 19, 1802; d. Oct. 30, 1879; m. 1831 or 2, Hannah Wheeler, b. Nov. 21, 1811; d. Nov. 27, 1881. Mr. Moore owned and operated a saw and grist-mill on what is now known as the Alexander place. He was a most worthy citizen.

Children born in Holland.

3. I. Elizabeth Calista[5], b. July 6, 1833; d. Apr. 26, 1866.
II. Caroline[5], b. Sept. 3, 1836; d. Mch. 30, 1905; m. (1) John Rosebrooks Wallis. (See Wallis

Gen.) (2) Aug. 18, 1857, Edwin Augustus Janes, b. Dec. 9, 1826. (See Janes Gen.)

FIFTH GENERATION.

3. Elizabeth Calista[5] Moore (Eleazer[4], William[3], William[2], James[1]), b. July 6, 1833; d. Apr. 26, 1866; m. (1) 1852, Charles Dodge Cutler, b. 1831. He was mustered into service in the 10th Mass. regt., Co. H, June 21, 1861, for three years. He was killed at the Battle of Fair Oaks, Va., May 31, 1862, in the Civil War. His widow m. (2) 1864, Dr. Cutler.

Children by first marriage.

I. Lizzie Sophia[6] Cutler, July 17, 1853.
II. Frank Harris[6] Cutler, Sept. 8, 1854.
III. Clara[6] Cutler, Jan. 28, 1856; m. Dec. 19, 1877, Wm. Allen Needham of Monson.

Children.

1. Harry Leslie[7] Needham, Jan. 2, 1879.
2. Ralph Cutler[7] Needham, Dec. 29, 1883.

Children by second marriage.

IV. Lillian A.[6] Cutter, Apr. 21, 1866; m. Frank L. Weaver of Lowell.
V. George Walker[6] Cutter, Apr. 21, 1866; m. Mildred Randall. Have four children.

SIXTH GENERATION.

4. Lizzie Sophia[6] Cutler (Calista[5] (Moore) Cutler, Eleazer[4], William[3], William[2], James[1]), b. July 17, 1853; d. May 12, 1886; m. Nov. 12, 1878, Wm. Cheney Shadden.

Children.

I. Alice Elizabeth[7] Shadden, b. Sept. 26, 1879; d. soon after her mother did abt. 1886 or 87; m. Edward Allen Knight, they reside in N. J.
II. Edith May[7] Shadden, d. soon after her mother.
III. Harold Cheney[7] Shadden, d. about the same time of his mother.

5. Frank Harris[6] Cutler (Calista[5] (Moore) Cutler, Eleazer[4], William[3], William[2], James[1]), b. Sept. 8, 1854; d. Jan. 17, 1913; m. Helen Ballou, of N. Attleboro, Jan. 6, 1883 or '84.

Children.

I. Lester Ballou[7] Cutler, b. Jan. 6, 1885.
II. Helen[7] Cutler, b. Nov. 12, 1888.

THE MUNGER FAMILY

By Chase.

Nathaniel[1] Munger settled in Wales, where Henry Walker now lives. He sold to his son, John[2] Munger, the land later known as the "Parsons place." There was a saw-mill built on the place. John's son, Simeon[3], lived there. It is probable that Nathaniel's son John built the mill and lived there. It was the second mill in order of time to be built in Holland, we judge.

Simeon[3] Munger m. Apr. 25, 1790, Eunice Needham, both of Holland.

Children.

I. Susannah[4], b. 1790.
II. Laney[4], b. Apr. 7, 1792.
III. Salla[4], b. Jan. 5, 1795.
IV. Austin[4], b. May 23, 1796.
V. Irena[4], b. Dec. 2, 1797.
VI. Sibyl[4], b. Jan. 2, 1801.
VII. Elmira[4], b. Dec. 13, 1802; d. Jan. 2, 1803.
VIII. John[4], b. Aug. 30, 1804.
IX. Anthony[4], b. Apr. 8, 1807.
X. Simeon[4], b. ———
XI. Samantha[4], b. Feb. 15, 1809.
(Others found in Wales records.)

Amasa[3] Munger, m. Jan. 22, 1798, Sarah Dorral.
Esther[3] Munger m. Mch. 30, 1786, Zachariah Smalledge.
Some of the Mungers moved to Monson.

THE PARTRIDGE FAMILY.

By Chase.

Isaac Partridge was a prominent man in Holland in his day, holding various offices of trust for the town and church. In 1793 he purchased the farm of Jonathan Blanchard which lies south of the David Marcey place. He then gave his father, Malachi, a life claim upon the property. This home became known as the Partridge place. Earlier it was the home of Isaac Foster. We infer that he had besides Isaac another son *Asa*.

Asa Partridge at one time lived north of the Joseph Blodgett place, or Polley place.

The Partridge family found in Holland came from Sturbridge. Malachi Partridge m. Abigail ——

Child.

Asa[2] Partridge (?) of Holland, m. Mch. 21, 1793, Polly Bates of Brimfield.

Puah[2], b. Dec. 3, 1774.

Thankful[2], b. July 30, 1764.

Children.

I. Eli[3], Jan. 22, 1794.
II. Permelia[3], Jan. 26, 1796.

If others they are not found recorded in H.

Isaac[2] Partridge of Holland m. pub. Apr. 26, 1795, Celia Groves of Monson.

Children.

I. Mary[3], b. May 1, 1796.
II. Maranda[3], b. Oct. 9, 1797; m. 1828, Benj. Dewey Weld.
III. Samantha[3], b. Mch. 9, 1799; m. W. Plympton.
IV. Martha[3], b. July 26, 1800.
V. Property[3], b. Nov. 25, 1803.
VI. Hollowell[3], b. Sept. 19, 1805.
VII. Seth[3], b. Aug. 12, 1806.
VIII. Freeman[3], b. Sept. 29, 1808.
IX. Celia[3], b. Oct. 9, 1810.

Lurana[1] Partridge of Holland m. Mch. 21, 1793, Timothy Anderson of Brimfield.

Rachel[1] Partridge of Holland, m. Mch. 2, 1786, Benjamin Reeves of Holland.

Harriet[3] Partridge of Holland, b. 1823; d. Dec. 5, 1873; m. Feb. 9, 1840, Harrison Allen of Holland, b. 1815, d. Feb. 25, 1892, son of Ezra and Mrs. Lucena (Loring) (Fuller) Allen. No children.

THE PERRIN FAMILY.

By Arthur G. Murlless.

Benjamin Perrin was born Woodstock, Conn., April 17, 1726. The earliest record we have of his residence in Holland is the purchase of the farm which became his home, buying Nov. 2, 1752. The farm is described as south of Mud Pond and containing 133 A., and the price paid was £66-13s. The grantor was the Rev. Ebenezer Moulton, first pastor of the Baptist church at Wales. His father, Robert Moulton, calls him a cordwainer in a deed given him in 1734, two years before the Baptist church was founded. Rev. Ebenezer Moulton became captain of a militia company, and led his company to the French and Indian War. The home of Benjamin Perrin is mentioned in the description of a road laid out in 1759. We infer that he was married in Woodstock and that his home was purchased not long after his marriage. His wife's name was Mary, but her family name has not been ascertained. She was born 1733, and died Aug. 18, 1820. He was the fifth generation.

Benjamin Perrin was the oldest child of John[4] and Abigail Perrin of Woodstock. He was born March 18, 1701, and was the fourth child of Samuel[3] and Mehitable (Child) Perrin of Woodstock. Mehitable was daughter of Benjamin and Mary (Bowen) Child, born June 29, 1669, d. Sept. 17, 1752. Samuel[3] was born March 10, 1671, d. March 10, 1743. He was second child of,—

John[2] and Mary (——) Perrin. Her family name is not known. Their home was in Rehoboth and his estate was probated there. He died while visiting one of his sons in Roxbury, June 28, 1694. He was second child of,—

John[1] and Ann Perrin. He was born in England in 1614. He sailed from London in Aug, 1635, in the ship "Safety," John Grant Master, landed at Braintree, where he resided until the founding of Rehoboth, Mass. He died Sept. 13, 1674.

It seems to be generally accepted that he was unmarried when he came to this country. Much research has been made and considerable speculation indulged in as to family name and origin of this first mother of the New England Perrins, but the

skill of trained genealogists has not in this case produced any satisfactory answer.

By generations they are as follows: Benjamin[5], John[4], Samuel[3], John[2], John[1].

Children of Benjamin[5] and Mary Perrin.

John[6], b. Jan. 17, 1753; m. Mary Goodell; settled in Providence, R. I.
Mary[6], b. May 6, 1755; m. Nathan Fay.
Elizabeth[6], b. Apr. 23, 1757; d. Mch. 4, 1773, age 16 years.
Benjamin, b. June 24, 1759; d. Jan. 4, 1772, age 13 years.
Marcy, b. June 23, 1761; m. David Fay.
Penuel, b. Jan. 5, 1763; d. July 24, 1764, age 1 year.
Halowell, b. July 4, 1765. Kept tavern at Holland. Married Sybil Bruce.
Amasa, b. Sept. 17, 1767; d. ———
Asarael, b. Nov. 6, 1769; d. Sept. 29, 1848; m. Huldah Goodell.
Hannah, b. Sept. 25, 1771; d. Aug. 23, 1785, age 14 years.
Benjamin (2nd), b. Feb. 11, 1774; d. Apr. 20, 1778, age 4 years.
Joseph, b. May 6, 1776; d. Sept. 19, 1778, age 2 years.

We infer that Benjamin Perrin was opposed to building the church north of David Bugbee's tavern, by a statement in Rev. Jason Morse's Annals of Brimfield Church. Here is his epitaph:—

"A husband kind and good, a parent dear,
To all obliging and to friends sincere;
True to his God, the orphan's friend and guide,
He lived beloved, and lamented died."

By a will probated in July, 1807, wherein we found the names of his children, at least those living, we found that his wife, Mary, received one hundred dollars ($100).

Mary, his daughter, wife of Nathan Fay	received $100
Marcey, his daughter, wife of David Fay	received $100
John, his son	received $100
Hallowell, his son	received $160
Amasa, his son	received $100
Sarel, his son	received $ 20

Sarel lived on the old homestead.

John[2] Perrin m. Mary Goodell (?), dau. of Ichabod Goodell.

Children.
Mary[3], bp. Aug. 18, 1782.
Sybil[3], bp. Nov. 7, 1784.

He had thirteen children. Who says thirteen is an unlucky number? Probably the others were born in Monson, whither he removed. Later information makes him a resident of Providence, R. I.

John Perrin lived at the top of Amber Hill, where Ambrose Perrin afterward lived, from whom the hill was given its name. Sarel Perrin names one of his children Mary Huldah, which might imply that Mary, John's wife, had died.

DESCENDANTS OF ASAREL PERRIN[6].

1. Phila[7], b. Mar. 11, 1793; d. Apr. 2, 1870; m. —— Pearsons. Resided Concord, Erie Co., N. Y.

Children.
Truman Pearsons.
Mary Eliza Pearsons, d. about 15 years old.

2. Martin[7], b. Sept. 4, 1795; m. Philura Beach, Apr. 14, 1831; d. Jan. 16, 1867.

Children.

I. Franklin B.[8], b. Jan. 29, 1832; d. Mar. 18, 1835.

II. Sheldon F.[8], b. Feb. 20, 1834 at Collins, N. Y.; m. Sarah Heath, Feb. 18, 1863; d. Jan. 18, 1895, at Markhams, N. Y.

Children.

1. Arthur[9], b. ———; m. ———; res. at Dayton, N. Y.
Child. Ruth[10].

1. Burton G.[9], b. July 19, 1864 at Collins, N. Y.; m. Grace Darbee, Sept. 26, 1893; res. at Dayton, N. Y. No children.

2. Arthur V., b. Feb. 21, 1867 at Collins, N. Y.; m. Clara Giegg, Aug. 10, 1898; resides at South Dayton, N. Y.

Child.

a. Ruth Alethea, b. Feb. 19, 1892 at Markhams, N. Y.

III. Haryette M.[8], b. Aug. 12, 1836; m. Silas Bartlett, Mar. 10, 1853, he d. Sept. 9, 1859; res. at Grand Rapids, Mich.

Child.

1. Katie Bartlett, b. Dec. 2, 1858; m. John Huntley, May 3, 1879; d. Mar. 17, 1900.

Children.

a. Fay Bartlett Huntley, b. Aug. 24, 1879; m. Grace Marsh; d. July 19, 1909.
b. J. Hale Huntley, b. May 9, 1886.
c. Hildred Fern Huntley, b. July 2, 1897.

IV. Julius[8] (twin), b. May 13, 1839; d. Apr. 26, 1874.
V. Julian[8] (twin), b. May 13, 1839; d. June 6, 1839.
VI. Helen S.[8], b. Jan. 2, 1843; m. A. A. Wilson, he d. Oct. 31, 1913; resides at Grand Rapids, Mich.

Child.

1. Perrin Wilson[9], b. Feb. 19, 1894; d. Feb. 10, 1909.

3. Millicent[7], b. Mar. 15, 1797; was also known as Permilla; m. Wm. Snell, d. Apr. 27, 1869. Resided at Rochester, Mich. There was one son and several daughters whose names and addresses are at this time unknown. The son was a physician.

4. Horatio[7], b. Feb. 14, 1798. When a young man he went into the southwest to take up land, and was never heard from. Supposed to have been killed by the Indians.

5. Elmira[7], b. Oct. 20, 1800; m. Adam Stanton; d. Apr. 7, 1871.

Children.

I. Maria Stanton[8], b.———; d. as a Methodist Missionary in West Africa.
II. Mary Stanton[8], b. ———; m. ——— Stewart; d. ———; resided at Ormond, Fla. No children.
III. Henry Stanton[8], b. ———; d. ———; was a bachelor; resided at Agawam.
IV. Janette Stanton[8], b. ———; m. ——— Baldwin; d. ———; lived at Ormond, Fla. No children.
V. Asarael Stanton[8], b. ———; d. when about 10 years old.

6. Fatima[7], b. July 10, 1802; m. Merrick Knowlton; d. Aug. 2, 1876. Resided at Monson.

Children.

I. William M. Knowlton[8], b. Oct. 30, 1829; d. Jan. 1, 1872; m. Elizabeth Parkes Guibason, she d. June 10, 1893.

Child.

1. Cora A.[9], b. July 12, 1867, at Winterset, Iowa; m. to Clarendon Eyre, Oct. 16, 1888; resided, Los Angeles, Cal.
   Child.
   a. Marguerite Knowlton Eyer[10], b. Oct. 14, 1889 at Evanston, Illinois.
   b. William Knowlton Eyer[10], b. June 10, 1894, at Evanston, Illinois.
   c. Clarendon Bennett Eyer[10], b. March 6, 1898 at Evanston, Illinois.

II. Fidelia Knowlton[8].
   b. Jan. 22, 1832; m. Luman Eno; he d. Nov. 27, 1911; she resides at Somers, Conn.; no children.

III. Mary Ann Knowlton[8].
   b. Feb. 19, 1842; m. Achille Extine; he d. May 3, 1901; she resides at Springfield, Mass.; no children.

IV. Marcus Perrin Knowlton[8].
   b. Feb. 3, 1839; m. (1)Sophia Ritchie, no children; m. (2) Rose Mary Ladd, resides at Springfield, Mass. Served from 1887 to 1913 as one of the Justices of the Massachusetts Supreme Court. Made LL.D. by Williams College June, 1915.
   Children.
   1. Marcus Ladd Knowlton; b. Mch. 23, 1892.
   2. Elizabeth, b. Oct. 23, 1895.

7. Sophia P.[7], b. July 8, 1804; m. Samuel Frizell; d. Jan. 15, 1860. Resided at Springfield, Mass.

Child.

I. Morton Frizell; d. at age of 6 or 7.

8. John Gladding[7] (Asarael[6], Benjamin[5]) was born in Holland, Mass., Oct. 23, 1806; married Eliza Child, daughter of John and Betsey (Thayer) Child, of W. Woodstock, Conn. She was born Mar. 22, 1807, and died in 1855. He married, second, —— Simons, who died ——. He owned farms in Monson, Stafford, and South Windsor, Conn. He died Jan. 12, 1888. He was deacon in the Congregational Church at Talcottville, Conn., and was buried in that place.

Children Born in Monson, Mass.

I. Jane M.[8], b. Aug. 8, 1832; m. Charles Dadmun, May 18, 1850; he d. Mar. 26, 1879; she is now living in Milwaukee, Wis.

Children.

1. Charles[9] Dadmun, b. Aug. 17, 1852; resides in Chula Vista, California; unmarried.
2. Edward H. Dadmun, b. Sept. 18, 1854; m. Minnie Bentley, Feb. 7, 1877; resides in Milwaukee, Wis.

Children.

a. Bentley[10] Dadmun, b. in Milwaukee, Jan. 30, 1878; m. Margaret Tuttle; resides at Whitewater, Wis.

Children.

(1.) Edward[11] Perrin Dadmun, b. Feb. 9, 1905.

(2.) Mary Dadmun, b. Dec. 31, 1907.

b. John[10] Dadmun, b. in Milwaukee, Nov. 30, 1879; m. Jeannette Swanhelle; resides in Ashland, Wis.

c. Robert[10] Dadmun, b. in Milwaukee, Apr. 29, 1886; d. in Milwaukee, Jan. 14, 1905.

3. Walter Irving[9] Dadmun, D.D.S., b. Apr. 19, 1857; m. Ida Fullgraff; no children; resides in St. Paul, Minn.
4. John Wilson[9] Dadmun, b. in Milwaukee, Mar. 25, 1859; unmarried; resides at Milwaukee.

II. Henry Morton[8], b. Nov. 5th, 1836; m. Philena Foote; d. April, 1898; resided at Hartford, Conn.

Child.

1. Henry Foote[9], b. Nov. 1868; resides in New York City.

III. Mary Ellen[8], b. April 20, 1839 at Monson, Mass.; m. Dr. F. T. Murlless at So. Windsor, Conn., June 20, 1860; he was b. in England Jan. 8, 1832; he d. at Windsor Locks, Conn., Feb. 11, 1914; she is now living in Boston, Mass.

Children Born in Windsor Locks, Conn.

1. Nellie[9] Murlless. b. May, 1861; d. July, 1861.
2. Carrie Murlless, b. May 1862; d. Aug. 1864.
3. Robert Murlless, b. Dec. 1865; d. Oct. 1868.
4. Frederic T. Murlless, D.D.S., b. Nov. 4, 1866; m. M. Leonora Maia-Ferreira; resides at Suffield, Conn.

   Child.

   a. Barbara Arden[10] Murlless, b. July 8, 1895.
5. H. Walter[9] Murlless, M.D., b. Aug. 10, 1868; m. Fayette Kelsey, at Guilford, 1901; res. Guilford, Conn. No children.
6. John Gladding Perrin[9] Murlless, b. Dec. 4, 1871; drowned June —, 1886.
7. Arthur G.[9] Murlless, b. Aug. 16, 1873; unmarried; Attorney at Law, Chicago.
8. William[9] Murlless, b. Jan. 1876; d. Aug. 1876.
9. Judson Sidney[9] Murlless, b. June 15, 1878; m. Gracia Sprague; resides at Rockford, Ill.
10. Elisabeth Perrin[9] Murlless, b. Aug. 4, 1884, Secretary Associated Charities, Boston.

IV. Julia Elizabeth[8], b. Jan. 28, 1841; m. William Whitney, June 10, 1862; she resides at Milwaukee, Wis.

Child Born at Milwaukee, Wis.

1. Harry[9] Whitney, b. June 27, 1863; m. Minnie Radke; resides at Milwaukee, Wis.

V. Emma Isabelle, b. May 31, 1850; m. George F. Kellogg, ———; resides at Hartford, Conn.

Children Born at Hartford.

1. Edith Belle[9] Kellogg, b. May 13, 1872; resides in New York City.
2. Florence Hill Kellogg, b. July, 1877; resides in Hartford, Conn.
3. Richard Webster Kellogg, b. May, 1880; m. Minnie Armistead; resides in Buffalo, N. Y.

9. Eliza[7], b. Oct. 30, 1808; m. Wm. C. Stebbins, Mar. 20, 1829. He died Apr. 8, 1861. She died Apr. 7, 1871. Lived at Hamden.

Child.

I. Frances A. E. Stebbins, b. ———; m. Sumner Smith, April 16, 1851; d. Mar. 22, 1861; no children.

10. Mary Huldah[7], b. May 11, 1811; m. Lyman Shaw; d. 1873. No children. Resided at Monson.

11. William J. G.[7], b. Apr. 26, 1813; d. in Louisiana, 1843. Not married.

12. Martha G.[7], b. Apr. 2, 1816; m. William Chaffee; d. Nov. 15, 1850. Resided at Hamden.

Children.

I. Morton Chaffee, b. ———; d. ———.
II. Charles Chaffee, b. Nov. 15, 1850; m. Minnie Markham; no children; resides at Springfield, Mass.

Hallowell[2] Perrin m. Sybil Bruce Dec. 1, 1785.

Children.

I. Lucy,[3], b. Sept. 17, 1786.
II. Joseph[3], b. June 20, 1788.
III. Ambrose[3], b. June 20, 1789, m. Lucy Darbe.
IV. Sybil[3], b. Feb. 22, 1791; m. David Marcy.
V. Amasa[3], b. Dec. 10, 1794.
VI. Millicent[3], b. June 27, 1797.
VII. Diana[3], b. Nov. 17, 1799; m. Dr. Abial Bottom.

Ambrose[3] Perrin, m. Lucy Darbe, Int. March 8, 1812.

Children.

I. Hallowell Ambrose[4], b. Aug. 23, 1813.
II. Elizabeth[4] L., b. Jan. 30, 1815; d. Apr. 9, 1836.
III. Hallowell Ambrose[4] Perrin, m. Augusta Freeman, Mar. 30, 1841; she, b. Dec. 25, 1815.
IV. Elizabeth L.[4], m. Smith Tourtelotte, Int. Mar. 12, 1836; he m. (2) Sarah Leland of Union, Conn.

THE REEVE FAMILY.

Ezra[1] Reeve was born Jan. 16, 1734. Mary Landon was born Dec. 5, 1736. Ezra Reeve married Mary Landon Nov. 18, 1759.

Children.

I. Ezra[2] Reeve, b. Aug. 11, 1760.
II. Mary[2] Reeve, b. Nov. 2, 1761.
III. Peggy[2] Reeve, b. Feb. 9, 1763.
IV. Benjamin[2] Reeve, b. Aug. 1, 1764.
V. Mehitable[2] Reeve, b. Feb. 7, 1767.
VI. Danford Landon[2] Reeve, b. Dec. 11, 1769; d. Aug. 28, 1771.
VII. Joseph[2] Reeve, b. Nov. 22, 1774.

Ezra Reeve[2] Jr. m. Sarah Rosebrooks Feb. 5, 1789.

Children.

Lorenzo, went to New York State.
Mary[2] Reeve; never married.
Margaret[2] (Peggy) Reeve, m. Charles Rosebrooks, Feb. 10, 1799; he came from Lancaster, N. H.
Mehitable[2] Reeve, m. John Rosebrooks, 1792. Made his home in New York State.
Benjamin[2] Reeve, m. (1) Rachel Partridge, 1786; (2) not discovered; (3) Persis Sherman 1808.

Children.

Spaulding[3], Tappan[3], Landon[3], Minerva[3], Diantha[3]; by wives 1 and 2.
Diana[3], Hamilton[3], by Persis, b. Aug. 8, 1812.

Diana[3] Reeve, m. William Baker Jan. 28, 1840.

Children.

William Ezra[4], b. Nov. 10, 1840.
Mary Reeve[4], b. Mar. 6, 1843.
Diana Persis[4], b. Sept. 29, 1850.

William Ezra[4] Baker, b. Nov. 10, 1840; m. Helen E. Skinner, Nov. 1865; no children and lived in Worcester.

Mary Reeve[4] Baker, b. Mar. 6, 1843; m. Andrew Ledoyt Jan. 27, 1870.

Children.

Harry Andrew[5], b. Jan. 21, 1875.
Frank Edgar, b. Sept. 14, 1882.

Diana Persis[4] Baker, b. Sept. 29, 1850; m. Lyman H. Howlett, Nov. 1, 1871.

Children.

Ralph B.
Earle S.
Cora M.
(*See Howlett Family Genealogy.*)

THE ROSEBROOKS FAMILY.

OR

Rosborough, Rosbrough, Rosbrugh, Rosbrook, Rosbrooks, Roseborough, Rosebrough, Rosebrugh, Rosebrook, Rosebrooks, Rose Brooks, Rosebroock.

By Walter E. Rosebrooks.

The first ancestor is James, who first settled in the town of Grafton. Soon after his marriage he removed to Lancaster, and finally settled in Colebrook. Here life in the woods began in earnest. He joined the American army and during the Revolutionary war was absent from his home most of the time. Hardy, fearless and wary he was of great value to the American forces in the irregular warfare they were forced to carry on with the Indians under English officers on the Canadian frontier.

Many were the hair-breadth escapes he made by his superior cunning. Later he moved to Guildhall, Vt. This town was quite a rendezvous for the Indians and his own cabin was their favorite place of resort when he himself was gone and no one at home but his wife and children. Captain Rosborough remained long enough at Guildhall to become the possessor of a fine farm, which he sold in 1792, and moved to Nash & Sawyer's location, Crawford Notch, where he built a large two-story house, barns, stable, sheds, saw-mill and grist-mill. Hardly, however, had he become comfortably settled, when a cancer broke out on his lip, which after a short time caused his death, Sept. 27, 1817.

Ethan Allen Crawford, "The Giant of the Hills," inherited Captain Rosborough's property. The first Crawford House was built by Ethan and his father. (*Frederick C. Pierce's History of Grafton.*)

James Rosborough served as alarm soldier in Grafton under Capt. Samuel Wain in 1757. Belonged to Capt. James Whipple's company, which marched to relief of Fort William Henry, Aug. 16, 1757. Belonged to Capt. Stephen Maynard's company, 1759.

Walter[3] was born in Holland, Mass. Later he went to

Union, Ct., where he married Mary Strong of that town, Feb. 17, 1803. When only a young man he contracted lockjaw and died at the age of 36. He left two children, Walter and Willard.

Willard[4], born in the town of Union. He married Prudence Lyons. By this union one child was born (Marcia). She married William Eddy, Dec. 28, 1824. Six children resulted from this union.

Walter L.[4], born in Union, Ct., Feb. 5, 1807, married Bulah Freeman of Sturbridge, Mass. Only a few years after this marriage she was struck by lightning while shutting a window at her home in Oxford, Mass., July 5, 1835. There were two children by this marriage.

Later he married Betsey Torrey, daughter of Lewis and P. (Titus) Torrey of Sutton. She was born ———. Both her grandfather Samuel and his father Daniel were soldiers in the great war for liberty. Also her grandfather on her mother's side was a soldier in the same war.

By this marriage there were nine children, seven of which lived to maturity. Walter L. was, like many other farmers of his period, a woodsman. During the warmer months of the year he tilled and improved his farm, but as winter approached he transferred his operations to cutting and hauling wood and lumber to market. He was a staunch church man and attended devotional services as regularly as the week began. He was also interested in the affairs of the town of Oxford. At the age of seventy he passed away at his home in Oxford. His wife died six years previous.

James[1] Rosebrooks m. Margaret Maccoy, Apr. 6, 1736.

Children.

1. Mary[2], b. Feb. 11, 1737.
2. John[2], b. May 24, 1738.
3. James[2], b. Oct. 3, 1740.
4. Sarah[2], b. Apr. 24, 1743.
5. Thankful[2], b. Oct. 11, 1745.
6. Gershom[2], b. May 29, 1746.
7. Eleazer[2], b. Dec. 17, 1747.
8. Ebenezer[2], b. Sept. 11, 1748.
9. William[2], b. May 26, 1749.

The probate records at Northampton, Mass., have on file a writ of guardianship for Margaret Rosebrooks, wherein she is

appointed guardian to James, Sarah, Gershom, others younger, minors above 14 years, heirs of James Rosebrooks.

Dated July 10, 1759.

Margaret the mother is made guardian. It will be noticed that Mary and John are of age. The father died probably early in 1759.

Gershom[2] (James[1]) m. Dec. 10, 1767, Jane Crawford, b. Nov. 16, 1740. (*Found in the History and Vital Records of Grafton, Mass.*)

Children.

1. Prudence[3], b. Apr. 20, 1769.
2. Walter[3], b. Jan. 20, 1771.
3. Polly Ames[3], b. Nov. 2, 1773.
4. Lucy[3], b. March 10, 1776.
5. Willard[3], b. June 11, 1778.
6. Lucena[3], b. ———, 1780.
7. Eunice[3], b. July 9, 1781.

Walter[3] (Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Feb. 17, 1803, Mary Strong, b. May 28, 1778.

Children.

1. Clementine[4], b. Dec. 14, 1803.
2. Walter Lyman[4], b. Feb. 5, 1807.
3. Mary[4], b. Dec. 5, 1809.

Walter L.[4] (Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. (1) Apr. 1, 1832, Bulah Freeman, b. Dec. 3, 1807.

Children.

1. Walter Freeman[5], b. Nov. 11, 1833.
2. Mary Bulah[5], b. Apr. 10, 1835.

Walter L. m. (2) March 9, 1837, Betsey Torrey, b. Aug. 4, 1812.

Children.

1. Eleanor Maria[5], b. Dec. 9, 1837.
2. Augusta[5], b. June 14, 1839.
3. George Lewis[5], b. Sept. 8, 1841.
4. Alfred Torrey[5], b. Jan. 31, 1843.
5. Charles[5], b. Oct. 6, 1844.
6. Louise Clementine[5], b. Aug. 28, 1846.
7. Lucian[5], b. May 13, 1850.
8. Clara Isabel[5], b. May 15, 1852.
9. Willis[5], b. April 21, 1854.

Walter F.[5] (Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. March 3, 1860, Ann Augusta Johnson, b. Apr. 14, 1839.

Children.

1. William Stanley[6], b. June 27, 1860.
2. Laura Augusta[6], b. March 14, 1862.

Mary B.[5] (Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Dec. 21, 1859, Joseph A. Patridge. No children.

Eleanor M.[5] (Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. (1) June 24, 1876, Erastus Whiting, b. May 13, 1825. No children. She m. (2) John S. C. Smith, b. ——, 1898. No children.

Augusta[5] (Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Dec. 7, 1867, Otis Larned, b. Aug. 16, 1825. No children.

George L.[5] (Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Jan. 1, 1872, Louisa J. Chase, b. Dec. 25, 1839.

Children.

1. Fred[6], b. Oct. 26, 1872.
2. Walter Lyman[6], b. Sept. 21, 1874.
3. Louisa Jane[6], b. July 20, 1876.
4. George Lewis[6], b. Sept. 21, 1879.
5. Harriet[6], b. July 8, 1881.

Charles[5] (Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Apr. 8, 1874, Julia Chapman, b. Jan. 26, 1846.

Children.

1. Abbie[6], b. March 26, 1879.
2. Bessie[6], b. Oct. 3, 1880.
3. Laura[6], b. Sept. 5, 1882.

Louise Clementine[5] (Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. (1) March 11, 1863, James E. White, b. Aug. 22, 1840. Child: Azel Edward[6], b. Aug. 6, 1863. She m. (2) Jan. 1, 1879, John N. Pepper, b. Jan. 29, 1849. No children. She m. (3) Sept. 3, 1890, Charles L. Smith, b. May 26, 1850. No children.

Clara I.[5] (Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. March 8, 1891, James K. Peters, b. June 5, 1859.

Children.

1. Ray Rosebrooks[6], b. Dec. 22, 1891.

Willis[5] (Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Dec. 19, 1889, Alice T. O'Donnell, b. Apr. 12, 1866.

Children.

1. Walter Edwin[6], b. Oct. 2, 1890.
2. Freeman Wight[6], b. Dec. 6, 1892.
3. Roger Willis[6], b. May 4, 1898.

William S.[6] (Walter F.[5], Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m.

Laura A.[6] (Walter F.[5], Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. 1881 Edward H. Smith.

Children.

1. Walter Freeman[7], b. June 1, 1882.
2. Leland Stanley[7], b. Aug. 19, 1883.
3. Lolita Marie[7], b. Aug. 18, 1885.
4. Kenneth Rosebrooks[7], b. ———.

Azel E. White[6] (Louise C.[5], Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. June 27, 1891, Mary A. Johnson, b. Aug. 16, 1873.

Child.

1. Louise Evelyn[7], b. Feb. 13, 1892.

Fred[6] (George L.[5], Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. June 7, 1893, Edith B. Gardner, b. July 10, 1874.

Children.

1. Fred Ward[7], b. March 15, 1896.
2. Harold Gardner[7], b. Sept. 8, 1900.
3. Gertrude Louise[7], b. Aug. 17, 1904.

Walter L.[6] (George L.[5], Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. July 29, 1903, Maud A. Newton, b. Nov. 13, 1872.

Children.

1. Elizabeth Louise[7], b. May 10, 1904.
2. Evelyn May[7], b. Oct. 30, 1905.
3. Florence Mildred[7], b. July 25, 1907.
4. Marjorie Newton[7], b. Nov. 18, 1908.
5. George Lewis[7], b. Dec. 4, 1910.
6. Hazel Irene[7], b. Jan. 30, 1914.

Louisa Jane[6] (George L.[5], Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Aug. 5, 1914, John Faulkner, b. ———.

Harriet[6] (George L.[5], Walter L.[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Feb. 28, 1900, William H. Small, b. Sept. 5, 1880.

Children.

1. Winnefred[7], b. July 11, 1901.
2. Harry[7], b. Aug. 5, 1903.

Louise Evelyn[7] (Azel E. White[6], Louise C.[5], Walter L.[4],

Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Sept. 9, 1914, Frederick R. Coops, b. Jan. 25, 1890.

Clementine[4] (Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. March 4, 1828, Amos Pardee, b. Jan. 16, 1788.

Children.

1. Amos Rosebrooks[5], b. Nov. 25, 1828.
2. Mary Maria[5], b. March 19, 1833.

Amos R. Pardee[5] (Clementine[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. June 1874, Lucy Brinkerhoff, b. Feb. 11, 1853.

Children.

1. Charles Rosebrooks[6], b. Dec. 15, 1875.
2. Clementine Frances[6], b. March 4, 1877.
3. Homer Amos[6], b. Sept. 23, 1882.
4. Frank Allen[6], b. Jan. 31, 1884.

Mary M. Pardee[5] (Clementine[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. March 12, 1861, Hiram DeWitt, b. Aug. 12, 1832.

Children.

1. Maxwell Pardee[6], b. Oct. 12, 1868.
2. Mabelle Estella[6], b. June 30, 1879. (adopted).

Charles R. Pardee[6] (Amos R.[5], Clementine[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Nov. 22, 1899, Grace Amerman, b. Dec. 27, 1877.

Children.

1. Frances[7], b. Aug. 8, 1905.
2. Lucy Bell[7], b. April 8, 1908.
3. Eleanor[7], b. May 4, 1912.
4. Amos James[7], b. Aug. 19, 1913.

Clementine F. Pardee[6] (Amos R.[5], Clementine[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Dec. 13, 1899, Charles Rufus Smith, b. May 30, 1873.

Children.

1. Marion L.[7], b. June 6, 1908.
2. Stewart Pardee[7], b. Sept. 21, 1910.

Homer A. Pardee[6] (Amos R.[5], Clementine[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Sept. 2, 1903, Ada Waldron, b. Aug. 15, 1880.

Child.

1. Curtiss Rosebrooks[7], b. Dec. 11, 1908.

Frank A. Pardee[6] (Amos R.[5], Clementine[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Florence Ollcott.

Child.

1. Florence Patricia[7], b. Sept. 4, 1911.

Mary[4] (Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Nov. 29, 1832, Otis Sheldon Shepard, b. Sept. 24, 1808.

Children.

1. Helen[5], Jan. 8, 1836.
2. Walter[5], b. ———, 1838.
3. William[5], b. June 10, 1839.
4. Henry Dewight[5], b. June 1, 1842.
5. Viluria Maria[5], b. Oct. 1, 1845.
6. Charles Rosebrooks[5], b. Jan. 6, 1848.

Helen Shepard[5] (Mary[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. (1) 1854 Joseph Metcalf.

Children.

1. Fanny[6], b. Nov. 19, 1858.
2. Fred[6], b. Aug. ———, 1861.

She m. (2) Oct., 1866, Albert Thomas. No children.

William[5] (Mary[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Jan. 24, 1864, Lucy Ann Campbell, b. July 17, 1839.

Children.

1. Charles Elberton[6], b. Dec. 2, 1866.
2. Frank Stanley[6], b. Aug. 2, 1868.
3. Louis[6], b. Sept. 20, 1876.

Henry D. Shepard[5] (Mary[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. March 2, 1873, Ellen Greenwood. No children.

Viluria M. Shepard[5] (Mary[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Oct., 1866, George Wood. No children.

Charles R. Shepard[5] (Mary[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Olive Preston, b. July 27, 1849.

Children.

1. May[6], b. Jan. 7, 1874.
2. Eva[6], b. Jan. 21, 1876.
3. Arthur[6], b. Feb. 20, 1878.
4. Alfred[6], b. Feb. 24, 1881.
5. Charles S.[6], b. March 14, 1883.

Fanny Metcalf[6] (Helen[5], Mary[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Alfred F. Stone. No children.

Charles E. Shepard[6] (William[5], Mary[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. 1888, Alma Warren. No children.

Louis Shepard[6] (William[5], Mary[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. July 19, 1905, Nellie Ofenbaum, b. March 10, 1885.

Children.

1. Wesley[7], b. Jan. 28, 1906.
2. Everett[7], b. Sept. 16, 1907.
3. Rachel Louise[7], b. Nov. 4, 1911.

May Shepard[6] (Charles R.[5], Mary[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Dec. 3, 1892, Melvin W. Tainter, b. Aug. 29, 1873.

Children.

1. Ruth[7], b. Feb. 22, 1893.
2. Earle[7], b. Jan. 19, 1895.
3. Ethelyn[7], b. Sept. 10, 1897.

Eva Shepard[6] (Charles R.[5], Mary[4], Walter[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Feb. 20, 1895, George E. Rich.

Child.

1. Merle[7], b. May 4, 1898.

Willard[3] (Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Nov. 28, 1805, Prudence Lyons.

Child.

1. Marcia[4] (Marsha), b. ———.

Marcia[4] (Willard[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Dec. 28, 1824, William Eddy.

Children.

1. Mary Ann[5], b. March 15, 1826.
2. Henry Dewight[5], b. March 12, 1828.
3. Harriet[5] J., b. Jan. 25, 1830.
4. Sarah L.[5], b. Feb. 13, 1833.
5. Lyman Rosebrooks[5], b. March 21, 1837.

Mary A. Eddy[5] (Marcia[4], Willard[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Sept. 29, 1844, Daniel Clark.

Henry D. Eddy[5] (Marcia[4], Willard[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Nov. 10, 1852, Mary J. Gleason.

Harriet J.[5] (Marcia[4], Willard[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Oct. 7, 1850, Stephen Moore.

Sarah L.[5] (Marcia[4], Willard[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Sept. 19, 1859, Edwin Bartlett.

Lyman R.[5] (Marcia[4], Willard[3], Gershom[2], James[1]), m. Jan. 20, 1862, Josephine Dresser.

Eleazer[2] (James[1]), m. Hannah Haines.

Children.

1. Mary[3], b. Nov. ———, 1772.
2. Hannah Haines[3], b. ———.

Hannah H.[3] (Eleazer[2], James[1]), m. Abel Crawford.

Sarah[2] (James[1]), m. William Moore.

Children.

1. Joseph[3], b. March 5, 1763.
2. William[3], b. Sept. 12, 1766.
3. Eleazer[3], b. Aug. 15, 1768.
4. Mary[3], b. Aug. 10, 1769.
5. Betsey[3], b. July 25, 1770.

Joseph Moore[3] (Sarah[2], James[1]), m. Alice Bixby.

Children.

1. Lavinia[4], b. Jan. 16, 1789.
2. Orrin[4], b. March 22, 1791.
3. Sidney[4], b. March 22, 1793.
4. Marlin[4], b. Aug. 18, 1795.
5. Marcia[4], b. ———, 1797.
6. Walter[4], b. ———, 1799.
7. Lathrop[4], b. Aug. 3, 1805.
8. Dexter[4], b. Sept. 11, 1809.

William Moore[3] (Sarah[2], James[1]), m. March 30, 1796, Bulah Weld.

Children.

1. Parmelia[4], b. Apr. 6, 1797.
2. Sally[4], b. Oct. 22, 1798; m. Jonathan Amidon, June 17, 1824.
3. Nancy[4], b. June 15, 1800.
4. Calistra[4], b. March 26, 1805; m. Morey Adams, Jan. 1, 1828.
5. Persis[4], b. Oct. 22, 1806.
6. William Weld[4], b. Dec. 6, 1808.
7. Eleanor[4], b. July 26, 1810.
8. Washington[4], b. May 1, 1813.
9. Pliny[4], b. April 25, 1814.

Marlin Moore[4] (Joseph[3], Sarah[2], James[1]), m. Catherine Tyler.

Children

1. Emeline[5], b. ———.
2. Harriet[5], b. ———; m. Ossion Newell.
3. Clarissa[5], b. ———.
4. Dexter[5], b. ———.

5. Asher[5], b. ———.
6. Loren[5], b. ———.
7. Myra[5], b. ———.

Sidney Moore[4] (Joseph[3], Sarah[2], James[1]), m. Sophie Cone.

Children.

1. Dorcas[5], b. ———.
2. Marcia[5], b. ———.
3. Minerva[5], b. ———.
4. Frances[5], b. ———.
5. Elorda[5], b. ———.
6. Jane[5], b. ———.
7. Sidney[5], b. ———.
8. Henry[5], b. ———.
9. Clryer[5], b. ———.

Dexter Moore[4] (Joseph[3], Sarah[2], James[1]), m. July 4, 1839, Laura Griggs.

Children.

1. Ellen A.[5], b. July 4, 184—.
2. Lester M.[5], b. July 17, 1848.
3. Malone G.[5], Jan. 10, 1851.
4. Emerson O.[5], May 30, 1854.

Malone G. Moore[5] (Dexter[4], Joseph[3], Sarah[2], James[1]), m. (1) March 12, 1875, Julia M. Moore, b. Sept. 20, 1849. No children. He m. (2) Apr. 20, 1883, Lizzie F. Chapin.

Children.

1. Charles H.[6], b. June 24, 1883.
2. Ethel[6], b. Apr. 15, 1889.

DEATHS.

James Rosebrooks[1], Sept. 27, 1817.
Prudence[3], dau. of Gershom[2], Aug. 20, 1807.
Walter[3], son of Gershom[2], Aug. 28, 1809.
Gershom[2], Sept. 27, 1825.
Jane, w. of Gershom[2], Dec. 27, 1831.
Willard[3], son of Gershom[2], July 31, 1831.
Mary, w. of Walter[3], Dec. 9, 1831.
Bulah, w. of Walter L.[4], July 5, 1835.
Walter Shepard[5], son of Mary[4], 1838.
Alfred T.[5], son of Walter L.[4], Oct. 1, 1843.
Mary Ann Clark[5], dau. of Marcia[4], Feb. 8, 1847.
Polly[3], dau. of Gershom[2], Apr. 8, 1850.
Eunice[3], dau. of Gershom[2], Jan. 2, 1851.

Lucena[5], dau. of Gershom[2], Feb. 26, 1862.
Marcia[4], dau. of Willard[3], Nov. 25, 1862.
Joseph Metcalf, h. of Helen[5], Feb., 1863.
Clementine Pardee[4], dau. of Walter[3], Jan. 3, 1869.
Mary Shepard[4], dau. of Walter[3], Dec. 29, 1877.
Walter F.[5], son of Walter L.[4], 1870.
Betsey, w. of Walter L.[4], Nov. 1, 1871.
James E. White, h. of Louise C.[5], Aug. 26, 1876.
Walter L.[4], son of Walter[3], Jan. 31, 1877.
Amos Pardee, h. of Clementine[4], Jan. 16, 1878.
John Pepper, h. of Louise C.[5], Jan. 1, 1879.
Lucy B. Pardee, w. of Amos R.[5], Aug. 4, 1884.
Otis Larned, h. of Augusta[5], Sept. 14, 1884.
Joseph Patridge, h. of Mary[5], (Walter L.[4]), Aug., 1890.
Charles E. Shepard[6], son of William[5], May 13, 1890.
Otis S. Shepard, h. of Mary[4], May 8, 1890.
Charles S. Shepard[6], son of Charles R.[5], May, 1890.
William Eddy, h. of Marcia[4], March 4, 1891.
James K. Peters, h. of Clara I.[5], Dec. 12, 1892.
Erastus Whiting, h. of Eleanor M.[5], Feb. 9, 1892.
Mary B. Patridge[6], dau. of Walter L.[4], Apr. 18, 1899.
Henry D. Eddy[6], son of Marcia[4], Oct. 7, 1902.
Eleanor M. Smith[6], dau. of Walter L.[4], Feb. 14, 1902.
Harriet J. Moore[6], dau. of Marcia[4], Feb. 14, 1903.
Julia C., w. of Charles[5], July 19, 1905.
Helen Thomas[6], dau. of Mary[4], Feb. 25, 1901.
Amos R. Pardee[6], son of Clementine[4], May 11, 1907.
Willis[6], son of Walter L.[4], Oct. 22, 1910.
Abbie[6], dau. of Charles[5], Sept. 6, 1911.
Mary M. DeWitt[6], dau. of Clementine[4], Jan. 6, 1912.
Alice T., w. of Willis[6], Apr. 3, 1912.
J. S. C. Smith, h. of Eleanor M.[5], Dec. 20, 1912.
Charles L. Smith, h. of Louise C.[5], July 19, 1913.
Hiram DeWitt, h. of Mary M.[5], Aug. 25, 1913.
George Wood, h. of Viluria[5] (Mary[4]), June 4, 1914.

THE SHERMAN FAMILY.

By Chase.

The Sherman family is descended from Rev. John Sherman who came to Watertown, from England, in 1634. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge, Eng., when 16 years old, receiving the degree of A.B. and at 20 years of age the degree of A.M. was bestowed upon him. He was taken sick when preaching for his son James in Sudbury and died 1685, aged 72 years. His grandson John Sherman settled in Springfield and was a physician. He was active in the early history of the Brimfield district, which included Holland. He brought with him a family of seven sons and one daughter. He was one of the earliest proprietors at the original distribution of land in the district and was for a long time "Proprietor's Clerk" and was "Town Clerk" from 1732 to 1761. He was called "Capt. John." It is hard to find how many families of Shermans lived in the territory of Holland. We find—

Jeremiah[5] Sherman (Beriah[4], Capt. John[3], Rev. James[2], Rev. John[1]), b. June 12, 1751; m. Nov. 28, 1782, Eunice Lumbard.

Children.

I. Polly, Sept. 4, 1783.
II. Elizabeth (or Eliza), b. June 12, 1785; m. int. Oct. 20, 1805, with Daniel Burt, Jr., of Brimfield.
III. Pruda (Prudence), b. Nov. 28, 1789 of Holland; m. Apr. 6, 1813, Julius Burt, of Brimfield.
IV. Eunice, b. Sept. 8, 1793; m. int. Aug. 18, 1811 with Isaac Church, both of Holland.
V. Nancy, b. July 15, 1795; m. ——— Fletcher; she d. Jan. 26, 1852.

Lemuel[5] Sherman (Phineas[4], Capt. John[3], James[2], Rev. John[1]), b. Sept. 14, 1750; m. June 18, 1773, Rose Blashfield.

Children.

I. Phineas, Nov. 23, 1773; d. Sept. 25, 1775.
II. Elizabeth, Oct. 9, 1775; d. Oct. 16, 1775.
III. Persis, Jan. 26, 1776; m. int. Oct. 23, 1804, with Benjamin Reeve both of Holland.

IV. Jacob, April 24, 1779.
V. Lucy, July 1, 1781.

Samuel[5] Sherman (Thomas[4], Capt. John[3], James[2], Rev. John[1]), b. Mch. 14, 1754; d. May 30, 1800; m. Sept. 18, 1778, Betsey Hitchcock. She d. May 19, 1802.

Children.

I. Caleb, Nov. 19, 1779.
II. Eli, Dec. 4, 1801.
III. Peggy, May 30, 1784; m. Oct. 25, 1801, Nicholas Howard. (*See History of Brimfield.*)

THE SMALLEDGE FAMILY.

By Lovering.

Joseph Smalledge or Smalladge came to Brimfield from Grafton, Worcester Co., Mass., buying the land for a homestead of Daniel Whipple of Groton, Conn. The land he bought lay near South Meadow road. The purchase was consummated June 2, 1750. He was a cooper by trade. Being near South Meadow road he was anxious to have the church built on that road, 1764. He had, however, declared himself a Baptist a few years before and therefore could not lawfully vote on the question. His vote with others defeated the efforts of Joseph Blodgett and others to have it there. Soon after Holland became a district they moved away.

Joseph[1] Smalladge m. Jane ——

Children.

John[2], b. May 28, 1751; m. Mary Goodhue.
Zachariah[2], m. Esther Munger.
Perhaps others.

John[2] Smalladge m. Mary Goodhue.

Children.

Mary[3], b. March 4, 1778.
Jane[3], b. Feb. 29, 1780.
Olive[3], b. Feb. 24, 1782.
James[3], b. Apr. 17, 1785.
John[3], b. Feb. 18, 1791.

THE STEVENS FAMILY.

By Chase.

Fitz Stephens, Stephens, Stevens.

The original name of the Stephens family was Fitz Stephens. To shorten it they dropped the Fitz and afterwards the spelling was changed to *Stevens;* though some few families continue to use the original spelling. All sprang from one common ancestor.

The Stevens coat of arms is—"Per Chevron, azure and argent, in chief, two falcons or eagles, volent, or,—A shield divided by an inverted V thus Λ, the upper half blue, the lower half silver. In the upper half are two falcons or eagles, of gold in the attitude of opening the wings to fly. The crest is a 'demi-eagle displayed, or,'—The motto is 'Abide time,' or 'Patience and endurance with unflinching purpose.'"

One of the first uses of this coat-of-arms was its being affixed on seals of Margaret de Hascombe and William Fitz Stephen, brother to Ralph Fitz Stephen, Baron of Wapley, in 1131.

This coat-of-arms is displayed on the tomb of Thomas Stevens in Stroud Church, and of Edward Stevens in Eastington Church in 1623, 1682 and 1683.

In 1684, Edward Stevens was appointed High Sheriff.

In 1643-4, Thomas Stevens served under appointment of Long Parliament.

Sir Thomas Stevens, brother to John of Guilford, Ct., who is ancestor of one American line of the family, was High Sheriff in 1671. He was also High Sheriff in 1693, and Nathaniel Stevens served in that office in 1698.

Col. Thomas[1] Stevens of Devonshire, Eng., in the latter part of the reign of Charles I, or during the protectorate, removed to Buttolphs Lane in London.

It is inferred that he was a man of some distinction as he lived in times when such offices and titles were not easily attainable, except through personal merit or the influence of great wealth.

He probably came to this country about 1630.

We have records of his having been an armorer in Buttolphs Lane, London, in 1628-9, and of his making armor for a company that was preparing to emigrate to America.

The order given for armor was as follows—the original spelling being retained:

"20 armes, viz. coslett, brest, back, culet, gorgett, tases & hed peces to ech, varnished, all black wth lethers & buckles at 17s ech armorer excepting 4 wch are to bee close hed peces & these 4 armorers at 24 a peece, to b d d all by the 20th of this month wr of 1 left for a sample.

March 6, 1628-29."

The fleet sailed 1630, and we may safely infer that he came with it, as we have records of his having been in this country in 1633, and his public work at that time would indicate that he had been here for a considerable length of time.

He was one of the signers of the instructions of Capt. Endicott before coming to America.

Col. Thomas[1] Stevens, b. abt. 1575, in Devonshire, Eng., came to America prob. in 1630; wife unknown.

Children.

I. William[2], b. in England, did not come to America.
1. II. Thomas[2], b. in England.
III. Richard[2], b. in England, came and settled in Concord, Mass.; d. 1683.
2. IV. Cyprian[2], b. in England.
V. Mary[2], b. in England.

1. Thomas[2] (Thomas[1]), from Devonshire, Eng., adm. resident of Charlestown, June 26, 1661. "Blacksmith." Moved to Stow, where his children were born. He m. Mary Green, moved to Sudbury, May 1, 1676.

Children.

I. Mary bpt. Oct. 1, 1662; b. in Charlestown.
II. Ann[3] bpt. Mar. 20, 1664, b. in Stow.
3. III. Thomas[3], bpt. Apr. 14, 1665; b. in Stow.
IV. John[3], bpt. Apr. 25, 1667; b. in Stow.
V. Cyprian[3], bpt. Apr. 19, 1670; b. in Stow.
VI. Jacob[3], bpt. Mar. 1, 1673-74; b. in Stow.

2. Cyprian[2] Stevens (Thomas[1]), b. in England, fourth and youngest son of Col. Thomas Stevens; date of his coming to this country uncertain. He first settled in Chelsea, but was among the first settlers of Lancaster. In time of the Indian massacre in 1676 he owned and successfully defended the most important garrison in Lancaster and was active through King Philip's War. In Bodge's "Soldiers of King Philip's War" he is recorded as having been in service in the war Feb. 29, 1675-76, under Capt. Wheeler at Groton Junction. He was closely associated with Major Simon Willard, whose son-in-law he was, he having married Jan. 22, 1671-72, Mary, dau. of Major Simon Willard and his third wife Mary (Dunster) Willard, who was dau. of John Dunster who served in King Philip's War Apr. 24, 1676, under Capt. Poole in garrison at Marlboro, and sister of Prof. Henry Dunster, first President of Harvard College.

The year after Cyprian Stevens married Mary Willard he is found to have been in possession of the "Houseings, Barns, Stables, Orchard lands, Entervales, meadows, lying and being in Lancaster," lately the property of his father-in-law, who had moved to his Nonaicoiacus Farm, then within the bounds of Groton.

Cyprian[2] Stevens was second town clerk of Lancaster he holding the office 1680-1687. Also he was clerk of writs, 1682-1686.

Children of Cyprian[2] and wife Mary (Willard) Stevens.

I. Mary[3], b. Sept. 22, 1672.
4. II. Joseph[3], b. ———, 1675.
5. III. Simon[3], b. Feb. 13, 1677.

Probably there were other children.

3. Thomas[3] (Thomas[2], Thomas[1]), b. Apr. 25, 1665, in Stow; m. Sarah ——. She was a member of the North Church in Boston.

Children.

I. Thomas[4], b. Oct. 22, 1696, bpt. Oct. 25, 1696; others bpt. in Boston earlier; m. Sarah Knower.

Child.

1. Thomas[5] was heir of his grandfather Knower in 1732. (*History of Charlestown, Mass.*)

4. Dea. Joseph[3] Stevens (Cyprian[2], Thomas[1]), b. 1675; m. Prudence, dau. of John Rice, and settled in Sudbury; ensign; moved to Framingham abt. 1712; removed to Rutland, 1719.

Children.

9. I. Phinehas[4], b. Feb. 20, 1706-7.
II. Azubah[4], b. Oct. 21, 1708.
III. Samuel[4], b. Sept. 1711; killed by Indians 1723.
IV. Joseph[4], b. in Framingham, killed by Indians 1723.
V. Mindwell[4], b. Feb. 24, 1713-14.
VI. Isaac[4], b. 1719; m. (1) Mary Hubbard (2) Abigail Parling.
VII. Mary[4], b. July 27, ——; d. 1739.
VIII. Dorothy[4], b. in Rutland, Mar. 20, 1721; m. Andrew Leanard.
IX. Joseph[4], b. ———, 1723; m. Dinah Rice.
X. Lucy[4], b. Aug. 24, 1725; m. Isaac Bullard.

5. Simon[3] Stevens (Cyprian[2], Thomas[1]), b. in Boston, Feb. 13, 1677; bp. in Marlboro, Jan. 1704-5; d. in Marlboro, Jan. 25, 1758; m. Jan., 1701-2, Mary, dau. of Nathaniel and Mary (Sawyer) Wilder, and granddaughter of the first Thomas Wilder who came from England. In 1714 Simon[3] Stevens bought the place in Lancaster that had been his father's and grandfather Willard's in previous years.

Children.

7. I. Cyprian[4], b. in Boston Feb. 1706-7.
II. Mary[4], b. in Boston Feb. 1706-7.
III. Jonathan[4], bpt. Apr. 16, 1708.
IV. Simon[4], bpt. May 30, 1708.
8. V. Joseph[4], bpt. ———, 1710.
VI. Nathaniel[4], bpt. June 29, 1712.
9. VII. Elizabeth[4], bpt. Feb. 13, 1713-14.
VIII. Nathaniel[4], bpt. Oct. 9, 1716.
IX Dorothy[4], bpt. ——— 1719.

6. Cyprian[4] Stevens (Simon[3], Cyprian[2], Thomas[1]); b. in Boston Feb. 1706-7; d. in Holden 1754; m. 1727, Damarias Wilder.

He was the first town clerk in Holden and held that office from 1741-1746; also he was selectman 1741, 1744, 1745, 1746 and Assessor in 1743. In 1741 he was on a committee to choose a schoolmaster, the first school in Holden was taught in his

house for three months in 1741. The school was kept three months in a year, in three different places so to accommodate scholars in the several parts of the town, until a school house was built; a vote to build was taken in 1752 but the building probably was not built that year ———. John Young was paid 1£ 4s per month for teaching. Mr. Stevens was chosen and served as Lieutenant of the town militia, no date found of his election. The first tax list found in Holden was in 1725, when Cyprian Stevens was taxed:

For 14 Polls amount	14s
For House and land	7s 8d
For Pausanat (personal) estate	2s

He must have died in May, 1754, as by the following "True inventory of all and singular the goods Chattels and credits of Cyprian Stevens late of Holden in Worcester Co."

Gent.

Prized at Holden, May 15, 1754 by James Moore, Jabez Beamen and Samuel Peirce as follows:

Imprimis apparel	4£ 2s
Books	8s
Half pike and sword	6s
Yoke oxen	8£
3 heifers	5£ 7s
4 cows	9£ 9s
2 pair steres	4£ 19s
1 mare and colt	9£
Riding furniture	16s
Cart and wheels	2£ 5s
Swine	3£
Seed plow	9s
Chain and Horse traces	13s
1 shovel and 2 forks	6s
2 axes and 2 sawes	1£ 2s
Square and other carpenter tools	9s
3 scyths and 2 hoanes	7s
Beetle ring, wedge and old iron	10s
Grane	3£ 6s
Hand irons, fire slice, tongs and trorinels	1£ 4s

Iron pott kettles, Skillits and frying pan		1s
Warming pan, candle stick, box iron and skimer		5s
Pewter wessels and wooden ware	1£	16s
2 beds and bedstead and their furniture	4£	14s
2 beds more and their furniture	4£	
Linen and flax	1£	10s
Chests and tables		12s
1 Loom, 1 slay, 2 spinning wheels	1£	7s
Chaiers dri cask sider, barriels and indore lumber	1£	5s
1 dri Hide		6s
1 large iron kettle		8s
Housing land and pue in church	446£	
Total	552£	13s

Children.

I. Charles[5], b. Dec. 3, 1727.
II. Thomas[5], b. Mar. 3, 1727-28.
III. Ephraim[5], b. Nov. 8, 1730; m. Sybel Gay of Needham.
IV. Anna[5], b. Mar. 18, 1733-34; m. Samuel Nichols.
V. Sarah[5], b. July 20, 1736.
VI. Mary[5], b. July 17, 1737.
VII. Demarais[5], b. Oct. 24, 1740.
VIII. Bette[5], b. Aug. ——— 1743.
IX. Eunais[5], b. Feb. 13, 1745; d. Feb. 15, 1745.
10. X. Cyprian[5], b. Aug. 18, 1747.

7. Joseph[4] Stevens (Simon[3], Cyprian[2], Thomas[1]), bpt. 1710; m. Dorothy ———.

Children born in Petersham.

I. Eunice, b. Jan. 31, 1752; m. Wing Spooner.
II. Lemuel, b. Jan. 10, 1753.
III. Joseph, b. Jan. 5, 1754.
IV. Damarais, Jan. 9, 1755; m. Daniel Ward.
V. Simon, b. Nov. 2, 1756; d. y.
VI. Gardner, b. Feb. 15, 1758.
VII. Simon, b. Feb. 25, 1760.

VIII. Oliver, b. Aug. 10, 1761.
IX. John, b. June 7, 1763.
X. Molly, b. May 8, 1767.
XI. Cyprian, b. Apr. 6, 1769.
XII. Dolly, b. Nov. 19, 1770.

8. Phinehas[4] Stevens, (Joseph[3], Cyprian[2], Col. Thomas[1]) whose name is inseperably associated with the early history of "No. 4," now Charlestown, N, H., when about seventeen years old while he with three younger brothers were on the way to the hay field where their father was at work were attacked by five Indians who immediately slew two of them, Joseph and Samuel, and took Phinehas and Isaac, who was but four years old, captives.

After travelling awhile Phinehas saw by their motions that they were planning to kill the small boy because he would be a hindrance to them on their journey to Canada.

Phinehas caused them to understand that if they would spare the child, he would carry him on his back, this they allowed and after a long wearisome journey they reached Canada where they remained about one year when their father succeeded in obtaining their release.

While in Canada Phinehas learned the character and mode of warfare of the Indians which was of inestimable value to him in after years, when engaged in the Indian and French wars, and dearly did the savages pay for that raid on Rutland when they killed two of his brothers and took him and Isaac captives.

Altho they had the advantage of him that time it never occurred again for in no skirmish or battle and they were many was he ever in a single instance overcome by them.

Not much is known of his life after his return from Canada until 1734, when he married his cousin Elizabeth of Petersham. He then lived in Rutland where he remained until he was called to No. 4, where he became a citizen as early as 1743, for his name is found on a proprietors petition, Sept. 13, 1743. Oct. 1743 he was sent on a commission to find a preacher for the church.

His first military commission was from Gov. Wentworth of New Hampshire, dated Dec. 13, 1743. His next commission was from Gov. Shirley of Mass., who appointed him Capt. of a Co. of volunteers. In 1752 he was sent to Canada to negotiate for the release of captives belonging to Mass., not finding them, as he expected, he decided to ask for the redemption of two from New Hampshire one of these was John Stark the noted General of Revolutionary times, the other man was Eastman. The ransom for Stark was $103 which he paid by giving the Indians an Indian pony for which he had paid that amount. The ransom for Eastman was much less. It is not known that Stevens and Stark ever met after their tedious journey from Canada to New Hampshire.

Capt. Stevens moved his family to Charlestown No. 4, in 1745, but as trouble with French and Indians increased he moved them back to Rutland and in 1748 he took them again to Charlestown.

In 1746 he was commissioned to enlist 60 men to go to No. 4, and charged to "keep an exact dicipline among your men. punishing all immorality and profaneness and suppressing all such discord as may tend to disorder or to expose you to the enemy."

In 1755 he was sent to Chinecto, N. S. to assist in the reduction of the French Fort, Beau Sejour; the Fort surrendered on the 4th day and its name was changed to Fort Cumberland. Stevens remained there in charge thru the winter until Spring, when he died of a fever in the fort, April 6, 1756; where he was buried no one knows.

He moved his family to Deerfield before going to N. S.

He was accounted to have been one of the bravest men who ever lived. One can not look in a history in which French and Indian wars are mentioned without seeing some account of the brave deeds of Capt. Phinehas Stevens.

He surely lived up to the Stevens motto. "Patience and endurance with unflinching purpose."

In 1908 the citizens of Charlestown, erected a monument to his memory on the site of the Fort which he so bravely defended. The monument is a large boulder on the side of which is riveted a bronze tablet with this inscription:

THIS TABLET COMMEMORATES
THE SUCCESSFUL DEFENSE OF THE FORT
ON THIS SITE
BY
CAPTAIN PHINEHAS STEVENS
AND HIS COMPANY OF RANGERS
AGAINST A LARGE WAR PARTY OF
FRENCH AND INDIANS
APRIL 10 1747.
ERECTED BY
STEVENS DESCENDENTS AND CHARLESTOWN CITIZENS
1908.

8. Phinehas[4] Stevens (Joseph[3], Cyprian[2], Col. Thomas[1]); b. Feb. 20, 1706-7; d. in Nova Scotia, April 6, 1756; m. 1734, Elisabeth Stevens, bpt. Feb. 13, 1713-14, dau. of Simon Stevens.

Children.

The first 7 b. in Rutland, Mass.

I. Samuel, b. July 4, 1735.
II. Willard, b. July 4, 1735.
III. Simon, b. Sept. 3, 1737.
IV. Enos, b. Oct. 2, 1739.
V. Mary b. Mar. 28, 1742.
VI. Phinehas, b. July 23, 1744.
VII. Katherine, b. Nov. 21, 1747; m. David Stone.
VIII. Prudence, b. Sept. 22, 1751 in the Fort at Charlestown, No. 4; m. John Hubbard.
IX. Solomon, b. 1753 at Charlestown.
X. Dorothy, b. 1755 at Deerfield.

9. Cyprain[5] Stevens (Cyprian[4], Simon[3], Cyprian[2], Col. Thomas[1]) of Holden, Worcester, Sturbridge and Holland, served in the Revolution, his service as recorded in "Soldiers and Sailors of Massachusetts" is as follows:

"Cyprian Stevens, Worcester Certificate dated Cambrige, June 19, 1775, signed by Capt. Jonas Hubbard, certifying that said Stevens and others in his company, Col. Ward's regiment were in need of pouches and that each had received one, for which said Hubbard promised to be accountable." Also, "Capt. Jonas Hubbard's Co., Col. Jonathan Ward's regiment order for advance pay signed by said Stevens and others dated June 1775." Also, "Sergeant of same Co. and regiment.

Co. returned dated, Dorchester, Oct. 7, 1775." Also, "Order for money in lieu of bounty coat, dated Worcester, March 18, 1776."

Between 1777 and 1779 he moved from Worcester to Sturbridge and with two sons owned and ran a mill in Holland for finishing cloth. His mill stood on what has been of late years called "Howlett's Brook" but in former days it was called "Stevens Brook." In Sturbridge he lived on what has since been known as the "Daddy Knapp" place near Holland line. The house was built by Ezekiel Upham of Sturbridge who occupied it until he sold out to Stevens. David MacFarland lived in the same house with Stevens who was his father-in-law, until he built a new house for himself on the Holland road near the Lombard place which was first built by Simeon Allen, these three houses are now not standing. In Holland Cyprian Stevens lived on the Lewis Howlett place; he owned much land in Holland which is shown by deeds recorded.

9. Cyprian[5] Stevens, (Cyprian[4], Simon[3], Cyprian[2], Col. Thomas[1]), b. in Holden, Aug. 18, 1747; d. in Holland, Nov. 22, 1838; m. (1) Mch. 2, 1769, Sarah b. in Worcester, July 26, 1750; d. Dec. 11, 1819, dau. of Cyprian and Sarah (Gale) Peirce; (2) int. Feb. 3, 1821; m. Mch. 4, 1720, Abigail Blashfield, b. Feb. 27, 1762, dau of John and Marcy (———) Blashfield, d. July 1, 1847.

Children.

10. I. Tyler[6], 1769 in Worcester.
II. Phinehas[6], 1771, in Worcester.
III. Asa[6], May 8, 1774 in Worcester.
11. IV. Reuben[6], Dec. 10, 1780 in Sturbridge.
V. Sally[6], Nov. 15, 1782 in Sturbridge; m. Stephen Lyon. (*See Lyon Genealogy.*)
VI. Polly[6], Aug. 27, 1784; m. Mar., 1801, David MacFarland. (*See MacFarland Genealogy.*)
VII. Lyman[6], Oct. 12, 1786; d. Oct. 22, 1823; m. Sept. 4, 1815, Chloe Perry of Monson.
VIII. Peircy[6], Oct. 12, 1787; m. July 16, 1808, Noah Butterworth. (*See Butterworth Genealogy.*)

10. Tyler[6] Stevens (Cyprian[5], Cyprian[4], Simon[3], Cyprian[2], Col. Thomas[1]), b. in Worcester, Dec., 1769; m. May 27, 1795, Polly Richardson of Brookfield.

Children.

I. Matilda Walker[7], b. July 13, 1796.
II. Horatio[7], b. Mar. 9, 1799.
III. Fanny[7], b. Mar. 13, 1807.

11. Reuben[6] Stevens (Cyprian[5], Cyprian[4], Simon[3], Cyprian[2], Col. Thomas[1]), b. in Sturbridge, Dec. 10, 1780; d. in Worcester; m. (1) int. Feb. 3, 1803, Nabby Richardson of Brookfield, b. 1780; d. July 31, 1817; (2) int. Dec. 26, 1819; m. Jan. 20, 1820, Betsey Wells; both of Holland.

Children born in Holland.

I. Emeline Nabby[7], b. July 24, 1807, m. Samuel K. Bailey of Boston.
II. Reuben Merrick[7], b. Aug. 24, 1811, m. Sept. 1837, Susan Weld of Holland.
III. Eliza Ann[7], b. Feb. 10, 1815.
IV. Fittz Henry[7], b. July 22, 1817.
V. Laura Maria[7]; m. Edmond Overton.
VI. Hortense[7], m. Frank Oliver.
VII. Martha Ellen[7], m. Reuben Champion.
VIII. Jarvis; unm.

12. Merrick Reuben[7] Stevens (Reuben[6], Cyprian[5], Cyprian[4], Simon[3], Cyprian[2], Col. Thomas[1]), b. in Holland; m. Sept., 1837, Susan Weld of Holland.

Children.

I. Carrie Stevens.
II. Henry Stevens.
III. Mary Stevens.
IV. George Stevens.
V. Abba Stevens.
VI. Herbert M. Stevens, res. Greenwich, Ct.
VII. Emma Stevens.

THE SWITZER FAMILY.

Mrs. E. M. Webber.

Joseph Henry Switzer, or as more commonly known among his towns-people, Henry J. Switzer, was born in Warren, Mass., son of Almon Switzer and Susan Olds, grandson of Henry Switzer, Jr., and Polley Brooks, and great grandson of Henry Schwertzer(called Switcher) who emigrated from Germany, and Rebecca Livermore, a descendant of early and influential families of Watertown and Cambridge, Mass.

Joseph Henry Switzer came to Holland about 1849 and married Betsey Colburn, daughter of Ephraim Colburn and Candace Hodges. (See Colburn record.) They lived some years on a farm in the southern part of the town. The house and barn and nearly all traces of them disappeared years ago, and all roads leading thereto have long been abandoned. It is doubtful if there are many people today who could locate the place. From there the family moved to the northern part of the town settling upon the farm then known as the Zebina Fletcher place, the home of the family except for a few months, till the death of Henry J. Switzer, May 31, 1908. There were six children, their record being given on another page. Henry J. Switzer was interested and active in public affairs for the betterment of the town, and an efficient and prominent worker in the Church and Sunday School.

Betsey (Colburn) Switzer was a woman of sterling character, loved and respected by all who knew her.

Henry Schwertzer (or Switcher) came from a family of good standing in Germany. He left his native country about the years 1755 rather then serve seven years as a soldier as was required of all men by that goverment. He learned that officers were looking for him, fled to the coast, jumped into the water and swam to a vessel anchored outside the harbor. The officers secured a boat and rowed to the vessel where the sailors had hidden the fugitive in the cargo. They denied his presence to his pursuers who after some searching returned to the shore saying the surf was such that no human being could live in it. Arriving at Boston the ship's captain sold

Schwertzer to a ship carpenter, Jonathan Livermore, for seven years (a common practice) to pay his passage. He served his time faithfully and at the end of the seven years had the ship carpenters trade learned. He married Rebecca Livermore, the daughter of his employer. He went to Western, now Warren, and took up government land, marking trees with an ax to guide him to his claim. He built a bridge, grist-mill and dam on the site of the present bridge, mill and dam. A story is told of the bridge as follows: Switzer, after building the bridge, found that the keeping of it in repair was an expense and a responsibility which he would gladly be rid of, so he petitioned the town to take it at the town meeting. However, it was voted to decline to accept the bridge on the ground that it was not needed, and was really in the way. Switzer then declared, "I haf pilt a pridge and it is in the way of the town, I will take my proad ax and I will hew it down." The bridge was accepted. Henry Switzer gave the town the land for the present park, the deed of gift reading that when it ceased to be used as a park it should return to his heirs. The park has been very much contracted and considerable property in the town now stands on land originally a portion of the park. There has scarcely been a time when Warren had not some citizens, descendants of the original emigrant. The death of Ephraim Switzer in 1910, left the family represented by his widow and young daughters, Mary and Lillian.

FIRST GENERATION.

Henry[1] Schweitzer was born in Germany in 1724; came to America about 1755; married 1761 (pub. Aug. 26, 1761), Rebecca Livermore; died, 1818. Rebecca (Livermore) Switzer was born 1734; died Feb. 15, 1806.

Children.

Anna, b. Oct. 15, 1762.
Henry, b. July 10, 1766; d. Mar. 8, 1851.
Leah, b. Aug. 6, 1768.
Nathan, b. Apr. 5, 1770.
Silas, b. Sept. 8, 1773; d. Aug. 8, 1831.

SECOND GENERATION.

Children of Henry[1].

Anna[2] b. Oct. 15, 1762; m. Caleb Bascom; had children. Sarah[3], Seraph[3] (m. James Williams). Caleb[3] (m. Betsey

Howard; had 2 children). Nancie[3] (m. Lewis Wright and had one daughter).

2. Henry[2], b. July 10, 1766; m. Polly Brooks; she d. Oct. 2, 1823; he d. March 8, 1851; had children, Eber[3], Timothy[3]. Henry[3], Rial[3], Amasa[3], Almon[3], Nathan[3], Ephraim[3], Mary[3], Rebecca[3], Freeman[3], Horace[3].

3. Leah[2], b. Aug. 6, 1768; m. Peace Bascom.

4. Nathan[2], b. Apr. 5, 1770.

5. Silas[2], b. Sept. 8, 1773, m. Anna Hamon. d. Aug. 8, 1831; had children, Thomas[3] (m. Amy, had son Simon[4]); Solon[3], b. 1798; d. Dec. 16, 1823; Sophron[3], b. 1798; m. Persis Barnes and had two children; d. young. Silas[3], Simon[3], m. (Miriam Barnes) had two children.

Eliza Ann[4], b. Jan. 8, 1829.
Harnetts Nye[4], b. June 11, 1831.

Mary Ann[3], m. Lemuel Sherman.

THIRD GENERATION.

Children of Henry[2].

1. Eber[3], b. Oct. 2, 1788; m. Getty Brunk; had children, Rial[4], Matthias[4], Henry[4], Nathan[4], Phrasies[4], Julia[4], Jacob[4].

2. Timothy[3], b. Dec. 28, 1789; d. Feb. 2, 1867; m. Sarah Greenleaf; had children Sarah[4], Charlotte[4], Mary[4], William B.[4], Daniel G.[4], Abbie Liza[4], Timothy[4], Cornelius[4].

3. Henry[3], b. Dec. 20, 1791; d. Apr. 12, 1867; m. Kate Martin; had children Katharine[4], Sarah[4], Henry[4], Elizabeth[4], Mary Ann[4], David[4], Hariette[4], Rebecca[4], Ephraim[4], Jacob[4].

4. Rial[3], b. Sept. 19, 1793; d. Dec. 15, 1811.

5. Amasa[3], b. Aug. 29, 1795; m. Mahala Chapin; had 1 child; d. young.

6. Almon[3], b. Apr. 8, 1797; m. Susan Olds. May 31, 1820; d. Aug. 27, 1867, Susan (Olds) Switzer, b. Oct. 4, 1799; d. Aug. 26, 1872; their children, Liberty O.[4], TheodotiaD.[4], Joseph Henry[4], Alsathora[4], Freeman[4], Oliver[4], Warren[4], Welcome[4], Ephraim[4], Susan[4], Almon Lewellen[4], Leander[4].

7. Nathan[3], b. Jan. 20, 1799; m. Eunice Morgan of Longmeadow, Mass.; d. Feb. 17, 1873; had children, Celia C.[4], Mary E.[4], Freeman[4],

Emily[4], b. Nov. 21, 1840; d. Dec. 28, 1840. Josephine[4], Rebecca[4], Ruth[4], Nathan[4], Freeman[4]; d. Sept. 6, 1839, aged 1 yr., 3 mos.

8. Ephraim[3], b. May 20, 1801; m. Mary Martin; d. Nov. 13, 1832.
9. Mary[3], b. March 29, 1804; m. Ebenezer Butler, d. July, 1885.
10. Rebecca[3], b. July 28, 1805; m. Elwell Perry Burley; d. Jan. 29, 1894.
11. Freeman[3], b. Jan. 23, 1807; m. Nancy Sawyer; d. Apr. 20, 1883; had children, Eleanor[4], Rebecca[4], Freeman[4], Perry[4].
12. Horace[3], b. June 24, 1809; m. Annie Pier; d. June 1, 1891; one child Chauncy L.[4].

FOURTH GENERATION.

Children of Almon[3].

1. Liberty[4], b. March 24, 1822.
2. Theodotia[4], b. Dec. 28, 1823.
3. Joseph Henry[4], b. Jan. 28, 1826.
4. Alsathora[4], b. Dec. 5, 1827.
5. Freeman[4], b. Jan. 26, 1830.
6. Oliver C.[4], b. Nov. 16, 1832.
7. Warren[4], b. Aug. 25, 1834.
8. Welcome[4], b. Oct. 24, 1835.
9. Ephraim[4], b. Oct. 1, 1837.
10. Susan[4], b. Feb. 25, 1840.
11. Almon Luwellan, b. Mar. 2, 1841.
12. Leander F.[4], b. May 21, 1843.

Joseph Henry Switzer m. Jan. 28, 1826, Betsey d. of Ephraim and Candace (Hodges) Colburn; d. May 31, 1908; Betsey (Colburn) Switzer was b. Nov. 16, 1831 in Holland; d. March 20, 1907.

FIFTH GENERATION

Children of Joseph Henry, b. in Holland, Mass.

1. Elmer Franklin, b. June 27, 1857; m. Oct. 11, 1879, Abbie Jennie Bartlett, Monson, Mass., dau. Samuel Wells and Electa Almira (Seymour) Bartlett.
2. Arthur Homer, b. June 30, 1859; d. Oct. 15, 1910, Waverly, Mass.
3. Elbridge Colburn, b. Sept. 30, 1862; m. Oct. 22, 1903, Louise Matilda Pierce, d. of Edward Pierce of Springfield, Mass.

Children.
Helene Grace, b. May. 6, 1905.
Madaline, b. May 3, 1906.
Henry, b. Aug. 10, 1907; d. Aug. 11, 1907.
Elbridge Colburn Switzer was killed Oct. 9, 1907.

4. Grace Elizabeth, b. June 8, 1865; d. Feb. 23, 1881.
5. Flora Maria, b. Dec. 16, 1867.
6. Herbert Lorenzo, b. July 27, 1870.

RECORD OF THE FAMILY OF REBECA (LIVEMORE) SWITZER.

FIRST GENERATION.

John Livermore[1] and wife from Ipswich, England, in 1634, on the ship Francis, with daughter Hannah[2], and settled in Watertown, Mass. John lived in Watertown a few years then moved to New Haven, Conn., where he was a "member of the Court in 1644." He returned to Watertown about 1650. By trade he was a potter. He held many important offices of trust in both places. The daughter, Hannah, married John Coolidge of Watertown.

The Livermore home in England and parentage is not positively known but is thought to have been Little Thurloe, Suffolk Co.

SECOND GENERATION LIVEMORE.

Samuel Livemore[2] was born 1640, in New Haven, Conn., removed to Watertown, 1650. Married in Watertown, Anna Bridge. Samuel[2] received from his father, John[1], by deed in 1661 because of dutiful service, a farm and wood lot. There are many distinguished descendants of Samuel and Anna (Bridge), Ambassador to China, the Honorable Anson Burlingame being one of them.

Anna[3] (Bridge) Livemore was born in 1646, daughter of Matthew[2] Bridge who was b. in England about 1615 and married Anna Danforths about 1644; died, 1700. Matthew[2] resided in Cambridge, Mass., until about 1668, then moved to what is now Lexington, then called Cambridge Farms, where he was a leading citizen and one of the largest taxpayers.

Deacon John Bridge[1], father of Matthew[2], came from Framingham, England. He was one of the founders of Cambridge, Mass., and established there the first public school in

this country. A statue of Bridge stands on Cambridge Common.

The mother of Anna Bridge[2] was Anna, daughter of Nicholas Danforths[1], who came in the ship Griffin from London to Boston and Cambridge, in 1634 with six motherless children aged from one year to eleven. He resided on the street now Bow Street, Cambridge, and was the first to be commissioned to "sell wine and strong water," a mark of distinction at that time.

Danforth was selectman 1637-8 He was representative to the General Court a "most active and honorable citizen." The family was one of standing in England having there a Coat-of-Arms.

THIRD GENERATION LIVERMORE.

Jonathan[3] was born in Watertown in 1678; m. in 1699, Rebeca Barnes from Norfolk Co. and Middlesex Co., England.

FOURTH GENERATION LIVERMORE.

Jonathan[4] was b. in Watertown in 1700; married Abagail Ball, dau. James Ball and Elizabeth Fiske, granddaughter of John Ball[2] and Sarah Bullard, and great granddaughter, John Ball[1] who came, 1635, from Wiltshire, England in ship Planter; married Elizabeth Pierce; went to Lancaster, Mass., where he was killed by Indians.

Jonathan[4] moved to Northboro about 1727. He had uncommon learning for his time; was an accurate surveyor and an excellent penman. Owing to the latter accomplishment the early records of the town appear in a remarkably fine state. He was the first parish or town clerk, which office he held many years. He was also one of the first deacons in the congregational Church, resigning in 1782. He lived to be 101 years of age. A short time after he was 100 years old he rode horseback from his house to a military review. A distance of three miles without fatigue. The first three of his children were born in Watertown the others in Northboro. They were Abagail, Lydia, Jonathan, Silas, Rebecca, Nathan, Susan, Grace, Rebecca[5] was b. 1734, at Northboro; married, 1761, Henry Switcher of Warren, Mass. She died Feb. 15, 1806. From her were descended the Switzers of Warren and Holland, Massachusetts.

RECORD OF THE FAMILY OF REBECCA (LIVERMORE) SWITZER.

E. M. Webber.

FIRST GENERATION.

John[1] Livermore and wife Grace Sherman, came from Ipswich, England.

SECOND GENERATION.

John Bridge[1] (Deacon) father of Matthew came from England, in 1631. He was one of the founders of Cambridge, living first on Dunster Street and later on what is now Brattle St., having purchased in 1650, the place now known at the famous Longfellow Estate. The property then also included the land upon which now stands the Divinity School.

On Cambridge Common there now stands a monument to the memory of John Bridge, bearing the following inscription:

JOHN BRIDGE,

1578—1665.

Left Braintree, Essex Co., England, 1631, as a member of the Rev. Mr. Hooker's Company.

Settled here 1632,

and stayed when that company removed to Conn. He had supervision of the first public school established in Cambridge, 1635. Was selectman, 1635 and 1652. Deacon of the Church, 1636-1658. Representative to the great and general court, 1631-1641, and was appointed by that body to lay over lands in this town and beyond.

Thomas, a son of Nicholas Danforth was according to a history of Cambridge, "the favorite and trusted leader." Governor Bradstreet aged eighty-seven, being incapacitated, Danforth was Deputy Governor of Massachusetts, "was more than any other man in the country, competent to the stern occasion" (referring to charter troubles) and did not hesitate to act though fully conscious that his head was in danger if King James succeeded in retaining the throne. In 1693, Phipps became Governor under the new charter. In 1692 Danforth was

made Judge of the Superior Court and was elected to the council all the rest of his life; Danforth presided over a court at Salem for examining witches, but was not a member of the court condemning them. He was opposed to the executions and persecutions. He was treasurer of Harvard College from 1650 to 1658. He died 1699, aged 76.

THE THOMPSON FAMILY.

By Lovering.

The family name of Thompson is frequently met with and honorably mentioned in the annals of Holland. In the chapter on war records we find that four men of that name were on the muster rolls of French and Indian war, one an ensign, another a Lieutenant, a third a corporal. In the revolutionary war we find three men of that name, and the Daniel Thompson in this war is probably son to the Daniel Thompson of the French and Indian war. In the vital records we find that Asa Thompson married Nancy Gray, Jan. 19, 1790, and that Jacob Thompson married Hadassa Stone of Monson, int. Nov. 27, 1800.

In the record of births we find the following:—

Daniel Thompson m. Anna or Hannah.

Children.

Mary, July 5, 1778.
Luke, Feb. 7, 1792.
Daniel, Jan. 12, 1784.
Anna, Jan. 12, 1784.

Asa Thompson m. Nancy Gray.

Children.

Louisa, May 11, 1790.
Pardon, Feb. 7, 1792.
Harriet, Mar. 3, 1795.

Jacob Thompson m. Hadassa Stone of Monson; he removed to Monson.

Children.

Vernon, Dec. 9, 1801.
Caroline, Jan. 30, 1804.
Addison, Oct. 26, 1806.
All born in Holland.

Daniel Thompson was a signer to the petition, 1762, to incorporate South Brimfield. He also signed the petition in favor of having the church built, 1764, above David Bugbee's tavern. We also find his name on the tax list of 1782 just before Holland was incorporated. Also tax list of 1793, Daniel and Asa are both taxpayers, and although Daniel was one of those who signed the church covenant, 1765, his wife Hannah was not baptized into the church until May 4, 1782.

Jacob Thompson was especially prominent in town affairs, being representative to General Court in 1809. Selectman 1803-4-5-9. Moderator of the annual town meetings for 1803-4-5-9, and of special town meetings for 1802-03-04[2]-05-06-08-09-10[2], the small figures indicate that he served twice that year.

Jacob Thompson finally left town and removed to Monson. His tastes were such as would lead him to the practice of law and we judge that he became counselor-at-law, for we note that Jacob Thompson, Esq., of Monson is consulted about a legacy left to Ruth Swinnerton. It proves the confidence in which he was held by the town officers.

THE TOWNE FAMILY.

By Chas. A. Towne.

Hiram[1] Towne, b. at Thompson, Conn., May 5, 1806, married Betsey Wales at Union, Conn., Dec. 20, 1829. She was born in Union March 28, 1811, and died in Holland Aug. 31, 1844. He m. (2) Sarah Brackett, March 4, 1849, at Thompson, Conn. She was born Mar. 27, 1824, at Woodstock, Conn.

Children.

By Betsy.

Laura Ellen[2], b. Oct. 30, 1830.
Hiram Judson[2], b. April 7, 1834.
Allen Wales[2], b. April 23, 1836.
Merritt Abiel[2], b. Feb. 2, 1839.
Mary Ann[2], b. April 25, 1842.

By Sarah:

Truman Luther[2], b. June 23, 1850.

Freeman B. Blodgett m. Laura Ellen[2] Towne.

Children.

Caroline.
John.
Delia, unm.
Arthur F., m. (1) ———; (2) Lorinda Howlett.

Hiram Judson[2], b. Apr. 7, 1834; d. Dec. 28, 1862, at Washington, D. C., a guard in the Quartermaster Dept.

Allen Wales[2], b. Apr. 23, 1836; m. Mar. 9, 1864, Harriet N. Frizell of Holland. She b. at Holland June 21, 1841, and died at Holland Aug. 15, 1874. He served four years in Co. D, Ist R. I. Cav. veterans. He m. (2) Mary C. (Bell) Shaw July 10, 1884, at Chicago, Ill. She was born at Port Hope, Canada, Dec. 18, 1849.

Children.

Charles Allen[3], b. May 13, 1866.
Kate May[3] b. Sept. 15, 1868.
Alvin Goodell[3], b. Aug. 9, 1870; unm.
Harrison Newell[3], b. Aug. 5, 1874; d. Mar. 1877.

Merritt Abiel[2], b. Feb. 2, 1839; m. Mar. 18, 1867, Abigail A. Pratt, of Wales, Mass., b. Dec. 28, 1845. He served 3 years as private in Co. F, 15th Regt. Mass. Vol. Infantry; was badly wounded in battle of Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.

Child.
Austin Craft[5], b. Mar. 14, 1869.

Charles A.[3], b. Holland, Mass. May 13, 1866; married Lucretia B. Davison at Chicago, Ill., b. Oct. 9, 1871, at Willoughby, Ohio. He served as 2nd Lieut. in Co. F, Regt. Infantry, Ill. Vols. in the Spanish-American War, and commanded his company in the trenches before Santiago. Promoted Captain. Now resides at Park Ridge, Ill. He has two children living.

Children.
Allen Erastus[4], b. July 5, 1900.
Miles Augustus[4], b. July 20, 1908.

Kate May[3], b. Sept. 15, 1868; m. Myron P. Jones of Woonsocket, R. I.

Charles A. Towne, author of the Towne family genealogy, states that his maternal great grandfather, Joseph Frizell, lived in Holland. He had William Frizell, my grandfather, who married Lucina Goodell, sister to Dea. Alvin Goodell, and Sarah Frizell who married Alvin Goodell. They lived and died in Holland. Wm. Frizell, my grandfather, had children, James and Harriet N. who married my father. James died at Buffalo, N. Y.

THE UNDERWOOD FAMILY.

By Chase.

Nehemiah[1] Underwood of Woodstock, Ct., m. Sally Shaw of Brimfield, May 14, 1797.

Nehemiah[2] Underwood, d. Oct. 19, 1880; m. June 19, 1842, Deborah Pease. She d. Aug. 31, 1867, in Brimfield.

Children.

I. Joseph Dwight[3], b. May 15, 1846; d. 1913.
II. Charles[3], b. Dec. 21, 1849; d. y.
III. Charles, b. Dec. 7, 1851; lives in Brookfield.
IV. Ella Maria, b. Sept. 3, 1855.
V. Albert, b. Dec. 4, 1850; d. Dec. 1850.

Reuben Underwood, d. Aug. 10, 1856, age 85 yrs., 7 mos.; m. Jan. 17, 1830, Sarah Pease, she d. Feb. 21, 1860.

George Underwood m. Sept. 1838, Jane Parsons.

Adin Underwood m. Dec. 31, 1826, Abigail Hines.

THE UPHAM FAMILY.

By Chase.

1. Jonathan[1] Upham, b. Feb. 27, 1759; d. Apr. 2, 1840; m. Aug. 22, 1782, Sarah Upham; d. Nov. 24, 1850.

Children.

I. Rebecca[2], Dec. 1, 1782; m. ———Lyon; d. 1847.
II. Patty[2], Dec. 5, 1754.
2. III. Walter[2], Apr. 25, 1787.
IV. Calvin[2], June 28, 1789; d. Oct. 14, 1797.
V. Bathsheba[2], June 27, 1791; m. Mar. 3, 1816, William Webber of Holland. (*See Webber Genealogy.*)
VI. Sally, Jan. 18, 1794.
VII. Erastus, Sept. 1, 1798; d. June 28, 1850.
VIII. Alvin, Aug. 2, 1799; d. Sept., 1852.
X. Horace, Apr. 14, 1806; d. July 26, 1847. Feb. 7, 1850.
IX. Diantha, May 4, 1802; m. ———Hopkins; d.

2. Walter[2] Upham (Jonathan[1]), b. Apr. 25, 1787; d. Oct. 23, 1836; m. (1) Lucy Blodgett; she d. July 31, 1822, (2) Eunice (Townsley) Safford.

Children.

(First four were first wife's children.)
I. Mary[3], Nov. 12, 1812, m. Benjamin Peirce: she d. May 1, 1844; child. Geo. Upham Peirce.
II. George Holbrook[3], Sept. 8, 1814.
III. Louisa P.[3], May 2, 1817; d. Nov. 18, 1818.
IV. Sarah Maria[3], Oct. 21, 1819; m. July 22, 1861, Nelson Rogers of Monson.
V. Albert[3], July 27, 1823.
VI. Porter[3], Oct. 29, 1825.
VII. Malina[3], June 24, 1827.
VIII. Jane[3], m. R. Williams, Grand Rapids, Mich.

THE VINTON FAMILY

By Lovering

Porter[1] Vinton m. Zilpah[1].

Children.

Henry[2].
Perhaps others.

Henry[2] Vinton m. Emily Walcott.

Children.

Clarence[3] Arthur Rathbone; d.
Henry E.[3], unm.
Lucia Clara. } Twins b. 1853.
Lucian[3] Willis Curtis. }
Emily[3] Augustus Walcott.

Lucian[3] W. C. Vinton m. Anna Lyon of Charlton.

Children.

Alice[4], m. Bert Roper and has a d[5].
George[4].
Charles[4].

Emily Augusta Walcott Vinton m. Andrew J. Howlett, Jr.

Children.

1. Bessie.
2. Arthur.
3. Ethel Rose.
4. Mildred.
5. Gladys.
6. Blanche.
7. Roger W.
8. Foster.
9. Doris.

Lucia Clara Vinton m. Loring C. Howlett; no children.

THE WALLIS FAMILY

By Lucy Sessions Wallace.

The Wallis family, whose history is so closely interwoven with the founding and development of the town, has continued to the seventh generation but none of this name are now residents of Holland, though many are living in New England.

The pioneer of this family, David 1st, came to Brimfield, from Woodstock, Ct., in 1755, with wife Mary, four sons, and two negro slaves. His origin seems impossible to trace, though family tradition says he was born in Scotland.

The first record concerning him is found in the "Vital Records of Woodstock," and reads: "Marriage intention between David Wallis of Woodstock, and Mary Anderson of Brimfield, entered Apr. 5, 1729.

The "Town Records" show that he served as Constable, and in other minor offices, and that he took the "Freeman's Oath" on Apr. 13, 1752. He was active in church affairs, and on page 32, of the "Church Records" is found an interesting account of a "Church Council" which sat in judgment upon an accusation of "scandalous speaking" brought against him by a deacon of the church. The Council found that "the charge was not substantiated" and "the church voted the sum of 2£ 5s. 0 p. to pay Wallis for a part of the expenses of the council."

The "Land Records" show him to have been a man of goodly possessions. He recorded ten sales of lands, between the dates Oct. 10, 1744, and Jan. 10, 1759, two being for 5000£ and 3000£ respectively.

The first record connecting David 1st with Brimfield is found in the Mass. Archives, Book 94, P. 45. This shows the "Service at Crown Point, during the French and Indian war of Ensign David Wallis who enlisted in Capt. Ebenezer Moultons' Co. from Brimfield."

He was a member of Congregation of "The First Meeting-house of Brimfield," according to an allotment of seats, on Mar. 13, 1758.

While in Woodstock, he owned four slaves, the marriage of "Samuell" to Leah, servants of David Wallis, being recorded in 1749. This was "Sam Dearing" the negro servant, who enlisted

in the same company with his master from Brimfield. Other records say that Sam'll Dearing served the family for many years, living to be 102 years old. That he occupied a place of trust is evidenced by his quoted opinion of the neighboring farmers, who, he claimed, "did not treat him with sufficient respect."

The new home of David 1st was established in what became Holland in 1755, on the Brimfield road, on the east bank of the Quinneboag just south of the bridge, where, facing the western hills and the fertile meadows watered by the slow flowing river, he built the first blacksmith shop, and later the first frame house erected in the town. The original immense, square hewn timbers of solid oak are in service today, in the former homestead of the late William S. Wallis (erected about 200 yds. north of the original site) which is now owned by James Roberts.

This farm was occupied in turn by David 1st, his elder son Jonathan, the 2nd son Thomas (Dr.) a great grandson John, and finally by the great grandson, William S., who owned it until 1894.

One of the ancient stones in the No. East corner of the Holland cemetery bears this inscription, "Mary wife of David Wallis, died june ye 18th 1776," in her 68th year.

FAMILY REGISTER.

NOTES.

Common numeral at left is the individual's number in Register.
Numeral at right above the line denotes the generation.
A star denotes that this number occurs again as head of a family.
Roman numerals record brothers and sisters of the same family.

1. David Wallis[1] and Mary Anderson. Int. marriage Apr. 5, 1729 in Woodstock; she was of Brimfield, b. 1708, perhaps a dau. of John Anderson of So. District, d. June 18, 1776.

SECOND GENERATION (b. in Woodstock).

Children.

2.* I. David Jr. b. Nov. 20, 1731, m. Mary Freeland.
3.* II. Jonathan, bap. July 22, 1733; m. Mrs. Elizabeth Osgood.
4. III. Elizabeth, b. Mar. 24, 1737.

5. IV. John, b. Jan. 2, 1738-9; m. Sarah Danielson 1763; removed.
6. V. William, b. May 16, 1741; a farmer; removed 1763.
7.* VI. Thomas, b. Oct. 3, 1743; became a physician.

2. David Wallis Jr.[2] and Mary Freeland m. May 22, 1758; b. Nov. 20, 1731, d. in Woodstock, Nov. 22, 1758, leaving one son. He was a land owner in Woodstock in 1757. She was born July 19, 1737 (tradition says in England) and d. Mar. 24, 1814.* Left a widow at 21, she removed to Holland on horseback, through the wild unsettled country, bearing in her arms her only child David 3rd who became as a younger son in the home of his grandfather David 1st. It is said she m. (2) a Mr. Lynn, and (3) Capt. Joseph Browning of Brimfield. This is true.

THIRD GENERATION (b. in Woodstock).
Child.

8.* I. David, b. Sept. 13, 1758; m. Persis Rosebrook.

3. Jonathan Wallis[2] and Mrs. Elizabeth Osgood, bpt. July 22, 1733; m. Mar. 2, 1779, in Lancaster. He was a resident of Holland in 1758 and was a farmer and blacksmith at the pioneer homestead. He was chosen a member of a local "Court of Justice and Honor" in 1774, Selectman in 1777, and was the first Town Treasurer chosen July 24, 1783, just after it became the "District of Holland." He was a member of the first Congregational Church of Brimfield in 1758.

7. Dr. Thomas Wallis[2], b. Oct. 3, 1743, in Woodstock. He became the first practising physician in 1786. He lived first in the south part of the town, and later at the old homestead.

He was a man of education, and of advanced ideas, and according to records of 1792, he advocated "innoculation for prevention of small pox," much to the alarm of his townsmen. He was still a resident in 1793. Probably removed. (*See his biography.*)

In a record of "Early Settlers" is also found the names of Ebenezer Wallis of West district, in 1728, and of Isaac of Brimfield, in 1756, but no data are found, connecting these names with the family of David, of Woodstock.

8. Dea. David Wallis[3] and Persis Rosebrook, b. Sept. 13, 1758; d. July 11, 1843; m. May 8, 1782. She was b. Sept. 16, 1760; d. Oct. 15, 1830 and was possibly a d. of John Rosebrook an early setttler. Both are buried in the Holland cemetery. His public service began with his enlistment in the Revolution, in Capt. Nehemiah Mays' Co., from So. Brimfield, for service at Ticonderoga May 6, 1777. (*See Mass. Ar., Vol.* 21; *p.* 45.)

He served as Town Clerk in 1789, and as Selectman nearly 16 years in succession. He was chosen Deacon of the Congregational Church of Christ, Sept. 4, 1794, and he represented the "united district of Holland and Wales" in the Massachusetts Legislature in 1806. He settled upon the farm south of the old homestead, lately known as the Horace Wallis farm, and now owned by Arthur Morse.

FOURTH GENERATION.

Children.

9.*	I.	Melinda, b. Nov. 28, 1783; m. Wm. Wallis.
10.*	II.	Freeland, b. Dec. 5, 1785; m. Esther Allen.
11.	III.	Sally, b. July —, 1788, d. in infancy.
12.*	IV.	John, b. Aug. 11, 1789; m. (1) Chloe Parker, (2) Lucy Shumway.
13.*	V.	David Jr., b. Feb. 3, 1792; m. Rachel Ramsome.
14.*	VI.	Otis, b. Mar. 31, 1794; m. Lois Cutler.
15.*	VII.	Horace, b. Apr. 14, 1796; m. Calista Wood.
16.	VIII.	Persa, b. Mar. 4, 1800; m. Harris Cutler of Holland, Sept. 23, 1821; d. after 1880; adopted a child, 1827.
17.*	IX.	Mandana, b. May 21, 1802; m. Horace McFarland.
18.*	X.	Mary, b. Apr. 11, 1805; m. William A. Robbins.

9. Melinda Wallis[4] and William Wallis, b. Nov. 28, 1783; m. Jan. 13, 1806. He was a resident of Columbia, N. H. and possibly a descendant of William Wallis (No. 6) formerly of Holland.

FIFTH GENERATION (Born in New Hampshire).

Children.

19.	I.	Carlos, b. Apr. 1, 1807.
20.	II.	Philinda, b. Feb. 5, 1811.
21.	III.	William, b. Apr. 24, 1813.
22.	IV.	Albert, b. Feb. 25, 1820.
23.	V.	Emmeline, b. Sept. 3, 1824.

10. Freeland Wallis[4] and Esther Allen, b. Dec. 5, 1785; m. Apr. 22, 1812; d. June 6, 1863. She was dau. of Abel and Jerusha Allen of Sturbridge, b. Oct. 2, 1784. They settled upon an extensive farm located on the "Lead Mine" road, east of the reservoir, which descended to the son Warren A. and which was known as one of the finest in the vicinity. He served as Selectman in 1817 and for 15 years thereafter; also as Town Clerk and as a Captain in the Militia and sat in State Constitutional Convention of 1853.

FIFTH GENERATION

Children.

24.* I. Warren A., b. Mar. 5, 1812; m. Elvira C. Webber.
25. II. Caroline, b. Mar. 29, 1814; m. Dwight P. Johnson of Sturbridge, May 12, 1845; she d. Apr. 16, 1870.
26.* III. Freeland Orlando, b. Mar. 14, 1818; m. Josephine Westgate.
27.* IV. Esther Lorean, b. Aug. 27, 1822; m. Abraham Charles.
28. V. Jerusha, b. May 6, 1826; d. Aug. 2, 1829.

12. Esquire John Wallis[4] and Chloe Parker (1st w.), b. Aug. 11, 1789; m. Apr. 2, 1816; d. Feb. 9, 1870; she was b. Nov. 3, 1792; d. July 8, 1822; they settled upon the original farm and he became a man of prominence. He was Capt. of Militia, Justice of the Peace, Selectman, Town Clerk, School Commissioner and Representative to the Legislature in 1829. He was a devoted attendant at the Congregational Church, and with 1st and 2nd wives, is buried in Holland.

FIFTH GENERATION

Children.

29.* I. Harris C., b. Oct. 18, 1817; m. Jane Beale (1st wife).
30. II. Melinda, b. Mar. 6, 1819; m. Chas. Cornwall, Jan. 20, 1841; removed to Michigan.
31 III. David, b. Nov. 17, 1820; m. Mary E. Hewson, Aug. 14, 1850; removed to Auburn, N. Y.
32. IV. Chloe P., b. June 28, 1822; d. Sept. 10, 1824; m. (2) Lucy Shumway, June 3, 1823, a dau. of Abijah and Lucy (Weld) Shumway of Sturbridge; b. May 24, 1789; d. Mar. 25, 1870. Her father was a Sergeant in the

Revolution, and a French Huguenot in descent.

33.* V. William S., b. Dec. 20, 1825; m. Marcilvia Perry.
34. VI. Mary Lucy, b. Apr. 26, 1828; m. Reuben P. Whitney of Southbridge 1860; d. Aug. 15, 1869. He d. Oct. 31, 1871.
35. VII. John Randolph, b. Sept. 6, 1829; m. Carrie Moore, Aug. 16, 1854; d. Sept. 24, 1854.

13. David Wallis[4] Jr. and Rachel Ransome, b. Feb. 3, 1792; m. Jan. 23, 1823. He removed to Tioga, N. Y., where he became a man of prominence, holding the office of Clerk of County for nine years.

FIFTH GENERATION

Children.

36. I. Charles F., b. Apr. 5, 1824.
37. II. David, b. Apr. 28, 1826.
38. III. Mandana, b. May 19, 1828.
39. IV. Fanny, b. Sept. 8, 1830.
40. V. Harriet, b. July 26, 1832; m. a Mr. Adams of Michigan.
41. VI. Rachel, b. May 7, 1835.
42. VII. Kitty, b. Aug. 25, 1845.

14. Otis Wallis[4] and Lois Cutler, b. Mar. 31, 1794; m. Sept. 1817; d. Nov. 3, 1875; she was killed by cars Jan. 20, 1892.

FIFTH GENERATION

Children.

43. I. Persis, b. June 22, 1820; m. Lucius Parks; m. (2) Jabez Harding; she d. June 29, 1886.
44. II. Susan, b. Apr. 21, 1826; m. (1) Biall Fosgate; (2) Daniel Noyes. She d. Jan. 27, 1914.
45.* III. Charles Otis; b. Apr. 7, 1834; m. Helen M. Willis.

15. Dea. Horace Wallis[4] and Calista Wood, b. Apr. 14, 1796; m. Oct. 16, 1823; d. June 15, 1886.

He served as selectman in 1837-8, as a member of the Massachusetts Legislature in 1840, and was chosen Deacon of the Congregational Church in 1866, which office he held until his death. In the early days he was a Lieutenant of a Militia Co., and he was noted for his clear retentive memory, and knowledge

of local history. He occupied the farm of his father David 3rd where his family was born.

FIFTH GENERATION

Children.

46.* I. Sarah Ann, b. Oct. 11, 1824; m. Samuel Perry.
47.* II. Horace Jr., b. Mar. 10, 1828; m. Eunice Fuller.
48. III. Calista A., b. July 20, 1837; d. Mar. 28, 1846.

17. Mandana Wallis[4] and Horace McFarland, b. May 21, 1802.

FIFTH GENERATION

Children.

49. I. Caroline, b. May 3, 1824.
50. II. Horace, b. Apr. 21, 1828; d. Sept. 9, 1828.
51. III. Henry, b. Oct. 11, 1832; m. Sarah Lumb; he removed to Brooklyn, N. Y. and became a pastor of the Presbyterian church.

Children.

Bessie, Clara, Ralph, Walter.

18. Mary Wallis[4] and William A. Robbins, b. Apr. 11, 1805; m. Sept. 26, 1830; d. Mar. 9, 1885. He was from Westford, Conn. They settled in Holland and this branch claims the only descendants still living in the old town.

FIFTH GENERATION

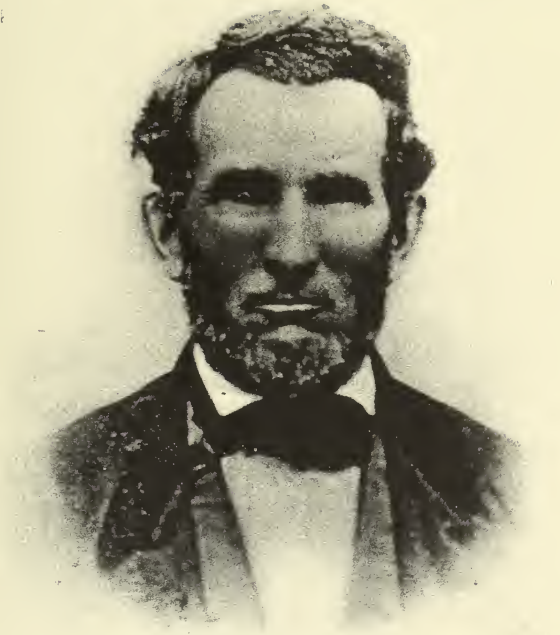
Children.

52. I. Persis, b. Jan. 16, 1832; d. June 14, 1833.
53.* II. Mary Jane, b. Apr. 24, 1834; m. Roswell Abner Blodgett.
54. III. Otis Edwin, b. Nov. 5, 1836; d. Aug. 31, 1845.
55.* IV. Harriet Cutler, b. June 2, 1840; m. Roscius Back.
56.* V. Albert Wm., b. Dec. 7, 1846; m. Elizabeth L. Drake, Jan. 22, 1870; he d. Mar. 30, 1882.

Children.

George A.[6], b. Apr. 14, 1872, m. and has dau. Ethel[7]; b. July 24, 1896; resides Millbury.

24. Warren A. Wallis[5] and Elvira C. Webber, b. Mar. 5, 1812; m. May 19, 1839; d. Apr. 12, 1869; she was b. Jan. 29, 1813; d. Jan. 9, 1899, dau. of Abner and Lucy (Pike) Webber; they settled upon the farm of his father Freeland; he was selectman in 1841; town clerk, 1846.



WARREN A. WALLIS

ESTHER LOREAN (WALLIS) CHARLES

SIXTH GENERATION

Child.

57. Elvie J., b. Nov. 25, 1850; m. Arthur Roper of Holland, July 14, 1875, a son of Chas. and Charlotte (Nichols) Roper; removed to Palmer 1892.

Child.

Warren A., b. May 21, 1891.

26. Freeland Orlando Wallis[5] and Josephine Westgate, b. Mar. 14, 1818; d. Mar. 24, 1898; m. Sept. 29, 1845, a dau. of Miriam (Weld) and Earl Westgate of Portsmouth, R. I.; she d. Aug. 25, 1902; removed to Warren, R. I., where he owned a fine residence on the banks of the Warren river and engaged in wholesale beef business, now owned by the son Eugene.

SIXTH GENERATION

Children.

58. I. Eugene Freeland, b. (Sturbridge), June 20, 1850; m. Ella F. Lawton, Nov. 27, 1872, d. Perry and Mary Lawton of Swansea, Mass.

Children.

1. Fred E.[7], b. Feb. 29, 1876; m. Minnie L. Chace Oct. 27, 1898.
2. Byron Ives[7], b. Sept. 20, 1897.

59. II. Frank Earl, b. Oct. 4, 1852 (Southbridge); m. Bell Desmond of New York, 1878, residence Malden, Mass.

27. Esther Lorean Wallis[5] and Abraham Charles. A woman of dignified presence, and of a refined and noble character; always capable and efficient, she will be remembered as a typical New Englander of an earlier day; b. Aug. 27, 1822; m. Sept. 29, 1841; d. Mar. 2, 1906; he was a son of Darius and Prudence (Faulkner) Charles of Brimfield; b. Feb. 5, 1807; d. Aug. 18, 1889; they owned an extensive farm in East Brimfield and engaged very successfully in dairying; it is now occupied by the son Byron W. Charles.

SIXTH GENERATION

Children Born in Brimfield.

60. I. Luvan Augusta, b. Aug. 22, 1842; m. Henry D. Hyde of Brimfield, Oct. 9, 1866.

Children Born in Brimfield.

1. Anna Farwell, b. Sept. 1, 1867; b. in Boston.
2. Benjamin Dwight, b. Nov. 27, 1869.
3. Alice Charles, b. Mar. 12, 1872.
4. Louvan Wight, b. May 25, 1875.
5. Henry Webb, b. Apr. 18, 1885.

61. II. Byron Wallis, b. Jan. 6, 1845, served in Civil War, Co. G. 46th Reg. M. V. M.

62. III. Wilder Allen, b. Aug. 20, 1847, m. and d. in Moosehead, Minn., Sept. 1892.

63.* IV. Salem Darius, b. Mar. 19, 1850; m. Ada M. Kimmel.

64.* V. Frederic Abraham, b. Mar. 10, 1863; m. Mrs. Ida (Franks) Young.

29. Harris C. Wallis[5] and Jane Beals, b. Oct. 18, 1817; m. Mar. 20, 1846; she d. July 18, 1853; they lived for a time in Michigan; removed to Holland and later to Brimfield; he enlisted for nine months service in the Civil War, in Co. G. 46th Reg. M. V.; d. in Owego, N. Y., July 26, 1896.

SIXTH GENERATION

Children Born in Michigan.

65. I. Charles, b. Mar. 1847; d. young.

66. II. Malinda, b. Mar. 1849; d. 1853.

67.* III. Clara C., b. Feb. 18, 1851; m. Edwin Chamberlain.

68. IV. John Jay, b. May 29, 1853; resides in Owego, N. Y.; m. 2 Lucy Thorpe, Nov. 16, 1854.

69.* V. David Parker, b. Dec. 10, 1856 (in Holland); m. Harriet M. Lewis.

70. VI. Harry Lincoln, b. Dec. 20, 1861 (Brimfield); m. Ella M. Ellsworth of Ithaca, N. Y., July 14, 1904; resides in Owego, N. Y.

WILLIAM S. WALLIS

MRS. WILLIAM S. WALLIS

33. William Shumway Wallis[5] and Marcilvia Perry, b. Dec. 20, 1825; d. May 1, 1911; m. Nov. 15, 1849; she was b. Mar. 31, 1828, in Wales; d. Sept. 19, 1897; both are buried in Springfield; she was a descendant of Capt. Anthony and Fifer David Needham, who served in the Revolutionary War (*See Mass. Archives Vols.* 13 *and* 24), and was a woman of rare health and strength; wise, self-sacrificing and devoted, her noble Christian character will ever remain an inspiration to her descendants; this family lived in Wales 8 years, where four children were born; and finally settled upon the original homestead of David 1st where also the parents, Esquire John and Lucy, spent their declining years.

Here his large family grew to an unusually vigorous maturity; all are living and with two exceptions, reside in New England.

William Wallace was a man of active habits, a good neighbor, and a public spirited citizen always earnest for the welfare of his little town. He was chosen selectman in 1873, and during the following 20 years served as Assessor, Constable, Clerk, and in other minor offices; he enlarged and improved the old farm, until failing health compelled his removal to Springfield in 1894, when the Wallis homestead passed into other hands.

SIXTH GENERATION

Children.

(Spelling changed to Wallace.)

71. I. Carrie Rebecca, b. Sept. 21, 1850 in Holland; m. Horace E., son of Harvey and Serepta Janes, May 31, 1871, settled upon "Janes' Hill" in East Brimfield; reside now in Springfield and are active in the Congregational Church.

Child.

Lizzie E., b. Nov. 25, 1873, d. June 18, 1891; was a graduate of H. F. H. S.

72. II. Mary Deidama, b. Aug. 2, 1852, Holland; m. Henry, son of Hubbard and Pallas Thresher of Strafford, Conn., Dec. 1, 1875, and settled upon the Thresher homestead where they now reside. He has served as Representative to Legislature of Conn., and both are devoted supporters of the Baptist Church.

73.* III. David Perry, b. Apr. 24, 1854, Wales; m. Mary Abbott; (2) Amanda Searles.
74.* IV. Frank Freemont, b. June 7, 1856, Wales; m. Lizzie Winch.
75.* V. Hattie Eliza, b. Feb. 13, 1858, Wales; m. E. Herbert Cutler.
76. VI. John Randolph, b. Jan. 20, 1860, Wales; is manager of an extensive farm on Bartlett's Island, Maine.
77.* VII. Daniel Hewson, b. Mar. 26, 1862, Holland; m. Rose M. Lowe.
78.* VIII. Silas Ives, b. Feb. 2, 1864, Holland; m. Lucy M. Sessions.
79.* IX. Abbie Jane, b. Feb. 20, 1867, Holland; m. Richard Huntington.
80. X. Fred Ainsworth, b. June 29, 1869, Holland; m. Mrs. May B. McGown, Sept. 16, 1908, d. of John Q. and Hattie T. Barden of Fitchburg, a musician of some prominence; resides So. Framingham.

45. Charles Otis Wallis[5] and Helen Willis; b. Apr. 7, 1834; m. 1855; she was from Vermont; they removed to Oxford, Mass. and settled upon a farm where he still lives, having attained his 80th year; his sister Susan (No. 44) shared his home until her death, aged 88.

SIXTH GENERATION

Child.

81. I. Lizzie Helen, b. Aug. 7, 1865; m. Frank E. Warren, Feb. 8, 1900; resides Auburn, Mass.
Child.
Philip Wallis, b. Nov. 22, 1909.

46. Sarah Ann Wallis[5] and Samuel B. Perry, b. Oct. 11, 1824, in Holland; m. Sept. 1, 1846; removed and d. Mar. 12, 1897; he d. Mar. 7, 1911.

SIXTH GENERATION.

Children.

82. I. Marion Frances, b. Nov. 3, 1847; d. 1864.
83. II. John Wallis, b. Oct. 28, 1849; d. 1863.
84. III. Horace Wheelock, b. Mar. 3, 1852; d. 1863.
85. IV. Willie Samuel, b. Jan. 15, 1855; d. 1864.
86.* V. Susan Adaline, b. Feb. 21, 1858; m. Geo. Hardin Beck; (2) John H. Spear.

87.* VI. Sarah Emily, b. Dec. 6, 1864; m. William Marriott.
88.* VII. Samuel Dawes, b. Mar. 7, 1870; m. Flora Belcher; (2) Rebecca Burgoyne.

47. Horace Wallis[5] Jr. and Eunice Fuller, b. Mar. 10, 1828; m. Dec. 4, 1849; d. Mar. 4, 1879; she was b. July 24, 1827, a dau. of Elbridge Fuller of Holland, and resides in Waltham, Mass. aged 87 years; they settled upon the farm of David 3rd which they greatly improved, building new barns and adopting new methods in dairying; he served as Assessor and Selectman, and died at the comparatively early age of 51, when the old farm descended to his son Horace E. Wallis.

SIXTH GENERATION.

Children Born in Holland.

89. I. Calista A., b. July 17, 1854; m. Chas. Hunt, Nov. 22, 1876; d. June 3, 1877.
90. II. Jessie M., b. Aug. 19, 1856; d. Oct. 6, 1877.
91.* III. Mary E., b. June 21, 1860; m. Daniel P. Spencer.
92.* IV. Horace E., b. Nov. 3, 1862; m. Ada E. Webber.
93.* V. A. Lincoln, b. Apr. 19, 1865; m. Mary Otis; (2) Loretta Norman.

53. Mary J. Robbins[5] and Roswell Abner Blodgett b. April 24, 1834, a dau. of No. 18; m. Nov. 27, 1855; d. Aug. 25, 1900. He was b. April 7, 1825; d. June 29, 1881.

SIXTH GENERATION (Still remain in Holland).

Children.

94. I. Ella Jane, b. Apr. 16, 1857; m. Wm. Lafayette Webber, May 14, 1884; he d. Sept. 1, 1905.
95. II. Fred Abner, b. Oct. 13, 1859; m. Bessie M. Pease, d. of Jerome of Wilbraham, June 29, 1907.
96. III. Mary Ada, b. Nov. 19, 1863; m. John F. Hebard, June 20, 1888.

Children.

1. William E., b. Mar. 14, 1889.
2. Emory B., b. Jan. 8, 1892.
3. Franklin A., b. June 20, 1897.

97. IV. Harriet Rebecca, b. June 13, 1868.

55. Harriet Cutler[5] and Roscius Back, b. June 2, 1840; m. in Three Rivers, Aug. 31, 1863, and is still living in Southbridge (a daughter of No. 18); both were natives of Holland.

SIXTH GENERATION.

Children.

98. I. Roscius Harlow, b. May 28, 1865; m. Katherine E. Hart, b. May 3, 1865, in Manchester, England, Dec. 1, 1888.

Children.

1. Roscius H., Jr., b. Mar. 17, 1894.
2. Helen Robbins, b. July 30, 1896.

M. (2) Ann Phillips.

Children.

1. Harriet E., b. July 29, 1907.
2. Ann Bruce, b. Mar. 18, 1914.

99. II. Harry Eugene, b. July 8, 1869; m. Ella D. Hutchins, dau. of Dr. Samuel Hutchins of Killingly, Ct., Jan. 8, 1902; he is an attorney of Danielson, Conn.

Children.

1. Samuel H., b. Jan. 9, 1903.
2. Harry E., Jr., b. Aug. 3, 1904.

63. Salem Darius Charles[6] and Ada M. Kimmel, b. Mar. 19, 1850 (son of No. 27); m. July 12, 1911, in Orwigsburg, Pa., a dau. of Howard G. and Agnes (Albright) Kimmel, of West Brunswick, Pa.; he is a graduate of Amherst College, class of 1874, admitted to Bar 1877, and resides in Boston, where he is a man of prominence; he has been a Representative to the Legislature; trustee of various City Departments, President of Fish and Game Protective Association; Street Commissioner 16 years, and Chairman of that Board; he is President of the Board of Trustees of H. F. H. S. and is a graduate of that Institution.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children.

100. Agnes Daria, b. Apr. 10, 1912.

64. Frederick Abraham Charles[6] and Mrs. Ida M. (Franks) Young, b. Mar. 10, 1863; m. 1896 in Boston; she is a native of Houlton, Maine; he is a graduate of H. F. H. S. and of Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, class of 1892; resides in Exeter, N. H., where he has practised his profession since 1895.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children Born in Exeter

101. I. Marion Freeland, b. Sept. 20, 1896, m. Edwin L. Sleeper of Winthrop, Mass., Feb. 25, 1914.
Children.
1. Richard Thorndyke, b. Nov. 29, 1914.
102. II. Salem Darius (2), b. July 18, 1898.
103. III. Frederic Abraham, Jr., b. Mar. 22, 1900.
104. IV. Byron Wilbur, b. Feb. 1, 1904.
105. V. Esther Luvan, b. Oct. 7, 1905.
106. VI. William Arthur, b. May 31, 1912 in New Durham, N. H.

67. Clara Cordelia Wallis[6] and Edwin Chamberlain, b. Feb. 18, 1851; m. Dec. 28, 1876; he was son of John and Persis Chamberlain of Sturbridge; though left a widow in the early years of her marriage, she brought to an honorable maturity four sons and a daughter; resides in Sturbridge.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children Born in Sturbridge.

107. I. Bertram H., b. Jan. 15, 1878; m. Ethel Simmons, Oct. 18, 1905; a daughter of Samuel and Ella Simmons Southbridge.
Children.
1. Dorothy, b. Jan. 20, 1907.
2. Edwin H., b. June 6, 1909.
3. Bertram H., b. July 8, 1913.
108. II. Eva, b. 1879, d. 1880.
109. III. Ruth E., b. May 20, 1881; m. Harold A. Granger, July 12, 1910; a son of Edward and Helen Granger Westboro.
110. IV. Joseph H., b. Sept. 6, 1883.
111. V. Philip W., b. Feb. 28, 1885.
112. VI. Alvin H., b. May 8, 1887; m. Gertrude Webber, Oct. 24, 1910; a dau. of Fred and Julia Webber of Sturbridge.

69. David Parker Wallace[6] and Harriet M. Lewis, b. Dec. 1856 in Holland; m. June 1, 1887, a dau. of Ensign Lincoln and Ruth (Page) Lewis of Cambridge; he is employed with A. W. Pope Co. of Boston; resides in Roslindale.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children.

113. I. Charles Arthur, b. Mch. 13, 1888; m. Ina V. Baker, June 1, 1910, dau. of Nathan and Alice Baker of Brookline, is a salesman for Sellers & Co., Boston, and resides in Roslindale.

114. II. Ruth Edna, b. Oct 19, 1891; m. Frank C. Hendry, June 25, 1913, son of Frank and Magdalena Hendry of Roslindale. Res., Roslindale.

73. David Perry Wallace[6] and Mary Abbott (1st w.) b. Apr. 24, 1854 (Wales); m. Jan. 16, 1878, a dau. of Rufus K. and Nancy Abbott of Chelmsford; she d. Jan. 11, 1888; he was an officer in the Concord and Charlestown reformatories for some years; removed to Still River, and now resides in So. Framingham; both he and his present wife are actively interested in civic, literary and fraternal organizations, and are members of the Baptist Church.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children.

115. I. Raymond, b. Dec. 20, 1881, in Concord Jct.; m. Nettie O. Hatch, dau. of Thomas and Mary Hatch of Newport, Maine. Rem. to Grass Range, Montana, where he is engaged in ranching.

Second marriage, Oct. 30, 1888, with Amanda Searles, dau. of Urias and Amanda (Freeman) Searles of Westboro. Child.

116. II. Marion L., b. Jan. 29, 1891; m. Webster B. Davis, son of Samuel G. and Parezina (Bennett) Davis of Denmark, Maine. Reside in Boston.

74. Frank Fremont Wallace[6] and Lizzie Winch, b. June 7, 1856, Wales; m. June 7, 1887 in Clinton, a daughter of Charles F. and Phoebe (Marsh) Winch, of Georgetown; they reside in Clinton, where he is Manager of the Wallace Grain Co., a business established in 1886, and conducted in partnership with his brother S. Ives Wallace for 20 years, and which is now incorporated; he served as selectman for three years, and is a trustee

of the Baptist Church and both are active in the charitable and civic affairs of the town.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Child.

117. Helen Lucille, b. Nov. 15, 1888. Is a graduate of Boston School of Domestic Science. Res., Philadelphia.

75. Hattie Eliza Wallace[6] and Elihu Herbert Cutler, b. Feb. 13, 1858 in Wales; m. June 14, 1882, a son of Henry and Harriet B. Cutler of N. Wilbraham; he has engaged in manufacturing and is Ex-President of Knox Auto Co., and of Nat. Auto Manufacturers Association of New York City; they have resided in N. Wilbraham and Brooklyn, N. Y., and are now located at Springfield, where both are active members of Hope Congregational Church; she is an officer in the Daughters of the American Revolution, with descent from four soldiers of that war, and is a graduate of H. F. H. S.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children.

118. I. Ruth Elinor, b. Apr. 4, 1883, in No. Wilbraham; a graduate of Vassar College, 1907. Res., N. Y. City.

119. II. Paul Wallace, b. Apr. 8, 1887 in No. Wilbraham; m. Olive H., dau. of Francis A. and Katherine Everton, Sept. 19, 1914, in Westfield, where they reside.

120. III. Gerald Ives, b. May 19, 1893, in Springfield. A student of Yale University, Class 1915. S.

77. D. Hewson Wallace[6] and Rose M. Lowe, b. Mar. 26, 1862; m. Sept. 25, 1893, in Clinton; a dau. of Henry S. and Sarah E. Lowe of Greenfield, N. H.; they lived for a time in New York City where he was manager of a wholesale beef company; then removed and settled upon a valuable farm in Middlefield, Conn.; he was Master of the Grange in 1911, and both attend the Congregational Church.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children Born in New York City.

121. I. Marjorie, b. Dec. 16, 1897.

122. II. Perry, b. Oct. 10, 1899.

78. S. Ives Wallace[6] and Lucy M. Sessions, b. Feb. 2, 1864; m. Sept. 1, 1886; she is a dau. of Hon. Wm. R. Sessions of Hampden and Springfield and is descended from a passenger of the ship Mayflower of 1620, and from eight ancestors who served in the Revolution; they resided in Clinton 20 years, where he held various offices in the town and was elected a Representative to the Massachusetts Legislature in 1899; removed to Pasadena, California in 1906 and is a member of the B. O. Kendall Co., Investment Bankers and Brokers; he is a trustee and both are active members of the Universalist Church.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children Born in Clinton.

123. I. Earle Sessions, b. July 29, 1887; m. Marion Hartwell, Oct. 29, 1913, dau. of Frank and Grace (Jacobs) Hartwell of Somerville, and an instructor in Wellesley College. He is a graduate of Dean Academy, and of Tufts College, Class of 1909, and was an athlete of some prominence. Removed to Pasadena, Cal.

124. II. Sylvia Perry, b. Sept. 24, 1896. Is a student at Simmons College of Boston (1914).

79. Abbie Jane Wallace[6] and Richard J. Huntington, b. Feb. 20, 1867; m. Dec. 25, 1901; a son of Loring and Lucy (Dransfield) Huntington of Webster, and of Springfield, Mass.; the mother was a native of Huddersfield, Yorkshire, England and died in Springfield in 1891. She is a graduate of H. F. H. S. and was a successful teacher in various cities of Massachusetts; they lived for a time at Springfield, then in New York City, removing in 1907 to California where he is Pacific Coast Manager for the Otis Elevator Co.; they reside in Berkeley and are members of the Congregational Church.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children.

125. Virginia, b. June 11, 1903, in Springfield.

86. Susan Adaline Perry[6] and George H. Back, b. Feb. 21, 1858; dau. of No. 46; m. Nov. 18, 1875; he d. Sept. 1880.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Child.

126. Bertha E., b. Aug. 10, 1878; m. Keyes A. Boynton, 1896. She d. Mch. 10, 1908.

Children.

I. Marion E., b. Sept. 23, 1896.
II. Lester H., b. Feb. 26, 1898.
III. Vernon P., b. Oct. 2, 1899.
IV. Harriet S., b. Dec. 9, 1900.
V. Wilnah W., b. Dec. 23, 1902.
VI. Stanwood E., b. Mch. 29, 1904.
VII. Velda R., b. Aug. 5, 1905.
VIII. Norma B., b. Dec. 21, 1906.
IX. Bertha B., b. Feb. 25, 1908.

Second marriage with John H. Spear in 1891 and resides in Cushman. No issue.

87. Sarah Emily Perry[6] and William Marriott, b. Dec. 6, 1864; m. 1888 and d. 1913, dau. of No. 46.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children.

127. I. Edward Perry, b. May 1890.
128. II. Harry, b. 1892; d. in infancy.

88. Samuel Dawes Perry[6] and Rebecca Burgoyne, b. Mar. 7, 1870; m. (1) 1892, Flora J. Belcher, who d. 1902; m. (2) in 1904; he was son of No. 46.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children.

129. I. Herbert Dawes, b. Nov. 1, 1905.
130. II. Anna Louise, b. May 16, 1907.
131. III. Laura Burgoyne, b. Apr. 24, 1909.
132. IV. Marshall Wallis, b. Apr. 14, 1911.
133. V. John Elsworth, b. Feb. 27, 1913.

91. Mary Eunice Wallis[6] and Daniel P. Spencer, b. June 21, 1860; m. May 25, 1882; he was a son of John Spencer and they reside in Belchertown where they are active in civic affairs and attend the Congregational Church; she is a graduate of H. F. H. S.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children.

134. I. Phillip, b. Mch. 9, 1883; d. Mch. 13, 1883.
135. II. Ruth Wallis, b. Sept. 11, 1884; d. June 24, 1894.
136. III. Howard, b. Aug. 14, 1890.

92. Horace Elbridge Wallis[6] and Ada E. Webber, b. Nov. 3, 1862; m. Mar. 22, 1888; a dau. of Geo. Livingstone Webber, of Holland; they settled for a time upon the farm of David 3d, and carried on extensively the dairy venture his father had established; he became prominent in town affairs, serving as Selectman, Assessor, School Committee and Postmaster, and representing his district in the Legislature of Massachusetts in 1895; he removed to Waltham in 1896, and is engaged in a mercantile business. With his removal the name of Wallis disappears from the records of Holland.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children Born in Holland.

137. I. Grace Eugenia, b. Dec. 28, 1888. Graduate of Framingham Normal School.
138. II. Edith Leslie, b. Nov. 21, 1893.

93. A. Lincoln Wallace[6] and Lauretta Normand, b. Apr. 19, 1865; m. July 1, 1894. A merchant of Milford, Conn. By 1st wife Mary Otis, m. 1890, d. May 5, 1893, there was no issue.

SEVENTH GENERATION

Children.

139. I. Verne Audrey, b. Apr. 22, 1903.
140. II. Jessie Norma, b. July 16, 1906.

THE WALLACE OR WALLIS FAMILY.

By Lovering.

Local tradition and feeling seemed to be that the Wallis Family at the north end of Holland was nowise related to the Wallis Family at the south end. We have come to other conclusions, impelled by circumstances and evidence which while not absolute proof, yet is so near to it that we regard it as satisfactory. The first Wallis to settle in territory that became Holland was David Wallis of Woodstock, who had married a Brimfield lady. His sons were:—David, Jr., Jonathan, John, William and Thomas. David Wallis gives a deed to his son Thomas of 83 A., in 1762 (see Registry of Deeds, Liber 4, Folio 361). Thomas Wallis, physician, sells to William Wallis 83 A., by a deed given in 1785, see Registry of Deeds for description. Thomas Wallis is old enough to receive a deed of land from his father in 1762, and is a physician in 1785. Thomas Wallis, physician, lived in the south part of the town, the house site where he lived is well known, No. 105. Thomas Wallis, physician, deeds land to his son Alanson Wallis, Nov. 3, 1800. The description puts this land between land of Zuriel May on the East and Bradley Webber on the West, and abutting on land of Rinaldo Wallis whose house-site is well known. See Registry of Deeds, Liber 41, Folio 268, also the assessment roll for 1798 with descriptions for aforesaid parties. Alanson Wallis was son to Dr. Thomas Wallis. That being so it is *extremely* probable that Rinaldo Wallis was, who lived close by, also Alfred, Moses and Elizabeth, see record of early marriages, and Thomas P. Wallis who likewise became a physician and married for his second wife Keziah Hamant of Sturbridge, and soon removed to that town, where we find record of his family. He could not be the Dr. Thomas Wallis, son to David Wallis, Sr., for the Sturbridge records say that he died March 18, 1827, aged 51. If so he was born about 1776. But Dr. Thomas Wallis was old enough to receive a deed of land from his father in 1762. We give the following as the family of Dr. Thomas Wallis of small pox fame, son to David, Sr.

Thomas[2] Wallis m. (1) ———; (2) ———.

Children.

Alfred[3], m. Zeporah Cady, April 26, 1792.
Rinaldo[3], m. Sarah Brooks, April 21, 1793.
Alanson[3], m. Lucy Hyde, int. Sept. 18, 1796.
Elizabeth[3], m. Zenas Dunton, Oct. 8, 1804.
Thomas P.[3], b. about 1776; m. (1) Sophia Haynes, Oct. 25, 1804; (2) Keziah Hamant, int. Feb. 1, 1807.
Moses[3], m. Abigail Merrick, int. Mar. 15, 1807.

These names are given in the order of their marriage.

We find the following baptisms of children of Doctor Wallis. They are without doubt children of a second marriage.

Cynthia, bp. May 3, 1784; m. Asahel Stacey, 1803.
Sophia, bp. Feb. 25, 1787.
Grosvenor, bp. May 24, 1789.
Austin, bp. Feb. 23, 1794.

From the Sturbridge Records.

Dr. Thomas[3] P. Wallis m. (1) Sophia Haynes Oct. 25, 1804; m. (2) Keziah Hamant, Mar. 12, 1807. He died March 18, 1827; she died Apr. 28, 1828.

Children.

Lorenzo[4], b. 1808.
Thomas[4] P., Jr., d. Sept. 15, 1808.
Moses[4], b. 1810.
Sophia[4], bp. 1811; b. of wife No. 1 probably.
Pownal[4], b. 1812.
Wm. Hamant[4], b. 1817.
Emerson[4], b. 1819.
Caroline[4] Keziah, b. 1822.

The above Dr. Thomas P. Wallis is the one who makes a contribution to the church fund in 1820 from Sturbridge.

See vital records of Sturbridge.

WALLACE FAMILY.

By Newton Wallace.

Rinaldo[3] Wallace, b. 1767; d. 1850; m. in Sturbridge, Apr. 20, 1793, Sarah Brooks, of Tolland, Conn. She died Nov. 2, 1849.

Children.

Nancy[4], b. March 24, 1794; d. March 24, 1855.
Gardner[4], b. Feb. 9, 1796; d. Dec. 6, 1886.
Augusta[4], b. July 1, 1798; d. May 10, 1857.
Lyman[4], b. Jan. 27, 1801; d. March 20, 1826.
Washington[4], b. Aug. 9, 1803; d. Nov. 14, 1822.
Hiram[4], b. Apr. 17, 1807; d. Aug. 8, 1862.
Freeman[4], b. Nov. 17, 1811; d. ——— 1879.
Richmond[4], b. Nov. 15, 1818; d. March 18, 1821.

Nancy[4] Wallace never married.

Gardner[4] Wallace m. Elvira Colburn, d. Dec. 15, 1869.

Children.

Elizabeth[5].
Helen Augusta[5].

Hiram[4] Wallace m. Eliza Putney of Union, Ct. She was born Apr. 17, 1817. Married Jan. 21, 1835.

Children.

Newton[5], b. July 5, 1841.
Edwin[5], b. Apr. 21, 1850.
George[5], b. Mar. 20, 1852.

Hiram[4] Wallace always lived in Holland except about two years spent in Union. He purchased a saw and grist mill in the southeast part of the town, which he operated for over twenty years. He always took an interest in elections, local, state and national. But while he felt a deep interest in town affairs, yet he would never accept office.

Augusta[4] Wallace m. Eleazer Webber. No children.

Washington[4] and Richmond[4] Wallace, never married.

Freeman[4] Wallace m. ——— Blaisdell of Maine and settled in Stonington, Conn., where he carried on a jewelry business.

Newton[5] Wallace served three years in 27th Mass. Infantry in the "Civil War." (See Soldiers' Civil War.) After

the war he married Adelle E. Harris, daughter of Wm. and Augusta Harris. They made their home in Union for a time, afterwards at Ludlow; for the past eighteen years he has been chief engineer and electrician at the Mass. Agricultural College, Amherst, Mass., making his home there.

He has held various civil offices, Constable, School Committee and Justice of the Peace, Post Commander and Officer of the Day; also is chorister of the M. E. church which he attends.

Newton[5] Wallace m. Adelle E. Harris.

Children.

Edith A.[6], b. Oct. 12, 1876.
Lizzie D.[6], b. Mar. 11, 1879.
Wm. N.[6], b. June 27, 1885.

Edwin[5] Wallace m. Marietta Gold of Sturbridge. He lived for a time in Union, Ct., running a saw mill, and farming. Then he moved to Sturbridge where he owned and managed a large farm, a saw and planing mill, also a fishing and summer resort, until his death, July 27, 1914.

George[5] Wallace m. Emily Curtiss of Union, Ct. He engaged in the lumber business for several years, buying and cutting off wood-lots. He served the town of Union, Ct., as School Committee, Selectman, and Representative. He now lives in Sturbridge.

George Wallace m. Emily Curtiss.

Children.

Bertha[6], ———
She is now a teacher in the Sturbridge public school.

THE WEBER—WEBBER FAMILY.

By Chase.

Reviewed by the Author.

Surnames were not in common use until between 1300 and 1400; previous to that time people were called by one name only. The first surnames were taken largely from the business in which the individuals were engaged, as Smith, Cooper, Carpenter, etc. The family we are tracing took its name from the fact that they were weavers; they made webs, therefore they were Webers or Websters. A man who was a weaver was called a Weber; while a woman who did the same kind of work was called a Webster. In each case they were weavers, they made webs, consequently they adopted for their family name, Weber, Webster, Webb or Weaver, as they fancied.

Thus with the use of family names, families are now able to trace their ancestry back to earlier generations, which could not be done, lacking family names, with any degree of accuracy.

The Weber—Webber family according to authentic history originated in Germany. Many families by the name are in that country at the present time.

At one time some by the name of Weber emigrated to France and from thence to England, with "William the Norman," probably in 1066 as that was the year that the battle of Hastings was fought in which some Webers participated. William conquered England and was there after designated as "William the Conqueror." After establishing his right to the throne he left the previous King, Harold, to rule in his place and he returned to his dynasty in France where he died in 1087.

It is noticed that the name was at earliest date spelled Weber. In later times it has become pretty generally to be spelled Webber; the first form was from the German and they are of German origin. This form was retained until after they came to Holland from Ipswich, Beverly, Methuen and other places in that vicinity. It has been found that the Weber family had six coats-of-arms. I can only describe one of them,

viz: Gules, (red) on a chevron, engrailed or (gold) between three hurts (roundlets) as many annulets, azure (blue). The crest "a wolf's head."

There is quite a family of Webers in St. Kew Parish, Cornwall, Eng. One Wm. Weber was church warden in 1727. In 1462 Henry Weber was Dean of Exeter.

The following monumental inscriptions are to be seen in the church yard of Rumington, Somerset Co., Eng.

"Sacred to the memory of Edward Alexander Weber, Clerk, 36 years, Rector of this Parish, who departed this life Dec. 25th, 1872, age 68 years."

"In memory of Dennis Withers Wade Weber, who died Dec. 18, 1876, aged 64; also of Mary V. Weber who died Sept. 19, 1877, aged 77 years, and Georgiana Weber, who died Apr. 22nd, 1880, aged 76 years, dau. of Rev. Edward Weber, Rector of this Parish and Botheolton, and Elisabeth his wife."

One John Weber was Capt. of the ship "Royal Defense" for the Barbadoes, Dec. 6, 1664. "One Thomas Webber was master of the Mayflower on one voyage."

There has been found a record of a marriage between a Webber and a Norman family which occurred in 1700; previous to this date we have few records of Webers or Webbers, in this country and those few were mostly seamen.

The earliest records we have been able thus far to find of our family by the name are, Richard, Samuel, William, Mary, of Marblehead; and Richard, Edward and John of Ipswich, Beverly and Methuen and that vicinity; these last three are known to have been brothers and the others if not of the same family must have been as near as cousins and the same men are found to have lived at various times in each of the above named towns; also a good proof of their consanguinity is that they largely used the same names for their children. It is hard to trace accurately these families below the second generations as there are so many of the same name especially the Richards, which are numerous. In "Vital Records" of above named towns and others, which are in every public library in Mass., may be found many later generations of Webbers.

Dr. Daniel G. Webber of Boston wrote of Thomas and Michael Webber, who lived near Falmouth, in 1660-1668. He

said most of the Webbers in America were descended from either Thomas or Michael Webber; and Boston records say that Michael has no connection with the Ipswich and Methuen family, at least not in America, and we have record of a Thomas Webber who came with his family from Falmouth, and settled in Charlestown; his wife was Mary Parker, b. 1639; she was admitted to the church in Charlestown, Feb. 28, 1695. Thomas died before 1692.

The names of his children are not given in Willis' Hist. of Charlestown, but as it is a tradition that some Thomas was ancestor of the Methuen, Beverly and Ipswich Webers, the above named Thomas would be the right age and generation to have been father of the men named above.

Also the John Webber who went to the Barbadoes, Dec. 6, 1664, is thought to have been possibly ancestor to the John who came to Holland. It is hoped by the compiler of this that some one will be able to find to a certainty who was their immediate ancestor.

An Association formed in Brooklyn, N. Y., previous to 1891, called "The Anneke (Webber) Jans-Bogardus Literary Association," members to be of the Weber-Webber family and descendants; many of which are lineal descendants of "King William" "Third King of Holland" "Prince of Orange" and "Founder of the Dutch Republic."

In 1891 the President of the Association was E. H. Wallace; Treas., John A. Anderson.

Fee for joining the Association, $500.

One line has been traced thus:—

Mary Louise[10] (Webber) Royden.

Benjamin[9] Webber and wife Louise (Eastman) Webber.

Simeon[8] Webber and wife Thankful (Stover) Webber.

Jonathan[7] Webber and wife Harriet (Hayes) Webber.

Jonathan[6] Webber and wife Margery (Coombs) Webber.

Waitstill[5] Webber and wife.

Samuel[4] Webber and wife.

Wolfert[3], Jr., Webber and wife.

Wolfert[2], Sr., Webber, m. dau. of King William.

William[1] the Silent and wife.

Those who can trace their line to King William may well boast of their regal origin.

FIRST GENERATION.

Richard[1] Weber, of Marblehead, m. Jan. 1, 1714, Mary Lebbee.

Children.

I. Samuel[2], bp. July 8, 1716.
II. Mary[2], bp. May 26, 1717; m. Nov. 7, 1734, Patrick Redding.
III. Elizabeth[2], bp. June 22, 1718.
IV. Abigail[2], bp. Sept. 11, 1720.
V. Richard[2], bp. Feb. 26, 1720-21.
VI. Sarah[2], bp. Mch. 15, 1723-4.

Mary[1] Weber, of Marblehead, m. Feb. 21, 1704-5, Samuel Bowden, in Marblehead.

Samuel[1] Weber, m. June 30, 1716, Hannah Hood, in Marblehead.

Child.

1. I. Samuel[2], Jr., b. abt. 1720.

(Other children not recorded there.)

Richard[1] Weber of Ipswich m. Feb. 27, 1710, Sarah Chapman in Ipswich.

Children.

I. Sarah[2], bp. Feb. 20, 1711-12.
2. II. Richard[2], bp. Aug. 23, 1713.
III. Jacob[2], bp. July 16, 1716.
IV. Patience, bp. Mch. 25, 1718.
V. Anne, bp. June 26, 1720.

William[1] Weber, m. (1) Dec. 2, 1707, Sarah Mercer. (No children recorded.) (2) Jan. 20, 1712-13, Hannah Chamneys, in Marblehead.

Children.

3. I. William[2], bp. Nov. 18, 1713.
II. John[2], bp. July 15, 1716.

(No others recorded in Marblehead.)

Edward[1] Weber, m. 1703, Patience Hobbs of Ipswich.

Children.

I. Richard[2], bp. 1704; b. in Beverly; m. (1) Feb. 2, 1735, Mary Gould; (2) Aug. 14, 1741, Sarah Broughton.
4. II. Edward[2], bp. 1705; b. in Beverly.
III. John[2], bp. 1705; b. in Beverly; m. Jan. 8, 1733, Sarah Hart in Salem.

Children.

1. John[3], bp. Dec. 22, 1734.
2. Sarah[3], bp. Dec. 21, 1740.
3. William[3], bp. Aug. 30, 1741.

IV. Patience[2], bp. Apr. 16, 1708; b. in Ipswich; m. Aug. 27, 1727, John Ford, Jr.

5. V. William[2], bp. Feb. 22, 1711; b. in Ipswich.

VI. Elizabeth[2], bp. Mch. 13, 1713; b. in Ipswich.

VII. Sarah[2], bp. Jan. 31, 1714; b. in Ipswich.

VIII. Joanna[2], bp. Nov. 9, 1718; b. in Ipswich; m. Dec. 22, 1736, Andrew[2], son of John and Elizabeth (Trenance) Weber.

Child.

1. Andrew[3], b. July 15, 1739.

If they had other children they were not recorded in Ipswich.

John[1] Weber, m. Dec. 9, 1708, Elizabeth Trenance, bp. Aug. 30, 1692, both of Beverly. Elizabeth Trenance had two sisters.

Martha, bp. July 5, 1696; m. Oct. 22, 1724, *Josiah Smith.

Rose, bp. Nov. 9, 1701, who m. Dec. 1, 1720, Luke Blashfield of Brimfield. They were daughters of John and Martha Trenance of Beverly; Martha, Sen., d. Mch. 3, 1717-8. Her husband, John, died previous to that date.

John Weber lived on the place now occupied by Mr. Charles Adams, previously occupied by Wm. and Lafayette Webber, Isaac and Willard Wood, and by Dea. Sheribiah Ballard. John Weber bought a large tract of land and gave a farm to each of his sons who came to Holland.

Children of John[1] and Elizabeth (Trenance) Weber.

6. I. Trenance[2], Oct. 28, 1710.

7. II. John[2], Aug. 6, 1713; bpt. Apr. 10, 1731.

III. Andrew[2], Apr. 4, 1717; m. Dec. 12, 1736, Joanna[2], dau. of Edward and Patience (Hobbs) Weber.

Child.

1. Andrew[3], July 15, 1739. If others, they were not recorded in Ipswich.

IV. Henry[2], May 26, 1719.

*Josiah Smith kept a "victualing house" where Wm. Spooner now lives in Brimfield. At that time Holland was included in Brimfield.

V. Francis[2], Sept. 1721; d. y.
8. VI. Francis[2], Aug. 22, 1723.
9. VII. Edward[2], Oct. 24, 1724; m. Abigail ———
10. VIII. Benjamin[2], May 15, 1725.
11. IX. William[2], Dec. 28, 1728.
X. Abigail[2], bp. Apr. 10, 1731.
XI. Elizabeth[2], bp. Apr. 10, 1731.

SECOND GENERATION.

1. Samuel[2] Weber, Jr. (Samuel[1]), b. abt. 1720, in Marblehead; m. Dec. 19, 1751, Hannah Dodd.

Children.

I. Samuel[3], Jr., bp. Sept. 9, 1753.
II. John[3], bp. Mch. 20, 1757.
III. Hannah[3], bp. July 11, 1762.
IV. Elizabeth[3], bp. Jan. 27, 1765.
V. William[3], bp. Nov. 30, 1766.
VI. Ambrose[3], bp. Dec. 3, 1769; d. Nov. 27, 1817; m. (1) Nov. 21, 1795, Mary Milford; (2) Jan. 1, 1799, Sarah Milford.

Children.

1. George Oakes[4], bp. Sept. 5, 1802.
2. Sarah Oakes[4], bp. Sept. 5, 1802.

VII. Prudence[3], bp. May 3, 1772.

2. Richard[2] Weber (Richard[1]), bp. Aug. 23, 1713; m. (1) Feb. 11, 1735-36, Elizabeth[2] Weber, dau. of Edward and Patience (Hobbs) Weber; (2) June 18, 1738, Joanna Harris.

Children.

I. Benjamin[3], bp. Sept. 14, 1735; d. Sept. 29, 1735.
II. John[3], bp. Feb. 2, 1738-39.
III. Joanna[3], bp. Mch. 21, 1740-41.
IV. Elizabeth[3], bp. June 17, 1744.
V. Margaret[3], bp. Jan. 29, 1747-48.
VI. Thomas[3], bp. Apr. 28, 1751; d. y.
VII. Thomas[3], bp. Nov. 18, 1753.
VIII. Jonathan[3], bp. May 16, 1756.

3. William[2] Weber (Wm.[1]), bp. Nov. 18, 1713; m. Mary ———.

Children; all born in Ipswich.

I. Mary[3], bp. Nov. 17, 1734.
II. Patience[3], bp. Nov. 17, 1734; d. 1737.
III. Elizabeth[3], bp. Oct. 10, 1736.
IV. William[3], bp. June 18, 1738.

V. Edward[3], bp. Nov. 24, 1739.
VI. Patience[3], bp. Sept. 28, 1740.

4. Edward[2] Weber (Edward[1]), bp. 1705; m. Aug. 1, 1730, Sarah Newman.

Children born in Ipswich.

I. Edward[3], bp. Feb. 11, 1732; m. Sept. 12, 1754, to Mary McNall.
II. Rose[3], bp. Nov. 17, 1734.
III. Patience, bp. Oct. 5, 1736; d. 1737.
IV. Benjamin, bp. Oct. 1, 1738.
V. Patience, bp. Sept. 28, 1740.
VI. Thomas, bp. Dec. 12, 1742.

5. William[2] Weber, (Edward[1]), bp. 1711; m. (1) abt. 1737, Mary Wells of Ipswich, d. June 27, 1753; (2) Jan. 1, 1754, Lucy Kimball of Wenham, at Wenham, about 1740; they moved to Methuen, near Lawrence. He was taxed in Methuen in 1740, 7s. In 1760 his tax was 3£. 5s. 1d. He joined the church 1743. In 1760 he sold a farm in Pelham, N. H., to his son William[3]. Lucy lived in Holland after William[2] died; it is not certain whether William[2] ever lived in Holland.

Children.

I. William[3], bp. June 18, 1738; m. Dec. 3, 1761, Ruth Meriel of Pelham, N. H.
II. Joanna[3], bp. Sept. 26, 1741; m. int. Mch. 3, 1764, Joseph Hodgkins of Ipswich.
III. John[3], bp. Sept. 26, 1741.
IV. Benjamin, bp. Sept. 29, 1744.
V. Thomas, b. Dec. 5, 1746; m. Apr. 4, 1776, Elisabeth Kimball of Wenham, at Wenham.
VI. Nathaniel[3], b. Sept. 16, 1754; m. Sept. 28, 1775, Rebecca Peabody of Atkinson, at Haverhill.
VII. Samuel[3], b. Aug. 21, 1755.
VIII. Elisha[3], b. Apr. 10, 1757; m. Mch. 2, 1780, Esther Brown; he d. Mch. 31, 1791, and Esther m. (2) Nov. 3, 1791, John Weber of Hopkinton.
IX. Lucy[3], b. Nov. 18, 1758; m. Feb. 17, 1778, Jesse Taylor.
X. Sarah[3], b. May 1, 1761; m. Oct. 31, 1780, Samuel Weber, Jr.
12. XI. Andrew[3], b. Feb. 18, 1763.
13. XII. Daniel[3], b. 1768.

6. Trenance[2] Weber, (John[1]), b. Oct. 28, 1710; d. ——— in Holland; m. June 28, 1731, Prudence Bishop of Beverly, b. May 21, 1713, dau. of John and Annah Bishop of Beverly.

Children.

14. I. Sarah[3], b. May 16, 1733.
15. II. Henry[3], b. Aug. 30, 1734.
16. III. Samuel[3], b. July 18, 1736.
IV. Jacob[3], b. Feb. 26, 1738; was serving at Crown Point, Oct. 11, 1756.
17. V. Andrew[3], b. Mch. 24, 1741.
18. VI. William[3], b. abt. 1743; served in War.
VII. Elisabeth[3], b. Feb. 14, 1745; d. y.
19. VIII. Mary[3], b. Sept. 30, 1747.
IX. Martha[3], b. June 22, 1749; m. Ichabod Goodell.
X. John[3], b. Aug. 10, 1753; d. 1754.
XI. Elisabeth[3], b. Aug. 10, 1757; m. Feb. 15, 1779, Aaron Green of Wales, b. 1756; d. July 28, 1830, age 74 years. No children.
Aaron m. (2) July 8, 1784, Lydia Needham, she d. Jan. 22, 1850, age 85 years; they had five daughters and three sons. (See Wales Records.)
XII. Prudence[3], b. 1759; m. Feb. 15, 1779, Solomon Moulton, b. Jan. 29, 1758, son of Samuel, of Windham, Ct., and Molly (Haynes) Moulton. No children.

7. John[2] Weber, (John[1]), b. Aug. 6, 1713; m. in Ipswich, Mary Crowell.

Children.

I. John[3], b. Apr. 5, 1736; m. ——— and had s. Edward[4], b. 1764; d. 1803 or shortly before.
II. Mary[3], bp. June 17, 1739.
III. Margaret[3], bp. June 17, 1739.
IV. Sylvester[3], bp. 1745; had son Sylvester[4], Jr., bp. Dec. 20, 1789.

8. Francis[2] Weber, (John[1]), bp. Aug. 22, 1723; m. Aug. 6, 1752, Sarah Hodgkins, at Ipswich.

Children.

I. Francis[3], bp. Aug. 12, 1753.
II. Sarah[3], bp. Jan. 12, 1755.

9. Edward[2] Webber, (John[1]), b. Oct. 24, 1724; d. 1812; m. ——— Abigail ———. Foster prob.

Children.

I. Francis[3], Dec. 24, 1746; m. Feb. 26, 1777, Achsah Scott; lived in Holland; moved to Monson and returned to Holland and d. there. He had a son Jonathan[4] who m. Oct. 12, 1822, Sally Sedgwick of Palmer.
II. Abigail[3], May 15, 1749.
III. Mary[3], Apr. 12, 1751.
23. IV. Jerusha[3], July 17, 1753; d. Jan. 6, 1815; m. (1) John Blodgett; (2) int. Aug. 16, 1795, Reuben Webber.
V. Elizabeth Trenance[3], June 23, 1755.

10. Benjamin[2] Weber, (John[1]), b. May 15, 1725; d. Mch., 1812; m. (1) Nov. 8, 1750, Phebe Ellinwood; (2) ——— Mollie ———, d. Dec. 21, 1812, in Holland.

Benjamin served in the French and Indian Wars, 1755-1758.

11. William[2] (John[1]), b. Dec. 28, 1728; m. Esther ———

Children.

20. I. William[3], b. Mch. 9, 1750.
II. Elizabeth[3], b. Feb. 28, 1752.
III. Eunice[3], b. Jan. 13, 1754.
IV. Esther[3], b. Sept. 14, 1759.
V. Elijah[3], b. May 12, 1762; m. June 18, 1795, Miriam Hoar.
VI. Peter[3], b. July 27, 1765; he served in "Shay's Rebellion."
VII. Edward[3], b. July 14, 1769; m. Nov. 1, 1795, Rebecca Moffit.

The following two men, Benj. and Jonathan, were brothers; their parentage uncertain.

Benjamin[2] Webber, of Medford, b. 1698; d. July 27, 1732; m. Sept. 6, 1727, Susanna Whitmore; she m. (2) Feb. 2, 1742, Christopher Page of Bedford.

Children.

I. Susanna[3], b. Mch. 21, 1728; bp. July, 1733.
II. Martha[3], b. Aug. 2, 1729; bp. July 1733; m. Aug. 29, 1750, John Hanson of Boston.

III. Benjamin[3], b. Feb. 14, 1731; bp. July, 1733.
IV. John[3], b. ———, 1732; bp. July, 1733.

Jonathan[2] Webber of Medford, b. 1702; d. Oct. 16, 1730; m. Aug. 19, 1725, Mary Whitmore.

Children.

I. James[3], bp. June 27, 1731.
II. Jonathan[3], bp. June 27, 1731.
III. Joseph[3], bp. June 27, 1731.

THIRD GENERATION.

12. Andrew[3] Weber, (William[2], Edward[1]), b. Feb. 18, 1763; m. Nov. 29, 1784, Lucy Cross, in Methuen.

Child.

Andrew[4], b. in Lyman, N. H., July 27, 1794; d. in Monterey, N. Y., June 17, 1847; farmer-pioneer in Schuyler Co., N. Y.; m. Oct. 31, 1816, Sophia Wilkins.

Their son, Lorenzo[5], b. Sept. 12, 1817, in Newbury, Vt.; d. in Elmira, N. Y., Nov. 15, 1884; m. Feb. 27, 1840, Jane Albina, dau. of Almer Welch, and Beulah Kent, descendant of Richard Kent, who landed in Ipswich, 1634.

Their son John[6], b. Mch. 10, 1845, in Monterey, N Y.; resides in Portland, Mich.; m. June 5, 1866, Mary Ellen Mason.

Their son, Lorenzo[5], b. Sept. 12. 1817, in Newbury, Vt., resides in Portland, Mich.

13. Daniel[3] Webber, (Wm.[2], Edward[1]), b. 1768; m. (1) Oct. 27, 1789, Prudence Webber of Holland, dau. of Henry Webber, she d. Mch. 31, 1793; (2) int. Nov. 11, 1793, Sally Webber of Hopkinton.

Daniel's father gave him land in Methuen, Mass.

14. Sarah[3] Webber, (Trenance[2], John), b. in Holland, May 16, 1733; m. abt. 1753, Joel Rogers of Wales, he d. 1823, age 94 3-4 years.

Children.

I. Joel[4] Rogers, Apr. 9, 1754; m. Ruth White, Jan. 27, 1798.
II. Abigail[4] Rogers, July, 1755; m. ——— Allen.
III. Prudence[4] Rogers, Aug. 4, 1757; m. E. Munger.
IV. Jacob[4] Rogers, Jan. 10, 1759; d. y.

V. Ptolema[4] Rogers, Dec. 3, 1760.
VI. Sarah[4] Rogers, Apr. 2, 1763.
VII. Jacob[4] Rogers, Mch. 25, 1765.
VIII. John[4] Rogers, Mch. 15, 1767.
IX. Darius[4] Rogers, Apr. 18, 1769.
X. Eunice[4] Rogers, Feb. 10, 1771; m. Oliver Rogers.
XI. Asa[4] Rogers, Jan. 31, 1773.
XII. Eli[4] Rogers, Sept. 20, 1775.

(Later generations to be found in Wales.)

15. Henry[3] Webber, (Trenance[2], John[1]), b. Aug. 30, 1734; d. 1822 in Holland; m. Sept. 9, 1756, Hannah Starnes (Stearns) in Brimfield.

Henry Webber served in Col. Pomeroy's Regt. at Crown Point, 1755, and in Capt. Trustham's Co. He lived in the old house standing near the newer one in which Baxter Bennett now lives. He died where Erastus Webber lived, which was the home of the late Charles Webber. The records at one time having burned, we can not get accurate dates of the births, deaths or marriages of his children; neither do we know how many children he had or the order of births of all that we do know.

Children.

23. I. Reuben[4], b. abt. 1757.
24. II. Bradley[4], d. May 9, 1833, age 72 years.
25. III. Hannah[4], b. 1762.
IV. Trenance[4], b. 1763; m. Elizabeth Anderson; he d. age 50.
V. Frank[4].
26. VI. Rinaldo[4].
VII. Prudence[4], m. Oct. 27, 1789, Daniel Webber; she d. Mch. 31, 1793; he m. (2) Sally Webber of Hopkinton, Nov. 11, 1793; had dau. Prudence.

16. Dea. Samuel[3] Webber (Trenance[2], John[1]), b. July 18, 1736; d. April 7, 1825; m. Jan. 3, 1760, Mehitable Frizell according to Brimfield records where they were married (some think her name was Frisbee); she was b. in Brimfield, 1739; d. Mar. 9, 1825, age 86 years; Samuel served at the reduction of Canada.

Children.

27. I. Samuel[4], Jr., (Dea.) b. 1761; d. Apr. 7, 1831.
28. II. Chandler[4], b. abt. 1763.

29. III. Sewall[4], (Suel) b. abt. 1766.
IV. Sarah[4], b. Apr. 21, 1768; m. Nov. 29, 1792, Edward Adams of Monson.
V. Ezra[4], b. 1772; m. Keziah Parker and lived where Dwight E. Webber lives now.
VI. John[4], b. 1779.

Doubtless there are others who belong to this family, but it is hard to place them. Records were carelessly kept in those times and having been at one time destroyed by fire it has been hard to place this family, but it has been done to the best ability of the compiler according to the scanty records found. If mistakes are detected by any conversant with facts, correction will be thankfully received either in this family or any others, as it is desirable to have every item correct if possible.

17. Andrew[3] Webber (Trenance[2], John[1]), b. Mar. 24, 1741; (1) Ruth ——— (2) July 22, 1788, Sarah Shaw prob. of Wales. Andrew Webber lived near where Miss Louisa Howlett now lives.

Children.

I. Amasa[4], Sept. 17, 1767; m. Apr. 7, 1798, Polly Sherman.
II. Pearly[4], July 2, 1774; m. Feb. 3, 1803, Polly Wheeler.
III. Abigail[4], Sept. 27, 1778; m. Jan. 26, 1806, Calvin Morse.
IV. Joel[4], Oct. 2, 1780.
V. Louisa[4], Sept. 22, 1783.
VI. Clemence, Apr. 29, 1786.
33. VII. Annis[4], Jan. 5, 1790; m. Adolphus Webber.
VIII. Sarah[4], July 10, 1792; m. Joel Fletcher.

18. Dea. William[3] Webber (Trenance[2], John[1]), b. abt. 1743; m. 1769 or before, wife's name not found; children bpt. 1782; probably his wife d. about that time.

Children.

I. Mehitable[4], b. abt. 1770; d. Mch. 9, 1825, age 64 years; m. Mch. 7, 1790, Justan Chapan (Justin Chapin) of Monson.
II. Elizabeth[4], b. abt. 1772.
III. Maria[4], b. abt. 1774.
IV. Sarah[4], b. abt. 1776; m. Dec. 10, 1800, William Anderson.

Children.

1. Comfort Maranda[5] Anderson.
2. Martha Maria[5] Anderson.
3. Elizabeth Miller[5] Anderson.

V. Ezra[4], b. 1778; d. Oct. 23, 1823.

VI. Elisha[4], b. 1780; m. June 27, 1802, Polly Parker of Sturbridge.

Children.

1. Ezra.
2. Sarah.
3. Marie.
4. Elizabeth.

22. John[4], b. 1782.

19. Mary[3] Webber (Trenance[2], John[1]), b. Sept. 30, 1747; d. Jan. 13, 1818; m. (1) ——— Frizell, (2) between 1775 and 1780, Daniel Burt, Jr., widower, b. Sept. 16, 1729; d. Sept. 22, 1812.

Children.

I. Daniel[4] Burt, 3rd, Dec. 22, 1782; d. Dec. 25, 1823; m. (1) Elizabeth Sherman, she d. May 16, 1812; m. (2) Nov. 16, 1816, Mrs. Orril Norcross.

Children.

1. Delosia[5] Burt, July 21, 1806; m. David Moore.
2. Daniel Sherman[5] Burt, b. 1808; d. 1811.
3. Eliza[5] Burt; d. May 12, 1812.
4. Timothy Burt, Apr. 29, 1812.

II. Julius[4] Burt, Sept. 16, 1785; d. Sept. 27, 1864; m. Apr. 6, 1813, Prudence Sherman.

Children.

1. Jeremy[5] Burt, May 14, 1815; d. Oct. 31, 1850.
2. Emily[5] Burt, Jan. 26, 1820; d. 1851.
3. Prudence[5] Burt, Feb. 26, 1826; m. Sept. 14, 1841, Isaac Gibbs; b. Feb. 23, 1858.
4. Nancy[5] Burt, July 9, 1823.
5. Fisher Ames[5] Burt, May 16, 1826; d. July 6, 1828.
6. Margaret Sumner[5] Burt, Dec. 8, 1829.

III. Peggy[4] Burt, July 7, 1787.

IV. Mary[4] Burt, 1789; d. Dec., 1822.

20. William[3] Webber (William[2], John[1]), b. Mar. 9, 1750; m. 1775, Casharina ———.

Children.

I. Horace[4], b. Jan. 23, 1776.
II. Mercy, b. Jan. 9, 1778.

FOURTH GENERATION.

21. Edward[4] Webber, (John[3], John[2], John[1]), b. 1764, d. abt. 1803; m. Feb. 6, 1794, Dorcas, b. Mar. 18, 1774, d. of Adonijah and Abigail (Bond) Russell.

Children born between 1794 and 1803.

I. John[5].
II. Bathsheba[5].
III. Sylvester[5], m. Apr. 13, 1823, Sophia Crabtree, in Brookfield.
IV. Eunice[5].
V. Phila[5].

Dr. Seth Smith was guardian for the above minor children; their father deeded his land to them jointly; deed dated June 14, 1800; the land, abt. 95 acres, was sold to Edward Blodgett in 1803, the sale amounting to $1,340. As the money was paid by Ezra Webber of Holland it is probable that he bought it first and then sold it to Edward Blodgett.

The above mentioned land, "about 95 acres, was situated on both sides of the road, southerly on Ephraim Bond, easterly on Andrew Webber, northerly on Ezra Reeves and westerly on Amasa Dealphs land."

22. John[4] Webber (William[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. 1782, m. Mary 30, 1802, Betsey Parker of Partridgefield; lived in Edward Blodgett's cottage and made Pottery of clay.

Children.

I. Samantha[5], Sept. 12, 1803.
II. Parker[5], June 23, 1805.
III. Delosia[5], Nov. 19, 1806.
IV. Grafton[5], Aug. 19, 1808.
V. Caroline[5], Mch. 26, 1810.
VI. Lutina[5], bp. 1814.
VII. Hosea[5], bp. 1814.

23. Reuben[4] Webber (Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. abt. 1757; m. (1) as early as 1777, Sally, b. Feb. 8, 1756, dau. of Dr. James Lawrence the first medical practitioner in South Brimfield; she d. Mar. 2, 1795, age 40 years; (2) m. probably

Aug. 16, 1795, Mrs. Jerusha (Webber) Blodgett, widow of John Blodgett and dau. of Edward[2] Webber, she was b. July 17, 1753, d. Jan. 6, 1815.

Children.

I. Sarah[5], Nov. 3, 1778; unm. prob.
31. II. Francis[5], Aug. 23, 1780.
32. III. Abner[5], June 3, 1782.
33. IV. Adolphus[5], June 2, 1784.
V. Eli[5], Jan. 12, 1786; d. Mch. 31, 1860.
34. VI. Asaph, b. 1788.
35. VII. Erastus, b. 1790.
36. VIII. Laurana[5], Mch. 3, 1792.
IX. Prudence[5], 1794; m. Hersey Rosebrooks.
X. Reuben[5], Jan. 16, 1797.
XI. Harvey[5], Oct. 5, 1799.

(The last two went to N. H. and were never heard from.)

24. Bradley[4] Webber (Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. 1759; d. May 9, 1831; m. Apr. 10, 1794, Sibbel Allen of Sturbridge; he enlisted in the Revolutionary Army in 1780; children: (numbers not known); had dau. Zida[5] who m. Jan. 1, 1829, Trenck Crawford of Union, Conn., she d. Apr. 26, 1866.

Children.

I. Ossian Trenck[6] Crawford, b. Dec. 25, 1829; m. May 31, 1858, Vesta Elvira Marcy of Ashford, Ct.; had two children.
II. William Merrill[5] Crawford, b. July 31, 1831; m. Oct. 9, 1854, Janette A. Potter of Union, Ct.; had three children.
III. Liberty Webber[5] Crawford, b. June 24, 1834; m. May 12, 1858, Lurancie Converse; one child.
IV. Susan Zida, b. May 3, 1836; d. unm.

(See Hist. of Union.)

25. Hannah[4] Webber (Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. 1762; d. Nov. 23, 1838; m. abt. 1782, Daniel Haynes; b. Dec. 30, 1759; d. Mar. 3, 1846; he served in the Colonial wars, in "Shay's Rebellion."

Children.

I. Persis[5] Haynes, Mch. 22, 1783.
II. Charles[5] Haynes, Oct. 6, 1784.
III. Roswell[5] Haynes, May 31, 1786.
IV. Hannah[5] Haynes, Jr., Feb. 21, 1788; m. (1) ——— Kimball; (2) Thomas Durfee.

V. Polly[5] Haynes, Feb. 21, 1788; m. ——— Austin.
VI. Walter[5] Haynes, Nov. 19, 1789; d. when 104 years old; m. (1) 1810, Sally Rogers; (2) 1843, Lucinda Ferry.
(See Hist. of Brimfield.)
VII. Daniel[5] Haynes, Oct. 8, 1792; went to Virginia.
VIII. Prudence[5] Haynes, July 6, 1794; m. Timothy Sumner.
IX. Alvah[5] Haynes, Sept. 30, 1796.
X. Persis[5] Haynes, Oct. 4, 1798; m. 1822, Aaron M. Russell.
XI. Jonas[5] Haynes, Apr. 23, 1800.

26. Rinaldo[4] Webber (Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), m. Apr. 3, 1784, Elizabeth Belknap of Holland.

Children.

I. Annah[5], b. Oct. 6, 1784; m. Nov. 29, 1804, Benjamin Fay.
II. Arsenal[5], b. Mch. 25, 1787.
30. III. Julius[5], b. May 19, 1790; m. ——— Sherman.

27. Samuel[4] Webber, Jr. (Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. 1761; d. Apr. 7, 1831; m. Oct. 31, 1780, Sarah, dau. of Wm. and Lucy (Kimball) Webber, b. May 1, 1761.

Children.

37. I. Eliphaz[5], Nov. 25, 1781.
38. II. Kimball[5], Nov. 7, 1782.
39. III. Eleazer[5], Aug. 23, 1785.
IV. Lucy[5], Dec. 1, 1787; m. June 1, 1809, Ezra Parker.
40. V. William[5], July 23, 1790.
41. VI. Loren[5] or Loring, Feb. 16, 1791.
VII. Ezra[5], Aug. 17, 1809; m. Marsha Goodell.

Samuel Webber, Jr., and his son Ezra lived where Dwight Webber now lives, and probably Samuel, Sr., lived where Dwight Webber now lives. Samuel Webber, Jr., lived east of Dea. Samuel Webber, Sr.

28. Chandler[4] Webber (Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]) b. abt. 1763; m. Aug. 29, 1789, Beulah Coye.

29. Sewall[4] (Suel) Webber (Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), abt. 1766; m. Feb. 25, 1787, Hannah MacNeal of Sturbridge.

Children.

I. Lyman[5], Dec. 14, 1789.

II. Anna[5], Jan. 19, 1794.
III. Charles[5], ——— 1799.
Probably others.

FIFTH GENERATION

30. Julius[5] Webber (Rinaldo[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. May 19, 1790; m. ——— Sherman.

Children.

I. Harriet m. John Barrett.
II. Polly m. Samuel Dexter.
III. Laura m. Wm. K. Morgan.
IV. Fanny m. Joel Fletcher.

31. Francis[5] Webber (Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. Aug. 28, 1780; d. Mar. 17, 1853; m. Dec. 23, 1804, Elizabeth Pike of Sturbridge; she d. Apr. 29, 1864.

Children.

I. Luther[6], Aug. 3, 1805; d. July 17, 1869; m. Dec. 14, 1830, Cynthia Hovey, d. Nov. 28, 1889.
Children.
1. George Hovey[7], Mch. 2, 1834; d. Nov. 18, 1848.
2. Julia E.[7], June 26, 1838; m. Dec. 1, 1858, Wm. Austin Gilbert, he d. Mch. 21, 1912. Mr. Gilbert served in the Civil War and was a member of the G. A. R. Post in Brookfield. No children.

II. Oren[6], June 27, 1808; d. Mch. 31, 1888; m. (1) Mch. 28, 1838, Relief Hovey, d. Aug. 29, 1841; (2) Apr. 3, 1842, Cylenda M. Bowen, b. Sept. 21, 1819; d. Jan. 23, 1906.
Children.
1. Emily Relief[7], July 1, 1843.
55. 2. Alfred Bowen[7], Aug. 20, 1847.
56. 3. Martha Adelaide[7], Apr. 1, 1853.
44. III. Eliza[6], Sept. 7, 1812.

32. Abner[5] Webber (Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. June 3, 1782; d. July 23, 1866; m. Dec. 12, 1810, Lucy Pike of Sturbridge, b. Dec. 2, 1793; d. Feb. 15, 1865, dau. of David and Elizabeth Pike. David Pike was the first church bell ringer in Sturbridge and lived where Chamberlain and Barnes' store is.

Children.

I. Elvira[6], Jan. 29, 1813; d. Jan. 9, 1899; m. May 19, 1839, Warren Wallis. (See Wallis Gen.)

45. II. James Avery[6], Feb. 15, 1819.
III. Lucy Emeline[6], May 5, 1825; m. June 27, 1863, Charles Roper; one child, Carrie Roper. (See Roper Gen.)

33. Adolphus[5] Webber, (Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. June 2, 1784; d. Apr. 25, 1850; m. (1) May 12, 1811, Sallie Needham; b. June 4, 1790; d. Feb. 18, 1819, dau. of David and Marsilvia (Ainsworth) Needham; (2) Dec. 20, 1820, Annis Webber, b. Jan. 5, 1790; d. Dec. 13, 1821, dau. of Andrew and Sarah (Shaw) Webber; (3) Mch. 22, 1823, Mrs. Nancy (Sawyer) Richmond of Pomfret, Conn., b. 1785, d. Sept. 26, 1857.

Adolphus[5] Webber was a farmer and with his sons did a good business as a wheelwright, his little wheel shop is now standing near his late residence on the place now owned by Mr. Horton. He was an earnest Christian and of strong character.

Children.

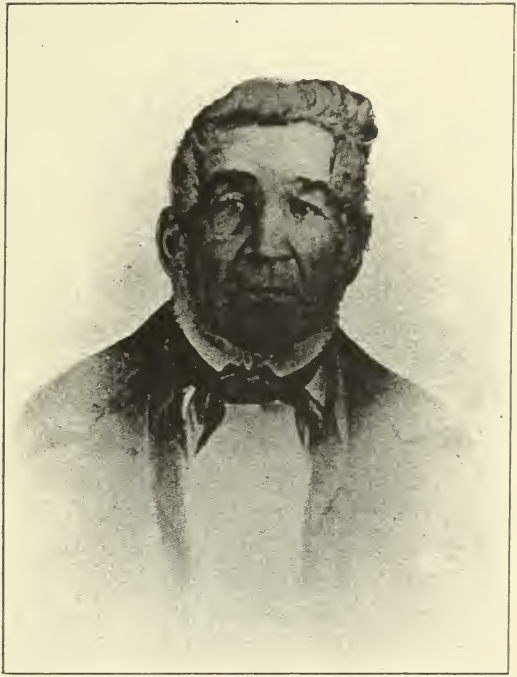
I. Mary Marcy[6], Feb. 19, 1812; d. prob. 1838, in Cochecton, N. Y.; m. Jan. 6, 1836, Sumner Janes, b. Dec. 26, 1806. (See Janes Gen.)
II. Lorinda Adelaide[6], Jan. 26, 1815; d. July 19, 1849; m. Oct. 11, 1834, Marshal Mac Farland. (See Mac F. Gen.)
46. III. Wm. Ainsworth[6], Jan. 24, 1819.
47. IV. Geo. Livingston[6], Nov. 8, 1821.

34. Asaph[5] Webber (Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1],) b. Feb. 6, 1788; d. Sept. 20, 1873; m. Mar. 13, 1819, Hannah Green of Spencer, b. Apr. 17, 1792; d. Dec. 20, 1875; dau. of Benjamin and Martha (Watson) Green; Benjamin was b. 1755; d. Nov. 27, 1835; Martha was dau. of Oliver and Elizabeth Watson.

Asaph[5] Webber was born, spent his life and died in the house where his grandfather and father had lived and where Baxter Bennett now lives they occupied the old house which is now standing until the new one was built in 1847.

Children.

I. Martha, Jan. 6, 1820; d. Aug. 15, 1843; m. May 13, 1839, Rodney Bennett.
II. Emily, May 9, 1822; d. June 20, 1893; m. Mar.



ADOLPHUS WEBBER

24, 1844, Rodney Bennett. (*See Bennett Genealogy.*)

35. Erastus[6] Webber (Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. Jan. 15, 1790; d. Feb. 17, 1861; m. Mar. 26, 1816, Polly Haines of Monson, b. Oct. 20, 1795; d. Aug. 18, 1874.

Children.

48. I. Joseph Trenance[6], June 2, 1817.
II. Marquis Waldo[6], Sept. 10, 1820; d. 1824.
III. Charles Searles[6], May 2, 1822.
IV. Marquis Waldo[6], May 3, 1824; d. June 20, 1866; m. Jan. 16, 1857, Mary E. Jordan; b. Oct. 10, 1825.

Children.

1. Frank E.[7], Aug. 10, 1859; lives in Boston, employed in R. H. White's Silk Store.
2. Homer G.[7], Oct. 22, 1860; d. ——.
3. Willie J.[7], June 2, 1866; d. ——.

V. Mary Cordelia[6], June 22, 1827; d. Jan. 12, 1901; m. Aug. 9, 1858, Cyrus Truesdall of Monson; one child Charles, d. when 8 years old.
VI. Dwight E.[6], July 2, 1829; m. Feb. 27, 1863, Nancy Shumway of Sturbridge; b. 1836; bp. July 15, 1837, dau. of Alpheus and Phila (Marsh) Shumway; no children.
35. VII. Albert W.[6], July 15, 1831; d. Nov. 13, 1868; m. Nov. 27, 1855, Adaline Blodgett; b. Nov. 20, 1830; d. June 28, 1902.

Children.

1. Ida[7], Aug. 29, 1856; d. Nov. 18, 1888.
2. Willie A.[7], Dec. 11, 1857; m. Nov. 29, 1889, Ella Agard; b. Oct. 8, 1854; d. Jan. 25, 1889; no children.
3. Charles[7], Apr. 14, 1859; d. 1913; m. Nov. 27, 1889, Lilla Agard; b. Jan. 4, 1867.

Child.

1. Gladys, b. June 5, 1893, student in Westfield Normal School.

36. Laurana[5] Webber (Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1],) b. in Holland, Mar. 3, 1792; d. in Sturbridge, Apr. 14, 1865; m. Oct. 10, 1824, Josiah Hobbs, b. Mar. 8, 1786; d. Apr. 24, 1845, lived by "Honey Meadow Brook" near where Wm. Whittemore now lives. The stone steps to the house are now to be seen near the old cellar hole. Josiah Hobbs was son of

Samuel and Lucy Hobbs. Samuel is admitted to have been one of the party in disguise who steeped a cargo of tea in Boston Harbor, 1773. That act is said to be the cause of the green color of the water in the harbor.

Mr. Samuel Hobbs was a native of Western (Warren). In stature 6 ft. 3 in. tall, broad shouldered and of dignified appearance. He started the leather tanning business in Sturbridge Center; his shop standing on the north side of "Honey Meadow Brook" a few rods back from the road on the east side.

Children of Josiah and Laurana (Webber) Hobbs.

I. Mary Ann[6] Hobbs, b. Oct. 25, 1825; d. Oct. 12, 1826.

49. II. George Josiah[6] Hobbs, b. Nov. 13, 1827; d. 1889.

III. Elvira Laurana[6] Hobbs, b. 1829; d. 1895 or 1896; m. Willis Cone of Worcester.

Children.

1. A daughter[7] who m. Guy Washburn, 3 children.
2. Dwight H.[7] Cone.
3. Harley C.[7] Cone.; res. 304 Mill St., Worcester; is a painter and house finisher.

IV. Mary Ann[6] Hobbs; b. 1831; d. 1834.

37. Eliphaz[5] Webber (Samuel[4], Jr., Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. Nov. 25, 1781; m. Nov. 18, 1804, Susanna Kindrick; d. 1839.

Children.

I. Harriet[6], May 18, 1807.
II. Thomas[6], Feb. 9, 1809.
III. Cyrus[6], May 1815; m. Oct. 5, 1839, Betsey Whittemore of Sturbridge, dau. of Asa and Hannah Whittemore.
IV. Susanna[6], Aug. 15, 1817.
V. Infant[6], d. Mar. 22, 1822.
VI. Infant[6]; d. Mar. 6, 1824.
VII. Infant; d. Apr. 21, 1826.

38. Kimball[5] Webber(Samuel[4], Jr., Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1],) b. Nov. 7, 1782; d. Sept. 12, 1852; m. Nov. 20, 1805, Sile Taylor of Sturbridge, b. 1785; d. Feb. 20, 1865 of smallpox, age 80 years. He was a soldier in war of 1812.

Children.

50. I. Jefferson[6].
II. Abel[6]; m. in Palmer, Feb. 26, 1842, Lucinda Carpenter.

Children.

1. Clarrissa, b. Aug. 22, 1849.
2. Lucinda.

III. Ezra[6], b. 1805; m. Marcia Goodell, child, Lyman P.; b. Feb. 12, 1850; d. 1888, widower.
IV. Elizabeth[6] or Eliza; m. Jan. 4, 1832, Lewis Shumway of Sturbridge.

Children.

1. Mary E.[7] Shumway, b. May 9, 1833.
2. Janette Towne[7] Shumway; b. July 20, 1835; m. Orsamus Kenfield of Sturbridge.

Children.

a. Everett[8] Kenfield.
b. Lizzie[8] Kenfield.
c. Lottie[8] Kenfield.
d. John[8] Kenfield, m.; lives in Sturbridge; three children, Eileen[9] Kenfield, m. 1914, George Farland of Southbridge; Clayton[9] Kenfield and Orsamus[9] Kenfield.

3. Lucy Ann[7] Shumway; b. Nov. 7, 1838.
4. Infant[7], b. 1842; d. 1842.
5. Lewis Edmon[7] Shumway; b. Dec. 12, 1847.

39. Eleazer[5] Webber (Samuel[4], Jr., Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. Aug. 23, 1785; d. June 30, 1865; m. (1) Nov. 12, 1809, Marsilvia Parker; (2) 1851, Laura Blodgett of Holland. (*See Blodgett Genealogy.*)

Children Born in Holland.

I. Chloe Phidelia[6]; b. 1812; d. Nov. 10, 1840; m. Elias Smith.

Children.

1. Emeline C.[7], b. 1836; d. Apr. 8, 1856.
2. Lydia F.[7], b. 1838; d. Mar. 30, 1864.
3. Melinda[7], m. Mr. Weikle, had three daus. lived in Penn.

51. II. Jonathan Parker[6], b. June 7, 1816.
52. III. Edwin Ballard[6], b. Aug. 1, 1819.
53. IV. George Clinton[6].
54. V. Emerson Osgood[6], b. 1828.

40. William[5] Webber (Samuel[4], Jr., Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. July 23, 1790 in Holland; d. July 17, 1858; m. Mar. 3, 1816, Bathsheba Upham, b. June 27, 1791 in Sturbridge; d. Oct. 18, 1883 age 92 years, 5 months.

Children.

I. Norman Allen[6], Feb. 24, 1817 in Holland.
II. Sophronia[6], Mar. 20, 1820 in Holland.
III. Mehitable Allen[6], b. in Holland.
IV. Sarah[6], b. 1825, d. Mar. 30, 1866; m. Nov. 10, 1847, Parker Hooker, b. 1825 in Sturbridge; d. Aug. 6, 1900.

Children.

1. William Parker[7] Hooker; b. Mar. 26, 1849; d. Feb. 16, 1883, age 33 years, 10 mos.
2. Everett[7] Hooker; d. Aug. 17, 1884; 31⅔ years.

54½. V. William A.[6], Aug. 10, 1830; b. in Ware.

41. Loren[5] or Loring Webber (Samuel[4], Jr., Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]) b. Feb. 16, 1791; m. Nov. 25, 1813, Sally Upham "both of Holland."

Children.

I. George Upham[6], Dec. 3, 1814.
II. Lucy[6], ——, 1816.
III. Avilda Dean[6], May 29, 1820.
IV. Samuel[6], July 11, 1822.
V. Warren[6], Apr. 7, 1828.
VI. Willard[6], Feb. 2, 1831.

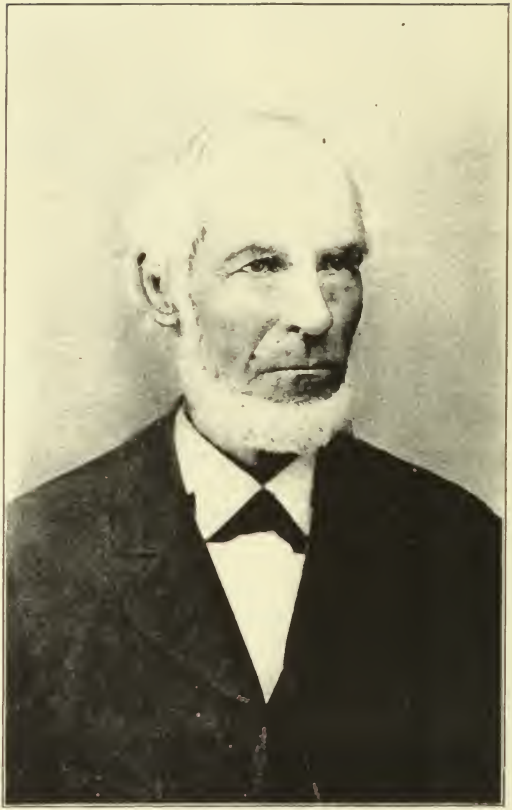
SIXTH GENERATION.

42. Luther[6] Webber (Francis[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1],) b. Aug. 3, 1805; d. July 17, 1869; m. Dec. 14, 1830; Cynthia Hovey of Brookfield; d. Nov. 28, 1889.

Children.

I. George Hovey[7], Mar. 22, 1834; d. Nov. 18, 1848.
II. Julia E.[7], June 26, 1838; m. Dec. 1, 1858, William Austin Gilbert of Brookfield; d. Mar. 21, 1912; he served in the civil war; was a member of the G. A. R. in Sturbridge, transferred to Brookfield.

43. Orrin[6] Webber (Francis[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. June 27, 1808; d. Mar. 31, 1888; m. (1) Mar.



JAMES A. WEBBER

28, 1838; Relief Hovey of Brookfield, d. Aug. 29, 1841; (2) Apr. 3, 1842, Cylenda M. Bowen, b. Sept. 21, 1819; d. Jan. 23, 1906.

Children.

I. Emily Relief[7], b. July 1, 1843; d. Feb. 1, 1865; m. June 1864, Lewis Gaylord.

55. II. Alfred Bowen[7], b. Aug. 20, 1847.

III. Martha Adelaide[7], b. Apr. 1, 1853.

44. Eliza[6] Webber (Francis[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. Sept. 7, 1812; d. Aug. 12, 1898; m. June 2, 1831, Miner Hall of Union; b. Mar. 10, 1803; d. Mar. 26, 1855.

Children.

I. Harvey D.[7] Hall, Jan. 5, 1833; d. Oct. 14, 1907.

II. Marquis[7] Hall, Sept. 12, 1834; d. June 1, 1884, was a physician in Spencer.

III. Jane E.[7] Hall, June 24, 1837; d. Jan. 25, 1905; these all died unmarried.

45. James Avery[6] Webber (Abner[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. Feb. 15, 1819; d. May 17, 1894; m. Feb. 10, 1842, Delphia Parsons, b. Feb. 15, 1819; d. Aug. 19, 1893.

James A. Webber, only son of Abner Webber, was born in Holland, Feb. 15, 1819. Of a kind and generous hearted people, it was natural that he should manifest the same admirable traits for testimony is not lacking that he was a kind hearted townsman and sympathetic neighbor. He was no respector of persons but allowed the ministries of his heart and hand to go out to the poorest especially in times of need and of affliction. Such a man would have friends and be placed in offices of trust and honor. His name is found in the list of town officers and in the church his influence was for good; strengthening it by word, by work, by life, his regular attendance, worship and helpfulness in the choir will be long remembered. He married Delphia S. Parsons, b. 1824; d. Aug. 19, 1893. They had three sons, Henry, David and Fred. Delphia S. Parsons was sister to Mr. J. T. S. Parsons, still living, and over ninety years of age (his home being at East Hadley, Mass.), whose reminiscences of Holland in his boyhood days furnished the greater part of the material for the description of those customs that make the home life of those times so interesting to us now. The son Henry married Ellen M. daughter

of Dea. Wm. A. Webber and she now lives in Holland, making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Adams. Her work in preparing certain genealogies will be much appreciated by all who read them.

Children.

57. I. Henry W.[7], Dec. 20, 1842.
II. David Parsons[7], June 11, 1848; d. Dec. 20, 1888; m. in Worcester, Ann Robinson. No children.
58. III. Fred[7] S., June 5, 1855; m. Sept. 17, 1878, Julia M. Bird.

46. William Ainsworth[6] Webber (Adolphus[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. June 24, 1819; d. Mar. 13, 1887; m. (1) Mar. 1843, Sarah Damon, b. June 16, 1824, in Granby; d. Jan. 4, 1868. (2) Nov. 20, 1871, Mrs. Josephine (Shaw) Church, b. June 3, 1827; d. Sept. 1908.

Children.

I. William Lafayette[7], June 14, 1845; d. Sept. 1, 1905; m. May 14, 1884, Ella J. Blodgett; b. Apr. 16, 1857; dau. of Abner and Jane (Robbins) Blodgett; no children.
57. II. Ellen Maria[7], Aug. 14, 1846.
59. III. Mary M.[7], Nov. 21, 1852.

47. George Livingston[6] Webber (Adolphus[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. Nov. 21, 1821; d. Nov. 13, 1896; m. Oct. 12, 1851, Sarah Streeter, b. in Sturbridge July 6, 1830; d. in Waltham, Feb. 12, 1913; d. of Mason and Orril (Lyon) Streeter.

Children.

I. Florilla Nancy[7], Aug. 27, 1852; d. Oct. 4, 1913; m. June 19, 1882, Charles Franklin Hunt; d.

Child.

1. Franklin Livingston Hunt, b. Sept. 3, 1883.

II. Eugene Mason[7], June 17, 1854; d. Oct. 7, 1855.
III. Ella Sarah[7], Apr. 25, 1855; d. Apr. 21, 1872.
IV. Nellie Rebecca[7], May 5, 1859; d. Feb. 10, 1864.
V. Herbert Livingston[7], Jan. 16, 1861; d. June 28, 1865.
VI. Fanny Orril[7], Dec. 25, 1863; m. Nov. 29, 1898 Thomas Benjamin Cowan of Worcester.
VII. Ada Eugenia[7], Apr. 21, 1867, m. Horace Wallis. (*See Wallis Genealogy.*)
VIII. Edith Georgia[7], Dec. 6, 1870.

48. Joseph Trenance[6] Webber (Erastus[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. June 2, 1817; d. Sept. 4, 1887; m. Apr. 24, 1845, Lovinia Ballard Polley, b. July 24, 1819; d. Jan. 21, 1900.

Children.

I. Ella Jane, b. Aug. 16, 1845; d. Aug. 9, 1850.
II. An infant son, b. and d. Oct. 20, 1846.
III. Arthur Eugene, b. June 3, 1851; m. Emma A. Taylor, b. Jan. 5, 1854.
IV. Joseph LeRoy, b. Oct. 10, 1853; d. Nov. 25, 1910; m. Juy 12, 1890 Gertrude Clara Meice, b. June 7, 1873; d. Aug. 26, 1897. He was a druggist in Brooklyn; no children.

49. George Josiah[6] Hobbs (Josiah[5], Samuel[4]), b. Nov. 13, 1827; d. 1889; m. in Worcester 1853, Juliette P. Brown.

Children.

60. I. Gertrude A. Hobbs, Aug. 17, 1854; d. 1905.
II. Charlotte B. Hobbs, June 30, 1865.
III. Frank B. Hobbs, Dec. 9, 1872; d. Aug. 22, 1896.

50. Jefferson[6] Webber (Kimball[5], Samuel[4], Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), d. Mar. 26, 1861; m. May 14, 1844, Mary E. Smith of Brimfield.

Children.

I. Sumner[7], Aug. 23, 1845.
II. Samuel[7], Aug. 23, 1847.
III. Freeman[7], Nov. 12, 1849; m. Apr. 5, 1890, Mrs. Phebe (Emerson) Heridon.
IV. Alvin[7], Dec. 5, 1850.
V. Frank[7], Sept. 29, 1851.
VI. Alice[7], Mar. (?) 10, 1853.

51. Jonathan Parker[6] Webber (Eleazer[5], Samuel[4] Jr., Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]), b. June 7, 1816 in Holland; d. Mar. 2, 1900; m. (1) Nov. 9, 1841, Sarah A., b. 1822, in Wales, dau. of Jonas and Sophia Green; d. Oct. 20, 1881, (2) Sept. 20, 1883, Mrs. Jane (Spring) Upham; b. ——— 1825; d. Oct. 27, 1907.

Children.

I. Frank Green[7], Aug. 23, 1842; d. May 17, 1891; m. Jan. 3, 1866, Isabella Fuller of Brimfield; d. June 1911.

Child.

1. Clarence Wm.[8], b. Apr. 7, 1867; d. Dec. 1896; m. Nov. 25, 1891, Nellie Haggerty of Monson.

Children.

a. Thaddeus F.[9], b. Sept. 24, 1892.
b. Eileen[9], b. Nov. 27, 1893; d. June 1894.
c. Ethel M.[9], b. Dec. 23, 1894.
d. Frank M.[9], b. May 18, 1896.

61. II. Eunice M.[7], Mar. 8, 1844; d. Oct. 18, 1914.

III. Charles M.[7], Dec. 29, 1845; m. (1) Oct. 10, 1872, Jennie L. King of Monson, (2) Oct. 26, 1898, Mrs. Julia A. Shaw of Monson; no children.

IV. Chloe C.[7], Jan. 23, 1847; d. Sept. 1848.

V. Fred M.[7], Dec. 16, 1848; m. Oct. 28, 1874, Ella J. Fenton of Monson, she d. May 28, 1913.

VI. Sarah M.[7], Feb. 5, 1850; d. Feb. 26, 1897; was a nurse in Mass. General Hospital, Boston and died there.

VII. Horace Green[7], Nov. 25, 1854; m. Oct. 21, 1884, Mabel J. Moulton of Wales.

Child.

1. Rea Moulton[8], b. Mar. 20, 1890, m. Horace G.[7] Webber graduated in 1880 from New York University and is a practicing physician in Wilbraham.

VIII. Jonas Green[7], Aug. 10, 1856; d. Mar. 20, 1865.

IX. Asenath J.[7], Nov. 5, 1858; m. Nov. 4, 1899, Albert P. Butterworth of Warren; no children.

See 54½ X. Harriet S.[7], July 7, 1861; m. Sept. 19, 1888, Arthur W.[7] Webber; he d. Nov. 25, 1912 in Somerville.

52. Edwin Ballard[6] Webber (Eleazer[5], Samuel[4] Jr., Samuel[3] Sen., Trenance[2], John[1]) of Holland; Aug. 1, 1819; d. Mar. 20, 1895, in Brimfield; m. Jan. 22, 1843, Lucy Towne of Union, Conn.; b. Jan. 26, 1825; d. Jan. 10, 1903.

Children.

I. Mary Eliza[7], July 29, 1845; d. Apr. 9, 1904; m. Wm. W. Earle.

Child.

Fred Earle, m. lives in Conn.

II. Ellen L.[7], Oct. 23, 1847; d. Aug. 29, 1880; m. John Walker.

Children.

1. Annie Walker, b. Nov. 28, 1867, m. has three children.
2. Alace Walker, b. May 16, 1869, m. (1) Mar. 22, 1887, Joshua J. Needham, he d. Apr. 21, 1889; (2) Nov. 11, 1891, Raymond B. Vinton.

III. Alace A.[7], Mar. 23, 1849; d. Sept. 23, 1849.

IV. Henry A.[7], Mar. 23, 1851; d. July 15, 1885; m. May 15, 1877, Mary Wales of Union, Conn.

Children.

1. Edwin Ballard[8], b. July 11, 1878.
2. Harry Edwin[8], b. Feb. 10, 1882.

V. Willie E.[7], June 13, 1853; d. Feb. 6, 1854.

VI. Harry[7], Aug. 28, 1856; d. Sept. 23, 1873.

VII. Charles A.[7], Nov. 8, 1858; m. Nov. 18, 1885, Emma J. Blashfield, three children, Harlow, Arthur and Mabel.

VIII. Willie E.[7], Feb. 4, 1863; d. Aug. 19, 1890.

53. George Clinton[6] Webber (Eleazer[5], Samuel[4] Jr., Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. ———; m. 1851, Elizabeth Brady lived in Boston, both buried in Brimfield.

Children.

I. Elizabeth Marsilvia[7], June 30, 1853; m. 1876, Milo R. Noble.

Children.

1. Clinton[8] Noble, b. 1877, m. 1900 Blanche Berry.

Child.

1. Clinton[9] Jr., b. 1901.

II. William Johnston[7], Dec. 13, 1857; m. 1888, Addie P. Lynch.

III. Agnes Brady[7], Dec. 15, 1859; unmarried lives in Dorchester.

54. Emerson Osgood[6] Webber (Eleazer[5], Samuel[4] Jr., Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. Mar. 17, 1828; d. July 16, 1898 in Ansonia, Conn.; served in the Civil War 10 months; m. (1) Nov. 11, 1850, Mary M. Converse of Wales; d. abt. 1870, (2) Nov. 19, 1873, Emily Barton; d. Aug. 17, 1884 (3) Apr. 22, 1886, Fanny E. Herring now living in Ansonia, Conn.

Children of First Wife

I. George A.[7] Jan. 26, 1856; m. in the West.

Children.

1. Mary L.[8], b. Jan. 30, 1882.

2. Milton[8], b. July 3, 1883.
3. Leanard[8], b. Dec. 3, 1885.

61½. II. Milton E.[7], Mar. 8, 1865, lives in Winchendon.

III. Edward B.[7], June 7, 1868; m. Sept. 7, 1891, Cora B. Rivers, of Wallingford, Vt.

Children.

1. Josephine M.[8], b. Sept. 29, 1892.
2. Mildred E.[8], b. Sept. 26, 1894.

IV. Second wife's son, Ira[7], b. Sept. 15, 1888, is in Alaska.

54½. William A.[6] Webber (William[5], Samuel[4] Jr., Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. Aug. 10, 1830 in Ware; d. Jan. 20, 1902; m. 1854, Eunice M. Moore; b. Sept. 12, 1831, in Rock Bottom; d. Feb. 1896.

Children.

I. William A.[7] Jr., b. in Boston, Oct. 7, 1855; m. June 7, 1884, Mary Josephine Flynn.

Children.

1. Walter Francis[8], b. Mar. 26, 1889.
2. Albert Joseph[8], b. Apr. 4, 1891.
3. Charles Augustus[8], b. Mch. 28, 1894.
4. Winnifred May[8], b. Aug. 14, 1899.

II. Arthur W.[7] Webber, b. in Somerville, Aug. 12, 1857; d. Nov. 25, 1912; m. Sept. 19, 1888, Hattie S., b. July 7, 1861, dau. of Jonathan P.[6] and Sarah (Green) Webber; no children.

III. Henry[7], b. in Somerville, May 25, 1864.

IV. Emma[7], b. in Somerville, Oct. 7, 1872.

SEVENTH GENERATION

55. Alfred Bowen[7] Webber (Orrin[6], Francis[5], Rueben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. Aug. 20, 1847; m. (1) May 22, 1867, Hattie Pecot; d. Oct. 26, 1875, (2) Sept. 18, 1877, Ella J. Howlett Brown.

Children.

I. Jennie May[8], b. Dec. 9, 1867.

63. II. Adelaide Maria[8], b. Feb. 1, 1875.

64. III. Hattie Eliza[8], b. May 2, 1878.

65. IV. Martha Emily[8], b. Mar. 20, 1880.

V. Alice Louise[8], b. Oct. 1, 1885.

VI. Carrie May[8], b. Mar. 16, 1888.

56. Martha Adelaide[7] Webber, (Orrin[6], Francis[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. Apr. 1, 1853; m. May 17, 1874, Edward L. Benson; b. Sept. 3, 1843; d. July 12, 1905.

Children.

I. Eddie[8] Benson, b. July 16. 1875; d. July 17, 1875.

II. Ida Emily[8] Benson, b. Sept. 3, 1876; m. Aug. 30, 1897, R. Harry Edmonds, divorced 1905, probably; she m. (2) Dec. 18, 1905, Alfred Violet.

Children.

1. Gladys Adelaide[9] Edmonds, b. Jan. 5, 1899.
2. Evelyn Leah[9] Edmonds, b. Jan. 15, 1904.
3. Camilla Emily[9] Violet, b. May 3, 1907.

III. Lizzie May[8] Benson, b. May 20, 1878; m. Aug. 12, 1903, Marshall M. Jones.

57. Henry W.[7] Webber (James[6], Abner[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1],) b. Dec. 20, 1842; m. May 21, 1867, Ellen Maria, dau. of Wm. A. and Sarah (Damon) Webber; b. Aug. 14, 1846.

Children.

I. Wm. Monroe[8], Feb. 21, 1868; d. Mar. 28, 1902; m. June 30, 1896, Bertha Bristol; child died young.

II. Sarah Lucy[8], Dec. 13, 1870; m. (1) Oct. 20, 1888, Lemuel E. Howlett, he d. Apr. 12, 1895; (2) Dec. 23, 1901, Charles F. Adams.

Children.

1. Chandler Howlett[9], b. Oct. 18, 1889; m. June 14, 1913 in Tampa, Florida, Etta Warfield.

Child.

Henry Kalman Howlett, b. Oct. 13, 1914.

2. Victor Howlett[9] b. Oct. 8, 1890; m. 1911, Anna Locke.

Children.

a. Zula Eleanor[10], b. Nov. 8, 1911.
b. James Victor[10], b. Aug. 1914.

III. Ainsworth Webber[9] Adams, b. Sept. 26, 1903.

58. Fred[7] Webber (James[6], Abner[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. June 5, 1855; m. Sept. 17, 1879, Julia N. Bird; b. Dec. 13, 1853.

Children.

66. I. Ora F.[8], July 5, 1880.
67. II. Edgar J.[8], Oct. 23, 1881.
III. Clifford T.[8], Dec. 26, 1886.

IV. Gertrude D.[8], Sept. 14, 1887; m. Oct. 28, 1910, Alvin H. Chamberlain.
V. Vera L.[8], Dec. 31, 1890.
VI. Alice M.[8], Mar. 17, 1893; m. Nov. 23, 1912, Chester A. Hooker.
VII. Raymond C.[8], Sept. 30, 1894; d. Oct. 18, 1895.
VIII. Burton D.[8], Oct. 10, 1896.

59. Mary M.[7] Webber, (William A.[6] Adolphus[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. Nov. 21, 1852; m. Jan. 22, 1877, Hollis G. Church; b. 1847. (*See Church Genealogy.*)

60. Gertrude A.[7] Hobbs, (Geo. J.[6], Josiah[5], Samuel[4]); b. 1854; d. 1905; m. in Marlboro, Aug. 24, 1875, T. J. Beaudry of Marlboro.

Children.

I. Blanche Gertude[8] Beaudry, Jan. 19, 1879; m. W. C. Dudley of Lansing, Mich.
II. George Hobbs[8] Beaudry, April 26, 1881; resides San Francisco, Cal.
III. Charles Henry[8] Beaudry, Feb. 8, 1886; resides Marlboro, Mass.

61. Eunice M.[7] Webber, (Jonathan[6], Eleazer[5], Samuel[4], Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. Mar. 8, 1844; d. Oct. 18, 1914; m. (1) Aug. 11, 1866, George W. Olds, (2) Dec. 21, 1872, Alfred B. Miller; d. 1903.

Children.

I. Fred J.[8] Olds, July 13, 1867; m. Aug. 11, 1892, Annie M. Tyler.

Children.

1. Clinton E.[9] Olds, June 16, 1893.
2. Leon F.[9] Olds, Mar. 23, 1895.
3. Horace T.[9] Olds, Jan. 27, 1897.
4. Howard L.[9] Olds, Dec. 31, 1900.
5. Harold A.[9] Olds, Oct. 12, 1910; d. Oct. 12, 1910.

The four elder children were burned to death in the fire that destroyed their home in North Coventry, Conn. Dec. 9, 1903.

II. Clinton W.[8] Olds, Jan. 10, 1869; d. Mar. 3, 1870.
III. Eliza F.[8] Miller, Jan. 15, 1874; d. May 1877.
IV. Lester A.[8] Miller, Aug. 31, 1876; m. Oct. 15, 1902, Carrie B. Ploucquet.

Children.

1. Merle P.[9] Miller, b. Oct. 23, 1905.
2. Miles W.[9] Miller, b. May 27, 1912.

V. Sadie F. Miller, Nov. 5, 1880.

61½. Milton E.[7] Webber (Emerson O.[6] Eleazer[5], Samuel[4], Jr., Samuel[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. Mar. 8, 1865; m. May 4, 1893, Ella M. Rivers of Wallingford, Vt.

Children.

I. Alice May[8], Aug. 6, 1894; m. June 19, 1912, John R. Priest of Winchendon.

Child.

1. Anolia M.[9] Priest, b. Sept. 22, 1913.

II. Maude Adell[8], Aug. 3, 1895; m. July 6, 1911, Leslie A.[9] Sprague of Fitzwilliam, N. H.

Children.

1. Ruby H.[10] Sprague, b. Nov. 30, 1912.
2. Hazel M.[10] Sprague, b. Mar. 27, 1914.

III. Harold Emerson[8], Sept. 28, 1897.

IV. Marian Ardell[8], Mar. 31, 1907.

EIGHTH GENERATION.

62. Jennie May[8] Webber (Alfred[7], Orrin[6], Francis[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. Dec. 9, 1867; m. Dec. 10, 1885, Everett Eugene Williams.

Children.

I. Florence May[9] Williams, b. Dec. 27, 1886.

II. Marion[9], b. Dec. 24, 1889; d. Jan. 11, 1890.

III. Lilian Gertrude[9] Williams, b. June 3, 1892; m. Oct. 1, 1910, Charles F. Sarty.

63. Adelaide Maria[8] Webber (Alfred[7], Orrin[6], Francis[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1],); b. Feb. 1, 1875; m. Nov. 7, 1894, Harry Potter, b. Feb. 5, 1867.

64. Hattie Eliza[8], Webber (Alfred[7], Orrin[6], Francis[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. May 2, 1878; m. Sept. 10, 1896, George E. Rice.

Children.

I. Harold G.[9] Rice, b. Nov. 9, 1897; d. Sept. 20, 1898.

II. Gracie Etta[9] Rice, b. Dec. 17, 1898.

III. Myrtle Emily Rice, b. Mar. 18, 1900.

IV. Ruth Frances[9] Rice, b. Nov. 18, 1903.

V. Carl Fred[9] Rice, b. Aug. 27, 1906.
VI. Ralph Harry[9] Rice, b. Oct. 9, 1910.
VII. Dorothy Freda[9] Rice, b. Nov. 30, 1911.

65. Martha Emily[8] Webber (Alfred[7], Orrin[6], Francis[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. Mar. 20, 1880; m. June 12, 1901, Andrew Van Slyke.

Children.

I. Stillborn[9], July 30, 1902.
II. Leah Emily[9], July 30, 1906.
III. Helen Louise[9] Van Slyke, May 4, 1909.
IV. Evelyn Lucille[9] Van Slyke, Jan. 17, 1912,

66. Ora Frances[8] Webber, (Fred[7], James[6], Abner[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); July 5, 1880; m. Sept. 29, 1898, Everett L. MacIntire; b. Sept. 15, 1878.

Children.

I. Zena R. MacIntire, July 13, 1899.
II. Ella Ferne MacIntire, Oct. 6, 1901.
III. Evla Frances MacIntire, Oct. 3, 1903.
IV. Everett L. MacIntire, Jr. Mar. 9, 1906.
V. Robert F. MacIntire, July 7, 1908.
VI. Mary Stella MacIntire, Apr. 22, 1913.

67. Edgar J.[8] Webber, (Fred[7], James[6], Abner[5], Reuben[4], Henry[3], Trenance[2], John[1]); b. Oct. 23, 1881; m. Aug. 4, 1906, Deolia A. King; b. Mar. 16, 1880.

Children.

I. Hermon E.[9], Apr. 6, 1907.
II. Frederick Augustus[9], Sept. 5, 1909.
III. Marjorie E.[9], Sept. 29, 1910.
IV. Vera Frances[9], Apr. 30, 1912.

THE WELD FAMILY.

The Weld family as here presented is taken from a pamphlet entitled, "Some of my Ancestors" by William Allan Weld, who resides in Mansfield, Conn., and who is a grandson of Willard Weld who lived in Holland and kept store near Fuller bridge with his son Stephen C. Weld. He held various offices in town, serving as selectman several years, and was representative to General Court in 1842. He married Mary P. Church daughter of Benjamin Church in 1812, and his name appears as a signer to the "Articles of Organization" of the Holland Baptist Church, formed in 1817. We find that the home of Benjamin Church came into his hands by deed bearing date 1833, and by a will probated 1834.

He came to Holland from Charlton and was no doubt a capable young man.

"The Weld family dates back to 1352, William Weld, High Sheriff of London. The New England branch came from Suffolk, the home of Governor Winthrop. The Weld Coat of Arms as recorded in 'Guillims Display of Heraldry' is: He beareth azure, a fess nebule between three crescents, ermine, by name of Weld, and is the paternal coat armour of Humphrey Weld of Lulworth Castle in Dorsetshire, esquire, governor of his majesty's isle and castles of Portland and sandsfoot; lineally descended from Edrick Sylvaticus, alias Wild, a Saxon of great renown in the reigns of King Harold and William the Conqueror, whose father Alfrick was brother to Edrick of Stratton, duke of Mercia."

The first man by the name of Weld to come to America was Capt. Joseph Weld, and his brother Reverend Thomas Weld. They were "Puritans of the Puritans" according to the description. They had means and assured positions at home, coming from England in 1635. As a military man Capt. Joseph Weld was of great assistance to Governor Winthrop and served in several fights with the Indians. He was a donor to Harvard College and his brother Reverand Thomas

Weld was a member of the first Board of Overseers. Capt. Joseph was regarded as the richest man in the colony. He had a large family and died Oct. 7, 1646. To Willard Weld the generations are as follows: Capt. Joseph[1] Weld, John[2], Joseph[3], John[4], Joshua[5], Caleb[6], Willard[7].

We find that the first man by name of Weld to come into Holland was Esquire Weld who bought the Simeon Munger homestead and half interest in his mill. The deed is dated in 1805. He sold his interest in the mill to James Fuller. We judge that Esquire Weld was father to Willard Weld. Esquire Weld is described as of Charlton. The property he bought has been known as the Parsons place situated in the west side of Holland and the mill he bought was the first mill, or the first but one, built in Holland. The Joseph Belknap mill built where Alexander's mill dam now is, is the only competitor, and it is difficult to decide which was the earlier of the two. He did not hold the property very long before selling his mill property to James Fuller, father of Elbridge G. Fuller. We think that Willard Weld was son of Esquire Weld, which conforms with the following Weld genealogy. The deed to James Fuller gives wife as Sarah. She was probably a second wife as the genealogist gives his wife as Phebe Clemmons The genealogy presented here is only such as will be of interest to our readers, they being residents of Holland and known to its people.

Willard[7] m. Mary[8] P. Church, Oct. 18, 1812; he d. Sept. 11, 1848.

Children.

I. Edward[8] T., b. Oct. 17, 1813; m. Sarah Smith.
II. Susan[8], b. June 4, 1815; m. Merrick R. Stevens; seven children.
III. Mehitable[8], b. Sept. 27, 1817; m. John A. Squires; no children.
IV. Stephen Clement[8], b. Oct. 17, 1899; m. Amelia McGregory.
Fannie[8]. b. Mar. 4, 1821; m. (1) Jos. Young, 1 child dau. (2) Chas. Gager 1 son.
V. Hollis Witt[8], b. Mar. 21, 1824; m. Emeline Cutler.
VI. Mary Elizabeth[8], b. Aug. 19, 1826, m. Alonzo R. Mason; 5 children.

VII. Caroline[8] Barton, b. July 19, 1828; d. May 13, 1836.
VIII. Salem T.[8], b. Sept. 19, 1830; m. (1) Martha Ann Webster; (2) Mrs. Jane Smith; he was bandmaster 22nd Mass. Regm't. See record in Civil War.

Hollis[8] W. Weld m. Emeline Cutler, Oct. 12, 1848.

Children.

I. William A.[9], b. Aug. 19, 1849.
II. Mary P.[9], b. Dec. 23, 1852; d. Aug. 20, 1856.
III. Lizzie A.[9], b. Mar. 15, 1855; d. July 27, 1856.
IV. Mary Lizzie[9], b. Jan. 12, 1858; m. Nov. 29, 1877, Herbert P. Longley.
V. George H.[9], b. Mar. 19, 1860; m. Olive Walker, Jan. 9, 1890; no children.
VI. Anna P.[9], b. Aug. 31, 1863; m. June 12, 1884, J. S. Nason.
VII. Ida A.[9], b. Apr. 17, 1866; m. Oct. 12, 1893, Rev. Chas. A. Denfield; no children.

Hollis[8] W. Weld went from Holland to Westboro, Mass. in 1851, where he purchased a large farm and carried it on for twenty years. He finally sold it and moved to the village where he bought a small place where he lived several years. Infirmity led him to make his home with his daughter Mrs. Nason where he died May 26, 1896. His widow died June 27, 1907.

Stephen Clement[8] Weld was in the grocery business with his father for some time in Holland and held office in Holland as shown by the list of town officers. He married as above indicated and had a daughter. On leaving Holland they went to South Hadley Falls, where he died.

William Allan Weld m. (1) Emeline G. Howard, Feb. 9, 1878; d. Feb. 10, 1885; m. (2) Eliza J. Kenerson, b. Jan. 31, 1857; no children; live in Mansfield, Conn.

In a note to the author Wm. A. Weld writes as follows:—

My grandfather Willard Weld (descended from Capt. Joseph Weld (*see genealogy*) who came to this country from England in 1632 and settled in Boston) moved from Charlton to Holland probably about 1805, and bought a large farm which is now partly covered by the Hamilton Reservoir. The build-

ings stood near the dam and were destroyed by fire many years ago, the barn some years before the house which was very large, old fashioned, with two front doors. He spent the remainder of his days there and brought up a family of eight children, four boys and four girls. He died Sept. 11, 1848. His wife, Mary P., died Nov. 26, 1846. Later he married Betsy O. Gould who lived many years after his death. My father, Hollis Witt Weld, managed (the farm a year and then it was sold, either at that time or later to Amos Munroe, who afterwards was proprietor of Brimfield Hotel until his death. Later it became the property of Mr. Alexander. My mother was Emmeline, the adopted daughter of Harris and Persis Cutler who came from Guildhall, Vt., when mother was about eight years old and lived on a small farm south of Siog Lake. It was afterwards the home of Dea. Alvin Goodell, who lived to be ninety-four, I think. He told of going for the Doctor to Brimfield the Sunday afternoon that I was born, there being none in Holland.

My grandfather's family were intimate with the Kinneys who kept the Holland Hotel so many years and would occasionally arrange for a family reunion at that place, for Ma'am Kinney was always more than glad apparently to see them, and even us of the later generations. I can almost see her now as we two sat in the back parlor where she asked all about everybody. Kinney's hotel was well known to the people of adjoining towns, and a popular resort for sleigh ride parties, who would go there and have a supper and then a dance. The railroads have left Holland out in the cold but in my grandfather's days it was a prosperous farming community and supported two churches."

THE WIGHT FAMILY

Thomas Wight was the ancestor of the Wights in this country. He was a native of the Isle of Wight, England; and was driven from his country by the religious persecutions of the time. He came to Dedham in 1637 with his wife Alice, and three sons, he removed from Dedham to Medfield, at the close of the year 1652; he died there in March 17, 1674.

Samuel Wight, b. Feb. 5, 1639 in Dedham, m. Hannah Albie of Medfield Mar. 25, 1663. They had nine children Jonathan Wight b. Sept. 11, 1682, in Medfield, m. Margaret Fairbanks Dec. 14, 1704. They had nine children. Jonathan Wight b. Oct. 11, 1705; m. Sarah Plimpton, Nov. 22, 1732. They had fourteen children. David Wight, b. Aug. 16, 1733; m. Catherine Morse of Medfield, June 19, 1760. In 1773 he sold his property in Medfield, and purchased 1,000 acres of wild land in Sturbridge, for the sum of $4,500. He was a stanch patriot and served in the Revolutionary war, he was energetic in local public affairs, served as selectman, town clerk, assessor and with his family belonged to the Congregational Church, he lived to be 89 years of age.

His wife Catherine reached the age of 90 years. David Wight Jr. was born in Medway, May 19, 1761; he m. Susanna Harding of Medway Nov. 7, 1782; he was a prosperous farmer and held offices in the town of Sturbridge as selectman, town clerk and assessor. He was prominent in politics, was a Whig. He and his wife led a long and useful life, and were members of the Congregational Church.

Col. Wight (son of David Jr.) was b. Nov. 5, 1786; d. Mar. 28, 1861; m. about 1808 to Lucinda Marsh. she was b. 1785; d. Dec. 1860.

Col. David Wight kept good the reputation of his ancestors; he was a useful and respected citizen and was ever found in the path of duty. Their children were:

I. Lucinda[8] M., b. Apr 20, 1810; d. Apr. 16, 1891.
II. David[8], b. Sept. 11, 1811; d. Sept. 11, 1876.

III. Emily[8], b. Aug. 30, 1813; d. Apr. 25, 1814.
IV. Emerson[8], b. Mar. 26, 1815; d. Jan. 1, 1890.
V. Emeline[8], b. May 17, 1818; d. Jan. 1, 1892.
VI. Andrew[8], b. Jan. 30, 1820; d. Aug. 9, 1899.
VII. Aaron[8], b. Dec. 26, 1821; d. Mar. 21, 1885.
VIII. George[8], b. Dec. 14, 1823; d. June 6, 1825.
IX. George[8], b. June 30, 1825; d. Aug. 12, 1912.
X. Francis[8], b. Feb. 1, 1830; d. Oct. 25, 1909.

David Wight (son of Col. David) m. Eunice Drake, (*See Drake Genealogy.*) They had a son.

David Brainerd Wight who m. Emily Janes, (*see Janes Genealogy*), her grandfather Levi Janes lived in Holland where John Hebard now lives.

Francis Wight the youngest son of Col. David Wight, was educated in the public schools of Sturbridge and Monson Academy; he taught school a number of terms. He married in 1853, Mary Ann Elizabeth Kinney, who was born in Holland, Mass. Nov. 10, 1834, dau. of Elisha and Mary Ann (Marcy) Kinney of Holland Hotel Fame. Mr. and Mrs. Wight boarded at the home of her parents for several years, he working in the auger works, at Snellville, Sturbridge, Mass., and driving back and forth daily. In 1890 he purchased the old Marcy homestead of one hundred acres, in the town of Holland and conducted a dairy business with success. He also bought and occupied the Lucinda Wood property at the center of the town and lived a retired life.

Mr. Wight was a Republican in politics and took active part in municipal affairs of Holland, ever having an intelligent interest in local government.

He held the office of selectman eleven years, he was town clerk four years and town treasurer eighteen years. Mr. Wight also served several years as a member of the school board of Holland, he held other responsible offices during his life.

His wife Mary A. (Kinney) Wight d. Sept. 30, 1897; he m. (2) Fannie Smith May 15, 1899; he had two children by his wife Mary.

Children.

I. George Omer, b. Sept. 9, 1855; d. Sept. 15, 1855.
II. Everett Elisha, b. July 10, 1858; d. Mar. 8, 1860.

CONCLUDING REMARKS

Reader, and friends of Holland:—We have faithfully tried to present to you the history of the little town that never had, so far as the records show, five hundred inhabitants. The history is one of achievement and of fidelity to duty. We have shown how the town came into existence out of the desire for convenient church accommodations, and having it, how the faith was nourished and the courage of the worshippers upheld by its ministries, and how through spiritual life and light which it radiated to the inhabitants, it held its ground amidst opposition, and then competition, inspiring moral and spirtual growth along the lines of New England's best traditions and ideals, which have given form to our national ideals of civil and religious liberty, which are fast becoming *world* ideals. Toil and self-sacrifice to the loftiest ideals of duty and of life, are written upon every page of the records. It is written also in the homesteads, many of them now abandoned and many of them in ruins as our history shows. But the broad acres of Holland will again be occupied as of yore, their homes echo with the song of the busy housewife and the shouts of happy children when the acres of the "prairied west," regarded as more fruitful, are inhabited. That time is rapidly approaching when those who need homes will be attracted by the opportunities presented here.

Meanwhile there are certain community interests that invite our attention and call for philanthropic interest and support. The first of these in importance is the church. Few in numbers, because the young, of proper age, go out to more populous towns for opportunity and wealth, therefore the church suffers in power and influence for lack of numbers, and by reason of the burden it imposes upon those who attend it.

Some we believe would attend it if it were not for this. Residents naturally feel reluctant to subscribe for church support when personal or family needs absorb their income, although they recognize its value as a guiding and conserving force, and would lament the condition of the town without *any* church. Furthermore no church is so well fitted to meet the needs of the community as the one they have, rooted and grounded as it is, in their history, in achievement, in their affections, and in its adaptability to their needs and to their ideals. What it needs is an endowment that shall place it beyond the hazard of closing its doors or the need of assistance from benevolent organizations, kind and generous though they have been. Every loyal son and daughter of Holland whom God has blessed with means and a generous, philanthropic or Christian spirit, should remember the needs of the church of the old home town and raise a fund by united action for the purpose above indicated, and thereby add to the influence and efficiency of the church and secure its perpetuity.

There is another community interest which the author wishes to discuss. The history publishes the fact, that Holland cemetery contains the ashes of a "Life Guardsman" to General Washington. We regard it as a signal honor that Holland should be the home of a man of such distinguished service and nation-wide interest as Benjamin Church; marrying a Holland lady and living for twenty-seven years a citizen of the town. Pride will be felt at the splendid military record of the town as given in Chapter XIII. It is a fine record of loyalty to God, to country and to home from whence all human activities and affections radiate. Naturally Holland will feel proud of her military record for it *is* glorious. But to have a man of *national* interest a citizen, and now a citizen of the city of the dead within her borders, presents a double duty, viz. to erect a monument suitable to the Holland boys, and to Benjamin Church (*all in one*, if it be feasible), and will not every son

and daughter of Holland feel the warmth from the ancestral hearthstone better, if it be done in the spirit of self-sacrifice which prompted those to service whom they honor? We urge every friend of the little town to consider the suggestions herein offered and plan to raise money for a purpose so patriotic and worthy.

Finally we submit the following lines, as descriptive of those whom this volume memorializes, and as encouragement to those who now bear the burden and heat of the day.

A glorious band, the chosen few,
On whom the Spirit came;
Those valiant saints, their hope they knew,
And mocked the cross and flame;
They met the tyrant's brandished steel,
The lion's gory mane;
They bowed their necks the death to feel;
Who follows in their train?

A noble army, men and boys,
The matron and the maid,
Around the Saviour's throne rejoice,
In robes of light arrayed;
They climbed the steep ascent of heaven
Through peril, toil, and pain;
O God! to us may grace be given
To follow in their train!

—Reginald Heber.

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